

BASE-TECH SERVICE MANUAL

PART ONE: BASE/REPEATER STATIONS

BASE-TECH SERVICE MANUALS

BASE-TECH service information is published in two separately-bound parts....

Part One contains operating and installation information plus servicing information for non-frequency dependent equipment which is common to the entire BASE-TECH line.

Part Two contains technical data and drawings for the BASE-TECH Transmitter, Receiver, and RF Power Amplifier units. Construction of these units differs with frequency-band of operation; therefore, different versions of Part Two correlate to the various frequency bands.

This service-manual section is Part One, and it contains general servicing information and specific technical data and drawings for control circuitry, the Power Supply, and the cabinet.

As necessary, service manual supplements will be published and distributed on the following forms:

- Manual Addition (MA): For supplemental information useful in product alignment, service, or improvement. Printed on BLUE paper.
 - Change Notice (CN): For circuitry change details made during production by model and serial number. Printed on YELLOW paper.
- Manual Correction (MC): For correcting literature errors not related to production changes. Printed on GREEN paper.
- Technical Bulletin (TB): For solutions to field problems and tips for performance improvement. Printed on PINK paper.

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SECTION 1 **BASE-TECH**

BASE-TECH

The BASE-TECH Stations are Land-Mobile Radios designed for fixed base station use. They are rated for continuous duty, and can be fitted with options to operate as repeaters. BASE-TECH stations are housed in cabinets that are designed to stand on a floor. Because the station should be located close to the antenna, it often must be installed in an remote location such as a storage room, basement, roof-top access room, or bunker. Standard primary power requirement for the BASE-TECH is 120 or 240 Volt, 50/60 Hz AC-line.

The BASE-TECH has an internal control panel with a hand microphone, speaker, and applicable controls for local operation; but, as location often dictates, the station must be operated remotely. Options are available to equip the BASE-TECH with a tone-remote interface so that it can be remotely controlled over great distances via a dedicated telephone line. A DC-remote control can be installed instead for remote control across less than 1 mile via 2- or 4-wire direct lines.

Separate female N-type RF antenna connections from the transmitter and receiver are provided with the standard BASE-TECH configuration. This allows connection to independent antennas or to a duplexer for full duplex (simultaneous transmit and receive) operation. If the station is to be operated simplex, the 71-7750 Antenna Relay option can be installed to connect a single antenna to both transmitter and receiver.

CONFIGURATIONS

BASE STATION CONFIGURATION

STANDARD ITEMS (provides local control only):

- 1. 71-5050 TX/RX Drawer
 - includes: A) Transmitter Unit (example: 71-5051 Exciter)
 - B) Receiver Unit (example: 71-5052 UHF Receiver)
 - C) 71-7700 Drawer (empty)
- 2. RF Power Amplifier (example: 71-5300 UHF Power Amplifier)
- 3. 71-7900 Control Panel
- 4. 71-7200/7240 Power Supply
- 5. 71-8820 31.5" Indoor Cabinet

OPTIONAL ITEMS:

For CTCSS: 71-8215 Duplex CTCSS Module, and

71-8210 High-Pass Filter

For RF Switching: 71-7750 T/R Relay

For Remote Control: 71-2050 Tone-Remote or 71-2060 DC-Remote

Line Termination (not detailed in this

publication)

For more rack space: 71-8830 41.25" Indoor Cabinet

REPEATER STATION CONFIGURATION

STANDARD ITEMS:

- 1. 71-5050 TX/RX Drawer
 - includes: A) Transmitter Unit (example: 71-5051 Exciter)
 - B) Receiver Unit (example: 71-5052 UHF Receiver)
 - C) 71-7700 Drawer (empty)
- 2. RF Power Amplifier (example: 71-5300 UHF Power Amplifier)
- 3. 71-7900 Control Panel
- 4. 71-7200/7240 Power Supply
- 5. 71-8820 31.5" Indoor Cabinet
- 6. 71-7910 Repeater Control Circuit

OPTIONAL ITEMS:

For CTCSS: 71-8215 Duplex CTCSS Module

71-8210 High-Pass Filter

For Remote Control:

71-2050 Tone-Remote or 71-2060 DC-Remote Line

Termination (not detailed in this publication)

For more rack space: 71-8830 41.25" Indoor Cabinet

To improve immunity to duplex desensitization:

71-8453 3-MHz Duplexer (not detailed in this publication)

71-8455 5-MHz DUplexer (not detailed in this publication)

OPERATION

CONTROLS

ON/OFF SWITCH

Lift up to switch primary DC power on. Push down to switch off.

VOLUME CONTROL

Rotate to set listening volume of received signals that are audible in the Control Panel speaker. This control does not affect re-transmitted audio (repeater) or line audio (remote control).

SQUELCH CONTROL

Adjust to mute annoying noise in the absence of message signals. When turned fully counterclockwise, the squelch function is disabled. At approximately one-quarter turn clockwise, muting occurs. At this threshold point, weak message signal will "break" squelch; but so will interference. The further clockwise the SQUELCH Control is set from the threshold point, the less sensitive the radio becomes and the stronger the message signal (and interference) must be to "break" squelch and be heard.

This adjustment affects both remote and repeater operations.

CHANNEL SWITCH

Selects the radio channel that the station will operate on.

MONITOR SWITCH

Located behind the Control Panel. Disables the coded squelch option (if equipped), thereby allowing any signal strong enough to overcome carrier squelch to be heard. This switch has no affect on repeater coded squelch operation; but does affect remote line operation. This switch functions only if the station is equipped with coded squelch (CTCSS or DCS).

LOCAL/REMOTE SWITCH

Located behind the Control Panel. Selects either local control (radio responds to the Control Panel) or remote control (radio responds to remote control) modes. The latter is available only if the station is equipped with a remote control option. NOTE: If the station is not equipped with a remote control option, always leave this switch set to "LOCAL".

DIRECT/REPEAT SWITCH

Located behind the Control Panel. If set to DIRECT, the station operates as a base station under control of the Control Panel or a remote control device. If set to REPEAT, the station re-transmits (on the transmit frequency of the selected channel) signals received on the receive frequency of the selected channel. NOTE: IF the station is not equipped with the repeater option, leave this switch set to "DIRECT".

INDICATORS

POWER INDICATOR

Green. Illuminates while primary DC power is on.

BUSY INDICATOR

Orange. Illuminates while noise squelch is opened by traffic on the receiver frequency.

TX INDICATOR

Red. Illuminates when the transmitter is on the air.

BASE STATION OPERATION

MESSAGE RECEIPT

- 1. Assure all connections are secure.
- 2. Select DIRECT mode with the DIRECT/REPEAT Switch.
- 3. Select LOCAL mode with the LOCAL/REMOTE switch.
- 4. Turn on the Power Switch located on the Power Supply.

- 5. Rotate the Channel Selector to the desired channel.
- 6. Set the Squelch control to minimum (full counterclockwise). If the station is equipped with coded squelch, set the Monitor Switch to the MONITOR position.
- 7. Set the Volume control for a comfortable sound level.
- 8. Wait until no messages are present on the channel, then rotate the Squelch control until the rushing sound ceases. At this position, sensitivity of the radio receiver is maximum. If weak non-message interference is heard later, rotate the Squelch control a little further clockwise to "tighten" Squelch. Remember: the further clockwise the Squelch control is set, the less sensitive the radio receiver is and, consequently, the closer the mobile transmitter must be for the base station to receiver its messages. After initial adjustment, readjustment is usually not necessary.
- 9. If your station is equipped with a coded squelch feature, set the Monitor switch to the OFF position. This activates coded squelch that masks extraneous traffic so that unwanted signals will not be heard.

Whenever traffic on the selected channel is strong enough to "break" squelch, the BUSY indicator illuminates. If the signal contains the correct squelch code, it will be audible. If the station is not equipped with a Coded Squelch feature, any signal that lights the BUSY indicator will be heard.

MESSAGE TRANSMISSION

- 1. Perform Message Receipt procedure above, first.
- 2. Set the Monitor switch to the MONITOR position to assure the channel is clear (no traffic). If emergency traffic is present, federal law requires that you yield to it. In addition; because your transmissions may interfere or block other transmissions on the same channel, it is courteous to wait until other conversations on the channel are complete (unless you are in an emergency situation).
- 3. Press and hold the Push-To-Talk button on the hand microphone while speaking into it in a normal voice. The red TX indicator will light during transmission. When finished with your message, release the Push-To-Talk button to hear a reply.

REPEATER OPERATION

The BASE-TECH must be equipped with the repeat feature for this function to operate. The repeater function is an automatic operation; therefore, after set-up, no operator action is needed. Although channel integrity is the responsibility of the licensee; it is courteous for all mobile and portable radio operators using the repeater to promptly report repeater malfunctions to the licensee.

Repeat Operation: Radio systems that contain a repeater utilize channels with two frequencies: one for transmit, one for receive. The BASE-TECH repeater simply re-broadcasts traffic (that appears on the mobile-transmit frequency) onto the mobile-receive frequency. This at least doubles the maximum distance that mobile radios can communicate with each other.

The receiver of the BASE-TECH repeater is tuned to the transmit frequency of the channel so that it can detect traffic using its carrier-squelch or coded-squelch circuitry. Once traffic is detected, the BASE-TECH transmitter, which is tuned to the receive frequency of the channel, is energized and voice signals demodulated by its receiver are re-broadcasted.

Initial set-up of the BASE-TECH repeater station is as follows:

- 1. Perform the <u>Message Receipt</u> procedure above. While setting the Squelch control, keep in mind that noise-squelch triggers retransmission.
- 2. Set the DIRECT/REPEAT switch to REPEAT to enable the repeat function.

NOTES:

- 1. While a received signal is re-transmitted, both BUSY and TX indicators will illuminate simultaneously.
- 2. The Push-To-Talk button on the hand microphone is disabled while the repeat function is on.
- 3. Re-transmitted messages will also be heard in the Control Panel speaker and in the remote control unit (if so equipped).
- 4. The Volume control will only affect the Control Panel speaker, not repeated audio levels or remote control line levels.
- 5. If the Monitor switch is in the MONITOR position, local audio will not be screened for squelch code and all received signals will be audible at the local speaker and at the remote control, but only signals carrying the correct squelch code will be re-transmitted.

REMOTE CONTROL OPERATION

- 1. Perform the <u>Message Receipt</u> procedure described in <u>Base Station</u>
 <u>Operation</u>. While setting the Squelch control, keep in mind that the operator will not be able to readjust it.
- 2. Set the LOCAL/REMOTE switch to REMOTE.
- 3. Refer to the Operator's Manual of the remote control device for further operating instructions.

NOTES:

- 1. The Push-To-Talk button on the hand microphone is disabled while the station is under remote control.
- 2. The Channel Selector on the Control Panel is disabled.
- 3. Received messages will also be heard in the Control Panel speaker.
- 4. The Volume control only affects the Control Panel speaker, not remote control line levels.
- 5. If the Monitor switch is in the MONITOR position, coded squelch screening will not occur, and any receivable signal will be heard at the remote.

SECTION 2 **REPAIR HINTS**

STATIC PRECAUTIONS

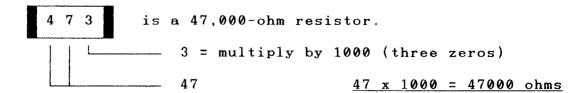
Many of the components utilized in the transceiver are susceptible to high electrical currents caused by high-voltage discharge — even when they are mounted on a printed circuit board. Before handling components and circuit boards, always take measures to avoid static potentials.

Any two objects can develop large static-electricity potentials between them as they move about. When two charged objects connect through metal or semi-conductive material, instantaneous discharge current can be very large. If discharging current is allowed to pass through an electronic component, either through its leads or through one lead to its case, the component could be damaged. The damage may only diminish component endurance which would not produce immediately visible anomalies. As the component is later subjected to stresses during equipment use, it will finally fail. Modern semiconductors used in BASE-TECH equipment contain internal protection diodes that absorb most static discharges; but, if discharge current is large enough, component damage could still result.

To insure against component damage from static discharge; equalize static potentials of all objects in the work area. Since the workbench and equipment is grounded; everything else must be grounded—the soldering iron, the equipment being worked on, tools, and the person doing the work. Usually, there isn't a need to wire oneself to the workbench; just touch bench ground before anything else when sitting down and repeat occasionally.

- CHIP RESISTOR IDENTIFICATION ----

Chip resistors used in the BASE-TECH typically are black with white numerals or white with blue numerals. Resistance in ohms can be determined from value markings as follows:

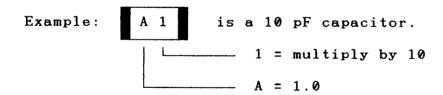


--- CHIP CAPACITOR IDENTIFICATION

Chip capacitors used in the BASE-TECH typically are brown, green or white and marked with one alphabetical character followed by a numerical multiplier. Some chip capacitors have bars above, below, or beside these characters define temperature characteristic.

NOTE: Because of critical factors such as Q and tolerance; do not substitute any chip capacitors used in the PA Module nor the receiver preselector. Use direct replacement parts that are available from MIDLAND.

| FIRST DIGIT | | | SECOND | DIGIT | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| ALPHABET CHARACTER | NUMERICAL VALUE | ALPHABET CHARACTER | NUMERICAL VALUE | NUMERICAL CHARACTER | MULTIPLIER VALUE |
| A | 1.0 | Т | 5.1 | 0 | 1.0 |
| B C D | 1.1 1.2 1.3 | U V W | 5.6 6.2 | 1 | 10 |
| E F | 1.5 | X Y | 6.8 7.5 8.2 | 2 | 100 |
| G H | 1.8 | Z a | 9.1 2.5 | 3 | 1000 |
| J K | 2.2 | b d | 3.5 4.0 | 4 | 10,000 |
| L M | 2.7 | e f | 4.5 5.0 | 5 | 100,000 |
| N | 3.3 | m | 6.0 | 8 | 0.01 |
| P R | 3.6 4.3 | n t | 7.0 8.0 | 9 | 0.1 |
| S | 4.7 | У | 9.0 | | |



---- REPLACING FEED-THROUGH LEADED COMPONENTS ---

Copper plating on both sides of the printed circuit board and inside component lead holes easily separates and tears from the PC board when heated. This introduces particular dangers when replacing components with leads that feed through a PC board.

To extract a component with feed-through leads, a solder suction tool or braided desoldering-wick should be used to carefully and thoroughly remove solder from component leads and holes so that the device can be pulled without resistance. After removing as much solder as possible, use a dental pick or straight-pin to break the leads loose from the inside of the cleaned-out hole. If light pressure does not free the lead, too much solder is left in the hole. If you can cut the defective component away from its leads, first; lead and solder removal will be much easier.

Before installing a new component, remove all solder from lead holes and assure proper orientation of the device. Always check the leads of the old part for feed-through plating rings that may have been pulled out of holes. The plating may have completed a circuit. If so, make sure the corresponding lead of the new component is soldered to plating runners on both sides of PC board as shown below.

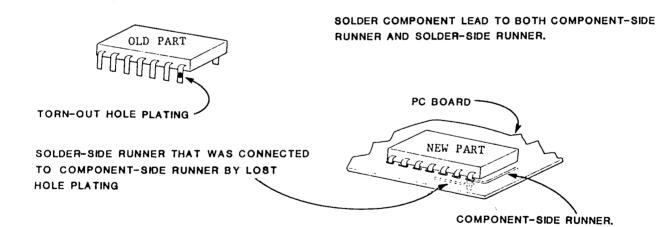


FIGURE 2.1

REPLACING CHIP CAPACITORS AND RESISTORS

The following describes how to remove a chip component and affix a new one with maximum solder-bond success. Chip components do not have leads, just metallic film on end-surfaces to solder to. Often the surface is tinned with solder. Because the metallic film can be easily damaged by contamination and excessive heat, these components must be soldered very carefully. No chip component can be unsoldered, then resoldered without some damage. Always discard a used component.

ITEMS REQUIRED:

- * Grounded temperature-controlled soldering iron with a 1/32-inch flat-blade tip. The tip temperature must be maintained at approximately 600° Fahrenheit.
- * 60/40 electronics-grade solder, 22 gauge or thinner, with rosin flux
- * Tweezers or longnose pliers
- * Thin desoldering-wick
- * Freon-TF or isopropyl alcohol, for solvent

PROCEDURE:

1. Place a solder iron tip directly on the defective component to melt solder and glue under the component as shown below. Remove component with tweezers or longnose pliers. Discard the component.

