ERICSSON 💋

MAINTENANCE MANUAL ORIONTM **800 MHz POWER AMPLIFIER UNITS**

344A4574P1	JHM-871PL	12 WATT
344A4574P2	JHM-871PH	35/30 WATT

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DESCRIPTION

The Radio Frequency (RF) Power Amplifiers for the Ericsson GE 800 MHz ORIONTM mobile radio are provided in frequency ranges and power levels designated as follows:

- 344A4574P1 (CAH-585L) 806-870 MHz, 12 Watt used in low power applications
- 344A4574P2 (CAH-585H) 806-870 MHz, 35/30 Watt used in high power applications.

The exciter for each of the two power amplifiers is located on Synthesizer/Receiver/Exciter board CMN-358-1. This exciter circuit provides approximately 9 milliwatt input to the PA (refer to Maintenance Manual LBI-39070).

The PA assembly uses two power modules to provide 12 Watts of output power for the 12-Watt amplifier. A power transistor is used to amplify the 12 Watts up to 35/30 Watts of output power for the 35/30-Watt amplifier (Refer to Figures 1&2). Each power amplifier is provided with an antenna switching circuit to isolate the receive circuit from the transmit circuit, limiting the receiver input from being over driven due to large RF signals. Each power amplifier has a power detect circuit which controls an Automatic Power Control (APC) circuit to keep the power output constant. A low-pass filter is provided in the antenna circuit to reduce harmonic emissions. A keyed TX 9V regulator is provided to power the APC circuits.



Printed in U.S.A.

Test Points (TP) are the printed circuit board terminals for measuring control voltages. Typical voltages are as follows:

	<u>12-W</u>	att Amplifier	35/30-Watt Amplifier
•	TP1 (A+)	13.5 V	13.2 V
•	TP2 (Control Voltage)	3.83 V	3.32 V
•	TP3 (Forward Power Detect)	1.71 V	2.04V
•	TP4 (TX 9V)	8.93 V	8.54 V
•	TP5 (APC Voltage on output of DC AMPL IC2-1)	1.71 V	2.04 V
•	TP6 (Voltage to HC1, Pins 3 &4)	12.5 V	12.3 V
•	(TP7 APC Voltage)	3.40 V	3.40 V

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

SUPPLY VOLTAGE

Supply voltage for the power amplifier is connected from power leads on the System Interface Board to J3 (A+) and G (A-) on the PA Board. Diode CD7 is a surge protector to suppress pulses on the power leads. (Diode CD1001 in the PA UNIT will cause a fuse to blow if the voltage polarity is reversed. Refer to the PA INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM)

12-WATT AMPLIFIER

The Exciter output is coupled through connector J151 on the Synthesizer/Receiver/Exciter Board to input connector P1 on the PA board. The 9 milliwatt RF input at P1 is coupled to power module HC1 through an attenuator pad consisting of resistors R1-R3. This pad attenuates the power input to HC1 and provides isolation between Exciter and PA. The power module (HC1) amplifies the exciter input to 0.6 watts.

Power module HC1 consists of a three stage RF amplifier. The supply voltage for all stages of this amplifier is provided by **TX 9V** regulator IC1. This voltage can be measured at TP4.

The 0.6 Watts from the output of HC1 is coupled to power module HC2 through an attenuator pad consisting of resistors R4-R7. Amplifier HC2 amplifies the 0.6 Watt input to 12 Watts output.

This power module consists of a three-stage RF amplifier (Refer to IC DATA). The first stage power supply voltage is supplied by the IC1 (TX 9V). The second stage is powered by the power control circuit. This voltage can be measured at TP2. The second and third stage power supply voltage is supplied by

SMOOTHING FILTER transistor TR2. The second and third stage RF amplifiers operate as class C.

The 12 Watts output is coupled to the ANTENNA and AN-TENNA SWITCHING circuits through 50 ohm stripline Z3.

35/30-WATT AMPLIFIER

The 12 Watts output of HC2 is coupled to the base circuit of POWER AMPLIFIER transistor TR1 through, impedance matching components consisting of capacitors C13 through C15, inductor L2 and impedance matching network Z1 through coupling capacitor C12. Transistor TR1 amplifies the 12 Watt level to 35/30 Watts. The output of TR1 is coupled to the AN-TENNA and ANTENNA SWITCH through an impedance matching components consisting impedance matching network Z2, capacitors C17, C18, C23, C24, C25, C67 and C68, inductors L6 and L11 through coupling capacitor C33 and 50 ohm stripline Z3.

