

**MAINTENANCE MANUAL**  
**ORION™**  
**136-174 MHz (Dual Bandwidth)**  
**CONTROL LOGIC/IF BOARD**  
**CMC-682D/CMF-135D**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>Page</u>
DESCRIPTION .....	1
CIRCUIT ANALYSIS .....	1
LOGIC (CMC-682D) .....	1
IF (CMF-135D) .....	2
IC DATA .....	3
PARTS LIST .....	12
OUTLINE DIAGRAMS:	
LOGIC (CMC-682D) .....	14
IF (CMF-135D) .....	14
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS:	
LOGIC (CMC-682D) .....	15
IF (CMF-135D) .....	17

**ILLUSTRATIONS**

Figure 1 - Logic Section Block Diagram.....	1
Figure 2 - IF Section Block Diagram.....	2

## DESCRIPTION

The System Control Logic/IF board consists of the following control, IF and audio circuits (see figures 1 & 2).

### SYSTEM CONTROL LOGIC (CMC-682D)

- CMOS Microprocessor (IC701, IC702)
- Custom CMOS ASIC Chip (IC703)
- Address Decoder (IC704)
- RS-485 (IC705)
- RS-232 (IC706)
- Flash EEPROM (IC707)
- EEPROM (IC708)
- CMOS SRAM (IC709)
- CMOS Inverters (IC711)
- Silicon Serial Number (IC712)
- TTL Inverters (IC713)
- Dual Flip-Flop (IC714)

### IF (CMF-135D)

- Custom CMOS ASP Chip (IC601)
- Operational Amplifier (IC602, IC603)
- Audio Amplifier (IC604)
- 5 Volt Regulator (IC606, IC607)
- 9 Volt Regulator (IC605, IC608, IC609)
- Comparator Circuit (IC610)
- Bilateral Switch (IC611, IC612, IC613)
- Operational Amplifier (IC614)

## CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

### LOGIC SECTION (CMC-682D)

#### Microcomputer

The main microcomputer circuit in the **ORION** radio consist of microprocessor IC701, EEPROM IC708, Flash EEPROM IC707, RAM IC709 and custom ASIC IC703. This circuitry runs at a 9.8304 MHz rate determined by crystal X701 and controls the radio through a second microprocessor IC702. This second microprocessor runs at a 4.9152 MHz rate. The 4.9152 MHz rate is determined by ASIC IC703. The microcomputer circuit performs the following functions for the radio:

- Controlling the **ASIC, FLASH EEPROM and RAM**
- Loading data to the frequency synthesizer
- Fetching and processing the PTT, monitor, channel, selection and volume control
- Controlling the audio circuit (processor)
- Decoding the squelch
- Encoding/Decoding the Channel Guard and Digital Channel Guard
- Controlling the loading interface for the radio data (channel number and signaling)

#### FLASH EEPROM (IC707)

This memory contains the software to control the microprocessor. This Flash EEPROM has a storage capacity of 256k x 8 bits.

#### CMOS SRAM (IC709)

This SCRATCH RAM has a storage capacity of 32k x 8 bits. The memory is available for variables, buffers, etc.

#### EEPROM (IC708)

This EEPROM has a storage capacity of 8k x 8 bits. The memory contains the user configurable parameters that must be maintained through a power cycle. This personality controls various functions of the radio. The personality data is entered from outside the radio through the ORCC connector to the microprocessor and then to the EEPROM.

The data mainly consists of the following:

- Chanel Frequency Data
- CG/DCG Data
- Tx Power, Tx MODulation Data
- Squelch Data
- Display Data, etc.

### APPLICATION OF SPECIFIC INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

#### ASIC (IC703)

The ASIC is basically a chip that integrates many miscellaneous functions. The chip provides functions as follows:

- MODEM
- Watch Dog Timer
- Clock Control
- Interrupt Control
- Address Decode etc.

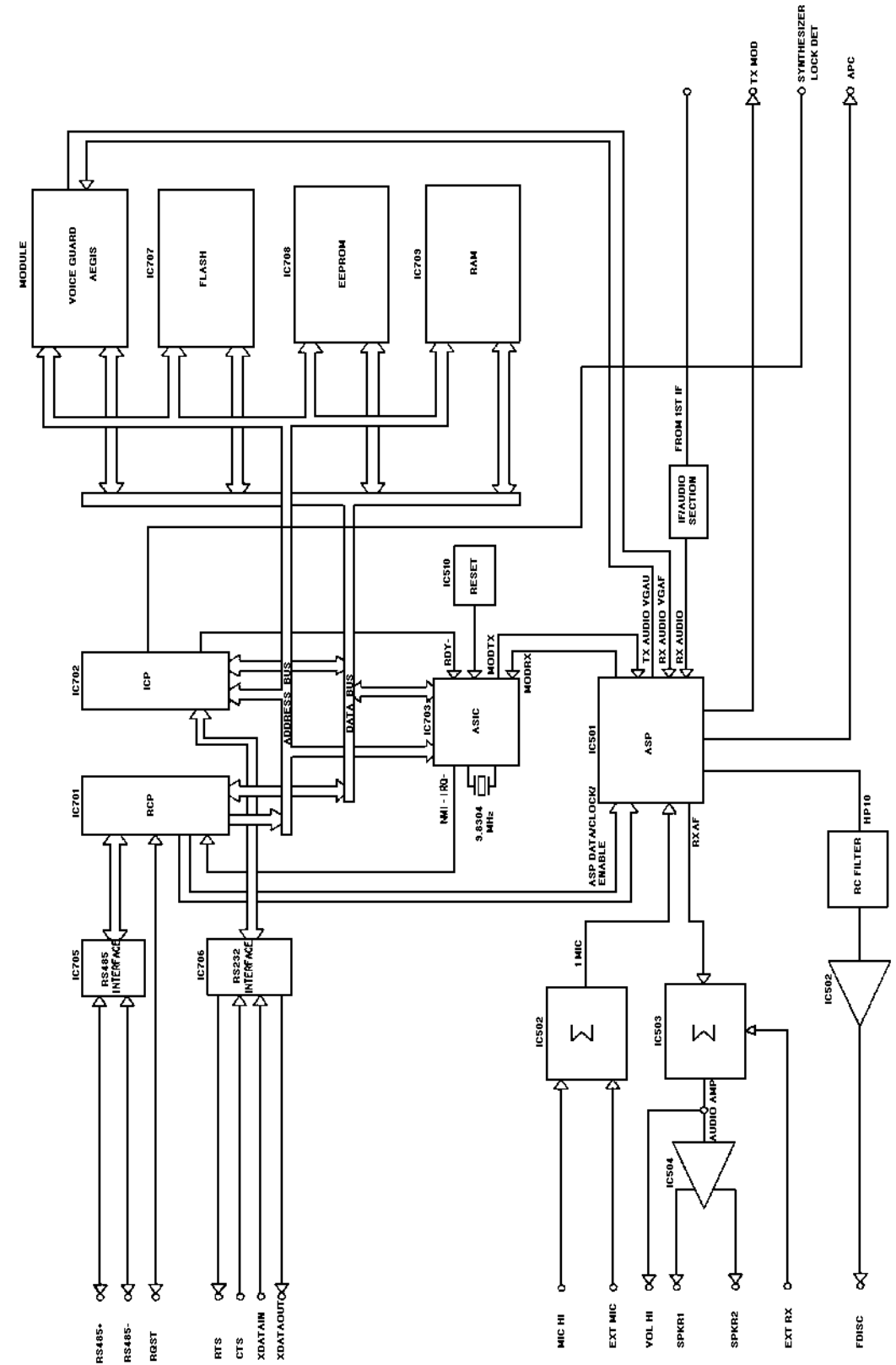


Figure 1 - Logic Section Block Diagram

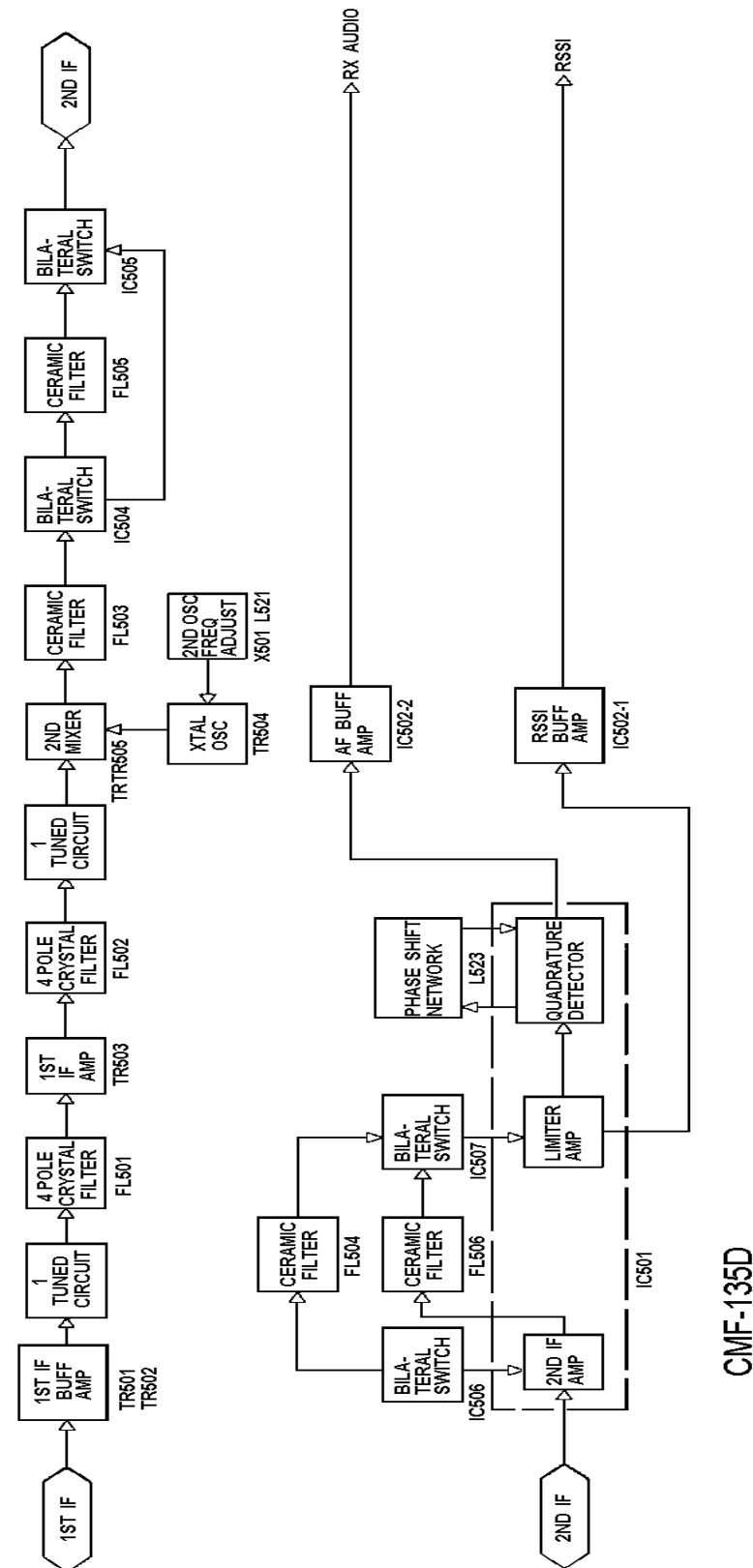


Figure 2 - IF Section Block Diagram

**Voltage Regulators (IC606, IC607) (IC605, IC608, IC609)**

Voltage regulators IC606 and IC607 each generate a 5 Vdc for the Control Board. Voltage regulators IC605, IC608 and IC609 each generate a 9 Vdc for the Control Board and Voice Guard Adapter Module.

**Audio Amplifier (IC604)**

The audio amplifier is located between the audio processor and the speaker. Amplifier IC604 amplifies the output signal of the ASP (IC601) to the level adequate for driving the speaker.

**Audio Signal Processor (ASP) (IC601)**

The audio process consists of a one-chip IC accommodating almost all of the audio functions. The audio functions are under control of the microcomputer in compliance with the function of the radio unit.

The functions of the audio processor are as follows:

- Rx Audio process with Tone Reject Filter, De-emphasis and Programmable Attenuator.
- Data Limiting
- CG/DCG filtering and limiting
- Noise Squelch filtering and detecting
- 8 bits D/A Converter with sample and hold
- Tx audio process with microphone amplifier, pre-emphasis, deviation limiter, summing amplifier, post limiter filter and programmable attenuator
- Data signal filtering
- Two 6 bits programmable divider for clock and alert tone

All of these functions are made up of switched capacitor filters, amplifiers and timing logic. The timing for this logic is derived from the 4.9152 MHz clock generator (ASIC).

**RS-485 (IC705)**

This is a high speed differential TRI-STATE bus/line transceiver designed to meet the requirements of EIA standard RS-485 specification. The IC705 is located between the Radio Unit and the Control Unit.

**RS-232 (IC706)**

This IC consists of line drivers/receivers designed to meet the requirements of EIA standard RS-232 specifications. The IC706 is located between the radio unit and the ORCC.