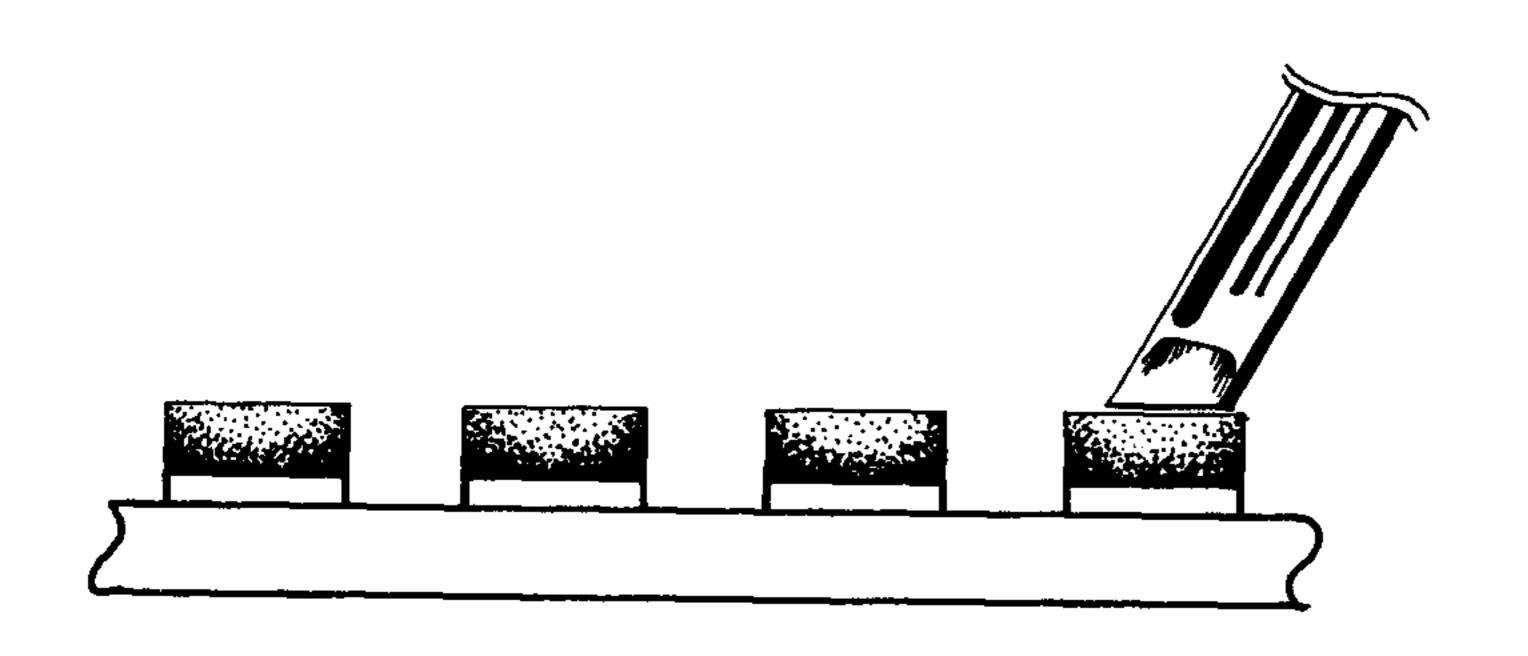


FIGURE 2.2

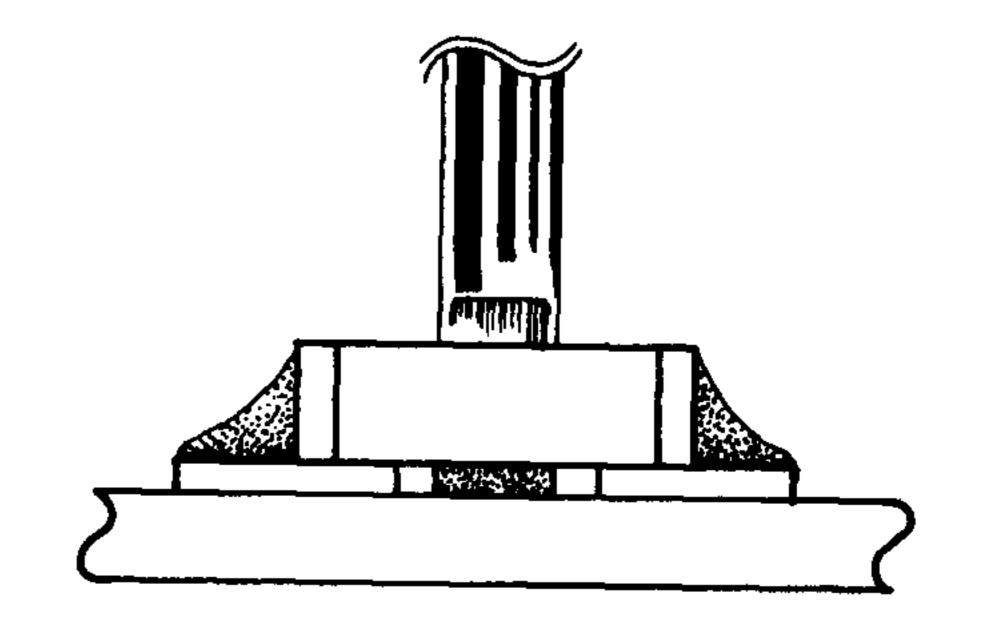


FIGURE 2.3

2. Completely remove old solder, old glue, and any other contaminants from the area with desoldering-wick and solvent.

3. Apply a thin coat of fresh solder to one clean PC pad as shown below.

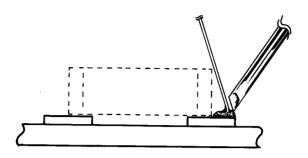


FIGURE 2.4

4. Place the component and briefly heat the new solder and pad while holding the component with tweezers — do not touch the new component with the iron. Only hot solder should touch the component to make a light 'tack' bond to it, as shown below.

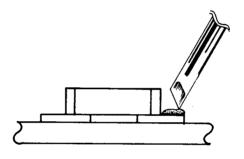


FIGURE 2.5

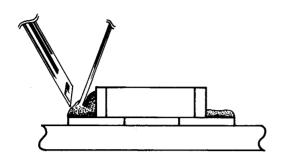
5. With one component end tacked to hold it, the other end can be soldered. Carefully apply heat to the PC pad while adding only enough fresh solder to produce a clean fillet as in Figure 2.6. Do not apply too much solder, otherwise it may flow underneath and short the pads together. Let the hot solder flow onto the component — avoid touching the component with the iron. Repeat to finish the first end of the component. Solder must adhere to all metallic end-surfaces on both ends and make a concave fillet.

CAUTIONS:

- * Application of too much solder can create solder bridges between PC patterns under the soldered component and around the pad.
- * Avoid direct contact to the chip component with the iron tip. For example: A capacitor is comprised of several wafer plates that



connect through the metallic end-surfaces. Too much heat and contamination will break down the metallic film on the capacitor ends resulting in loss of internal connection. If satisfactory solder adhesion does not occur, the metallic end surface has been damaged and the capacitor should be discarded. More soldering will only damage it further.



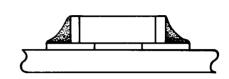


FIGURE 2.6

FIGURE 2.7

6. Clean the entire area with solvent to remove flux and residue.

NOTES

SECTION 3 CONTROL PANEL AND CABINET

CONTROL PANEL ALIGNMENT

ALL UNITS:

- -- TX Indicator --
- 1. Set RV303 on the main board of the Control Panel to minimum (fully counterclockwise).
- 2. Initiate transmit mode.
- 3. While the transmitter applies its rated power into a 50-ohm dummy load, rotate RV303 clockwise until the TX Indicator on the front panel illuminates. Turn RV303 20° further clockwise.

UNITS WITH CTCSS:

- -- Receive CTCSS Frequency --
- 1. Add or remove jumpers on the 71-8215 CTCSS Board as required for the desired CTCSS tone frequencies as shown below. The 71-8215 CTCSS Board is located on the chassis floor of the Control Panel, behind the Microphone Jack. Refer to page S3-14 for jumper locations.

FREQUENCY RANGE JUMPERING FOR DECODE TONE

| TONE | JUMPERS | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| FREQUENCY | JP1 | JP3 | JP6 | JP7 |
| 67-75 Hz 75-100 Hz 100-141.3 Hz 141.3-250 Hz | IN OUT IN IN | OUT OUT OUT IN | OUT OUT OUT IN | OUT IN IN |

- 2. Apply to the receiver antenna connector, on-channel RF signal that is modulated with the desired CTCSS tone frequency.
- 3. Adjust RV1 on the CTCSS Board (located to obtain peak AC amplitude on TP1.
- -- Transmitter CTCSS Frequency --
- 1. Add or remove jumpers on the 71-8215 CTCSS Board as required for the desired CTCSS tone frequencies as shown below. The 71-8215 CTCSS Board is located on the chassis floor of the Control Panel, behind the Microphone Jack.

FREQUENCY RANGE JUMPERING FOR ENCODE TONE

| TONE | JUMPERS | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| FREQUENCY | JP2 | JP4 | JP8 | JP9 |
| 67-75 Hz 75-100 Hz 100-141.3 Hz 141.3-250 Hz | IN OUT IN IN | OUT OUT OUT IN | OUT IN IN | OUT OUT OUT IN |

- 2. Adjust VR2 on the CTCSS Board to obtain the desired transmit CTCSS frequency. Encode tone frequency can be measured in receive mode at J280 pin 4.
- -- TX CTCSS Level --
- 1. Initiate transmit mode and adjust VR3 on the 71-8215 CTCSS Board (located on the chassis floor of the Control Panel, behind the Microphone Jack) to obtain ±750 Hz carrier deviation by the CTCSS tone.
- 2. Readjust Total Deviation Limiting as prescribed in the 71-5051 Exciter Alignment Procedure.

REPEATERS:

- -- TX Hang Time --
- 1. Place the station in repeat mode.
- 2. Apply an on-channel RF test signal that is appropriately coded to access the repeater station.
- 3. Remove the test signal, and note the duration that the station remains transmitting after received signal ceases.
- 4. Turn VR3 on the 71-7910 Duplex Control Board (located on the Control Panel floor behind the speaker) clockwise to shorten hang time or counterclockwise to lengthen. Repeat steps 3 and 4 to obtain desired hang time. JP2 can be removed if no hang time is needed.

-- Time-Out Timer --

- 1. Place the station in repeat mode.
- 2. Apply an on-channel test RF signal that is appropriately coded to access the repeater station, and note the duration of transmission that ends with automatic transmitter shut-down.
- 3. Turn VR2 on the 71-7910 Duplex Control Board (located on the Control Panel floor behind the speaker) clockwise to shorten transmitter time-out time or counterclockwise to lengthen. Repeat steps 2 and 3 to obtain desired time. JP1 can be removed to defeat transmitter time-out.

-- Repeat Audio --

- 1. Apply to the receiver input, 1mV of correctly coded on-channel RF signal that is modulated to ±3KHz by a 1KHz tone.
- 2. Adjust VR1 on the 71-7910 Duplex Control Board (located on the Control Panel floor behind the speaker) to obtain transmit modulation of ±3KHz deviation by only the 1KHz test tone. Total deviation with the CTCSS tone should be ±3.75KHz.

CONTROL-PANEL OPTION CONNECTOR PINOUT DESCRIPTIONS

J304

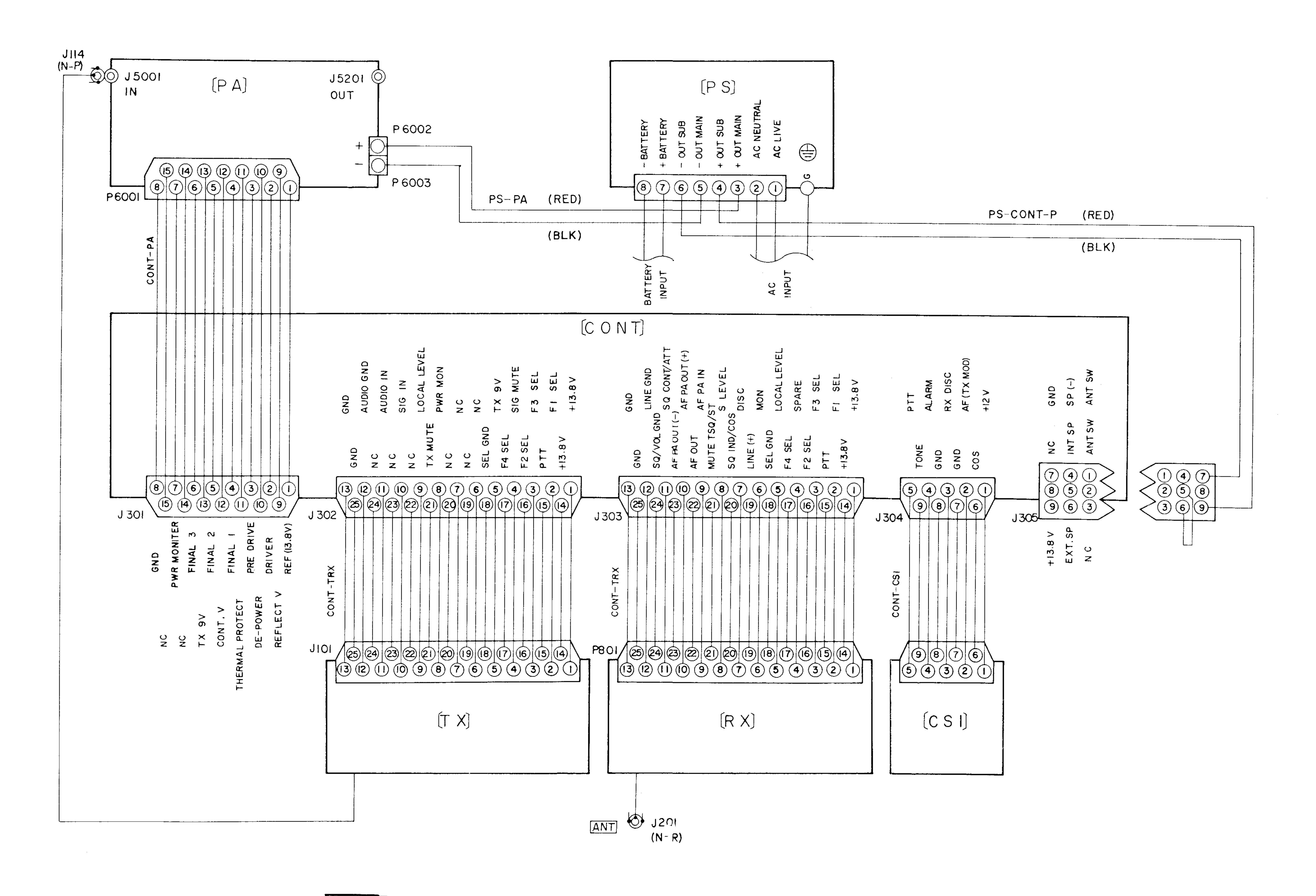
| PIN NO. | SIGNAL | DETAILS |
|------------|-------------|---|
| 1 | DC 12V | 12-Volt DC output |
| 2 | AF (TX MOD) | Transmit Audio input. 310mV of 1KHz produces ±3KHz modulation. Impedance= 4700 ohms @ 1KHz. |
| 3 | RX DISC | Receive discriminator output. 140mV @ ±3KHz modulation. Impedance = 10Kohms |
| 4 | ALARM | Open collector output. Ground sink = TX LED off while PTT on. |
| 5 | PTT | Open collector output. Ground sink = transmit. |
| 6 | cos | Carrier Operated Squelch output. 9-Volts DC output when carrier breaks noise squelch. |
| 7 | GND | ground |
| 8 | GND | ground |
| 9 | TONE | Signaling tone input. 700mV produces ±0.7KHz modulation. Impedance = 10Kohms. |

P307

| PIN NO. | SIGNAL | DETAILS |
|------------|----------|--|
| 1 | +13.8V | 13.8-Volt DC output |
| 2 | F1 SEL | Channel 1 select. Connection to SEL GND = on |
| 3 | F3 SEL | Channel 3 select. Connection to SEL GND = on |
| 4 | LINE GND | Audio ground |
| 5 | SIG MUTE | Active low input. |
| | | Ground sink = defeat CTCSS muting |
| 6 | SPARE | not used |
| 7 | SPARE | not used |
| 8 | cos | Carrier Operated Squelch output. 9-Volts DC |
| 9 | MIC | when carrier breaks noise squelch. Transmit Audio input. 310mV of 1KHz produces ±3KHz modulation. Impedance= 4700 ohms @ 1KHz. |
| 10 | PTT REM | Open collector output. Ground sink = transmit. |
| 11 | SPARE | not used |
| 12 | SPARE | not used |
| 13 | GND | ground |

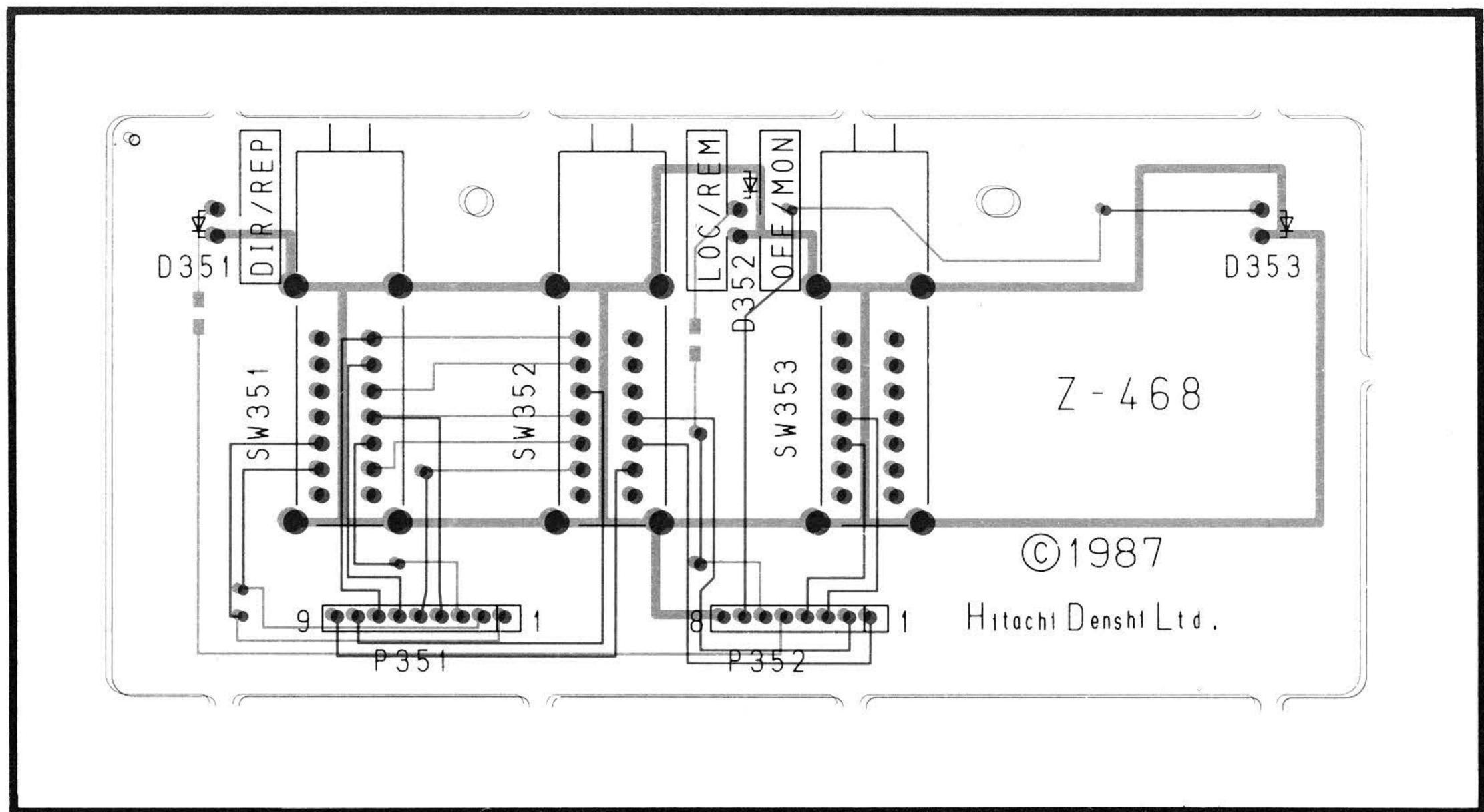
P308

| PIN NO. | SIGNAL | DETAILS |
|------------|-----------|---|
| 1 | SEL GND | Channel select return. |
| 2 | SPARE | not used |
| 3 | F2 SEL | Channel 2 select. Connection to SEL GND = on |
| 4 | F4 SEL | Channel 4 select. Connection to SEL GND = on |
| 5 | TONE | Signaling tone input. 700mV produces ±0.7KHz modulation. Impedance = 10Kohms. |
| 6 | DISC OUT | Receive discriminator output. 140mV @ ±3KHz modulation. Impedance = 10Kohms |
| 7 | SPARE | not used |
| 8 | AF VOL IN | Volume control audio output. Receive audio after de-emphasis and squelch muting. 300mV of 1KHz @ ±3KHz modulation. Impedance = 200 ohms |
| 9 | TSQ ST | Audio mute input. Ground sink = defeat CTCSS muting. |
| 10 | SPARE | not used |
| 11 | SPARE | not used |
| 12 | SQ STT | Squelch defeat input. Ground sink = force carrier squelch open |