ANTENNA SWITCHING

The Antenna Switching circuit consists of two PIN diodes, CD3 and CD5, and a quarter-wave circuit with "lumped" constants capacitor C43 and inductor L9. Capacitor C43 and inductor L9 take the place of a quarter-wave micro stripline. When TX 9V output goes high, bias current flows through switching diodes CD3 and CD5. A low impedance now exists at the anode of CD5 and a high impedance exists at the node connection of C43 and L9. This isolates the transmitter power from the receiver. Diode CD3 is now an RF short and along with capacitor C33, couples the power to the lowpass filter and on to the antenna.

TX 9V SWITCH

When the **TX ENB** lead, located on the Synthesizer/Receiver/Exciter board, goes low, the DC voltage on J151 goes low. On the PA board, the DC voltage on P1 also goes low completing the circuit for diode CD8. With CD8 conducting, PNP TX 9V Switch transistor TR6 conducts, applying A+ (13.32 V) to the input of +9 Volt Regulator IC1. The regulated +9 volts applies bias to power modules HC1 and HC2, operational amplifier IC2, and switching diodes CD3 and CD4. This voltage can be measured at TP4.

AUTOMATIC POWER CONTROL

The Auto Power Control (APC) circuit protects the transmitter PA from damage due to:

a. excessive output power

b. excessive reflected power

or

c. excessive temperature

The output power control circuit allows the RF output power to be set at rated power by the APC voltage from the Logic/IF/Audio Board. If the output power of the PA increases, the detected voltage and the APC input to operational amplifier IC2-2 increases. The output voltage of operational amplifier IC2-2 decreases. This causes DC DRIVER transistor TR5 to conduct less. This increases the base voltage on PNP DC PASS transistor TR4, causing it to conduct less. This results in less voltage being applied to the first amplifier stage in RF power module HC2, reducing the output power of the PA in proportion to the increases in output power detected by the circuit.

To protect the PA against badly mismatched loads, a reverse power detector circuit (VSWR) consisting of diode CD1, transistor TR5, operational amplifier IC2-2 and pass

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transistor TR4 detects reverse (reflected) power. When sufficient power is detected by CD1 to cause it to conduct, the voltage at the output of IC2-2 decreases, causing the power module to lower the output power, protecting the PA. The reverse power level is set by resistor R16 connected in series with diode CD1.

The 35/30 watt PA is protected against temperature increases by a thermal detector circuit. This circuit consists of resistor R34, THERMAL DETECT transistor TR6, DC **DRIVER** transistor TR5 and DC PASS transistor TR4 and operational amplifier IC2-1. As temperature increases, the resistance to ground through thermal detector resistor R34 increases. This causes IC2-1 to conduct less, causing a decrease in PA output until the temperature level is reduced. The temperature level is set by resistor R28. When the heat sink temperature rises above 120-degrees Centigrade, the resistance of R34 increases and the power output is reduced.