**Reset Circuit (IC610)**

This is an active low reset IC which includes a delay time generating circuit. Delay time can be set up by externally using a capacitor and a resistor. The function of this IC is to accurately reset the system after detecting voltage at the time of switching power on and instantaneous power off.

**Option and Remote Control Connector (ORCC)**

The ORCC is located on the rear of the radio and is used for options and accessories when Control Unit and Radio Unit are directly attached and for remote control in all other configurations. The ORCC allows various kinds of external equipment connections to be made. External equipment connecting signals are as follows:

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
1	SUP GND	20	RTS
2	XDATA IN	21	INP1
3	XDATA OUT	22	OUT1
4	RS485+	23	INP2
5	RS485-	24	IGN A+
6	CTS	25	SW +
7	GND	26	HKSW
8	FPROG	27	EXTMIC
9	OUT2	28	EXTRX
10	IGN SEN	29	FDISC
11	MIC HI	30	EXTALO
12	ALO	31	CUTST
13	VOL HI	32	SPARE
14	CTL ON	33	SPARE
15	XTONENC	34	SPARE
16	XTONEDEC	35	SDATA
17	RQST	36	SONOFF
18	SPKR1	37	HORNRING
19	SPKR2		

**IF SECTION (CMF-135D)**

**1st IF**

The 45.1 MHz 1st IF output signal is coupled from the output of the first mixer circuit, located on the Synthesizer/Receiver/IF board, through 30-pin connector P501-1 and capacitor C501 to the source input of buffer amplifier Junction Field Effect Transistors (JFET) TR501 and TR502. This input can be monitored at test point TP1. The output of TR501 and TR502 is coupled through inductor L502 to 4-pole crystal band-pass filter FL501. The highly-selective crystal filters FL501-1 and FL502-2 provide the first part of receiver IF selectivity. The output of the filters is coupled through the impedance matching network consisting of inductor L502 and capacitors C504 and C505 to the base of 1st IF amplifier transistor TR503. The crystal filter output of FL501 is applied to

the base of 1st IF amplifier transistor TR503. This amplified signal is taken from the collector of TR503 through an impedance matching network consisting inductor L505, capacitor C506 and resistor R507 that matches the amplifier output to the input of 4-pole crystal filters FL502-1 and FL502-2 which provides the second part of receiver IF selectivity. The output of the crystal filters is coupled through an impedance-matching network consisting of inductor L507, capacitor C508, resistor R508 and coupling capacitor C509 to the base of 2nd IF amplifier transistor TR505.

**2nd Mixer**

The 45.1 MHz IF input is applied to transistor TR505 and mixed with a 44.645 MHz frequency supplied by a crystal oscillator circuit consisting of X501 and oscillator transistor TR504. Variable inductor L521 sets the frequency of the oscillator circuit. This signal can be monitored at test point TP5.

**2nd IF And Detector**

The output of the 2nd mixer is coupled to the input of 4-pole ceramic filter FL503 which provides 455 kHz 2nd IF selectivity. The 455 kHz IF output of ceramic filter FL503 is coupled to the bandwidth selector circuit consists of IC504-1, IC504-2, IC505-1 and IC505-2 which are controlled by a microprocessor output signal 12.5 kHz/ 25 kHz through switching transistor TR506 and TR507. When 25 kHz (wide band) is selected, IC504-1 and IC505-1 are turned on. The output of the ceramic filter FL503 is coupled through capacitors C580 and C553 to the input of IC501, pin 3. When 12.5 kHz (narrow band) is selected, IC504-2 and IC505-2 are turned on. The output of the ceramic filter FL503 is coupled through 4-pole ceramic filter FL505 to pin 3 Limiter/FM Detector IC501. The IF signal is amplified internal to IC501 then applied to the

bandwidth selector circuit consisting of IC506-1, IC506-2, IC507-1 and IC507-2 which are controlled by a microprocessor output signal 12.5 kHz/ 25 kHz through switching transistor TR506 and TR507. When 25 kHz (wide band) is selected, IC506-1 and IC507-1 are turned on. The output of the IC501-5 is coupled through ceramic filter FL504 which provides additional 455 kHz IF selectivity to the input of IC501, pin 7.

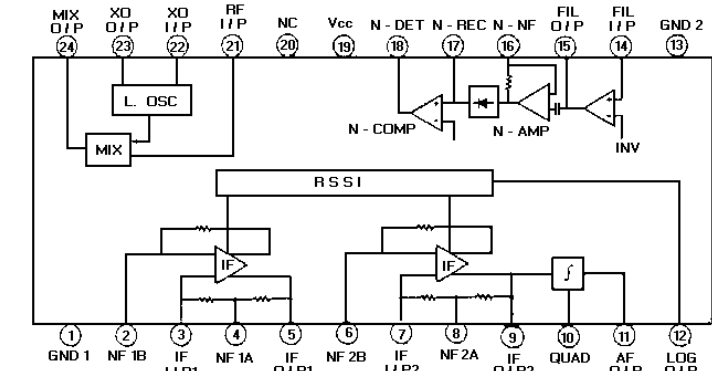
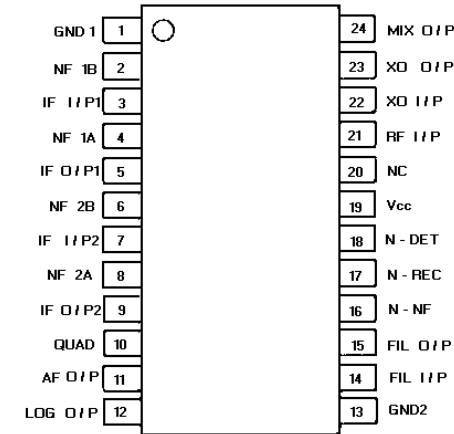
When 12.5 kHz (narrow band) is selected, IC504-2 and IC505-2 are turned on. The output of the IC501-5 is coupled through ceramic filter FL506 which provides additional 455 kHz IF selectivity to the input of IC501, pin 7 (refer to IC DATA for IC501). The 2nd IF signal is amplified and limited internal to IC501. Inductor L253 shifts the IF signal by 90° and applies it to the internal FM detector. The FM detector compares the shifted IF signal to the internal IF signal to recover the audio modulation.

The audio output of the operational amplifier internal to IC501 is applied to the input of buffer IC502-2. Amplitude of buffer amplifier IC502-2 is reduced by 6 dB when 25 kHz (wide band) is selected by switching transistor TR508. The AUDIO output of IC502-2 is applied to the System Control Logic circuit. This signal can be monitored at test point TP4. The output on pin 12 of IC501 is applied to the input of amplifier buffer IC502-1. The output of IC502-1 provides a Receiver Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) signal also sent to the System Control Logic circuit. This signal can be monitored at test point TP3.

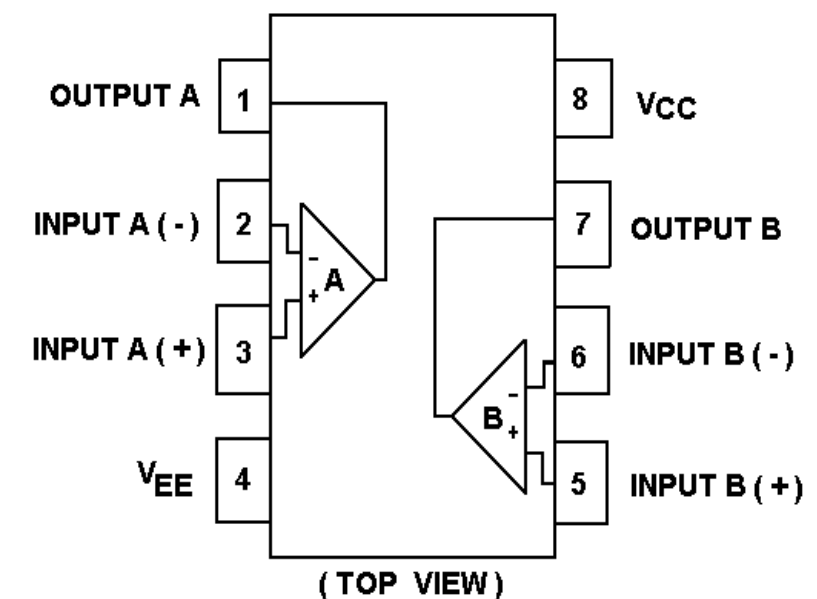
**9 Volt Regulator**

The 9-volt regulator circuit powers the IF circuits of CMF-135 and consists of regulator IC503 and filter capacitors C570, C571, C572, and C573. An input voltage of +13.8 Vdc is applied to the input of IC503. This input is monitored at test point TP2.

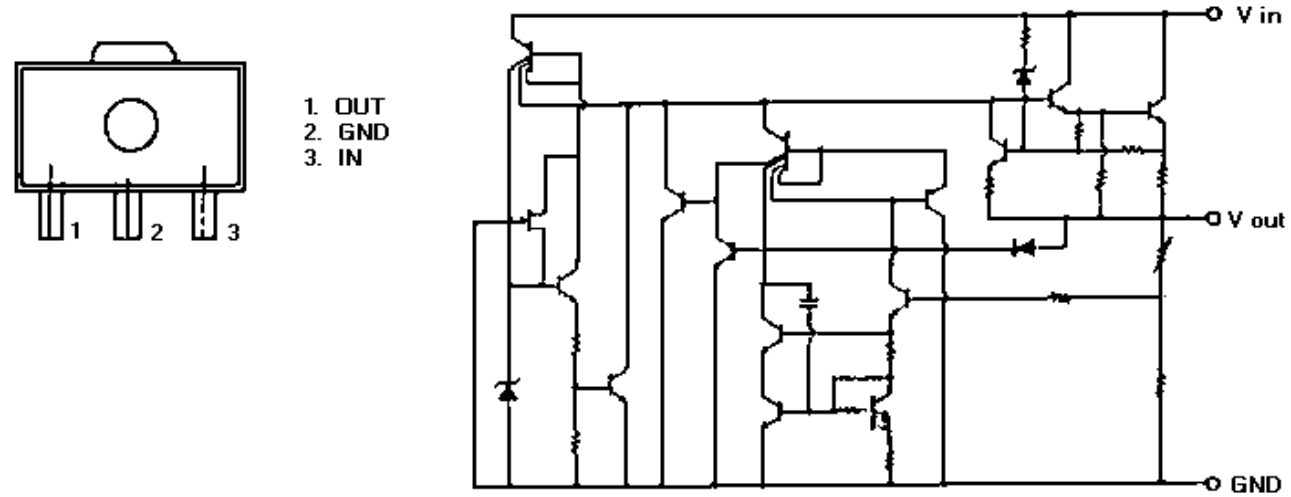
**Linear, IF Amplifier/Detector IC501**



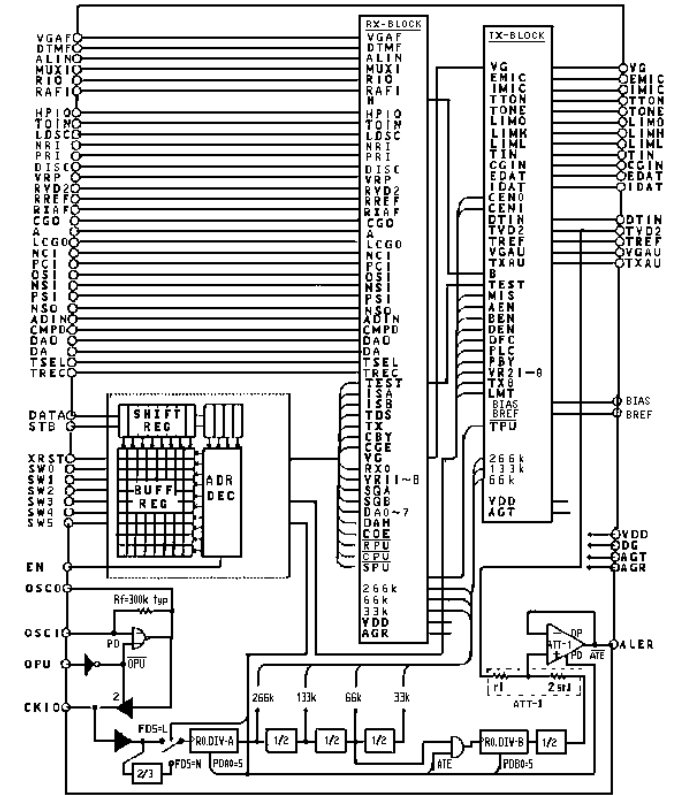
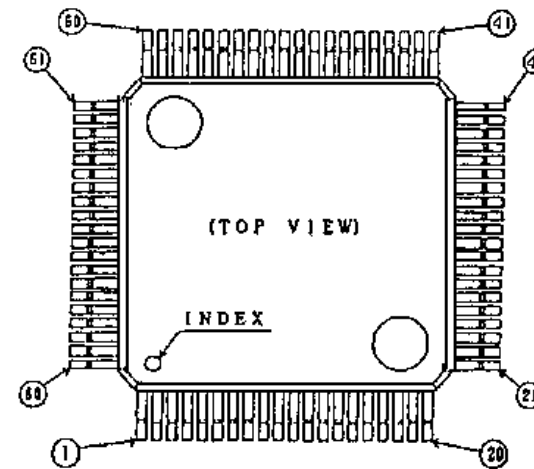
**Linear, Dual Operational Amplifier IC502**