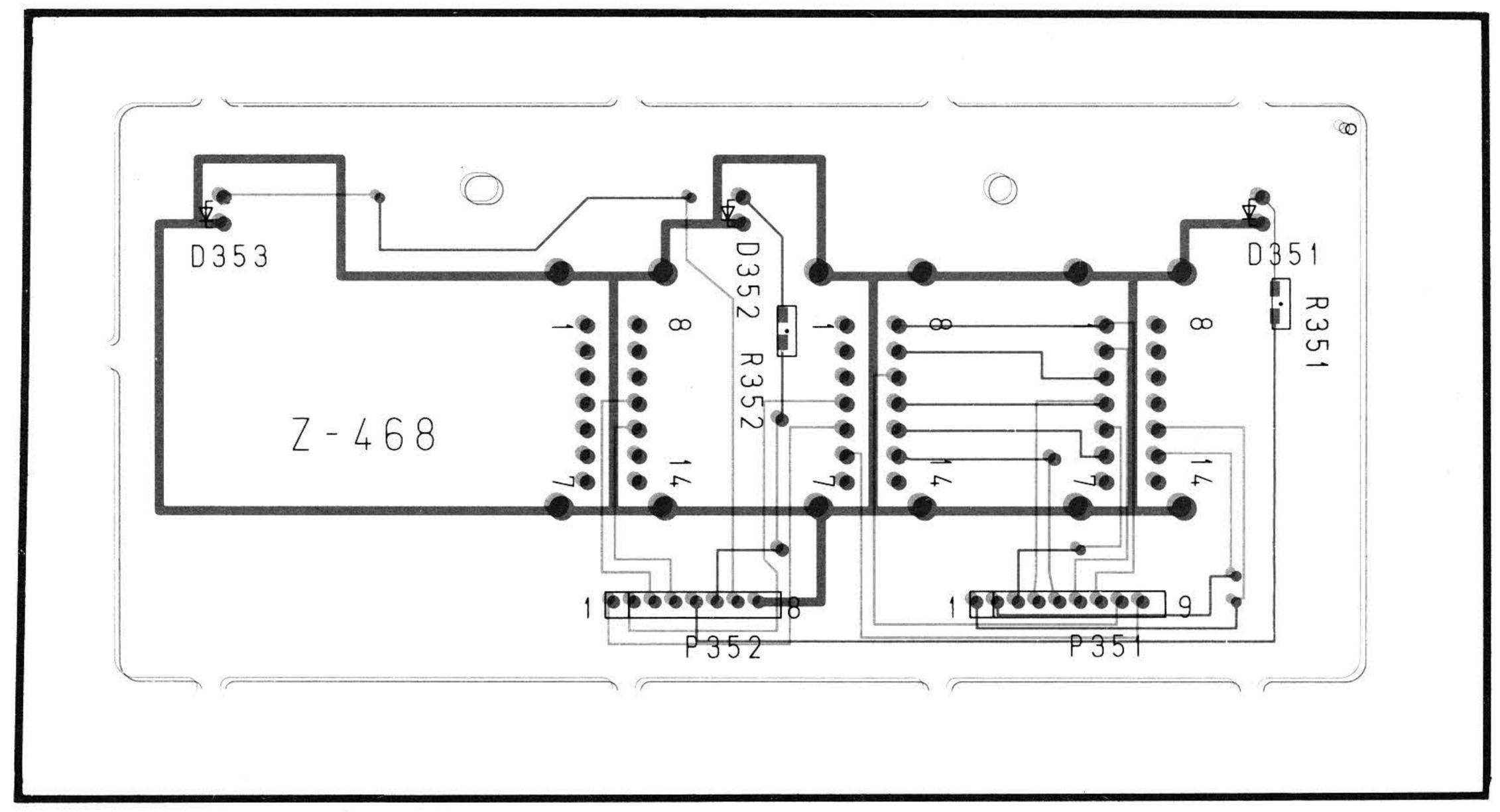






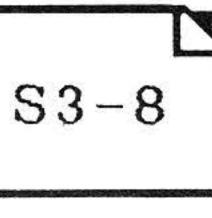




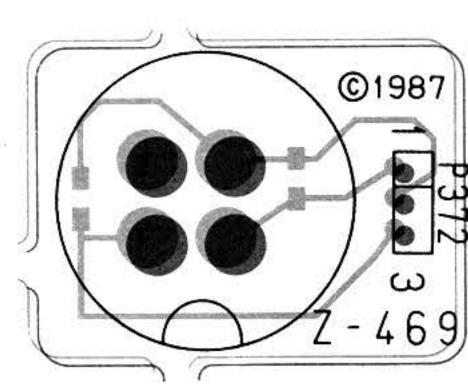


BLUE: VISIBLE PLATING RED: UNDERSIDE PLATING

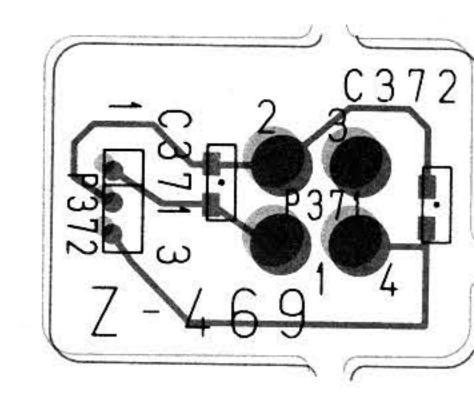






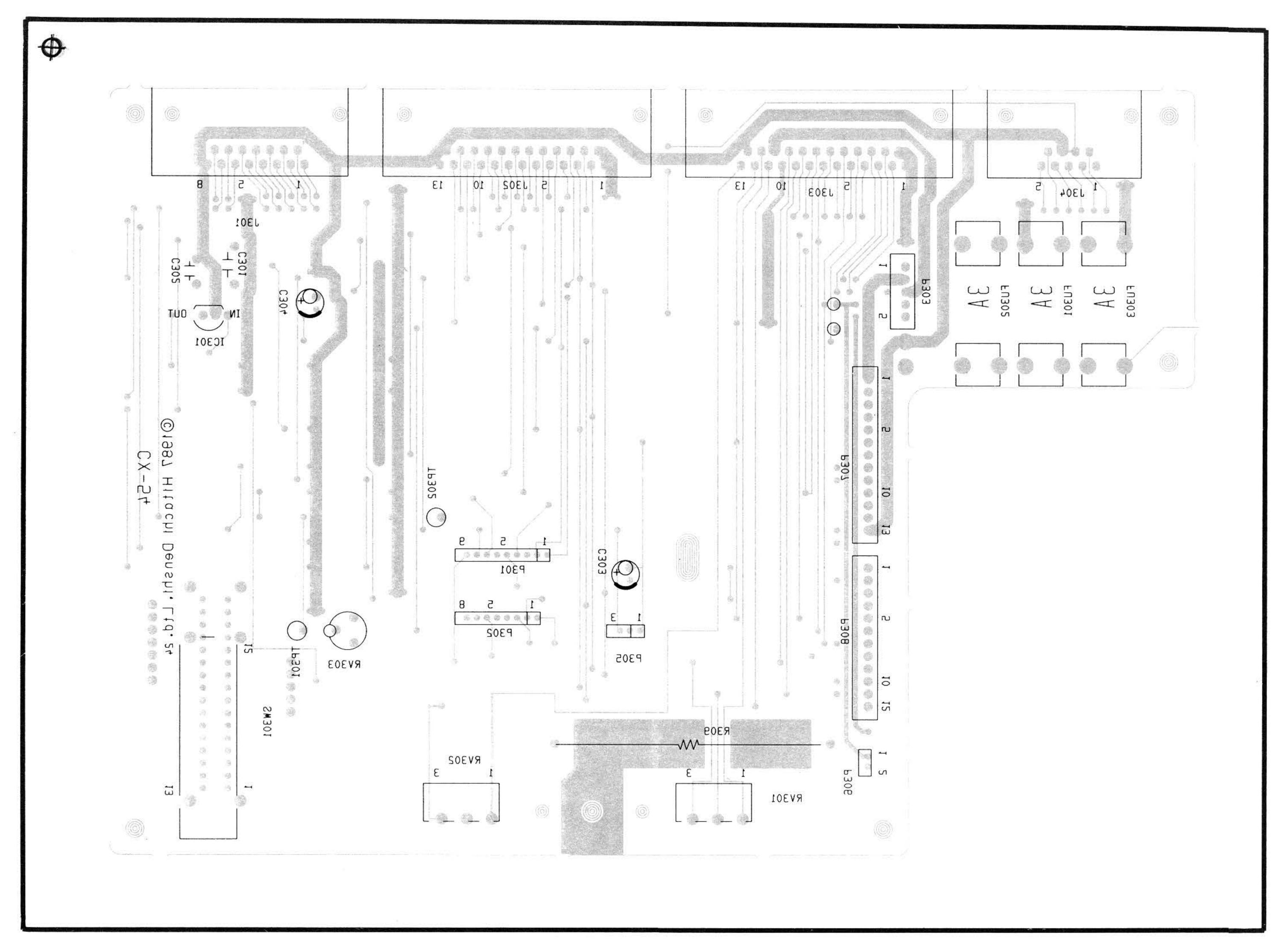


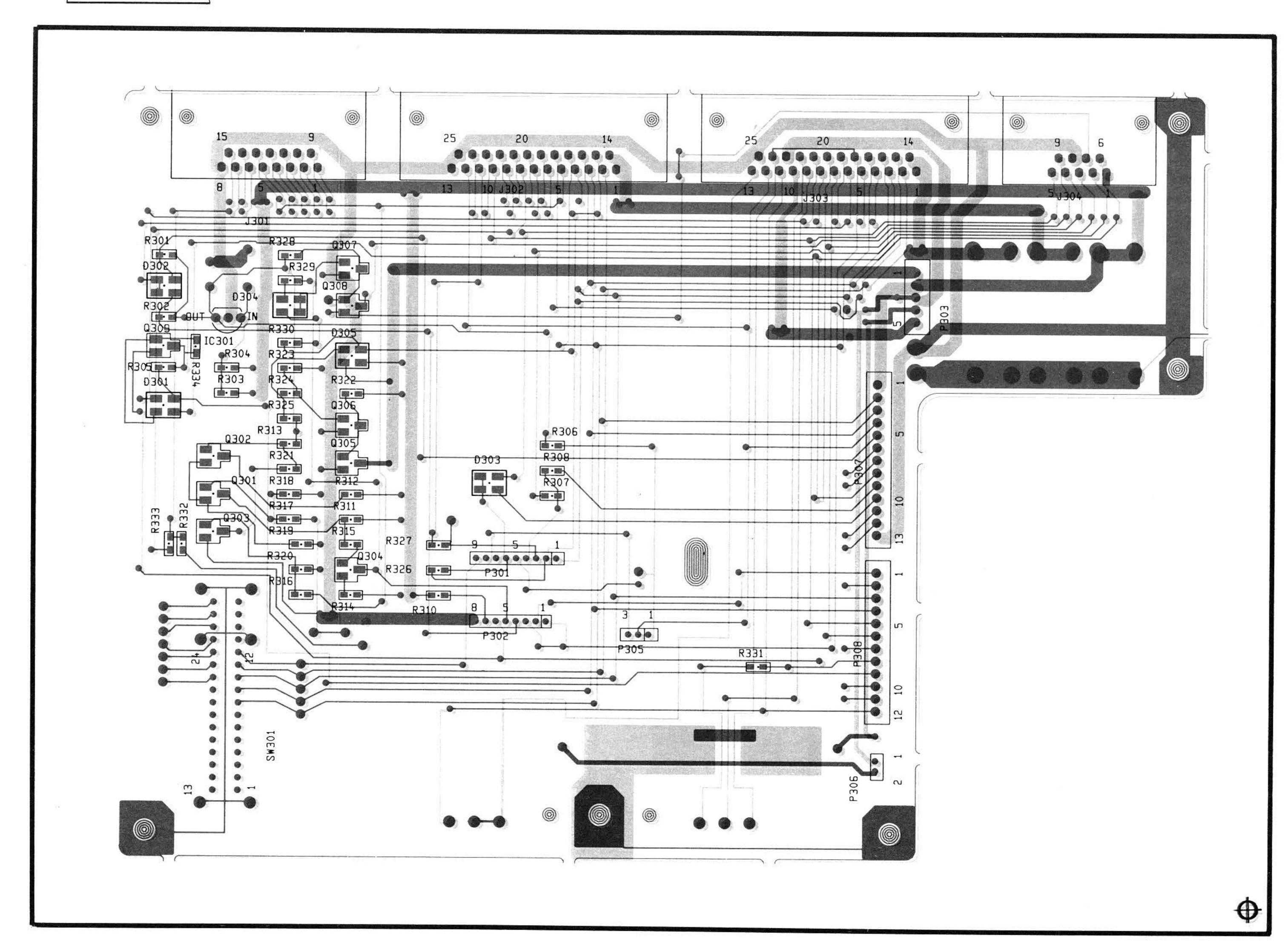




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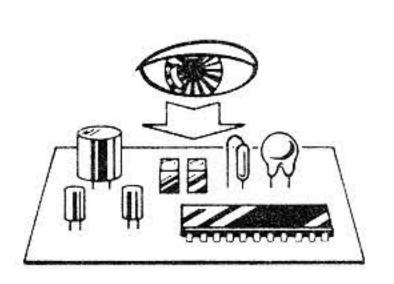
BOTTON VIEW