Figure 2 - 35/30-Watt Power Amplifier Block Diagram

IC DATA

806-870 MHz, 12-WATT POWER MODULE HC1





806-870 MHz, 35/30-WATT POWER MODULE HC2





1. INPUT 2. Vbb 3. Vcc1

4. Vcc2

5. OUTPUT 6. GND (FIN) **OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER IC2**







9 VOLT REGULATOR IC1

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	344A4574P1/JHM-871L, 344A4574P2/JHM-871H Issue 1			
SYMBOL				
0111202				
A 1 0 0 1	NOTE: Darta listed			
ATUUT	are for reference	344A4574P1).		
A1001	only. Refer to Service Section for	PA CIRCUIT CAH-585H (Used in 344A4574P2).		
A1002	serviceable parts.	INTERFACE CMH-1231UL (Used in P1 & P2).		
		CAPACITORS		
C1001		Ceramic: 1000 pF +200%,-0%, 50 VDCW temp coef +20%,-55% (Used in P1, P2).		
C1004		Ceramic: 1000 pF +50-20% 50 VDCW (Used in P1, P2).		
		DIODE		
CD1001		Silicon fwd current 3A, 200 PIV; sim to MOTOROLA MR751 (Used in P1, P2).		
		JACKS		
J1001		Connector: TNC-R888 (Used in P1, P2).		
J1002		CCT9402-0501R (Used in P1, P2).		
J1004		2-171822-4 (Used in P1, P2).		
J1004-1 thru J1004-4		170204-4 (Used in P1, P2).		
		WIRES		
W1001		250V-HV-19/0.18-(1) (Used in P1, P2).		
W1002		250V-HV-19/0.18-(9) (Used in P1, P2.		
W1003		250V-HV-19/0.18-(2) (Used in P1, P2).		
W1004		250V-HV-19/0.18-(0) (Used in P1, P2).		
W1004-1		RAG terminal: 1.25-3		
ZC1002		H-6ZCLD41060 (Used in P1, P2).		
ZC1003		H-6ZCLD40009 (Used in P1, P2).		
TB1		ALB-01A (Used in P1, P2)		
	PA CIRCUIT CAR	I-585L (Used in 344A4574P1)		
PA CIRCUIT CAH-585H (Used in 344A4574P2) Issue 1				
SYMBOL	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION		
		CAPACITORS		
C1 thru	NOTE: Parts listed are for reference	Ceramic: 100 pF ±5% 50 VDCW, temp coef 0±30 PPM.		
C3 C4	only. Refer to Service Section for serviceable parts	Electrolytic: 10 μ F ±20% 25 VDCW, tempcoef +20%.		
C5		Ceramic: 1000 pF ±10% 50 VDCW, temp coef 015%		

Ceramic: 15 pF ±5% 500 VDCW, temp coef 0±60 PPM (Used in H).
Metal mica: 15 pF ±5% 100 VDCW (Used in H).
Metal mica: 18 pF \pm 5% 100 VDCW (Used in H).
Ceramic: 100 pF ±5% 500 VDCW, temp coef 0±60 PPM.
Ceramic: 0.1 F \pm 10% 50 VDCW, temp coef \pm 15% (Used in H).
Electrolytic: 22F ±20% 40 VDCW (Used in H).
Ceramic: 1 pF 0±.25 pF 500 VDCW, temp coef 0±250 PPM (Used in H).
Mica: 18 pF ±5% 500 VDCW (Used in H).
Ceramic: 1 pF 0±.25 pF 50 VDCW, temp coef 0±30 PPM (Used in L).
Ceramic: 3 pF 0±.25 pF 50 VDCW, temp coef 0±30 PPM (Used in H).
Ceramic: 2 pF 0±.25 pF 50 VDCW, temp coef 0±30 PPM.
Ceramic: 100 pF \pm 5% 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 30%.
Ceramic: 1000 pF \pm 10% 50 VDCW, temp coef 015%.
Ceramic: 100 pF \pm 5% 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 30%.
Ceramic: 1000 pF \pm 10% 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 15%.
Mica: 10 pF ±0.5 pF 500 VDCW.
Mica: 8 pF \pm 0.5 pF 500 VDCW.
Ceramic: 100 pF \pm 5% 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 30%.
Mica: 2.5 pF ±0.25 pF 500 VDCW.
Ceramic: 3 pF \pm 0.25 pF 500 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 120 PPM.
Mica: 6 pF ±0.5 pF 500 VDCW.
Mica: 5 pF ±0.25 pF 500 VDCW.
Ceramic: 1.5 pF \pm 0.25 pF 500 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 250 PPM.
Mica: 2.5 pF ± 0.25 pF 500 VDCW.
Ceramic: 4 pF \pm 0.25 pF 500 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 60 PPM.
Ceramic: 2.5 pF \pm 0.25 pF 500 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 250 PPM.
Ceramic: 100 pF ±5% 50 VDCW, temp coef 0±30 PPM.
Electrolytic: 47 μ F ±20% 25 VDCW, temp coef ±20%.
Tantalum: 10 μF ±10% 16 VDCW.
Tantalum: 4.7 μF ±10% 16 VDCW.
Ceramic: 100 pF \pm 5% 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 30 PPM.
Ceramic: 100 pF \pm 5% 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 30 PPM (Used in H).
Ceramic: 0.1 µF +80,-20% 25 VDCW, temp coef +30,-80%.
Ceramic: 100 pF \pm 5% 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 30 PPM.

DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL PART NUMBER

C15 and C16

C17

C18

C19

C20 C21

C24

C25

C26

C26 and C27

C27

C28

C29

C30

C31

C32

C33

C35

C36

C38

C39

C40 and C41

C42 C43

C44

C45

C46

C47

C48

C51

C52

C53

C54

C55 thru C57

PARTS LIST

SYMBOL	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	PAR
C58		Tantalum: 1 F ±5% 16 VDCW, temp coef 0±60 PPM.	R11 thru	
C59 and C60		Ceramic: 100 pF \pm 5% 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 30 PPM.	R13 R14 and	
C62		Ceramic: 100 pF ±5% 50 VDCW, temp	R15	
C65		Ceramic: 2 pF ±0.25 pF 500 VDCW, temp	R17	
C66		Ceramic: 1.5 pF ±0.25 pF 50 VDCW, temp	R17	
C67		Mica: 3 pF +0.25 pF 500 VDCW.	R18	
C68		10 pF	R19	
CV/1		Variable: 4 pE Max	and R20	
CVI			R21	
0.D. /		DIODES	and R22	
CD1		ISS97	R23	
CD2		ISS97	1120	
CD3 thru CD6		Pin Diode	R23	
CD7		22ZR-10D.	R24	
CD8		Silicon: fast recovery (2 diodes in cathode common); sim to TOSHIBA 1SS184.	R25	
HC1		M57775-24.	R27	
HC2		M67760L-38.	R28	
IC1		Linear: Positive Voltage Regulator; sim to NEC PC2409HF.	R28	
IC2		Linear: OP AMP.		
J3		Connector.	R29	
J4		Connector.	P20	
L1		Coil: RF.	1129	
L2		Coil: RF (Used in H).	R30	
L3		Coil: RF (Used in H).	R31	
L4		Coil: RF (Used in H).	R32	
L5		Coil: RF (Used in H).	R33	
L6		Coil: RF (Used in H).	R34	
L7		Coil: RF.		
L8		Coil: RF.	R35	
L9		Coil: RF.	R37	
L10			R38	
L11		Coil RF.	R39	
P1		Coaxial cable with connector.	RV1	
P2		Coaxial cable with connector.		
		RESISTORS	TR1	
R1		Metal film: 22 ohms ±5%. 100 VDCW 1/10W.	TR2	
R2		Metal film: 270 ohms ±5%. 100 VDCW 1/10W.	TR3	
and B3			TR4	
RJ R4		Metal film: 12 obms +5% 100 VDCW 1/10W	TR5	
and R5			TR6	
R6 and R7		Metal film: 820 ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W.	TR2-1 TR4-1	
R8		Metal film: 3.3 ohms ±5%, 200 VDCW 1/2W.		
R9		Metal film: 5.6 ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/8W.		
R10		Metal film: 120 ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W.		

* COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES

Ceramic: 0.1 µF +80,-20% 25 VDCW, temp coef +30,-80%.

Electrolytic: 47 μF ±20% 25 VDCW, temp coef ±20%.

Ceramic: 0.01 μF $\pm 10\%$ 50 VDCW, temp coef 15 %.

Electrolytic: 220 F \pm 20% 25 VDCW, temp coef \pm 20%.

Ceramic: 33 pF \pm 5% 500 VDCW, temp coef 0 \pm 60 PPM (Used in H).

Ceramic: 1.5 pF 0.25 pF 500 VDCW, temp coef 0 ± 250 PPM (Used in H).