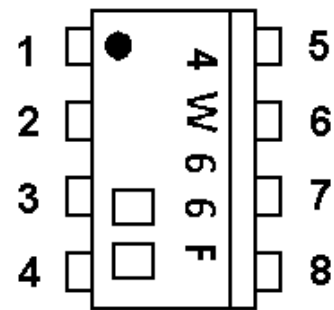
Linear, Positive Voltage Regulator IC503



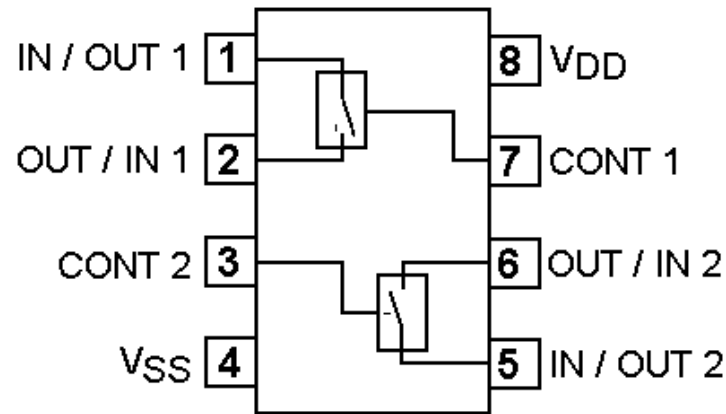
Audio Signal Processor IC601



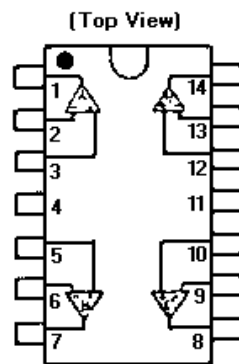
Linear Bi-Lateral Switch IC504 - IC507



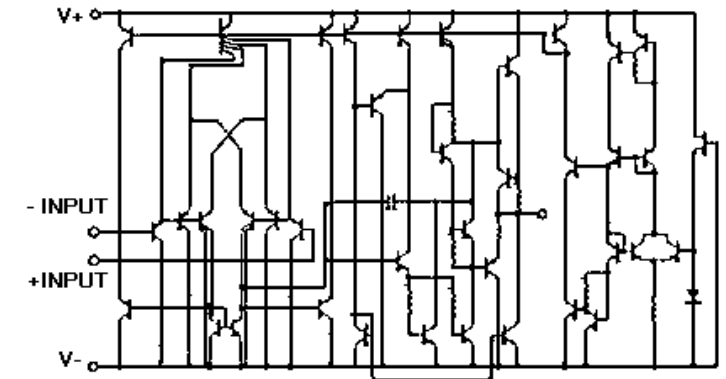
- 1. IN / OUT 1
- 2. OUT / IN 1
- 3. CONT 2
- 4. VSS
- 5. IN / OUT 2
- 6. OUT / IN 2
- 7. CONT 1
- 8. VDD



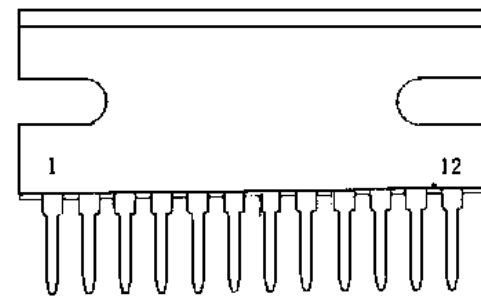
Linear Audio Amplifier IC602, IC603



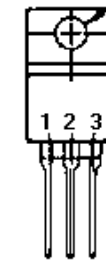
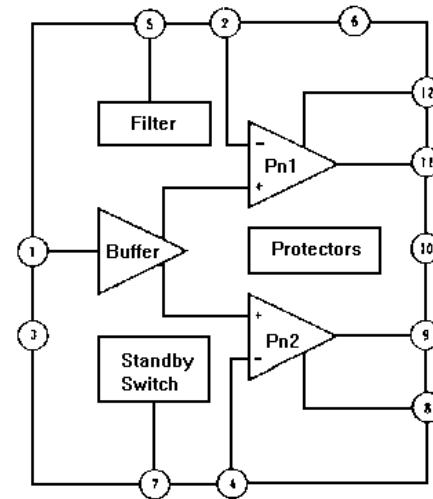
- 1. A OUTPUT
- 2. A - INPUT
- 3. A + INPUT
- 4. V+
- 5. B+ INPUT
- 6. B- INPUT
- 7. B OUTPUT
- 8. C OUTPUT
- 9. C- INPUT
- 10. C+ INPUT
- 11. V-
- 12. D+ INPUT
- 13. D- INPUT
- 14. D OUTPUT



Audio Frequency Power Amplifier IC604

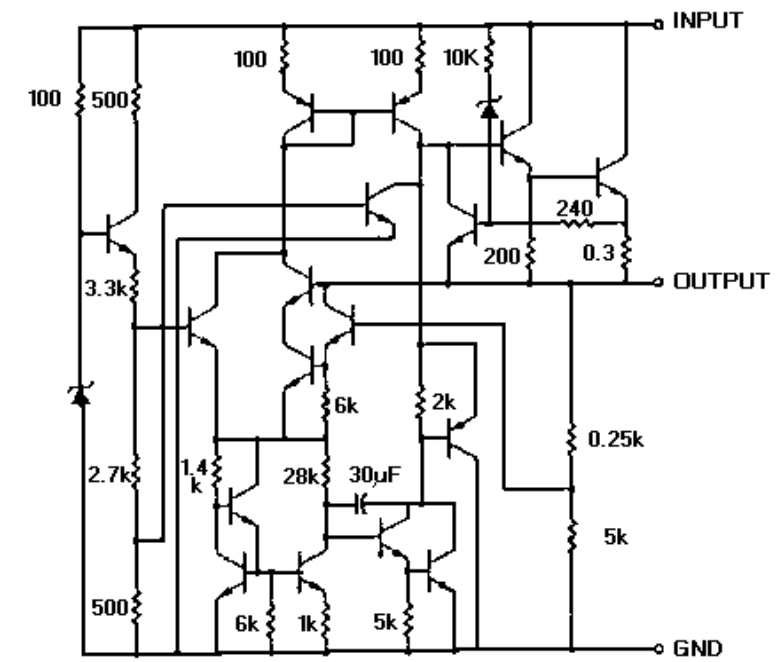


- 1. INPUT
- 2. NFB 1
- 3. GND (INPUT)
- 4. NFB 2
- 5. FILTER
- 6. VCC
- 7. STAND-BY SW
- 8. BOOTSTRAP 2
- 9. OUTPUT 2
- 10. GND (OUTPUT)
- 11. OUTPUT 1
- 12. BOOTSTRAP 1

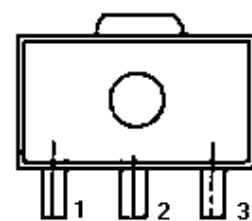


- PIN 1. INPUT
- 2. GROUND
- 3. OUTPUT

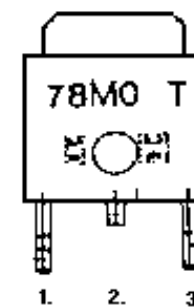
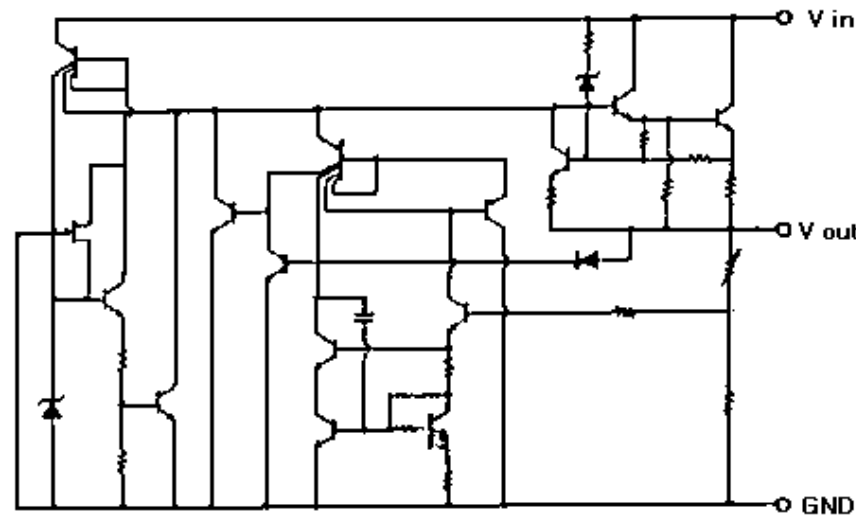
Linear: Positive Voltage Regulator IC606



Linear: Positive Voltage Regulator IC605, IC609

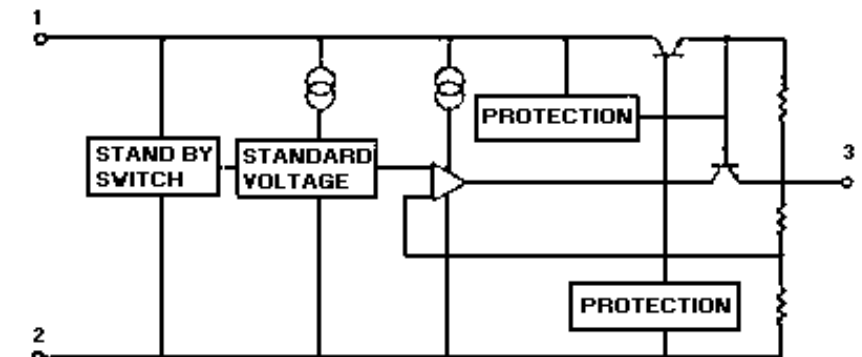


- 1. OUT
- 2. GND
- 3. IN

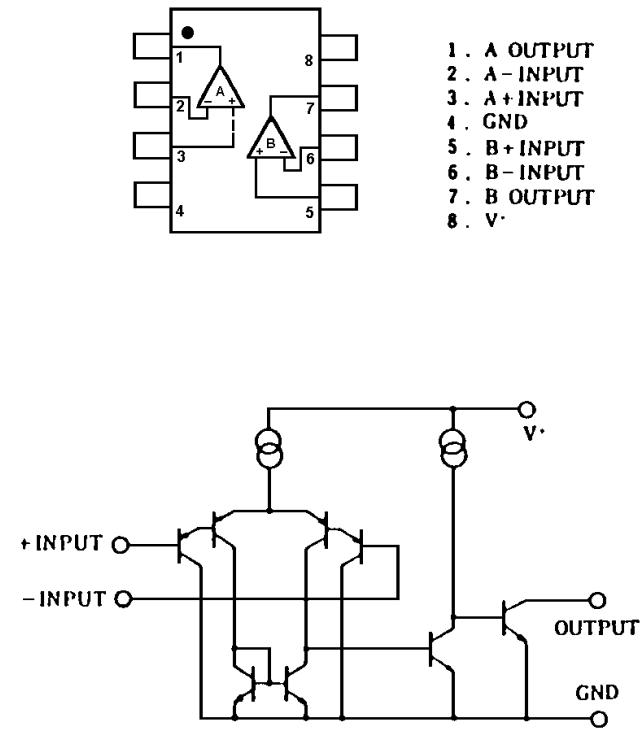


- 1. INPUT
- 2. GND
- 3. OUTPUT

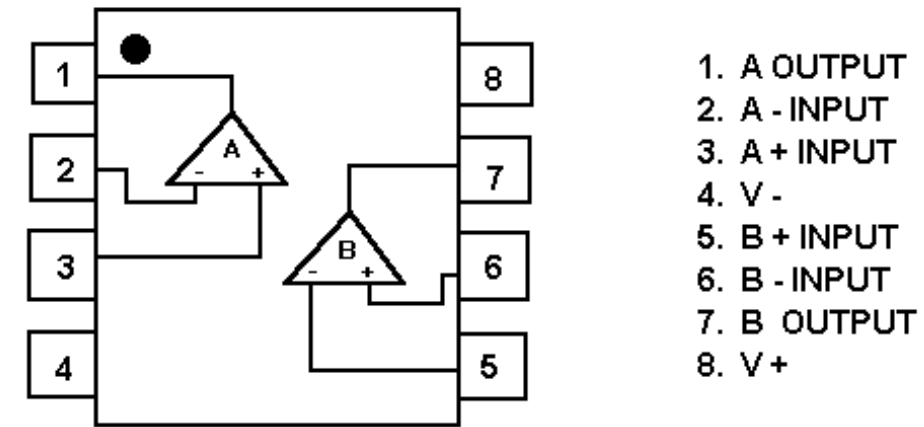
Linear: Positive Voltage Regulator IC607, IC608