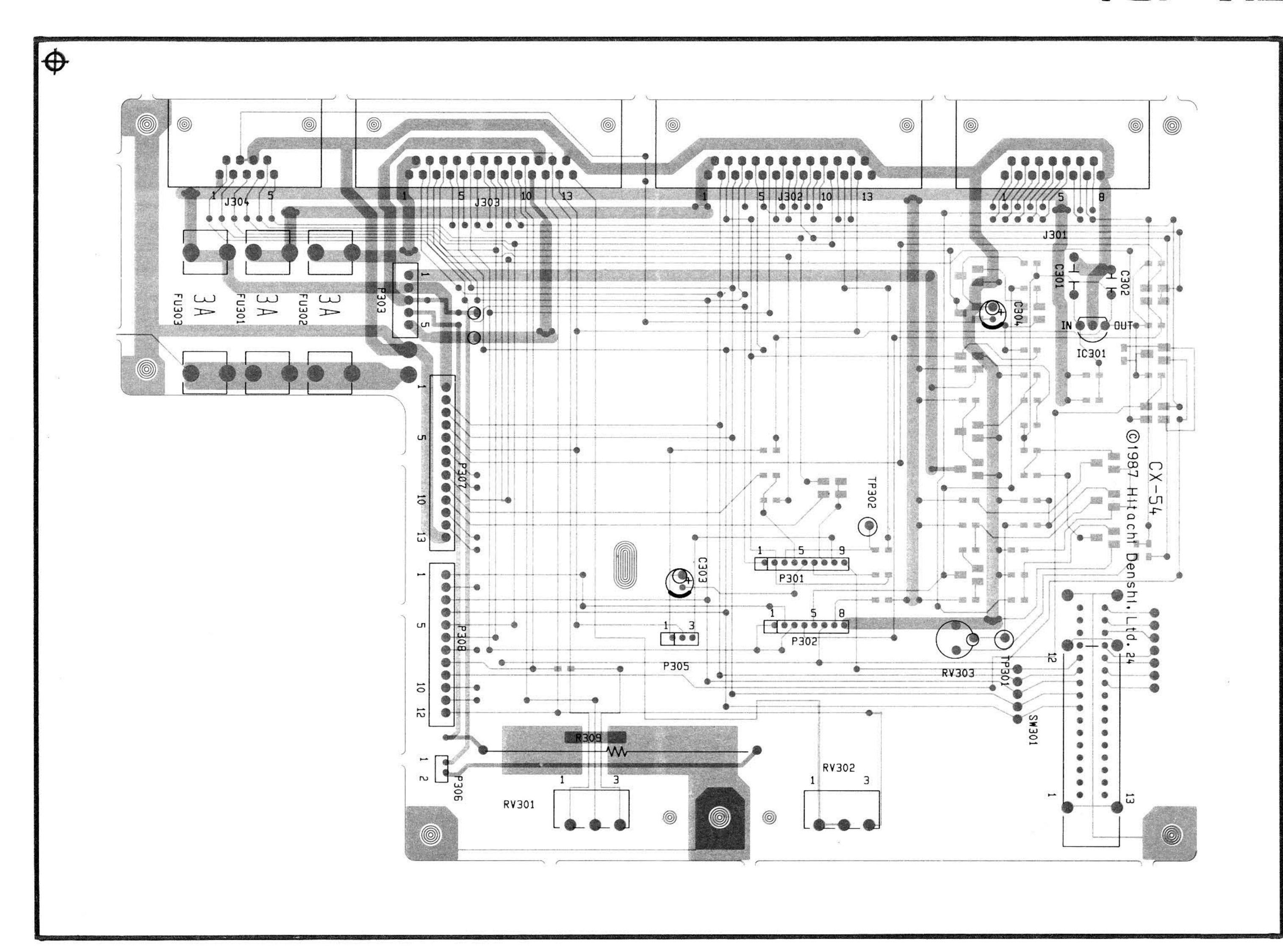


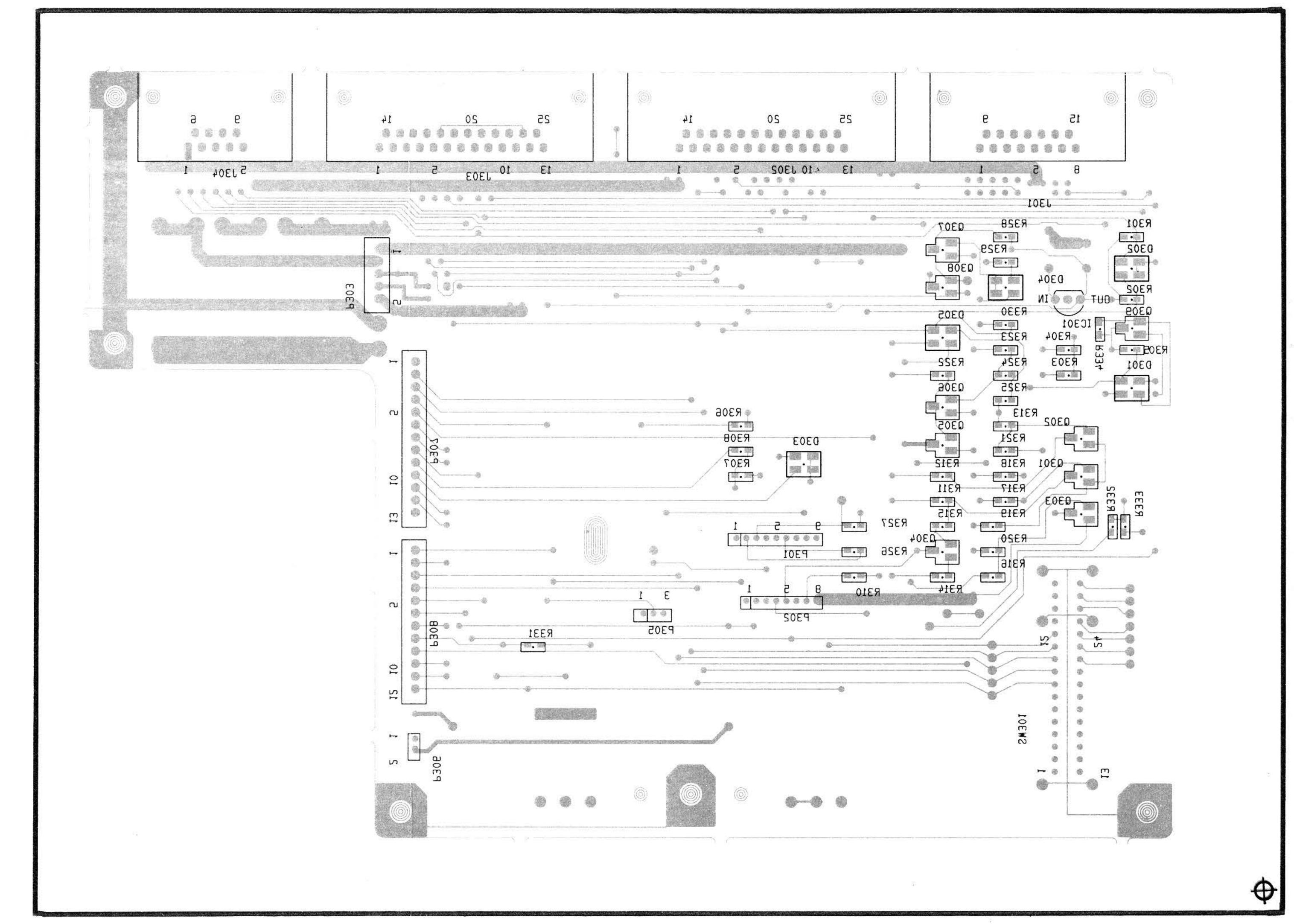


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RED: UNDERSIDE PLATING

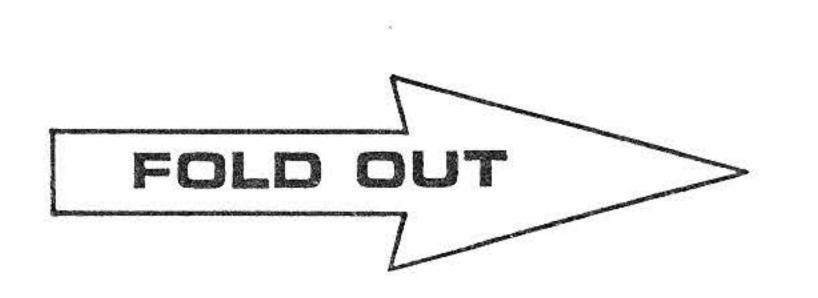
TOP VIEW

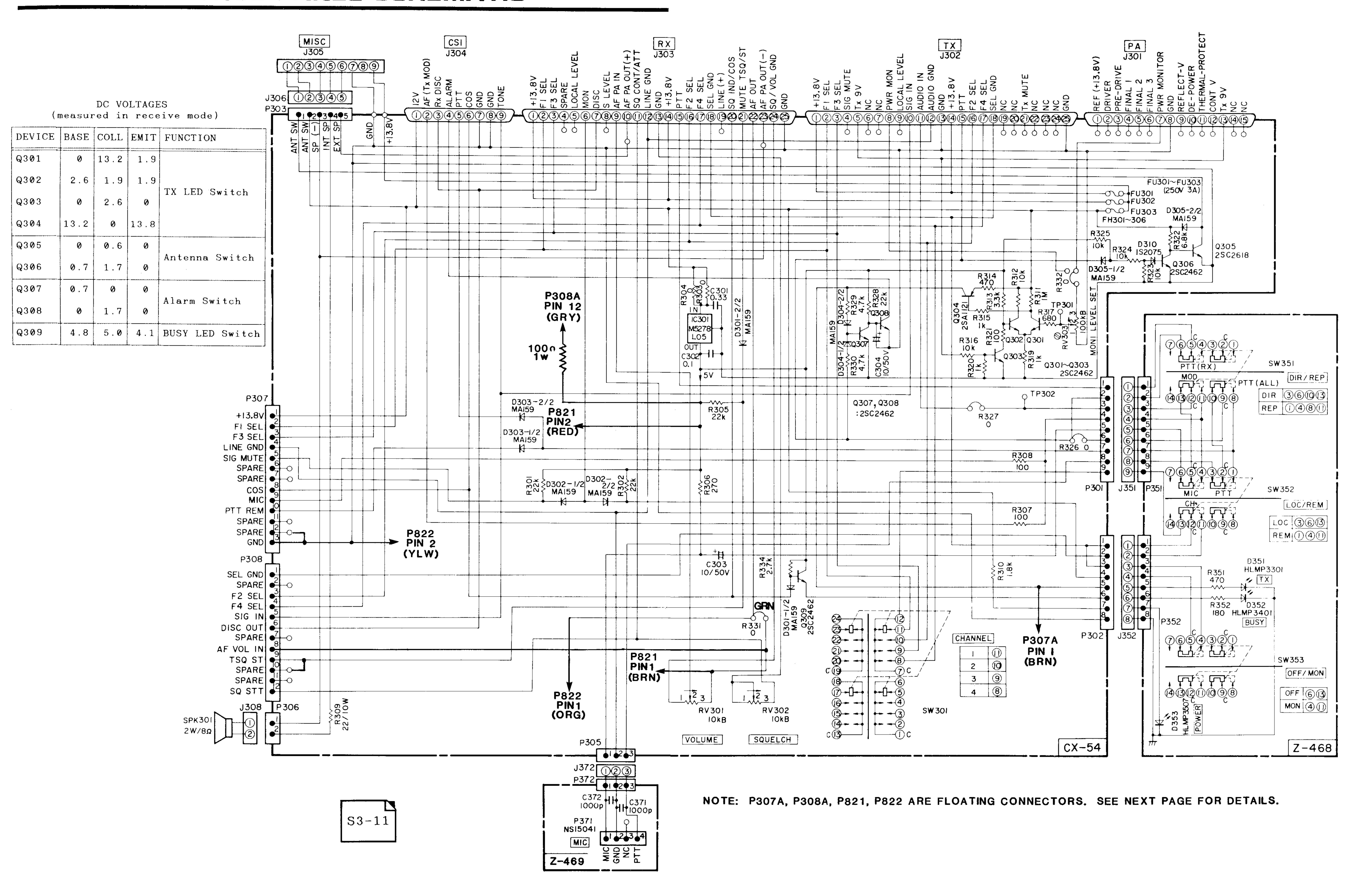




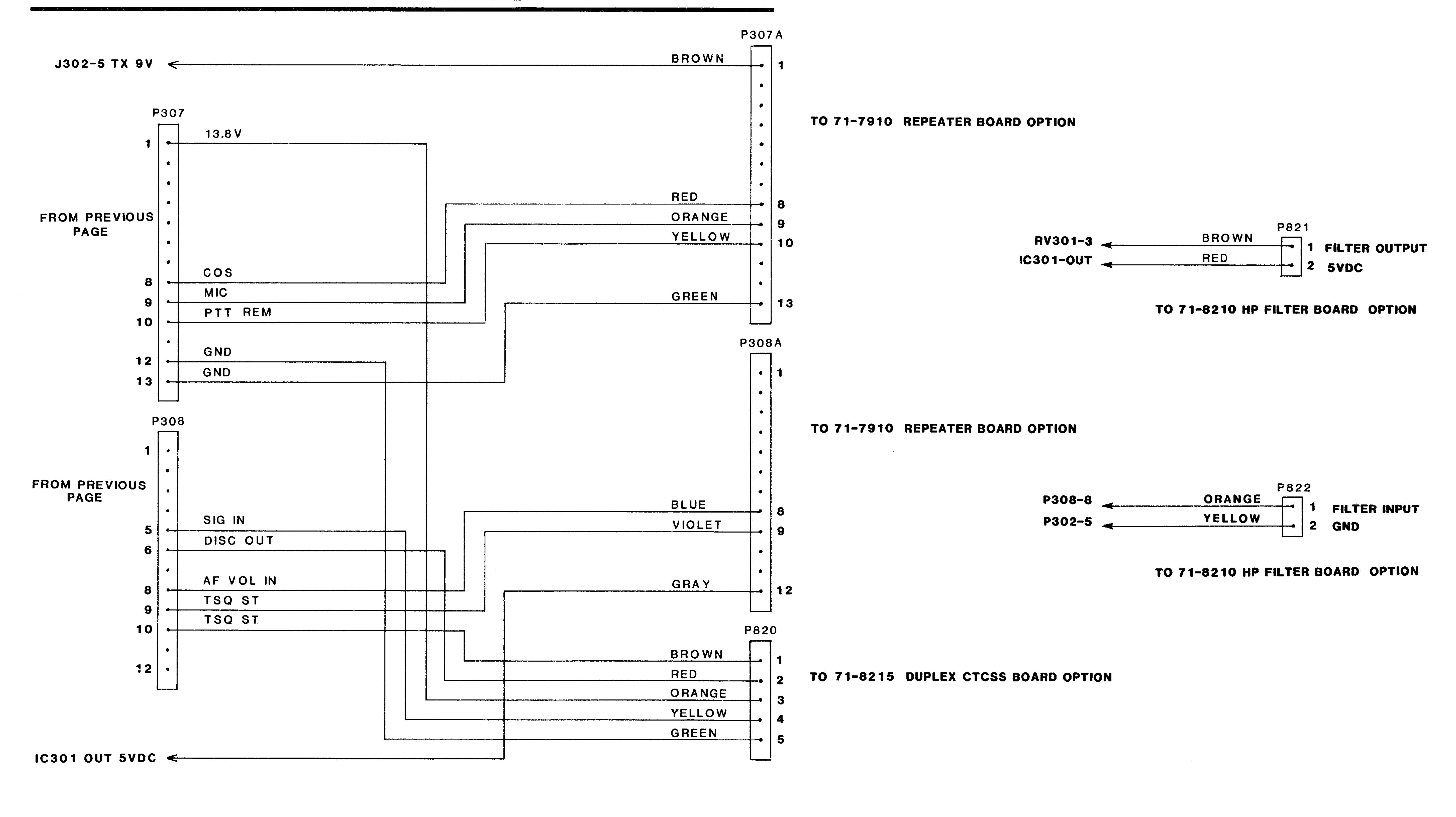


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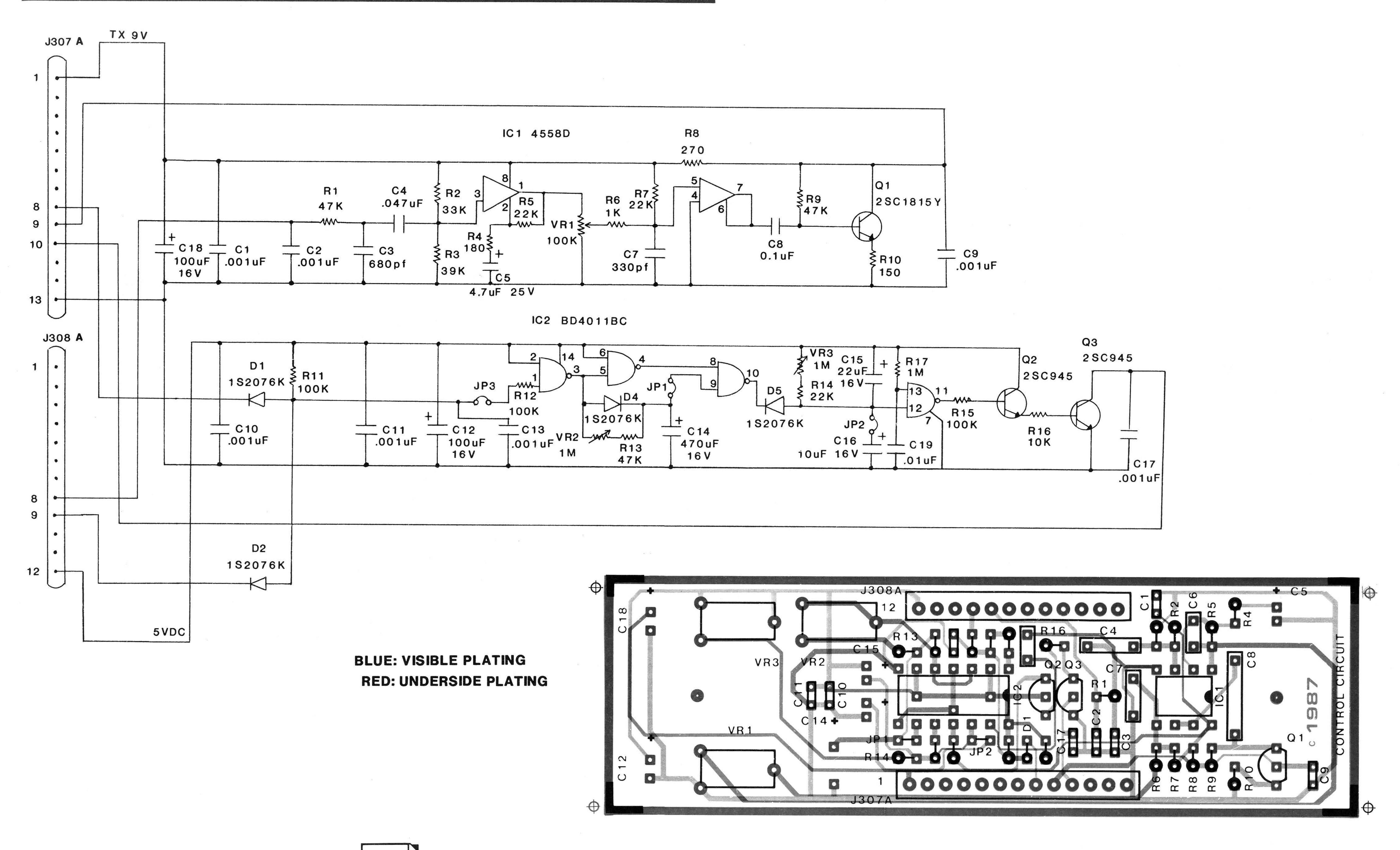