4

C6

C8

C9

C11

C12

C14

RT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
	Metal film: 100 obms +5% 100 VDCW 1/10W
	Metal film: 120 ohms \pm 5%, 250 VDCW 1W.
	Metal film: 100 ohms \pm 5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W.
	Metal film: 2.2K ohms \pm 5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W (Used in L).
	Metal film: 4.7K ohms \pm 5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W (Used in H).
	Metal film: 47K ohms ±5%, 200 VDCW 1/8W.
	Metal film: 560 ohms \pm 5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W.
	Metal film: 820 ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W.
	Metal film: 10K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W (Used in H).
	Metal film: 1K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W (Used in H).
	Metal film: 22K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W.
	Metal film: 27K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W (Used in H).
	Metal film: 10K ohms \pm 5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W (Used in H).
	Metal film: 1K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W (Used in L).
	Metal film: 12K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W (Used in H).
	Metal film: 1K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10 (Used in L).
	Metal film: 8.2K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W (Used in H).
	Metal film: 10K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W.
	Metal film: 100K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W.
	Metal film: 10K ohms ±5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W.
	Metal film: 4.7K ohms \pm 5%, 100 VDCW 1/10W.
	Posistor: PTH9M04BB222TS2F333 (Used in H).
	Metal film: 560 ohms \pm 5%, 200 VDCW 1/2 W.
	Metal film:3.3K ohms \pm 5%, 100 VDCW 1/10 W.
	Metal film: 4.7 ohms \pm 5%, 200 VDCW 1/4 W.
	Metal film: 470 ohms ±5%.
	Variable: 10K ohms 30%, 0.1 W.
	TRANSISTORS
	Silicon, NPN: sim to MITSUBISHI 2SC4624 (Used in H).
	Silicon, NPN: sim to PANASONIC 2SD1445A.
	Silicon, PNP: sim to NEC 2SB798DL-T1.
	Silicon PNP: sim to PANASONIC 2SB953A.
	Silicon, NPN: sim to NEC 2SD596-T1B DV3.
	Silicon, NPN: sim to NEC 2SD596-T1B DV3 (Used in H).
	Accessory: ALB-02A
	Accessory: ALB-02A

INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM

OUTLINE DIAGRAM

COMPONENT SIDE

LO.







(DD00-JHM-871P)

LBI-39071

ANT

B19/6PCLD00282B

(B19/6 PCLD00282B, Component Side Layout (B19/6PCLD00282B, Chip Components)

OUTLINE DIAGRAM

COMPONENT SIDE



12-WATT POWER AMPLIFIER CAH-585L

(B19/6PCLD00282B, Chip Components)

35/30 WATT POWER AMPLIFIER CAH-585H

(19B/6PCLD00283B, Component Side Layout) (19b/6PCLD00283B, Chip Components)

Отрз L8 ∬ [] TP4O, **C48** L7 P2 C47 🔍 / 🔨 / R18 C42 ____ C41 C25

C40 C39 □ ⊂30 сэ**7** 30003 C36 ≝_ €₿ g 🖸 🕄 C33 C43 20003 S⊂R 12 □R 13 C32 CD3 □R33 R14 Ĕ Ţ CD5 C45 CDS 🕒 R15

ANT

OUTLINE DIAGRAM

SOLDER SIDE



35/30 WATT POWER AMPLIFIER CAH-585H

(19B/6PCLD00283B, Chip Components)

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NOTES 1. "W'IDENTIFIES CHIP COMPONENTS (EXAMPLE WRI2 OR R12WIWHICH ARE LOCATED ON THE COMPONENT SIDE OF THE BOARD 2. Z1-ZG, STRIPLINE PART OF PWB. 3. RVI IS FACTORY TUNED AND DOES NOT REQUIRE FURTHER ADJUSTMENT. ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/10 OR 1/8 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. RESISTOR VALUES IN O UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER K OR M. CAPACITOR VALUES IN P UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER M ORU INDUCTANCE VALUES IN H UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER M ORU

12 WATT POWER AMPLIFIER CAH-585L

(DD00-CAH-585L)



NOTES 1. "W'IDENTIFIES CHIP COMPONENTS (EXAMPLE WRI2 OR R12WIWHICH ARE LOCATED ON THE COMPONENT SIDE OF THE BOARD 2. Z1-Z6, STRIPLINE PART OF PWB. 3. RVI IS FACTORY TUNEO AND DOES NOT REQUIRE FURTHER ADJUSTMENT, ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/10 OR 1/8 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. RESISTOR VALUES IN O UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER K OR M. CAPACITOR VALUES IN P UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER M ORU INDUCTANCE VALUES IN H UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER M ORU

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POWER AMPLIFIER 35 WATT (806-825 MHz) 30 WATT (851-870 MHz) **CAH-585H**

(DD00-CAH-585H)