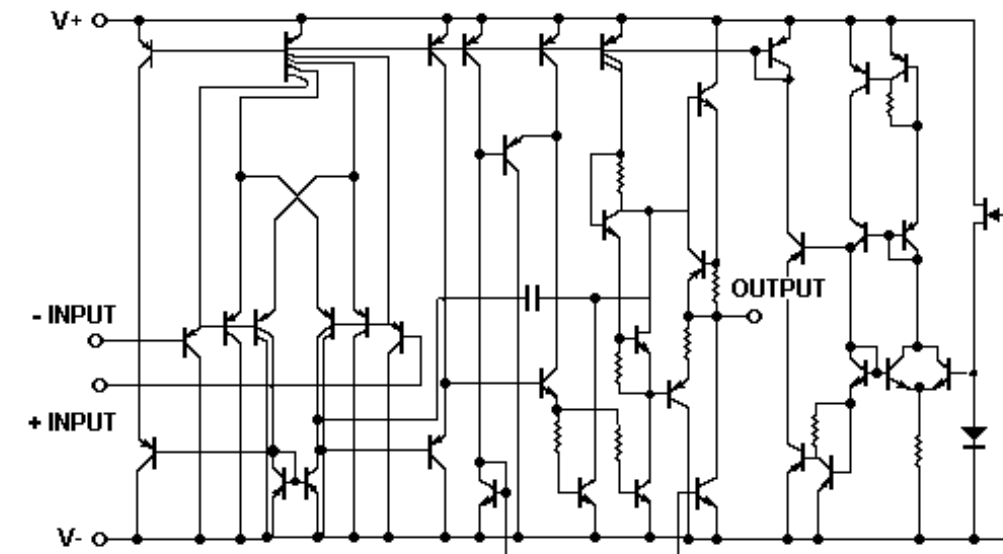
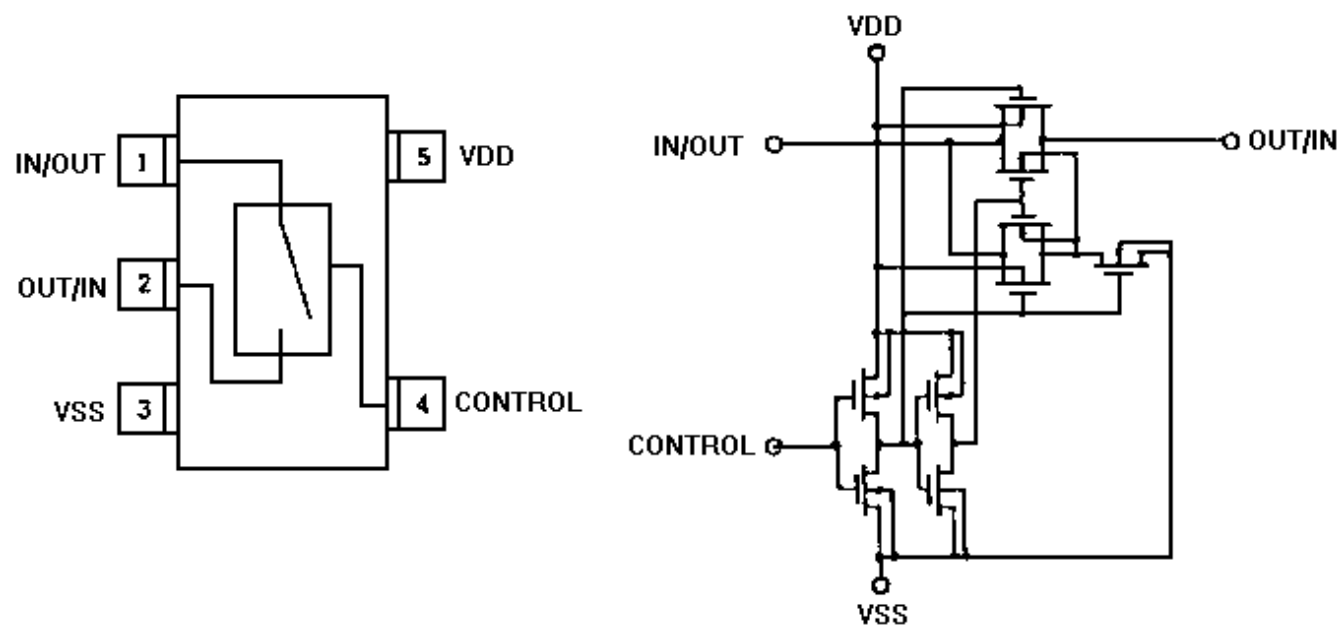
Linear: Positive Voltage Regulator IC610



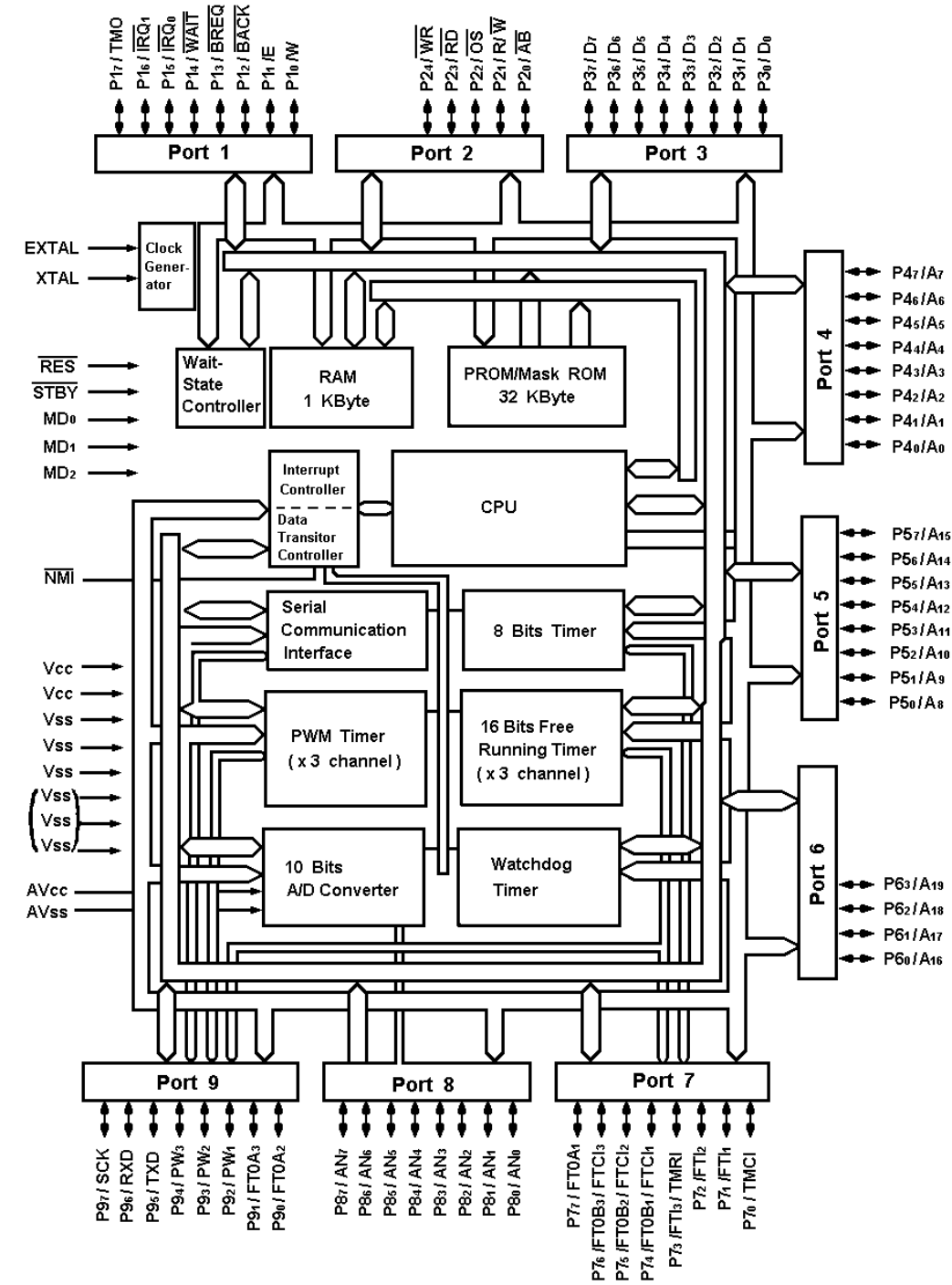
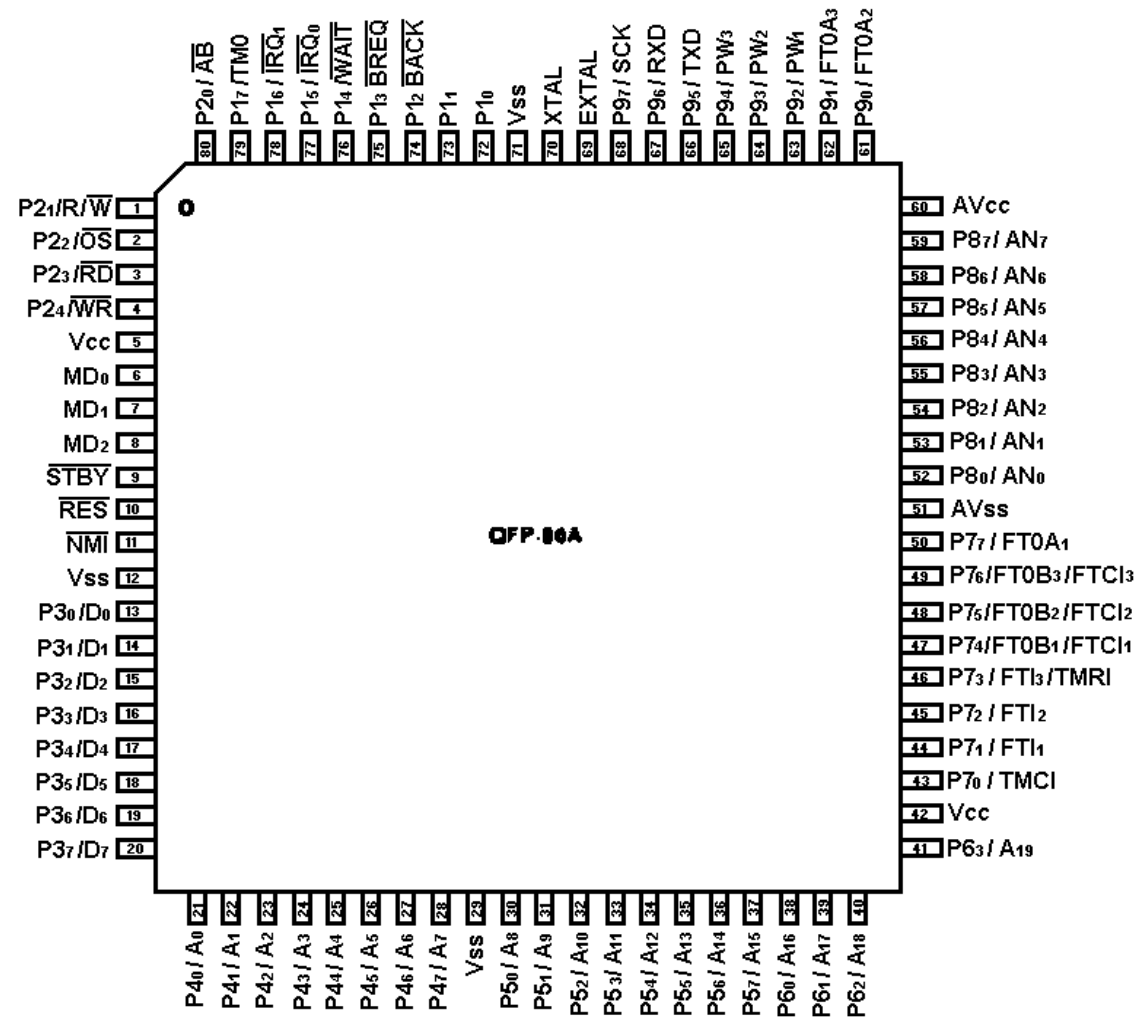
Operational Amp IC614