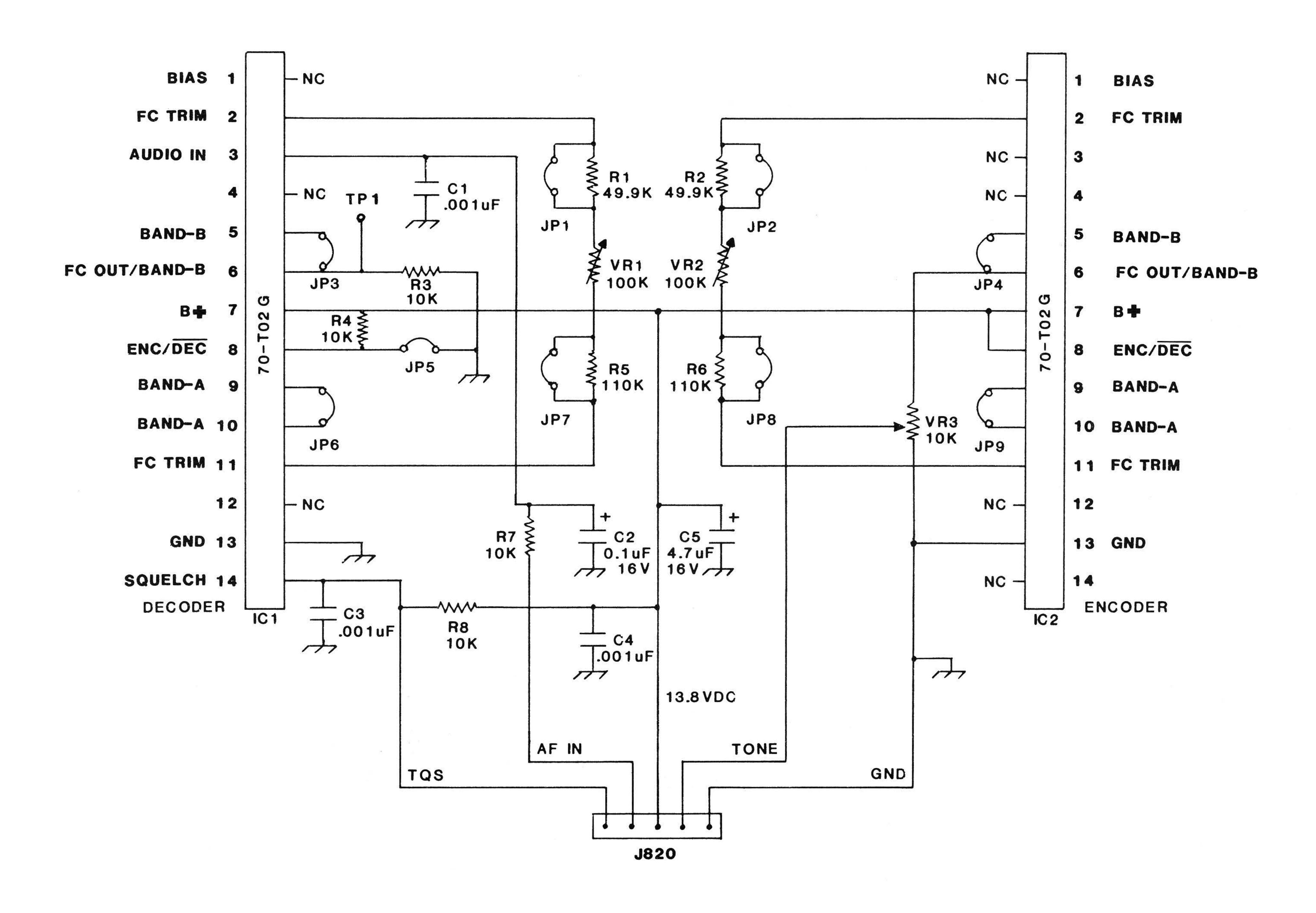


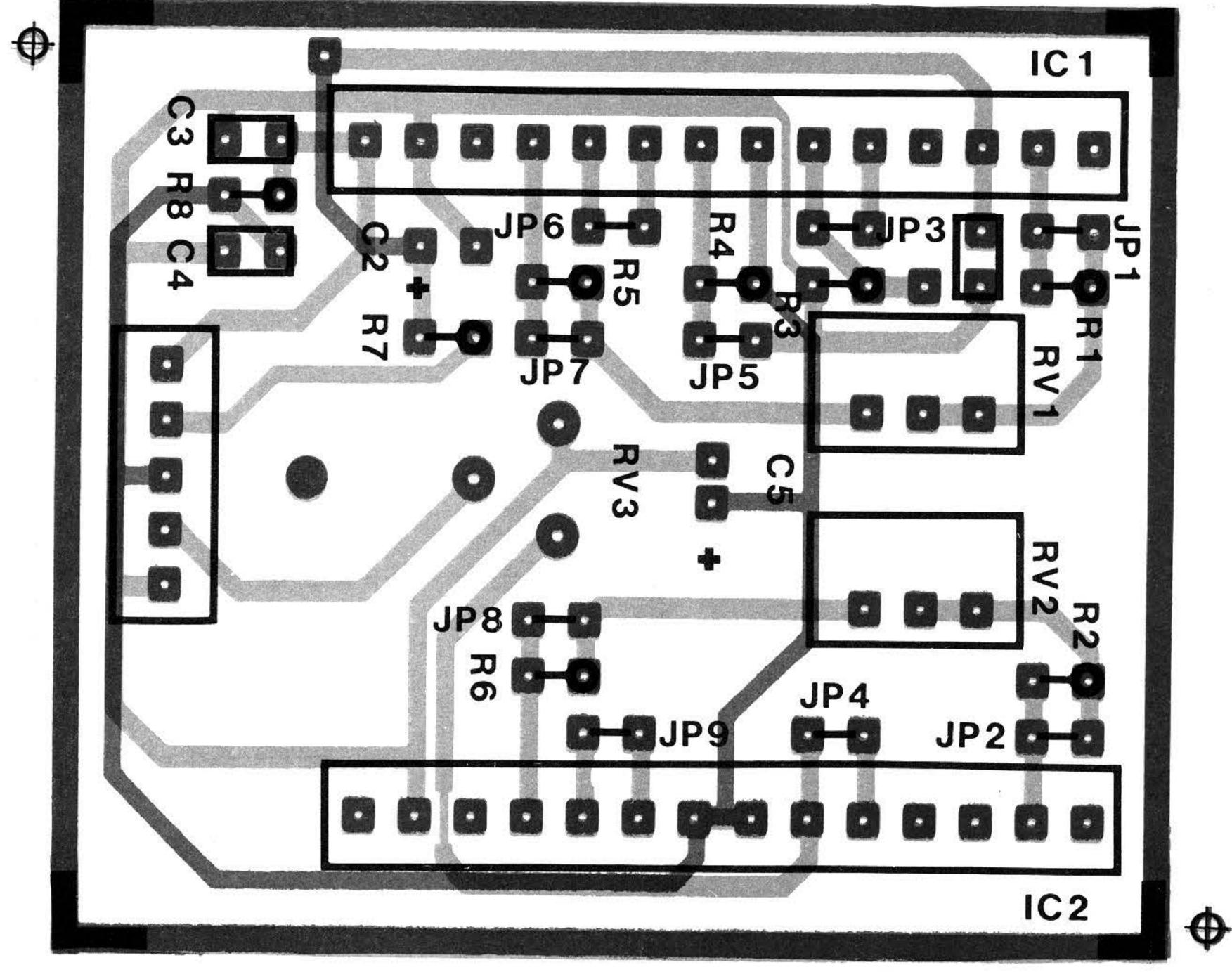
CONTROL PANEL OPTION CABLES



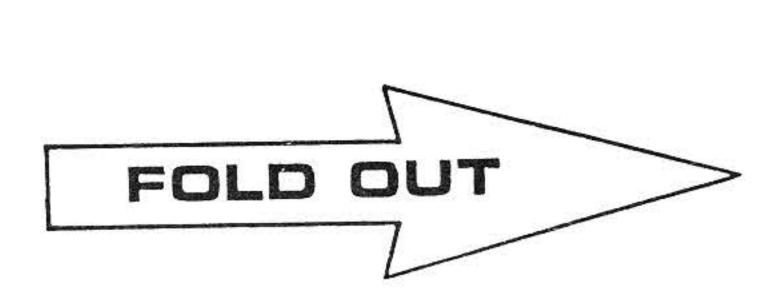


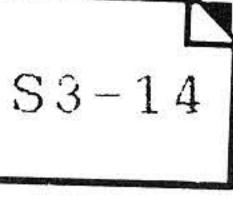


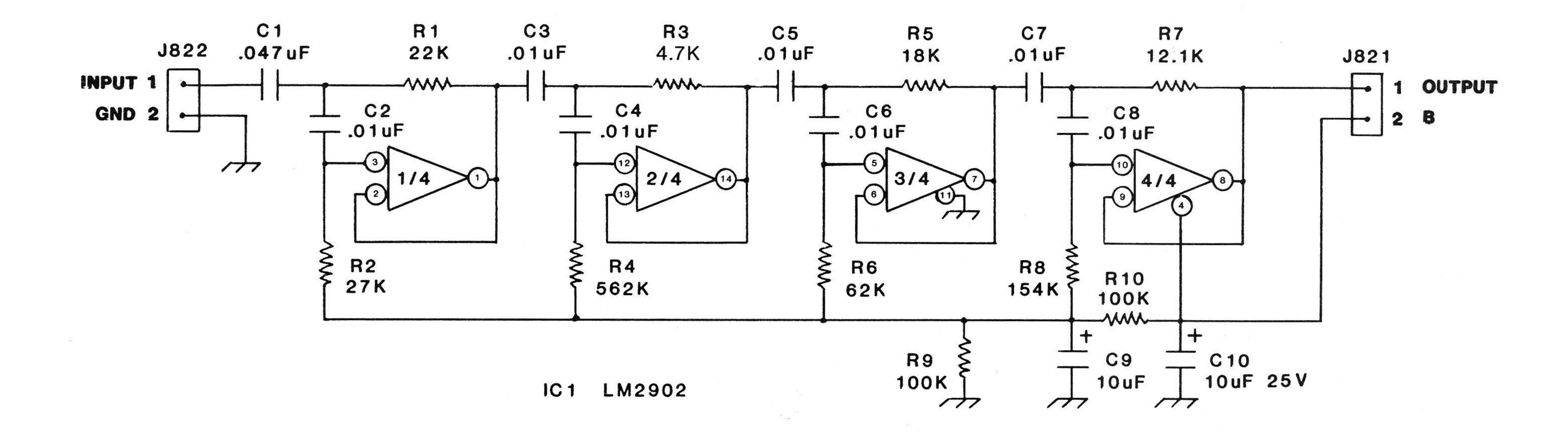


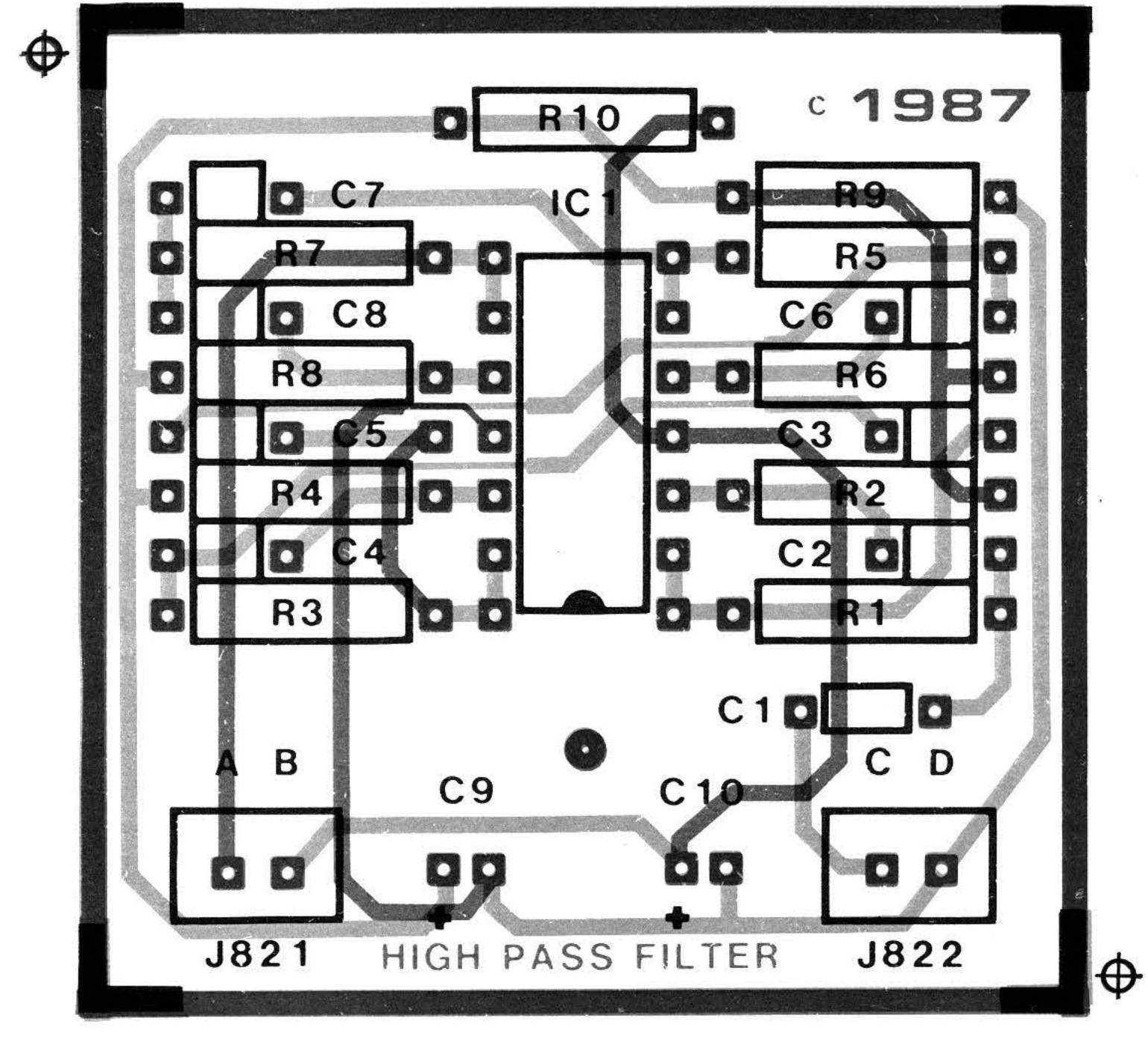


BLUE: VISIBLE PLATING RED: UNDERSIDE PLATING

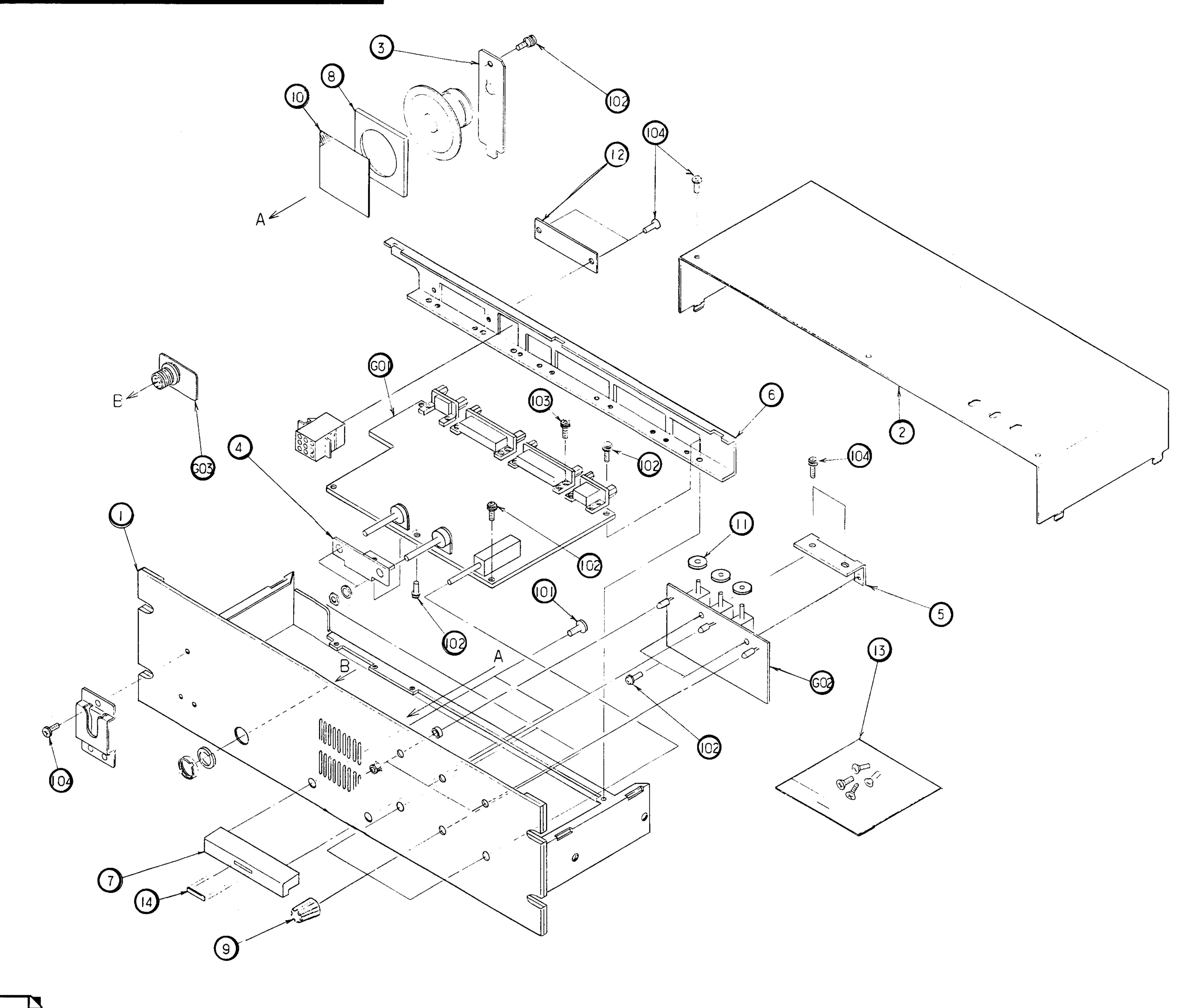


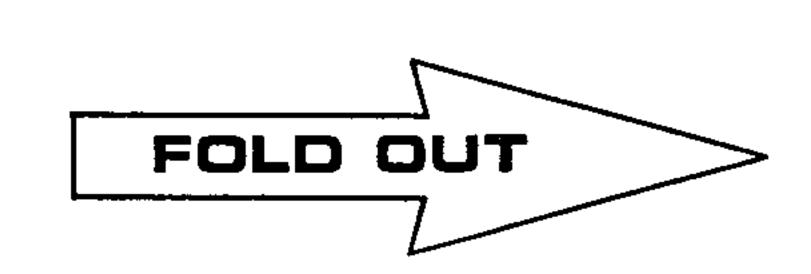






BLUE: VISIBLE PLATING
RED: UNDERSIDE PLATING





CONTROL PANEL PARTS

71-7900 MECHANICAL PARTS (refer to 71-7900 Exploded View)

| REF.NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| EXPLODED MECHANICAL VIEW | | | | | |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 101 102 103 104 G01 G02 | Cntrl.Panel Cover Spkr.Brkt. Vol.CnrlBrkt LED Brkt. Cnctr.Brkt. Handle Spkr.Gaskt. Vol.Knob Spkr. Net Cov.Swtch. Cov.Cnctr. Screw Label Screw 6x12 Screw 3x8 Screw 3x10 Screw 3x6 CX-54 Asy. Z-468 Asy. | 70-010164 70-010165 70-158239 70-158240 70-158241 70-158242 70-158243 70-157261 70-110036 70-020180 70-020181 70-151808 70-020182 70-151809 70-151810 70-151810 70-151273 70-151616 70-075282 | | | |
| G03 | Z-469 Asy. | 70-075284 | | | |
| | MISCELLANEOUS | | | | |
| FU301,302, 303 FH301,302, 303,304, | Fuse,3 Amp | 70-204060 | | | |
| 305,306 SPK301 | Fuseholder Speaker Mic Clip Blank J304 Plug CABLE ASSEMBLIES | 70-060011 70-151807 | | | |
| | J308-Spkr. J302-J101 J303-P801 J301-P6001 P305-P.S. J306-J306 P307/P308/P820 Option Cable P821 Option Cbl P822 Option Cbl | 70-034300 70-034293 70-034294 70-034295 70-034296 70-034283 70-034284 70-034285 | | | |