Bilateral Switch IC611, IC612, IC613



Central Processing Unit IC701

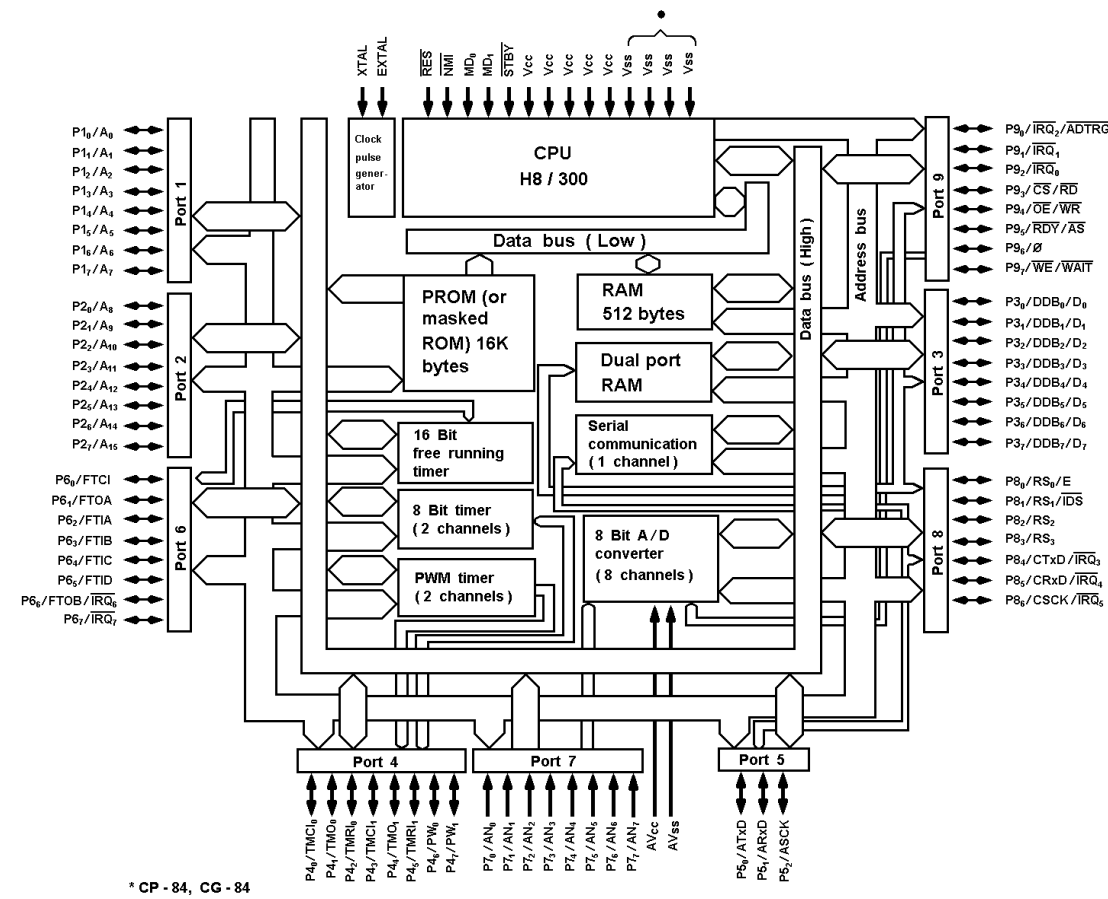
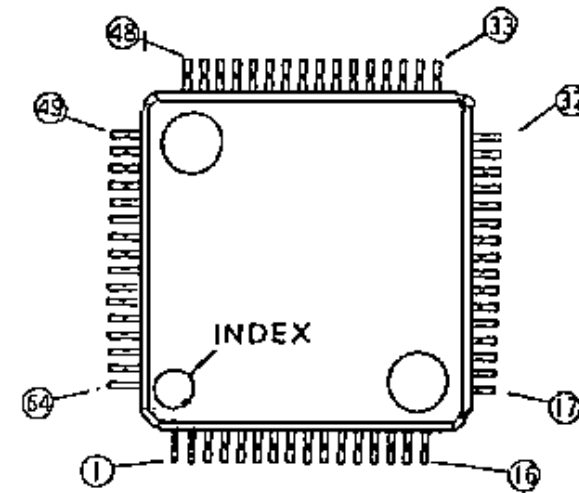
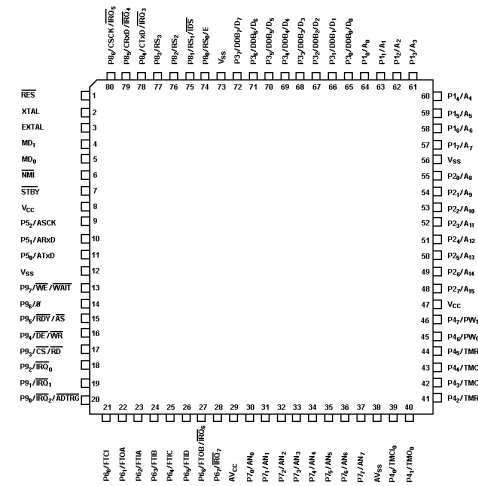


\*CP-84 and CO-84 only

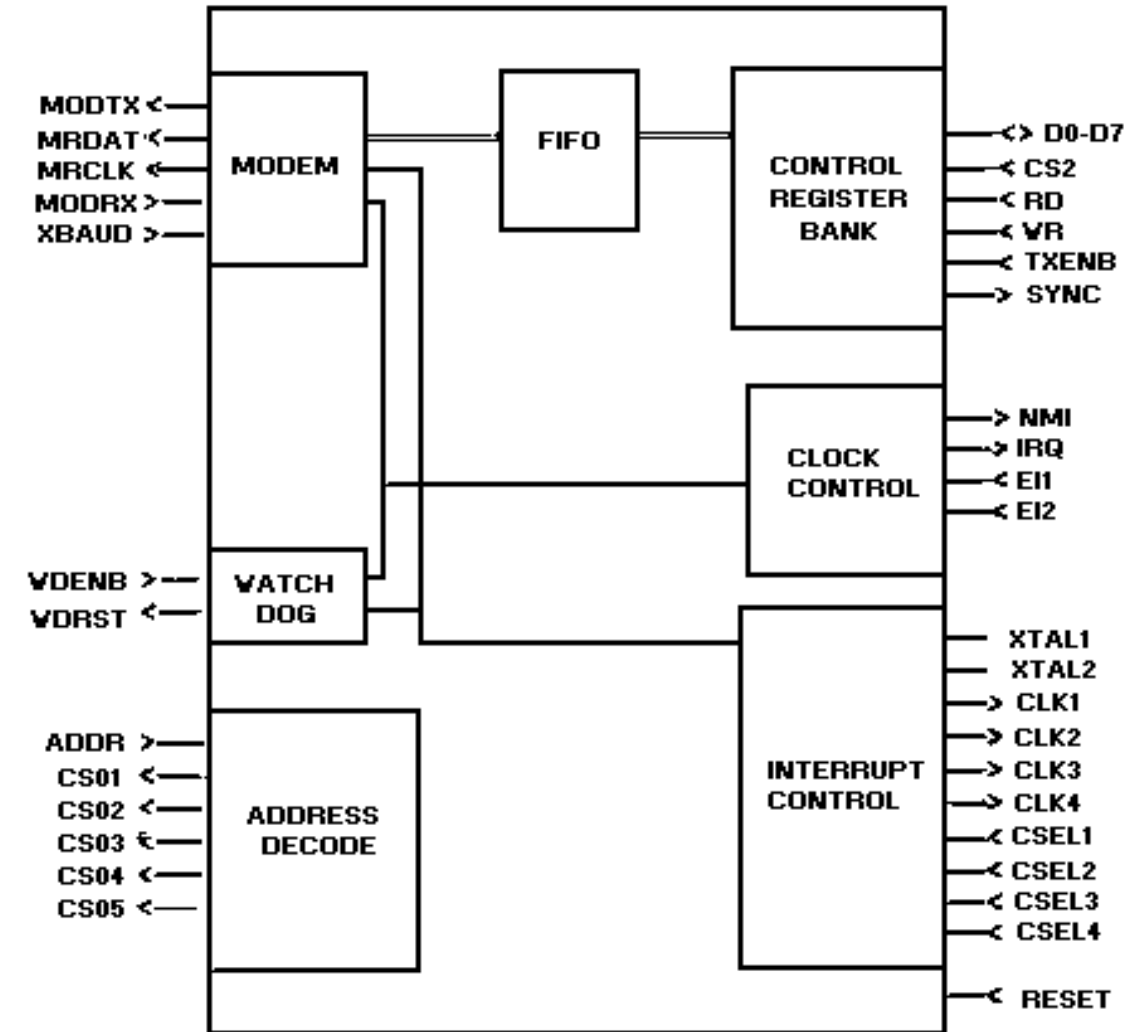


Central Processing Unit U702

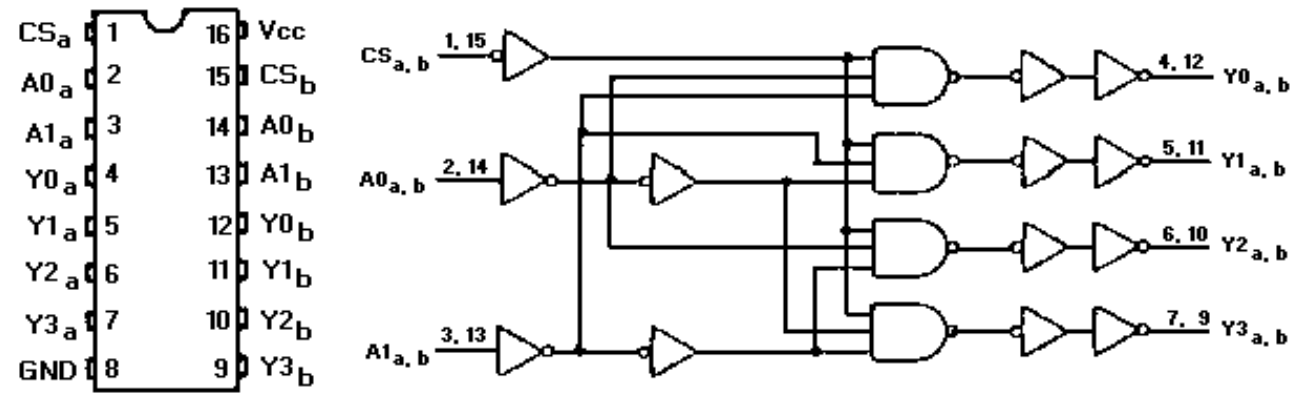
ASIC IC703



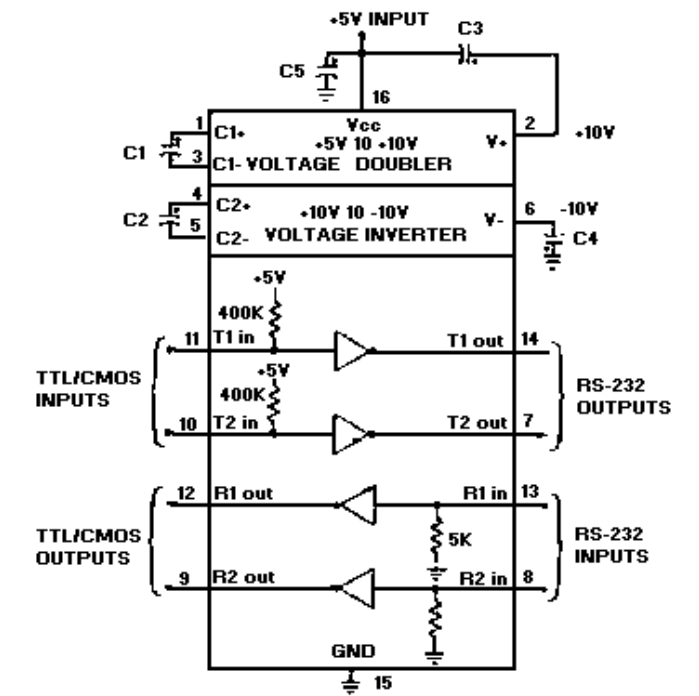
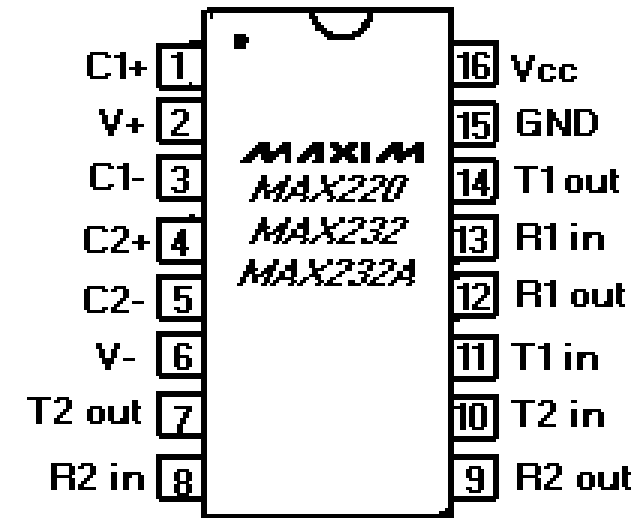
\* CP - 84, CG - 84



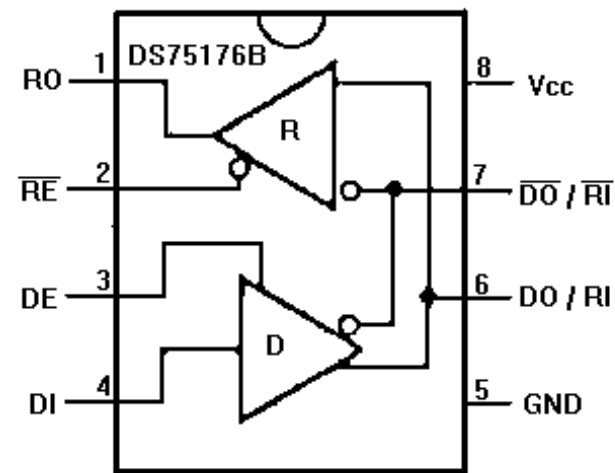
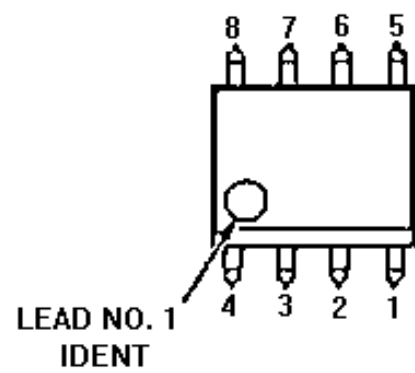
Decoder IC704



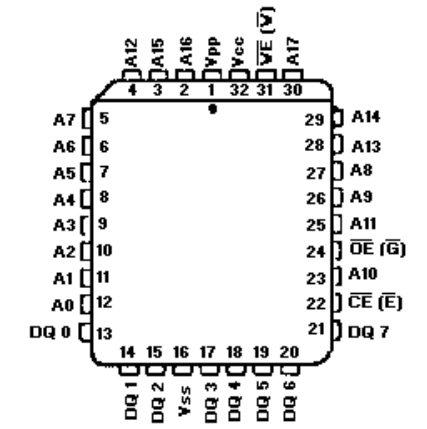
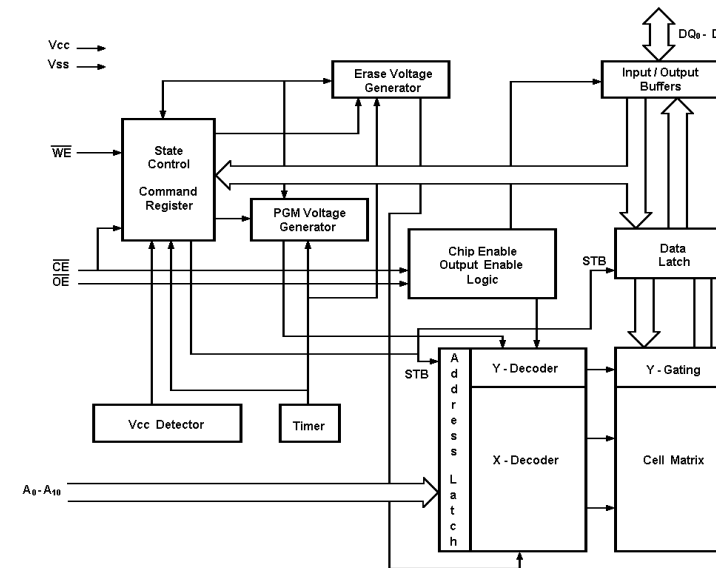
RS-232 Driver/Receiver IC706



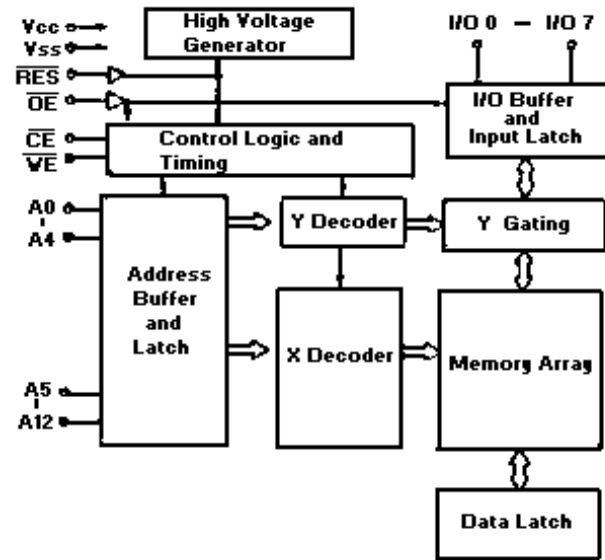
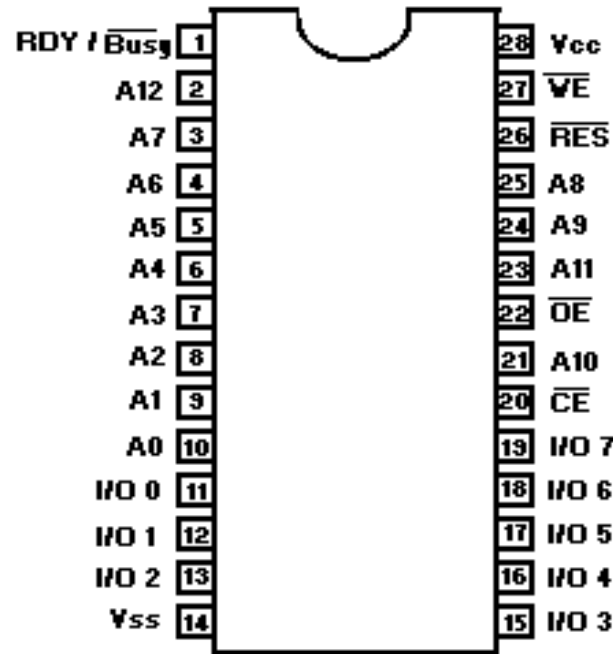
RS-485 Driver/Receiver IC705



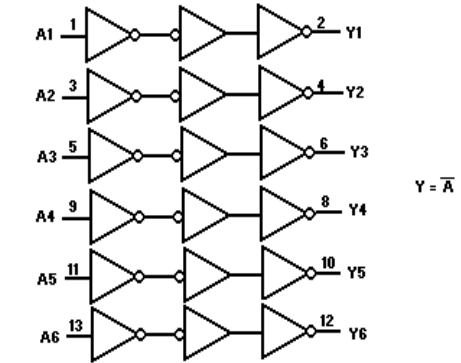
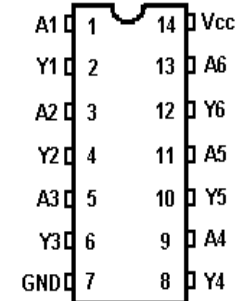
Flash Memory IC707



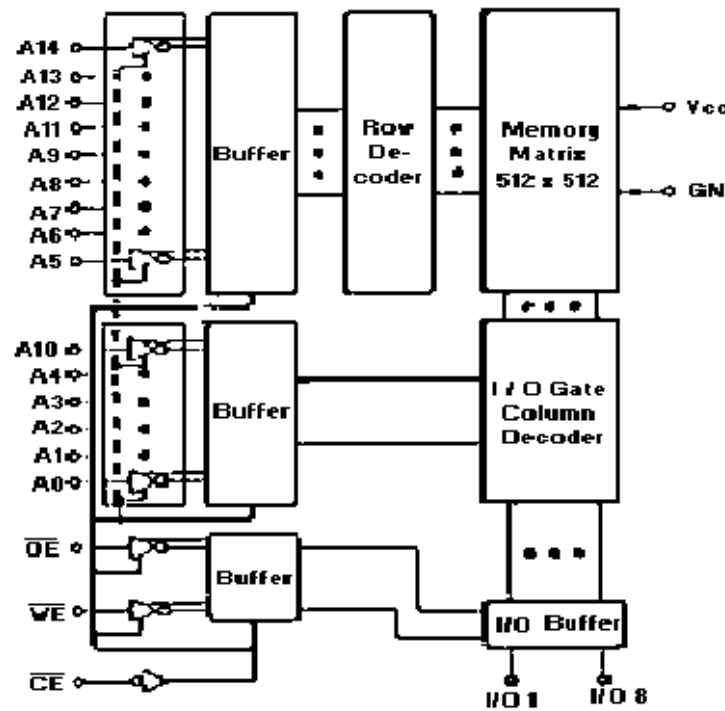
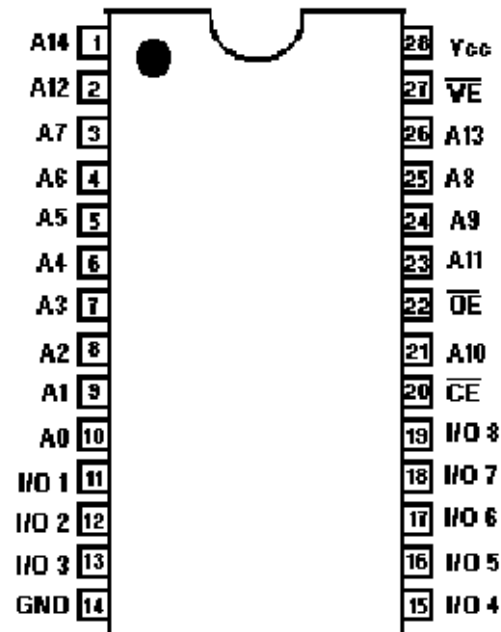
EEPROM IC708



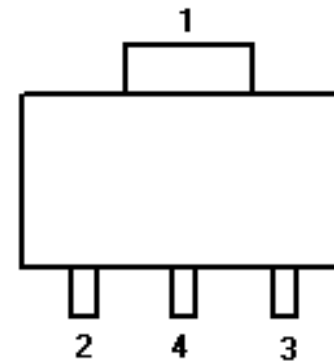
Inverter IC711



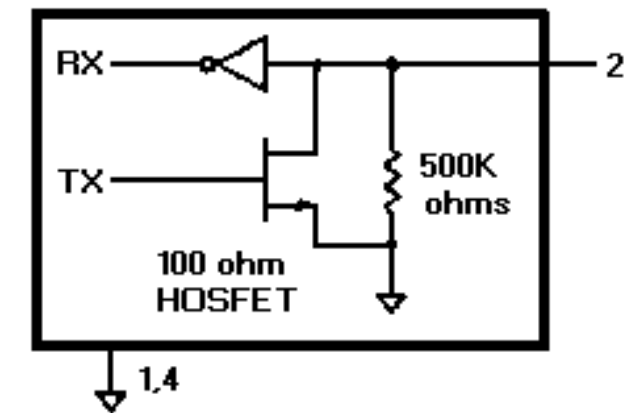
RAM IC709



Silicon Seral Number IC712

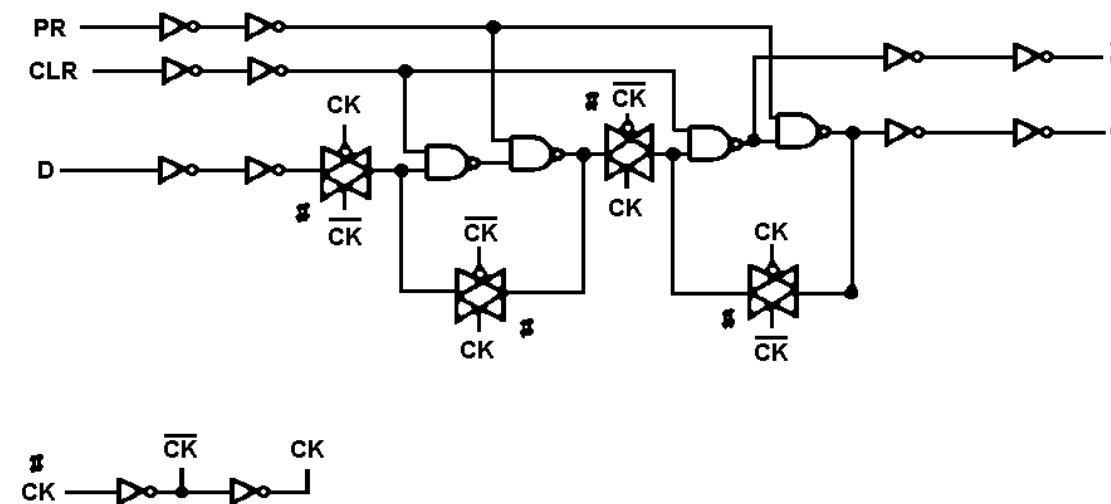
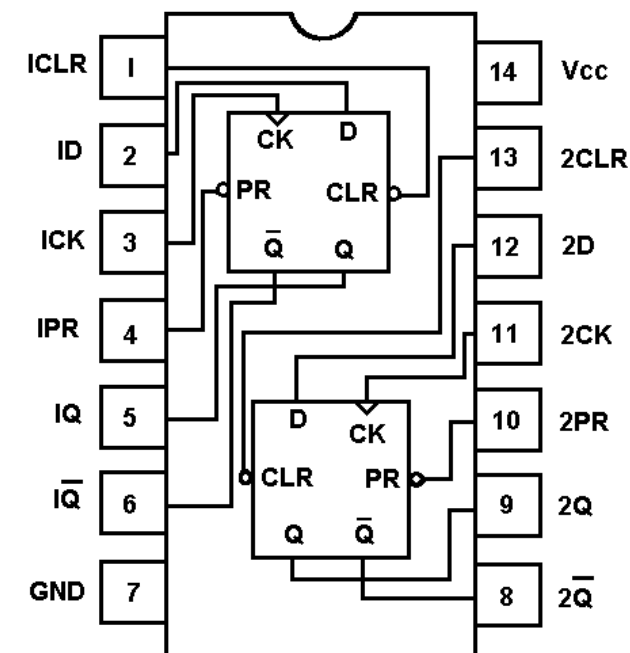
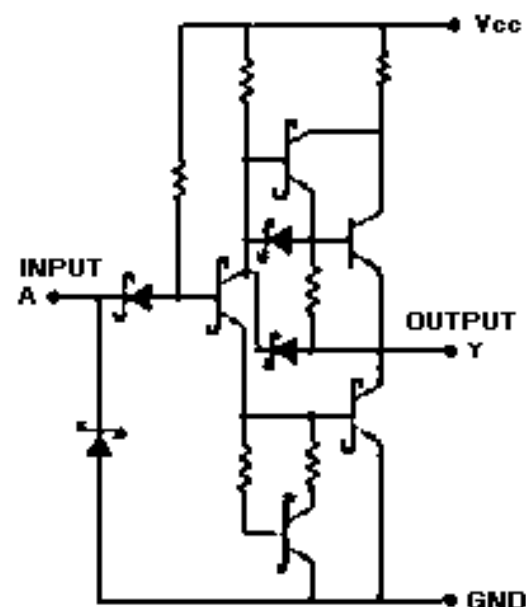
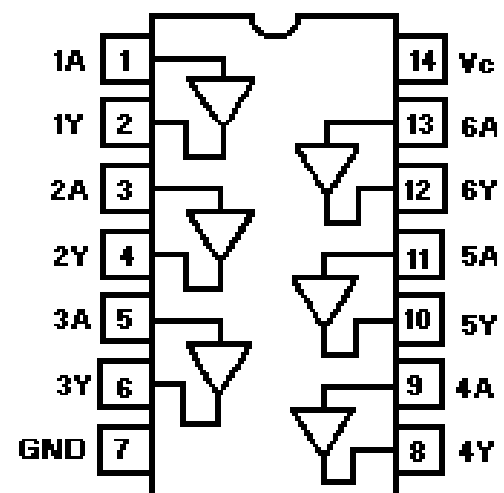


- 1. GND
- 2. DATA (DG)
- 3. NC
- 4. GND



Inverter IC713

Circuit IC714





SYMBOL	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
TR602 TR603 TR701 TR702 thru TR712 TR713 and TR714 TR715 and TR716 TR717 and TR718	NOTE: Parts listed are for reference only. Refer to Service Section for serviceable parts.	----- TRANSISTORS ----- Transistor NPN: sim to SANYO 2SC3398. Transistor NPN: sim to NEC 2SD596 . Transistor NPN: sim to TOSHIBA RN2301.. FET: sim to NEC 2SK1582.  Transistor NPN: sim to TOSHIBA 2SC2859 .  Transistor NPN: sim to NEC 2SC3736.  FET: sim to NEC 2SK1582.
X701		----- CRYSTALS ----- Crystal: 9.8304 MHz CP12A.