71-7900 ELECTRICAL PARTS

CX-54 MAIN BOARD

| | TOPSIDE COMPONEN | rs | | BOTTOMSIDE COMPONENTS | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. |
| | INTEGRATED CIRCUI | TS | | TRANSISTORS | |
| 1C301 | M5278L05 | 70-076443 | Q301,302, | | |
| | CONTROLS | | 303,306, 307,308, | | |
| RV301 RV303 | Vol. 10K | 70-164085 | 309 Q304 | 2SC2462LC 2SA1121SC | 70-080160 70-080159 |
| RV302 | PWR, MON, SENS SQ 10K | 70-164090 70-164085 | Q305 | 2SC2618RC | 70-080279 |
| JAC | CKS, PLUGS & CONNE | CTORS | | DIODES | · |
| J301A | PA Intrf.Ctr | 70-159417 | D301,302, 303,304, | | |
| J302,303 J304 | Rx/Tx IntCtr CSI Intr.Ctr | 70-159396 70-159418 | 305 | MA 159 | 70-085222 |
| P301 P302 | Plug,PA Intr Plug,Tx Intr | 70-159397 70-159253 | | METAL CHIP RESISTORS | |
| P303 P305 | Plug, Rx Intr Plug, Misc. | 70-159398 70-159254 | R301,302, 305,328 | 22K, 1/10W | 70-144121 |
| P306 P307 | Plug, Spkr. Plug, Option | 70-159399 70-159098 | R303,304, 326,327, | , 2. 22. | |
| P308 | Plug, Spkr. | 70-159097 | 331,332, 333 | 0 ohm | 70-144106 |
| | <u>SWITCHES</u> | | R306 R307,308, | 270 Ohm, 1/10W | 70-144116 |
| SW301 | Rotary Swth. | 70–180038 | 321 R310 | 100 Ohm1/10W 1.8K,1/10W | 70-145146 70-144154 |
| | WIRE RESISTORS | | R311 R312,325 | 1.30,1710W 1M, 1/10W 10K,1/10W | 70-144155 |
| R309 | 220 Ohm | 70-145148 | R313 | 3.3K,1/10W | 70-144120 70-144118 |
| | PLASTIC CAPACITOR | <u>88</u> | R314 R315,319, | 470 Ohm 1/10W | 70-144152 |
| C301 | .33uf, 50V | 70-138227 | 320,342 R316 | 1K,1.10W 10K, 1/10W | 70-144125 70-144120 |
| C302 .10uf, 50V 70-138189 | | R317 R322 | 680 Ohm 1/10W 6.8K, 1/10W | 70-144157 70-144158 | |
| | ECTROLYTIC CAPACI | | R323 R329,330 | 3.9K, 1/10W 4.7K, 1/10W | 70-145132 70-144123 |
| C303,304 | 10uf, 50V | 70-135142 | R334 | 2.7K, 1/10W | 70-144159 |

Z-468 SWITCH BOARD

Z-469 MICROPHONE JACK

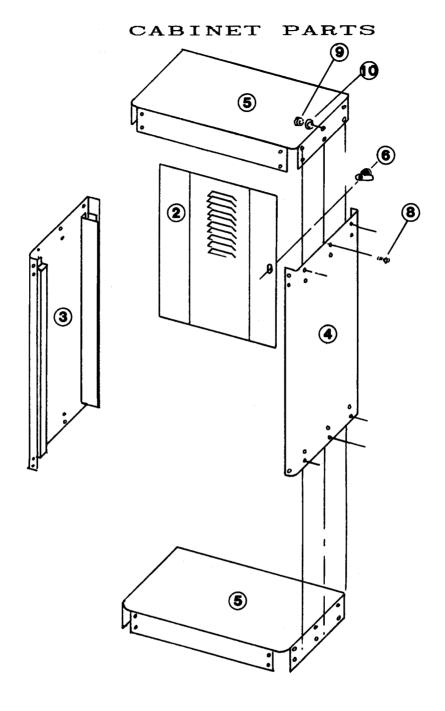
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|------------------------|-----------|
| | CABLE ASSEMBLIES | 3 | | CONNECTORS | |
| P351 P352 | Cable Assy. | 70-034297 70-034298 | P371 | Multi Cnctr. CABLES | 70–159100 |
| SW351,352, 353 | <u>SWITCHES</u> Switch | 70–180037 | P372 | Cable Assy. | 70-034299 |
| | DIODES | | C371,372 | 1000 Pf, 50V | 70-138170 |
| D351 D352 D353 | HLMP-3301 HLMP-3401 HLMP-3507 | 70-085223 70-085224 70-085225 | | | |
| | METAL CHIP RESI | STORS | | | |
| R351 R352 | 470 Ohm 1/10W 180 Ohm 1/10W | 70-144152 70-144153 | | | |

71-7910 REPEATER BOARD OPTION

| | 71-7910 REPEATER BOARD OPTION | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. |
| | CAPACITORS | | | RESISTORS | |
| C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C7 C8 C9 C10 C11 C12 C13 C14 C15 | .00luf, Cer .00luf, Cer 680pf, Cer .047uf, Mylar 4.7uf, 25V Tant 330pf, Cer 0.luf, Cer .00luf, Cer .00luf, Cer .00luf, Cer 100uf, 16V Elec .00luf, Cer 470uf, 16V Elec | 70-136006 70-136006 70-135121 70-137057 70-138030 70-136147 70-135120 70-136006 70-136006 70-135124 70-136006 70-135124 70-135125 70-135126 | R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10 R11 R12 R13 R14 | 47K, 1/8 W, 5% 33K, 1/8 W, 5% 39K, 1/8 W, 5% 180, 1/8 W, 5% 22K, 1/8 W, 5% 1K, 1/8 W, 5% 22K, 1/8 W, 5% 270, 1/8 W, 5% 47K, 1/8 W, 5% 100K,1/8 W, 5% 100K,1/8 W, 5% 47K, 1/8 W, 5% 47K, 1/8 W, 5% 27K, 1/8 W, 5% | 70-147085 70-147083 70-147084 70-147071 70-147087 70-147087 70-147085 70-147086 70-147086 70-147086 |
| C16 C17 C18 C19 | 10uf,16V Elec .00luf, Cer 100uf,16V Elec .0luf, Cer | 70-135122 70-136006 70-135124 70-137056 | R15 R16 R17 | 22K, 1/8 W, 5% 100K,1/8 W, 5% 10K, 1/8 W, 5% 1M, 1/4 W, 5% VARIABLE RESISTORS 100K Trim Pot | 70-147087 70-147086 70-147082 70-140032 |
| D1 D2 D4 D5 | 1S2076K 1S2076K 1S2076K 1S2076K | 70-085065 70-085065 70-085065 70-085065 | VR2 VR3 | lM Trim Pot lM Trim Pot MISCELLANEOUS | 70-164057 70-164057 |
| IC1 IC2 | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT 4558D BD4011BC CONNECTORS | 70-076006 70-076243 | | Stand-off,qty 2 3mm Nut, qty 2 3x6 Screw,qty 2 Star Wash,qty 4 | 70-156082 70-151018 70-151355 70-156093 |
| J307A J308A | 13 Pin Jack 12 Pin Jack <u>TRANSISTORS</u> | 70-159098 70-159097 | | | |
| Q1 Q2 Q3 | 2SC1815Y 2SC945 2SC945 | 70-080036 70-080183 70-080183 | | | |

71-8215 CTCSS BOARD OPTION 71-8210 HP FILTER BOARD OPTION

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| | CAPACITORS | | | CAPACITORS | |
| C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 | .00luf Cer 0.luf,16V,Tant .00luf, Cer .00luf, Cer 4.7uf,16V Elect | | C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 | .047uf,50V,Myla .01uf,50V, " .01uf,50V, " .01uf,50V, " .01uf,50V, " .01uf,50V, " | 70-137057 70-137048 70-137048 70-137048 70-137048 70-137048 70-137048 70-137048 |
| IC1 IC2 | 70-T02G ToneMod 70-T02G ToneMod | 70-T02G 70-T02G | C9 C10 | .0luf,50V, " 10uf,25V,Elect. 10uf,25V, " | 70-137048 70-135059 70-135059 |
| | CONNECTOR | | | INTEGRATED CIRCUI | <u>T</u> |
| J820 | 5 Pin Jack | 70-159093 | 101 | LM2902 | 70-076150 |
| | RESISTORS | | | CONNECTORS | |
| R1 R2 R3 R4 | 49.9K,1% 49.9K,1% 10K 10K | 70-144091 70-144091 70-147082 70-147082 | J821 J822 | 2-Pin Jack 2-Pin Jack <u>RESISTORS</u> | 70-159138 70-159138 |
| R5 R6 R7 R8 | 110K, 1% 110K, 1% 10K 10K | 70-144092 70-144092 70-147082 70-147082 | R1 R2 R3 R4 | 22K,1/4W 27K,1/4W 4.7K,1/4W 562K,1/4W 1% | 70-140124 70-140140 70-141070 70-140142 |
| | VARIABLE RESISTOR | <u>s</u> | R5 R6 | 18K,1/4W 62K,1/4W | 70-140143 70-140144 |
| VR1 VR2 VR3 | 100K Trim Pot 100K Trim Pot 10K Trim Pot | 70-123001 70-123001 70-144045 | R7 R8 R9 R10 | 12.1K 1/4W 1% 154K,1/4W 1% 100K,1/4W 100K,1/4W | 70-140145 70-140146 70-140132 70-140132 |
| | MISCELLANEOUS | | | MISCELLANEOUS | |
| TP1 | Test Point 3mm nut Star wash,qty 2 Stand-off 3 x 6 Screw | 70-159140 70-151018 70-156093 70-156082 70-151355 | | Fiber Washer Stand-off 3mm Nut Star Wash qty 2 3x6 Screw | 70-151449 70-156072 70-151018 2 70-156093 70-151355 |

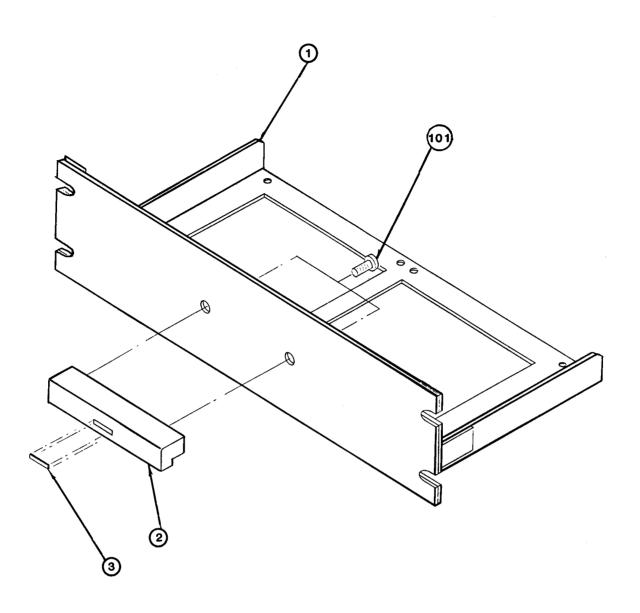


71-8820 31.5 in. CABINET

| | 71 0020 0113 1111 011211112 | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. | | | |
| 2 3 4 5 5 6 8 9 | Rear Door Cab. Side Lft. Cab. Side Rt. Cabinet Top Cabinet Bottom Lock & Key Cabinet Screws Nut 1/4" Split Wash. 10-32 Rack Scrw. | 70-010210 70-010208 70-010209 70-010206 70-010207 70-151864 70-151861 70-151863 70-151838 70-151837 | | | |

71-8830 41.25 in. CABINET

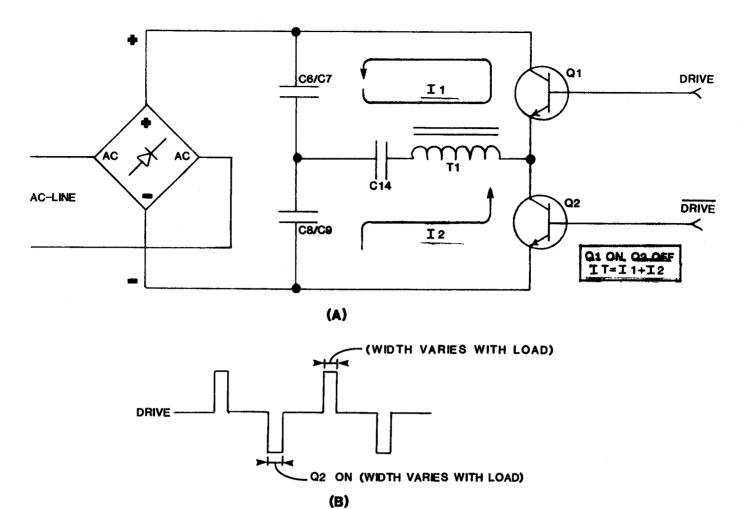
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 2 3 4 5 5 6 8 9 | Rear Door Cab. Side Lft. Cab. Side Rt. Cabinet Top Cabinet Bottom Lock & Key Cabinet Screws Nut 1/4" Splt.Wash. 10-32 Rack Scrw | 70-010215 70-010213 70-010214 70-010211 70-010212 70-151864 70-151863 70-151862 70-151837 |



71-7700 TX/RX DRAWER

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. |
|----------|-------------|-----------|
| 1 | Drawer | 70-010166 |
| 2 | Handle | 70-011062 |
| 3 | Label | 70-020184 |
| 101 | Screw | 70-151809 |

SECTION 4 **POWER SUPPLY**



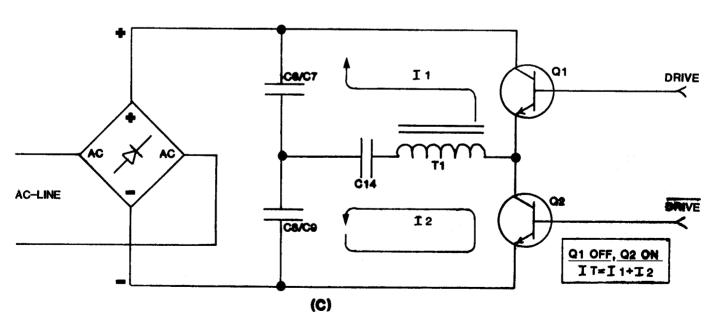


FIGURE 4.1 — Primary Circuit

71-7240 CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

PRIMARY CIRCUIT

AC-line voltage is surge protected by arrestor AAR3, capacitors C1-C5, and L1. AC-line is converted to DC by full-wave bridge diode D1. R3 serves as a fuse.

C6/C7 pair and C8/C9 pair each are charged to half of rectified line voltage. The junction of these capacitors is connected to the junction of Q1 and Q2 through main transformer T1. Q1 and Q2 connect across the rectified line voltage (see Figure 1). Q1 and Q2 are driven push-pull by pulses from IC101 that turns the transistors on alternately.

When IC101 drives Q1 on, current from source-negative charges C8/C9 as it passes through T1 primary (Figure 4.1-A). Also, C6/C7 discharge through T1 and Q1. During this half-cycle, both C8/C9 charge current and C6/C7 discharge current produce magnetic fields in T1.

When IC101 drives Q2 on, Q1 is off and current flows from source-negative through Q2, through T1, into C6/C7 (Figure 4.1-C). C8/C9 discharge through Q2 and T1. During this second half-cycle, C6/C7 discharge and C8/C9 charge currents drive T1 to the opposite polarity.

As the load demands more current, driver circuitry increases width of drive pulses so that more primary energy is passed into T1. See Figure 4.1-B.

PUSH-PULL DRIVE GENERATOR AND DRIVERS

T2 is a standard 60-cycle E-I-lamination transformer that produces source voltage for Q1 and Q2 driver and control circuitry. Q3 and Q4 drive Q1 and Q2, respectively; and these drivers are electrically isolated from the high-voltage primary circuit by T3 and T4.

An oscillator within IC101 drives flip-flop and driver circuits that alternately apply pulses to switch-drivers Q3 and Q4. Pin 11 applies pulses to Q3. Q3 drives T3 that couples the pulses to switcher Q1. IC101 pin 8 applies pulses to Q4; but 180° out of phase with the pulses at pin 11. Q4 drives T4, which drives switcher Q2.

A pulse-width modulator is utilized within IC101 to vary the width of the Q1/Q2 switching pulses. The modulator is controlled by two analog inputs at IC101 pins 1 and 16. A sample of power supply output voltage (14 V) is calibrated by VOLTAGE ADJUST RV101 and applied to pin 1. As output voltage increases, the pulse width modulator narrows the switching pulses so that less energy is fed into T1. This feedback loop establishes voltaic equilibrium.

Another transformer (CT1) is connected in series with T1 primary feed. CT1 output is isolated from high voltages, and varies in proportion to

current drawn into T1. D14-D17 convert CT1 output to a DC voltage that is applied to IC101 pin 16, which is the other input of the pulse-width modulator. When pin 16 is pulled above voltage at D101 anode, power supply drive is reduced. CURRENT ADJUST RV1 absorbs variable amounts of CT1 output energy so that the current limit can be calibrated to 40 Amperes.

CROWBAR SHUT-DOWN

IC102 is a threshold comparator that applies a logic high at output (pin 8) when input at pin 2 exceeds its internal 2.6-Volt reference. Power supply output is divided by R124 and R125 to 2.4 Volts. If power-supply output swings above 14.9 Volts, IC102 output triggers SCR PUT101. PUT101 then passes bias to Q101, which clamps IC101 dead-time input (pin 4) high to freeze all output.

The crowbar circuit will not reset until the power supply is shut-off.

71-7200 POWER SUPPLY

The 71-7200 Power Supply is a 110-Volt version of the 71-7240 Power Supply and is identical; except that C6/C7 to C8/C9 junction is connected to AC-line neutral, which creates a voltage doubler circuit with D1. Thus, DC voltage input to the switcher circuit is the same as that of the 71-7240 Power Supply.

ADJUSTMENTS

VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT:

- 1. Establish full load condition (34 Amperes) by initiating transmit at rated power.
- 2. Set VR101 (located on the Driver Board) to obtain 13.85 Volts DC output while operating under the full load condition.