**PARTS LIST  
LOGIC/IF BOARD  
IF SECTION  
CMF-135D  
(Used in P101, P102)**

SYMBOL	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C501 C502 C503 C504 C505 C506 C507 C508 C509 thru C512 C515 and C516 C521 C522 and C523 C524 C525 C526 C527 C528 C529 and C530 C531 C553 C554 thru C556 C557 C558 and C559 C560 C561 C562 thru C565 C567 C571 and C572 C573 C574 thru C584	NOTE: Parts listed are for reference only. Refer to Service Section for serviceable parts.	-----CAPACITORS----- Ceramic: 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%. Ceramic: 10 pF $\pm$ 0.5 pF 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 7 pF $\pm$ 0.5 pF 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 10 pF $\pm$ 0.5 pF 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 15 pF $\pm$ 0.5 pF 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 8 pF $\pm$ 0.5 pF 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 7 pF $\pm$ 0.25 pF 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 8 pF $\pm$ 0.5 pF 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%.  Ceramic: 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%.  Ceramic: 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%. Ceramic: 0.1 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 25 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%.  Ceramic: 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%. Ceramic: 33 pF $\pm$ 5% 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%. Ceramic: 120 pF $\pm$ 5% 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 8 pF $\pm$ 5% 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%.  Ceramic: 1pF $\pm$ 0.25pF 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 250 PPM. Ceramic: 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%. Ceramic: 0.1 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 25 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%.  Ceramic: 15 pF $\pm$ 5% 50 VDCW temp coef 0 $\pm$ 60 PPM. Ceramic: 0.1 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 25 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%.  Ceramic: 1000 pF $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%. Ceramic: 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%. Ceramic: 0.1 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 25 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%.  Electrolytic: 10 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20% 16 VDCW. Ceramic: 0.1 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 25 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%.  Electrolytic: 10 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20% 16 VDCW. Ceramic: 0.01 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 50 VDCW temp coef $\pm$ 15%.

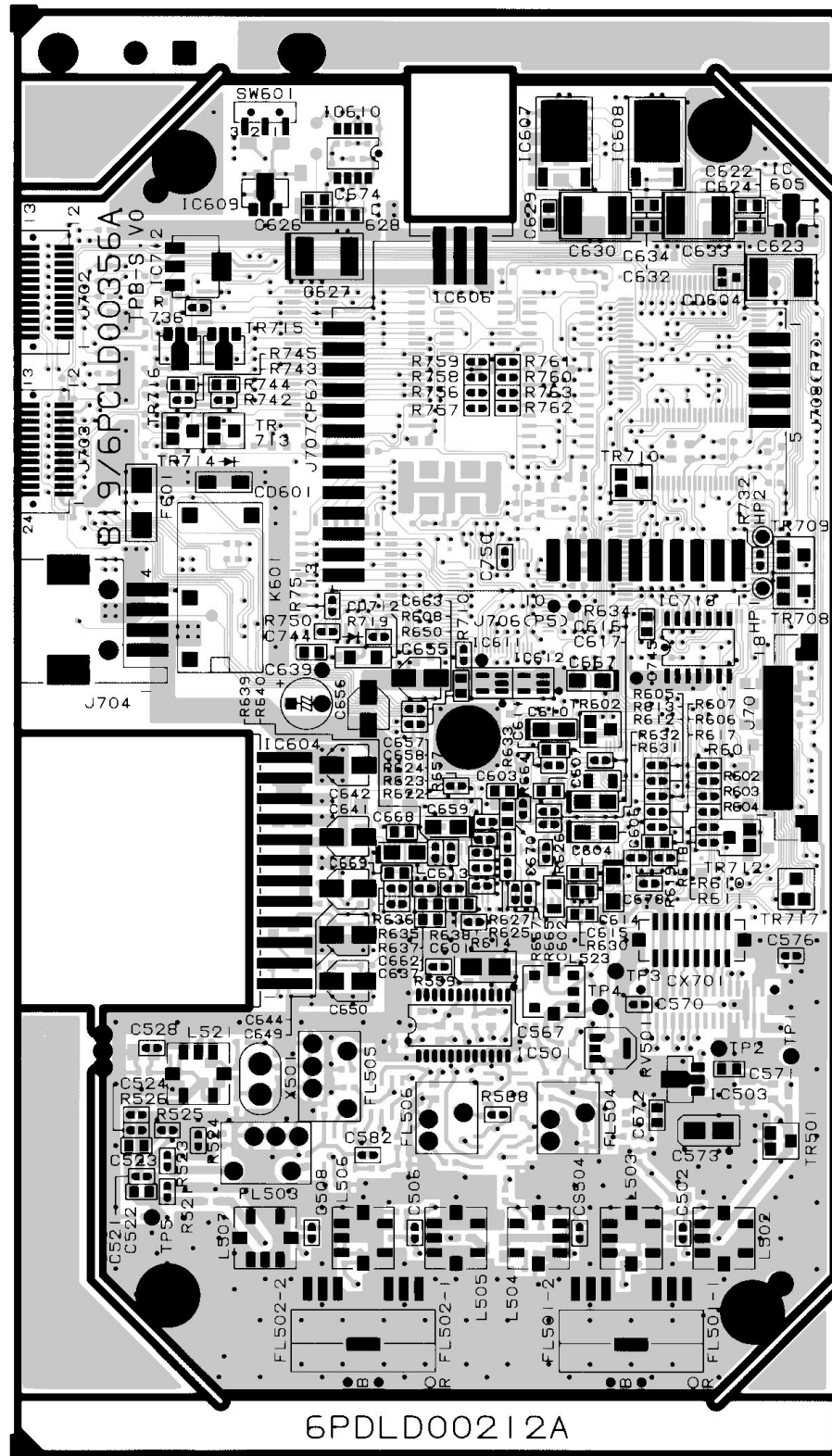
SYMBOL	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
FL501 and FL502 FL503 FL504 FL505 FL506	NOTE: Parts listed are for reference only. Refer to Service Section for serviceable parts.	----- FILTERS ----- Crystal Filter: 45.1 MHz.  Ceramic: Filter: 455 KHz. Ceramic: Filter: 455 KHz. Ceramic: Filter: 455 KHz. Ceramic: Filter: 455 KHz.
IC501 IC502 IC503		----- INTEGRATED CIRCUITS ----- Linear, IF Amplifier/Detector; sim to TOSHIBA TA31132F. Linear, Dual OP AMP; sim to NJRC NJM3404. Linear, Positive Voltage Regulator; sim to NJRC NJM78L09UA. Linear, Dual Bilateral Switch: sim to TOSHIBA TC4W66F.
IC504 thru IC507		
P501		-----CONNECTORS----- Connector: 30 Pins.
L501 L502 L503 L504 and L505 L506 L507 L521 L522 L523		----- COILS ----- Coil: RF 1 $\mu$ H 20%. Coil: RF. Coil: RF. Coil: RF.  Coil: RF. Coil: RF. Coil: RF. Coil: RF 0.22 $\mu$ H 10%. Coil: RF .
R501 R502 R503 R505 R506 R507 R508 R509 R510 R511 R521 R522 R523 R524 R525 R526 R527 R528 R529 R530 R531 R552 R556 and R557 R559 R560 R562 R563 R564 R565 R566 R567 and R568 R569 and R570 R571 R572 and R573 R574 R575 R721 RV501		-----RESISTORS----- Metal film: 82 ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/10W. Metal film: 18 ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/10W. Metal film: 4.7K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 150K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 330 ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 8.2K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 6.8K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 220 ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 3.3K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 330 ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 15K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 4.7K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 1.5K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 100 ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 33 ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 1K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 4.7K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 10K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 1K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 10K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 100 ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 1.5K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W.  Metal film: 820 ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 18K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 10K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 12K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 1.2K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 3.3K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 0 ohms, 1/16W. Metal film: 1.8K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W.  Metal film: 100K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W.  Metal film: 1.8K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 10K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W.  Metal film: 6.8K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 2.2K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Metal film: 2.2K ohms $\pm$ 5% 100 VDCW.1/16W. Variable: 10K ohms.

SYMBOL	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
TR501 and TR502 TR503 TR504 and TR505 TR506 thru TR508		-----TRANSISTORS----- N-Channel, field effect; 2SK1577.  Silicon, NPN; sim to NEC 2SC2223. Silicon, NPN; sim to HITACHI 2SC2620.  Silicon, NPN; includes resistors; sim to TOSHIBA RN1304.
X501 XS501A and XS501B		----- CRYSTALS ----- Quartz crystal: 44.645 MHz. Crystal Socket.

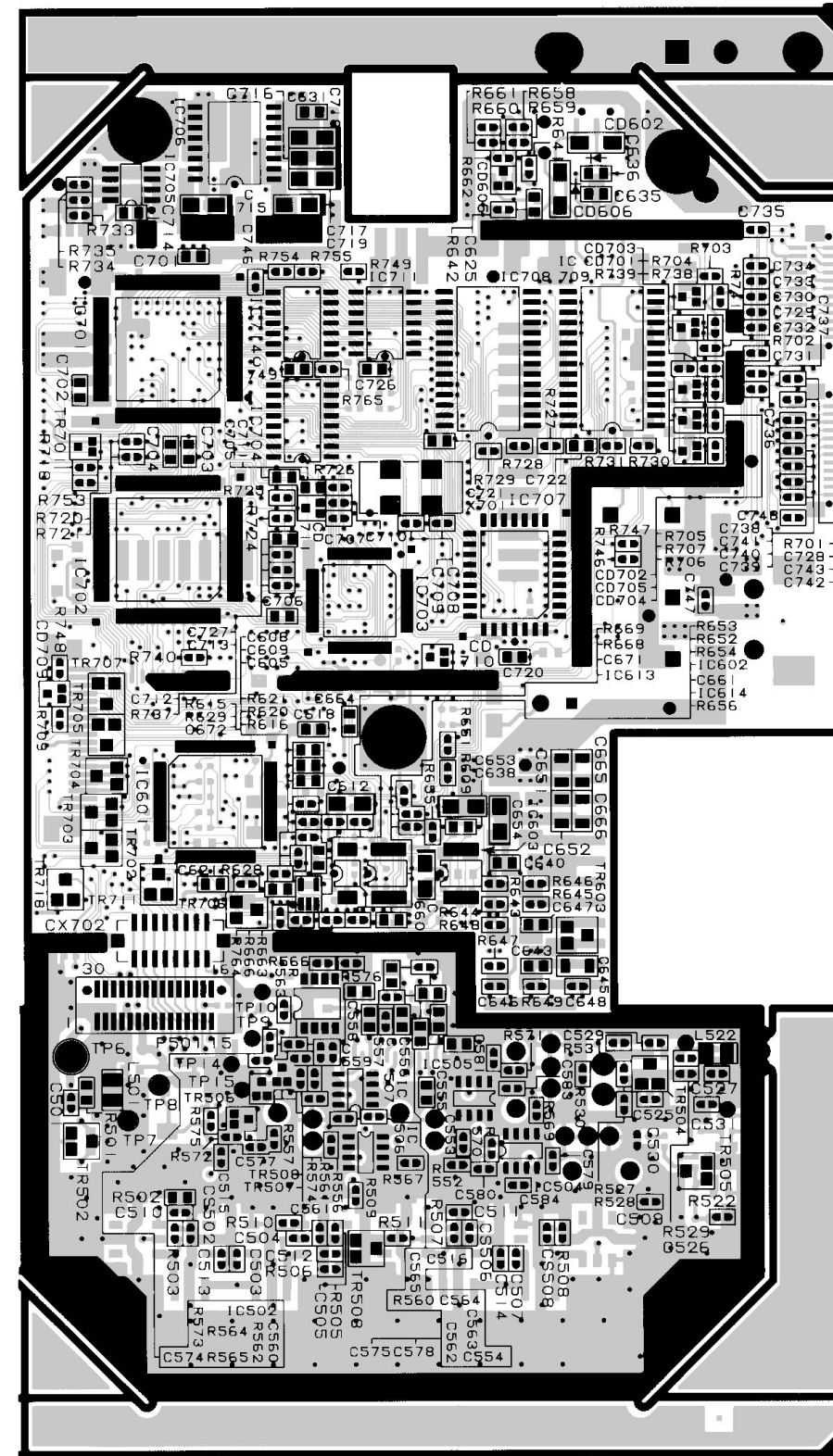
**PRODUCTION CHANGES**

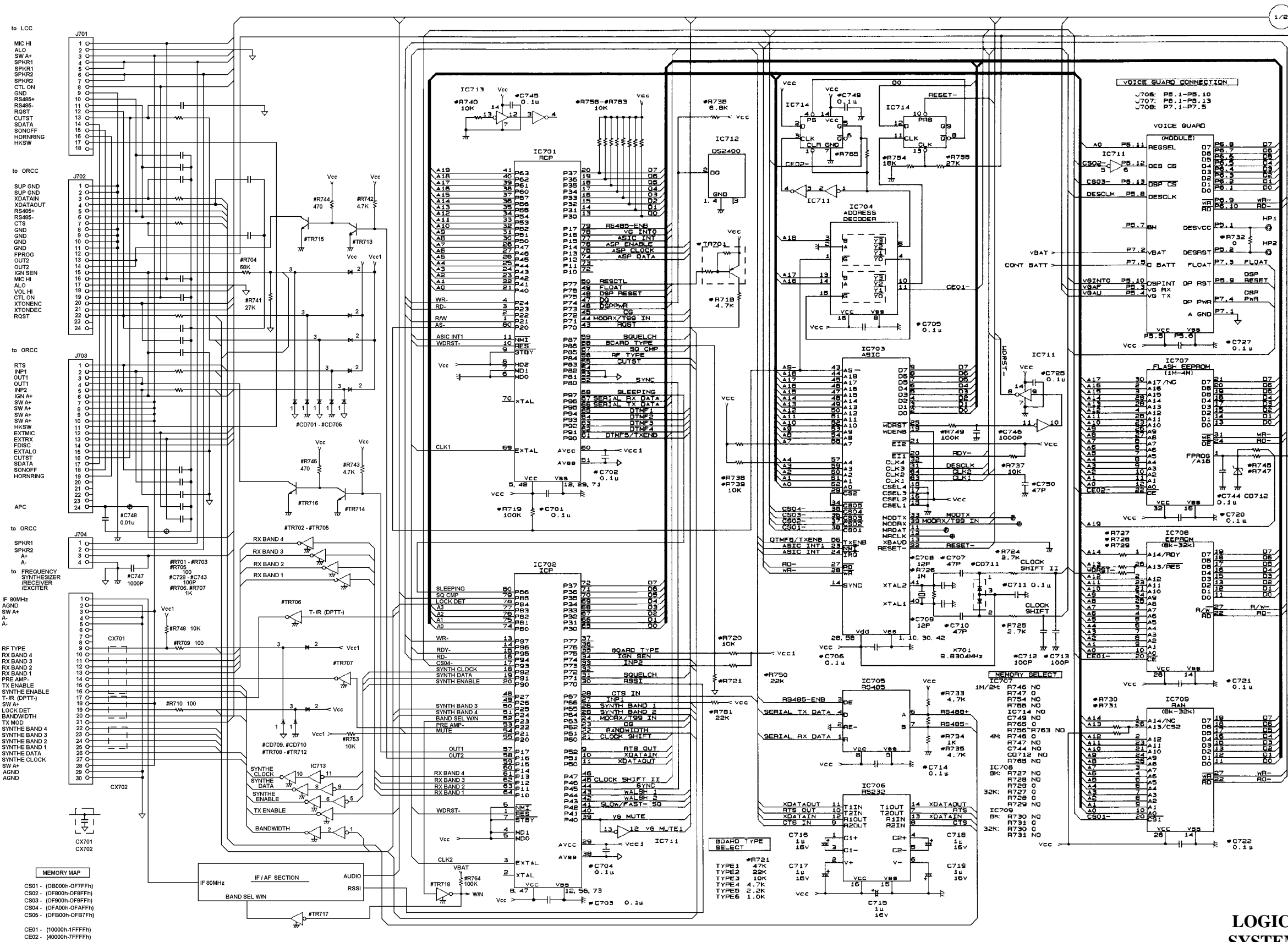
Changes in the equipment to improve or to simplify circuits are identified by a "Revision Letter", which is stamped after the model number of the unit. The revision stamped on the unit includes all previous revisions. Refer to the Parts List for descriptions of parts affected by these revisions.

COMPONENT SIDE



SOLDER SIDE

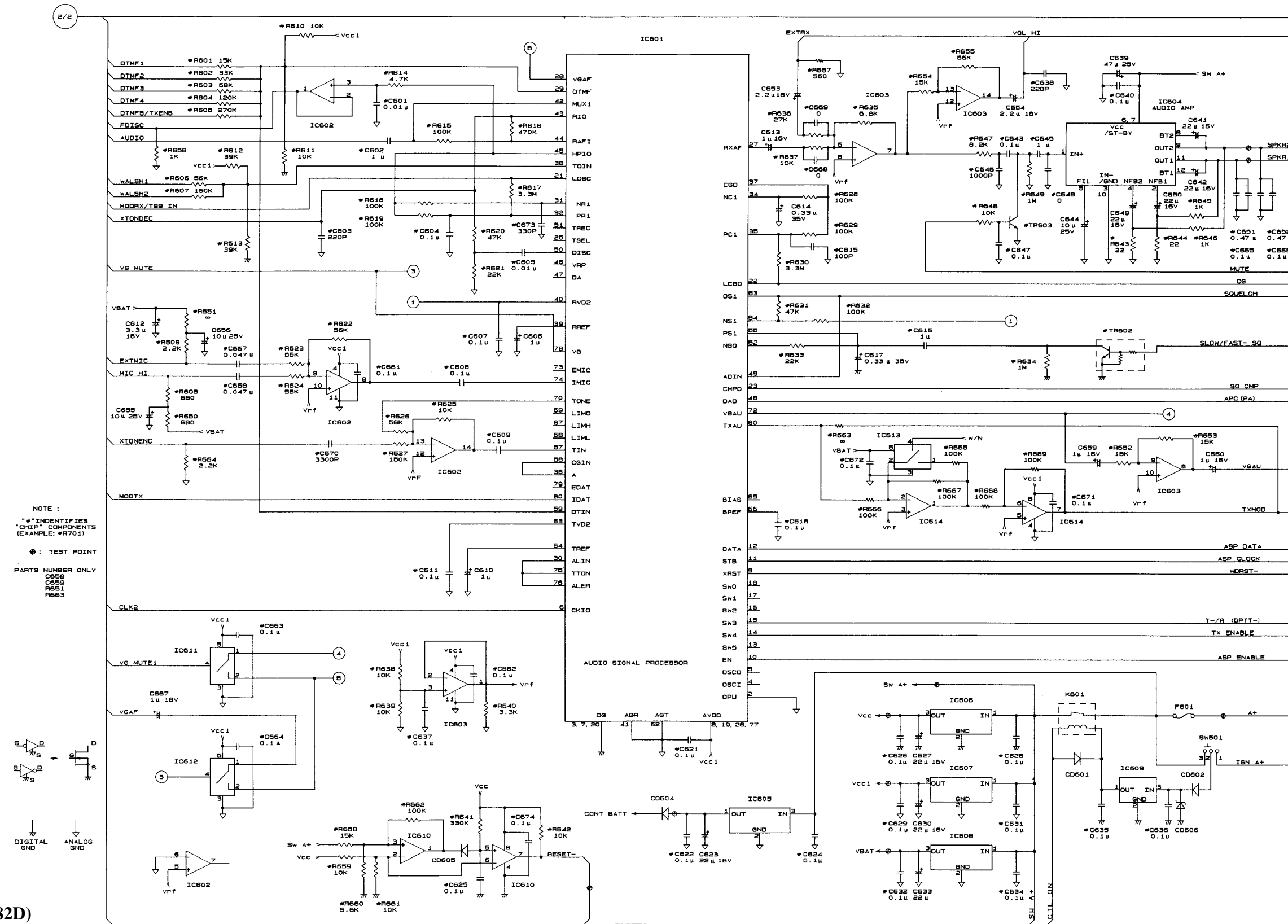




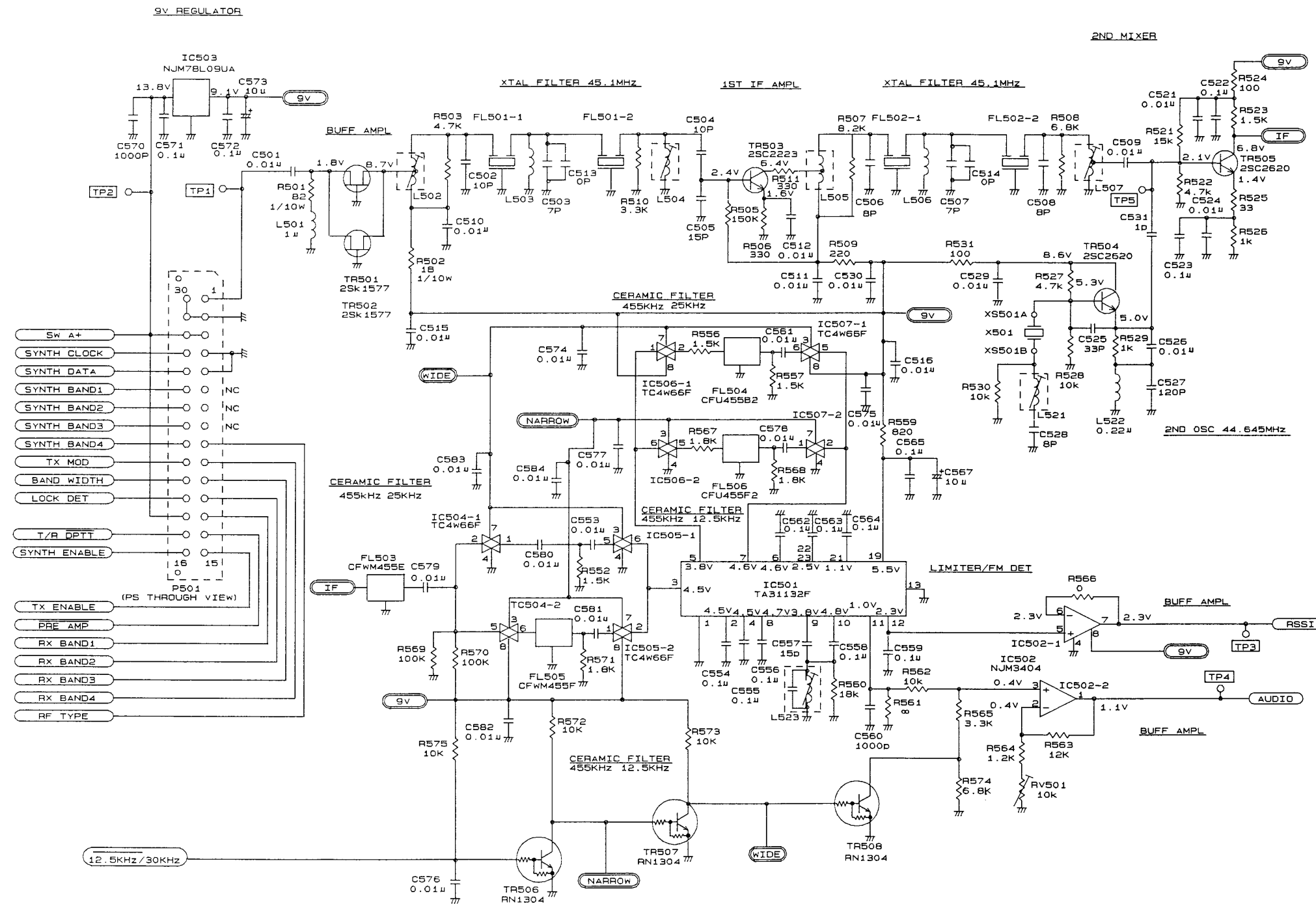
LOGIC (CMC-682D) SYSTEM CONTROL

(DD00-CMC-682D 1/2)





LOGIC (CMC-682D)  
 SYSTEM CONTROL  
 (DD00-CMC-682D 2/2)



NOTE  
 ALL RESISTOR ARE 1/16 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 RESISTOR VALUES IN Ω UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER K OR M.  
 CAPACITOR VALUES IN F UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER μ, n OR p.  
 INDUCTANCE VALUES IN H UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER m, μ OR n.

IF(CMF-135D)  
 (DD00-CMF-135D)