OVER-CURRENT PROTECTION ADJUSTMENT:

- 1. Connect 600-Watt load resistor that is adjustable from 0.3 to 1.0 ohms to the DC output terminals.
- 2. Set VR1 to minimum resistance (fully clockwise).
- 3. Vary the load until current flow is 34 Amperes.
- 4. Adjust VR101 to obtain 13.85 Volts output. Readjust the load as necessary to maintain 34-Ampere current flow while adjusting VR101.
- 5. Reduce the load resistance to obtain 40 Amperes of current flow.
- 6. Rotate VR1 to the point where output voltage and current drops.

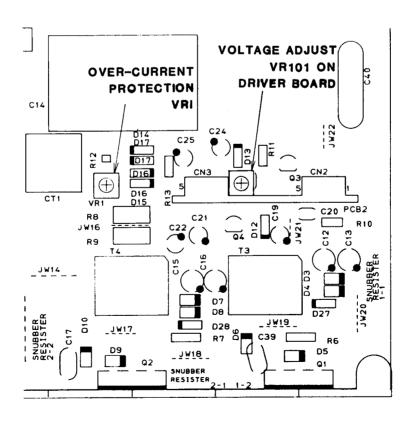
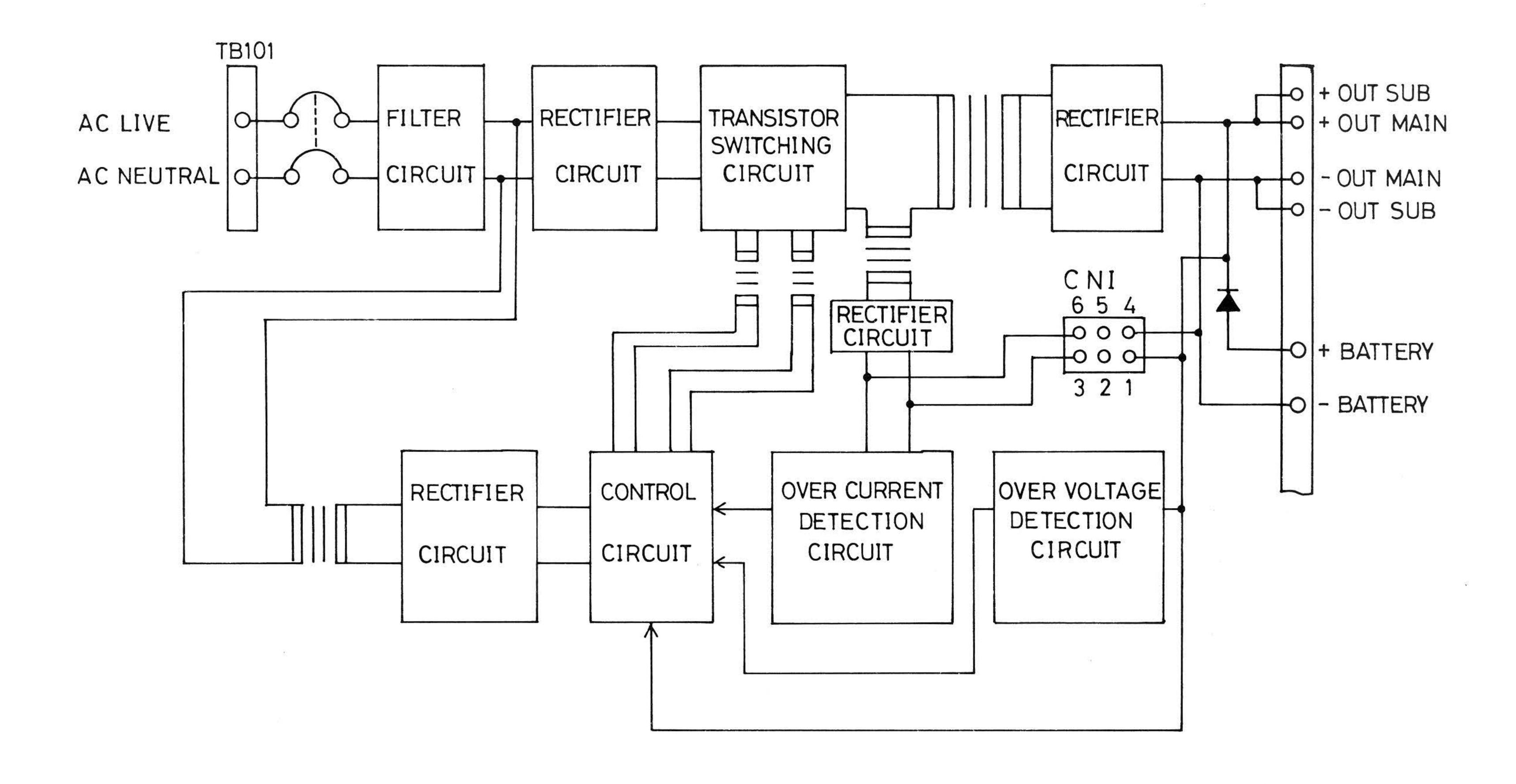
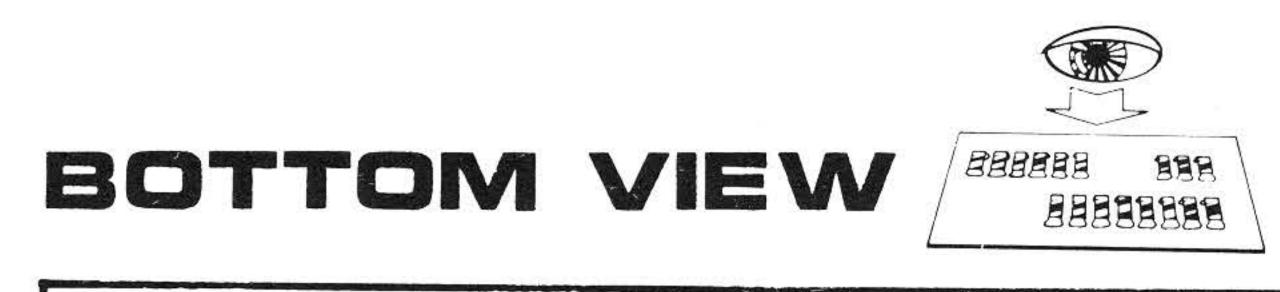
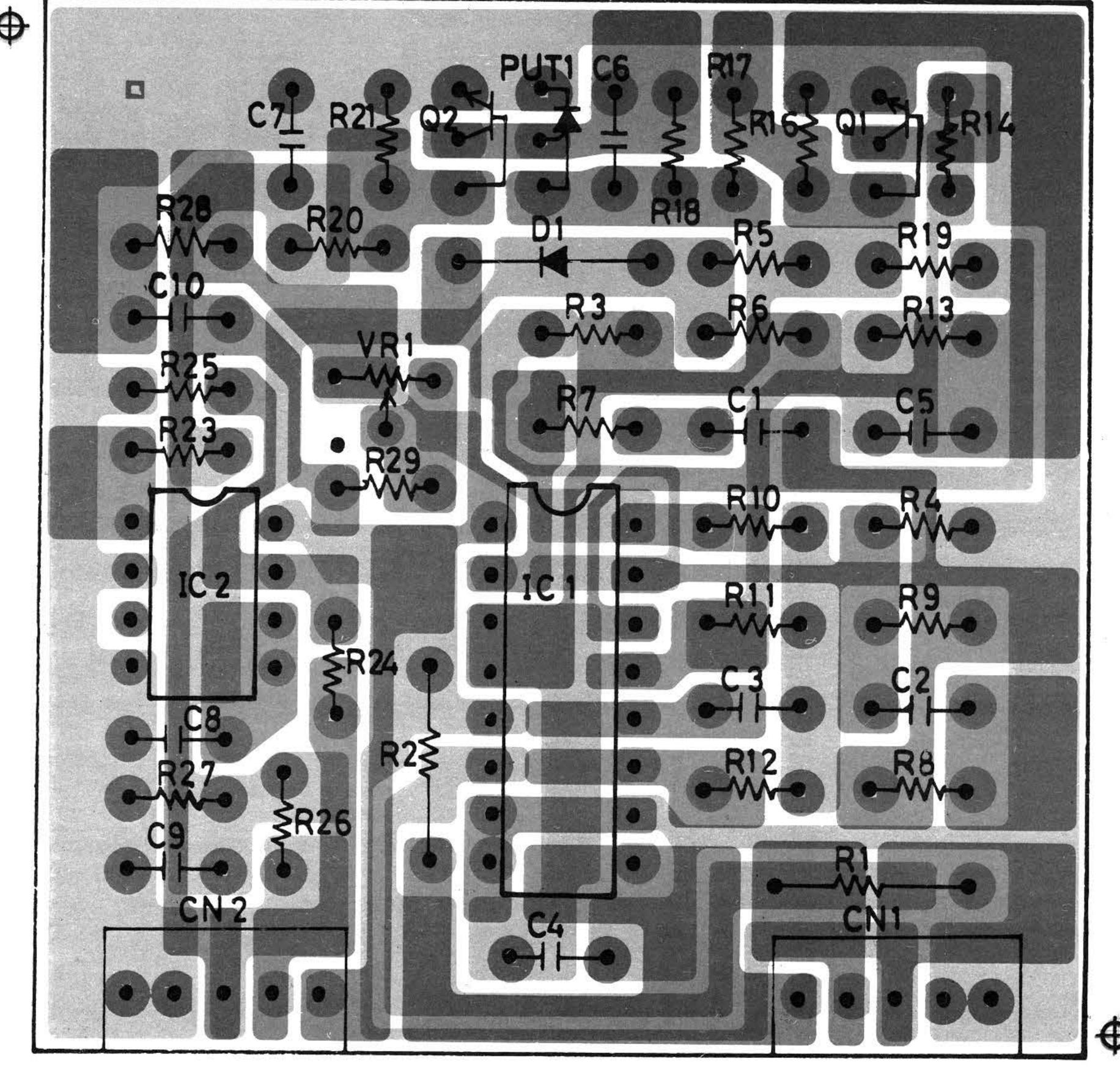


FIGURE 4.2 - ADJUSTMENTS

NOTES

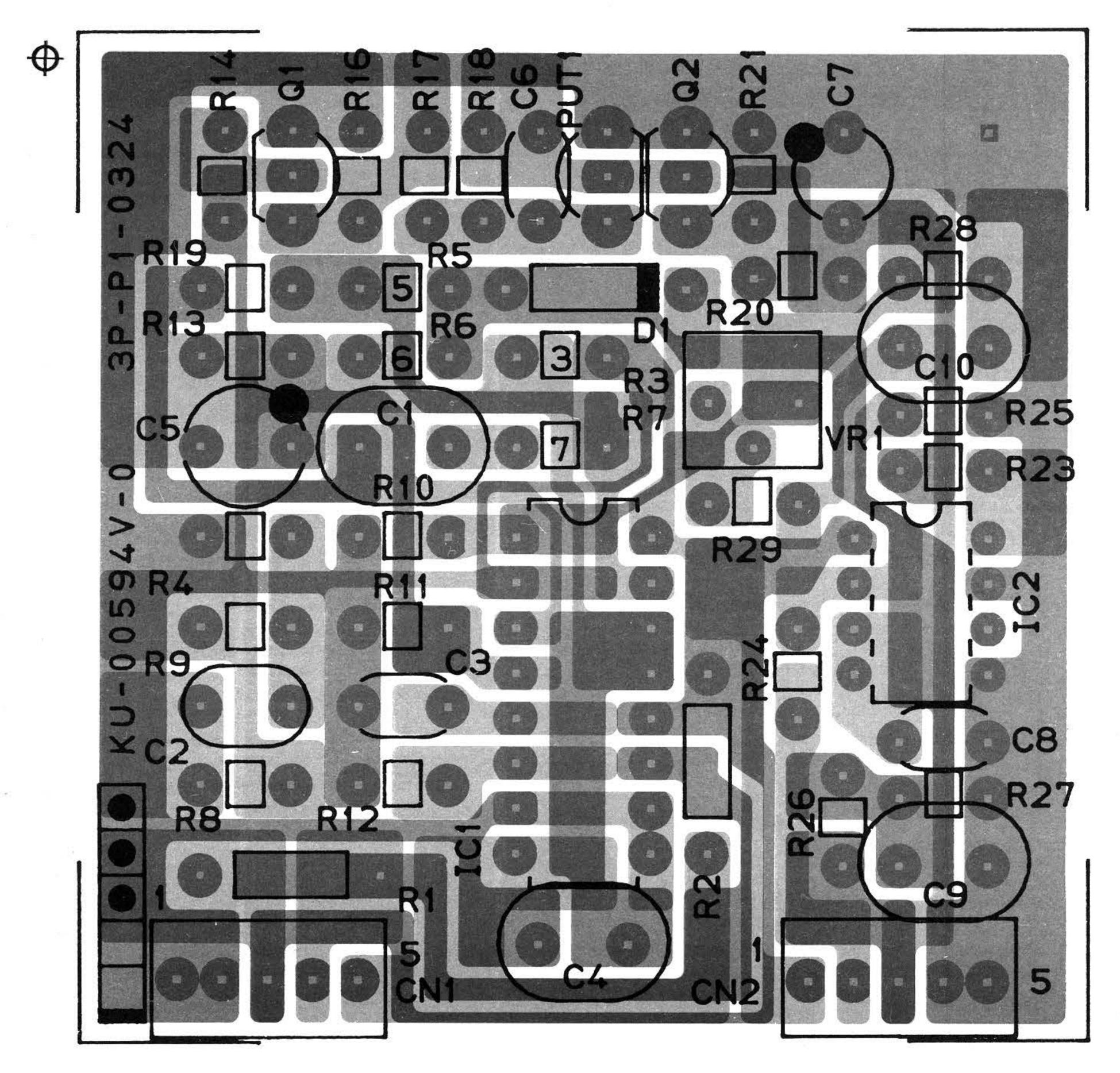






BLUE: VISIBLE PLATING RED: UNDERSIDE PLATING





BLUE: VISIBLE PLATING RED: UNDERSIDE PLATING

S4-8

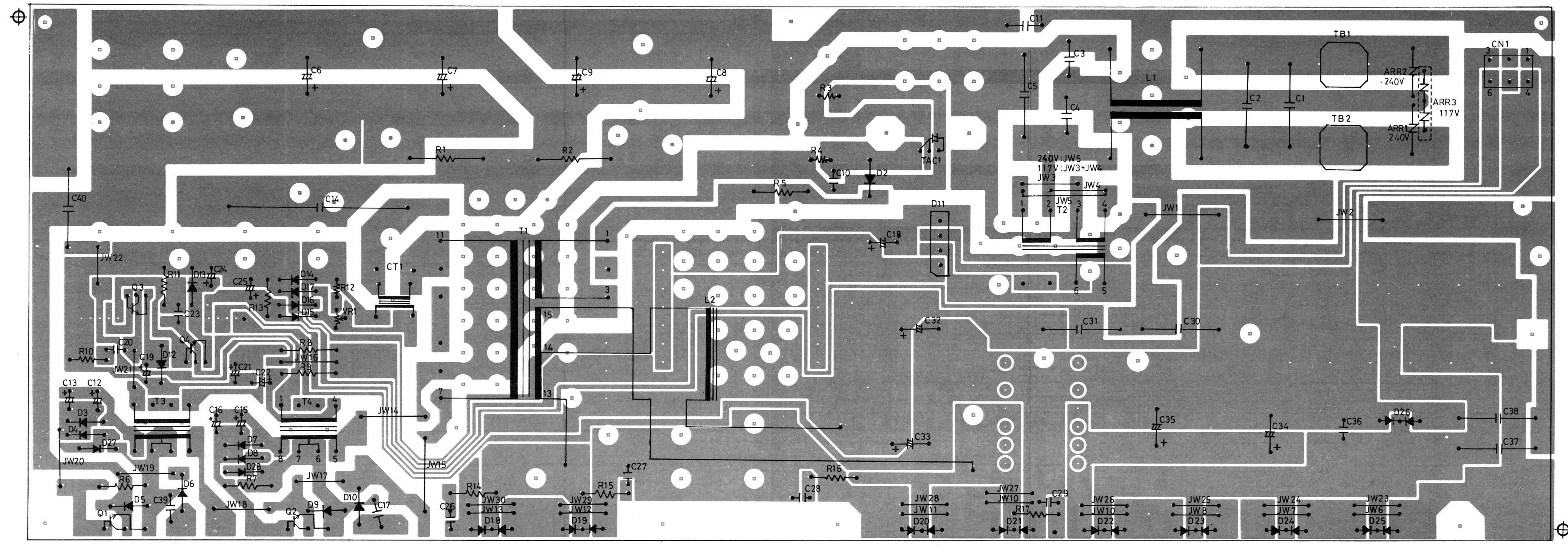


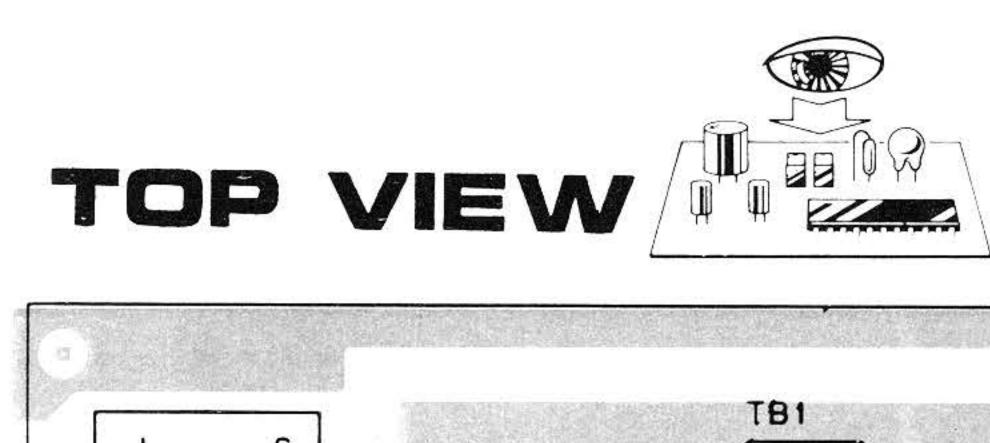
THE FOLLOWING VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:

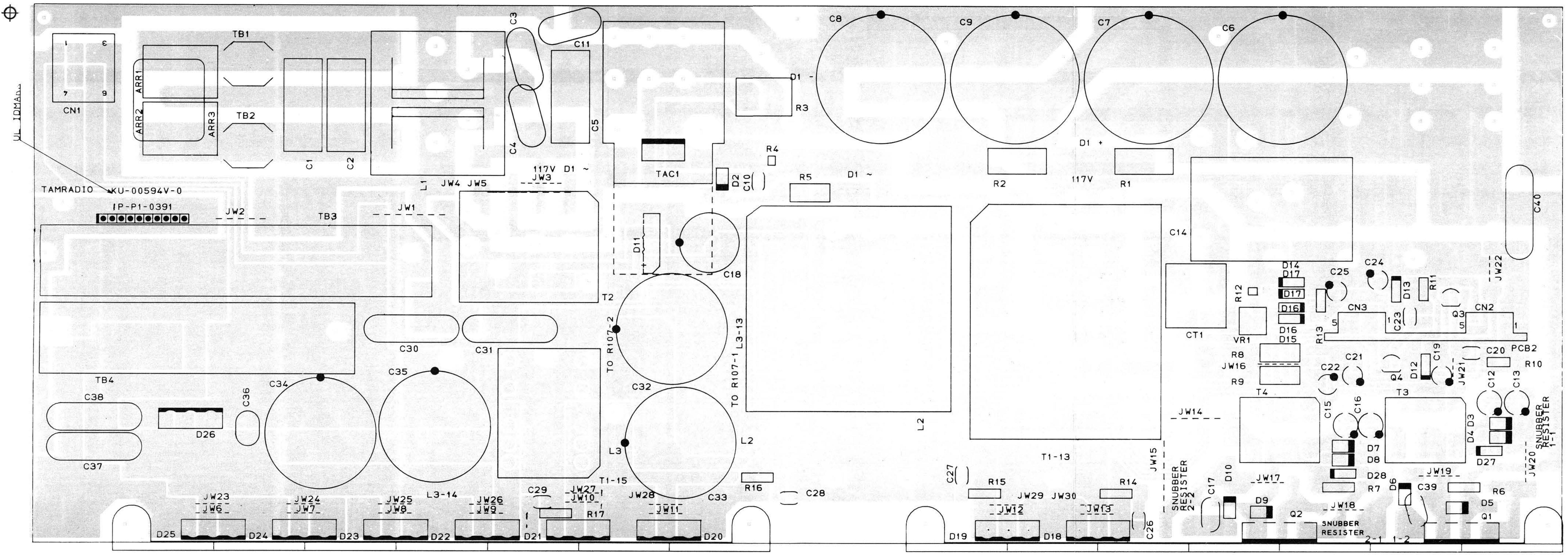
INPUT VOLTAGE = 117 Volts AC OUTPUT VOLTAGE = 13.85 Volts DC OUTPUT CURRENT = 34 Amperes

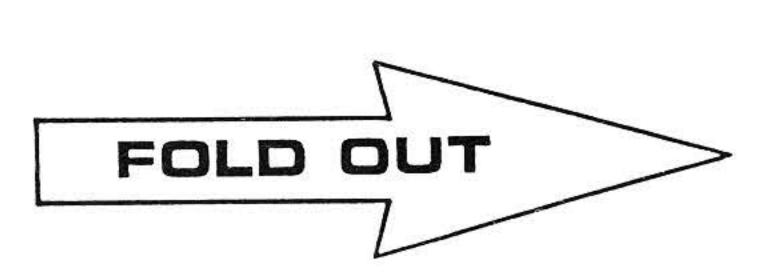
| TEST | | |
|--------------|------------|----------|
| A | VOLTAGE | |
| Q1 COLLECTOR | Q1 EMITTER | 330 Vp-p |
| C18 | (-) OUTPUT | 19 Vrms |
| CN1 PIN 3 | CN2 PIN 6 | 3 Vrms |
| C7 (+) | C7 (-) | 150 Vrms |



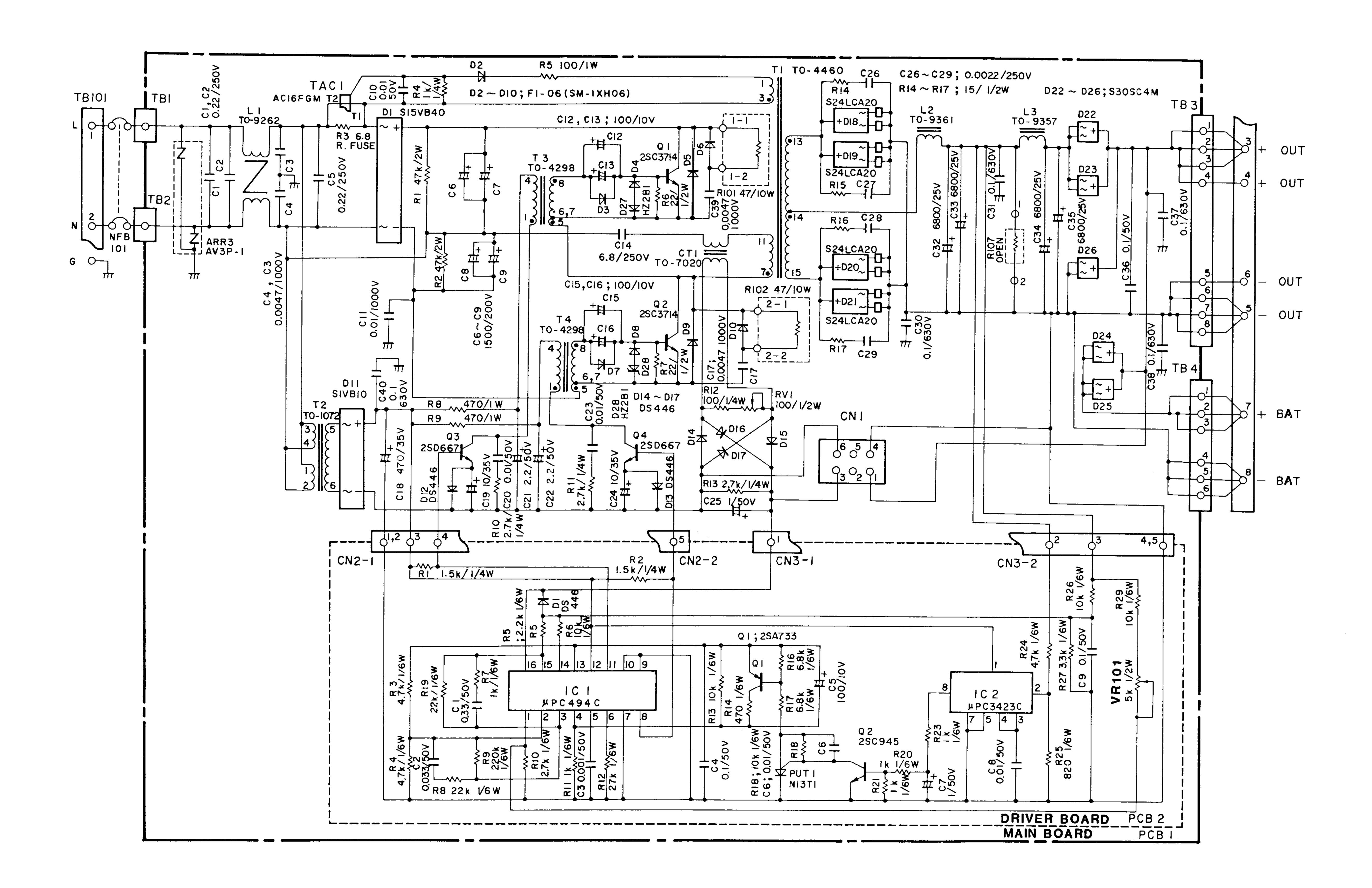






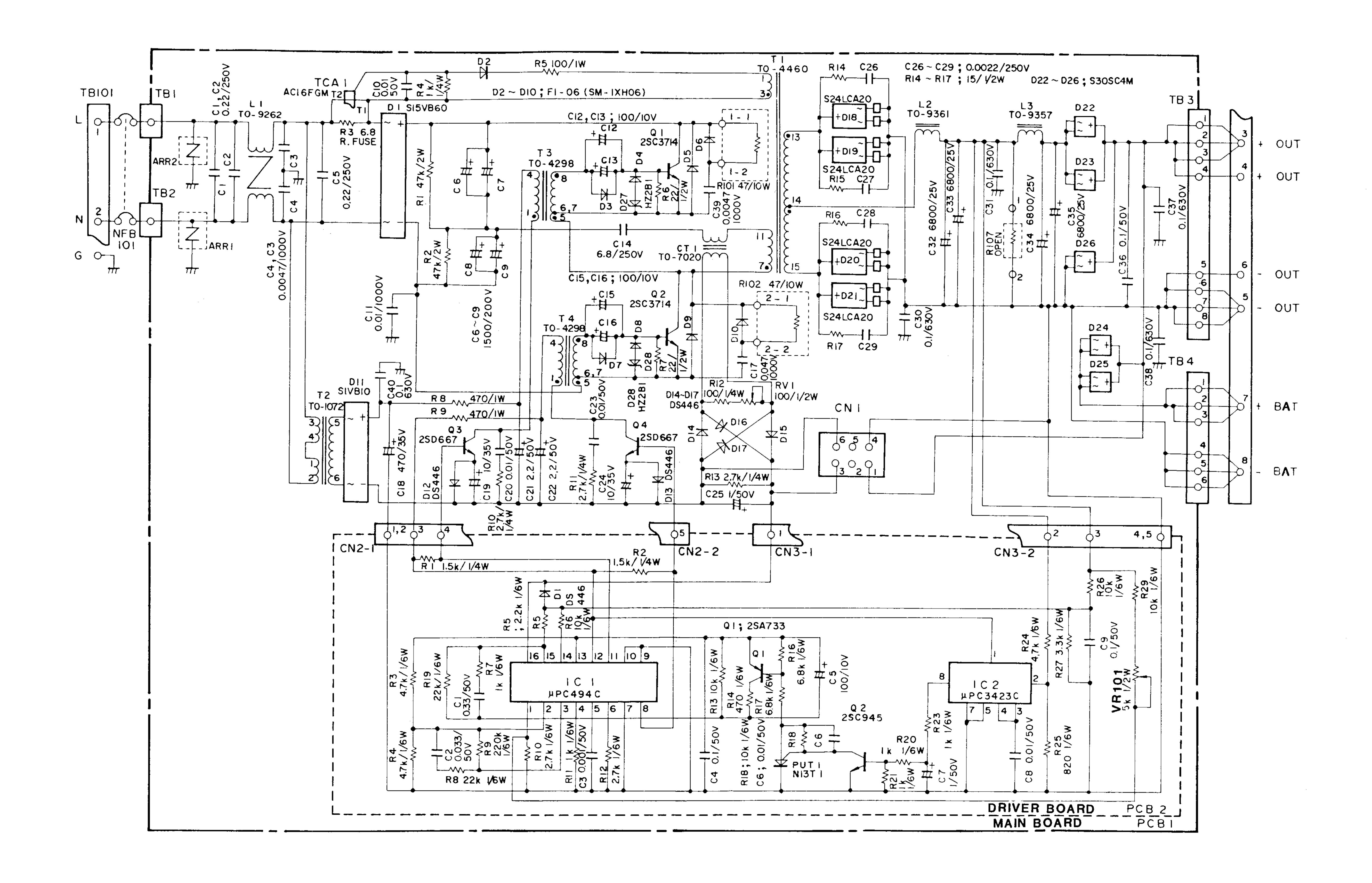


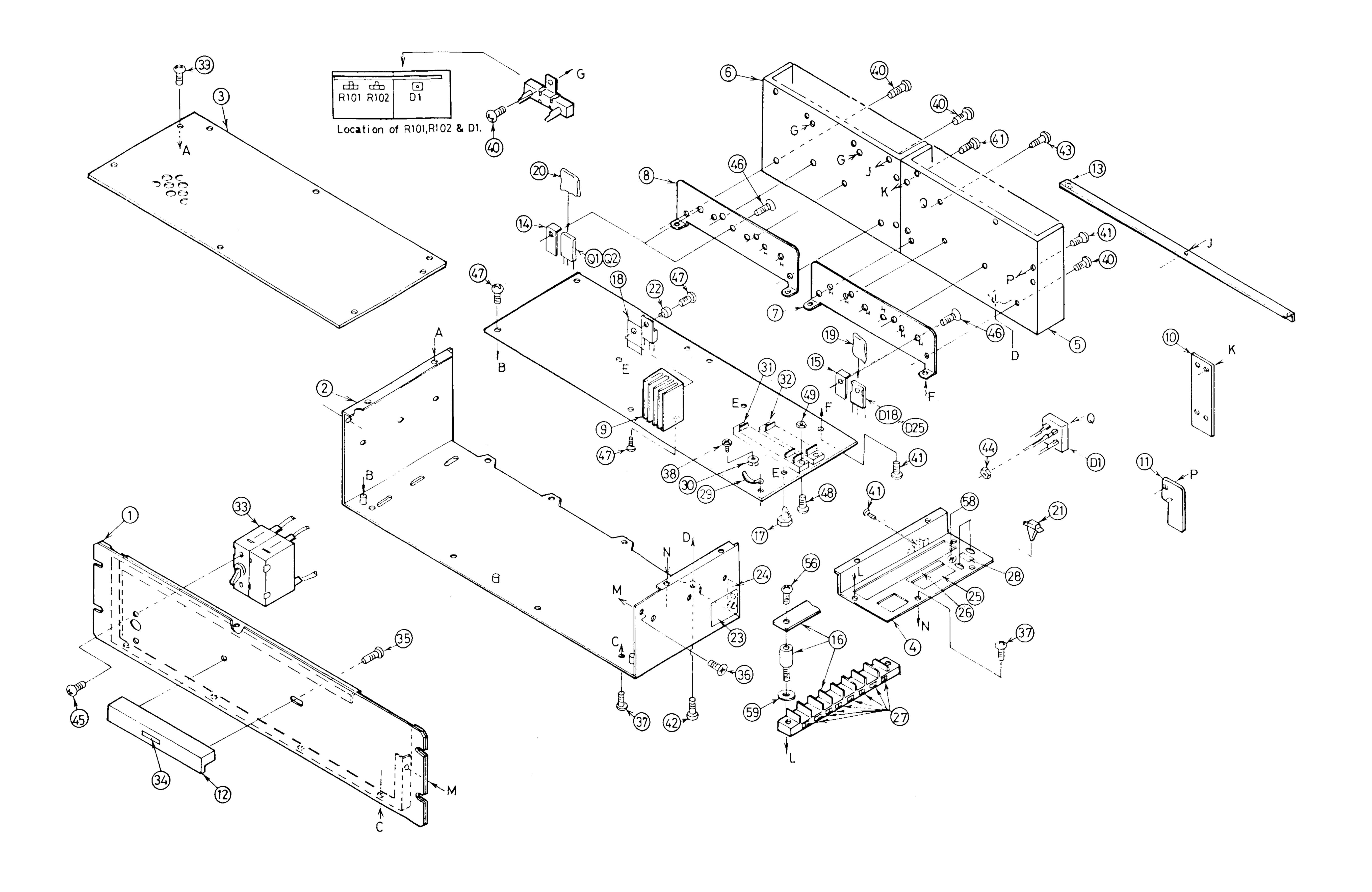
S4-10

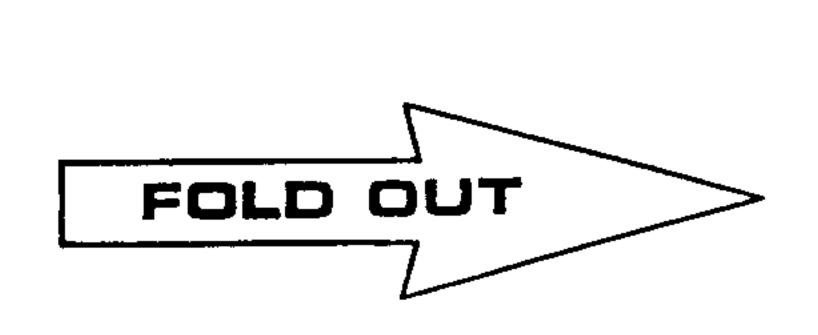


NOTES









71-7200/7240 MECHANICAL PARTS

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Panel | 70-010182 |
| 2 | Chassis | 70-010183 |
| 3 | Cover | 70-010184 |
| 4 | Cover | 70-010185 |
| 5 | Heat Sink | 70-089299 |
| 6 | Heat Sink | 70-089300 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Heat Sink | 70-089301 |
| 8 | Heat Sink | 70-089302 |
| 9 | Heat Sink | 70-089303 |
| 10 | Heat Sink | 70-089304 |
| 11 | Cover | 70-010186 |
| 12 | Handle | 70-011065 |
| 13 | Bracket | 70-158247 |
| 14 | Clamp | 70-158248 |
| 15 | Clamp | 70-158249 |
| 16 | Terminal, TB101 | 70-157416 |
| 17 | Spacer | 70-157264 |
| 18 | Insulator | 70-157265 |
| 19 | Insulator | 70-157266 |
| 20 | Insulator | 70-157267 70-158250 |
| 21 | Clamp | 70-158250 |
| 22 | Bushing Label 71-7200 | 70-157268 |
| 23 23 | Label 71-7240 Label 71-7240 | 70-020186 70-020187 |
| | Tabel /1-/240 | 70-020187 |
| 24 | Label Gnd. Label Terminal | 70-020188 |
| 25 26 | Label Terminal Label Terminal | 70-020188 |
| 27 | Label Terminal | 70-020199 |
| 28 | Label Vltg.7200 | 70-020190 |
| 28 | Label Vitg.7240 | 70-020191 |
| 29 | Clamp | 70-158251 |
| 30 | Terminal, TB 1 | 70-159413 |
| 31 | Terminal, TB 3 | 70-159414 |
| 32 | Terminal, TB4 | 70-159415 |
| 33 | Breaker, NFB101 | 70-204061 |
| 34 | Label | 70-020194 |
| 35 | Screw | 70-151819 |
| 36 | Screw | 70-151820 |
| 37 | Screw | 70-151821 |
| 38 | Screw | 70-151822 |
| 39 | Screw | 70-151823 |
| 40 | Screw | 70-151824 |
| 41 | Screw | 70-151825 |
| 42 | Screw | 70-151826 |
| 43 | Screw | 70-151827 |
| 44 | Nut | 70-151828 |
| 45 | Screw | 70-151829 |
| 46 | Screw | 70-151830 |
| 47 | Screw | 70-151831 |
| 48 | Screw | 70-151832 |
| 49 | Nut | 70-151833 |
| 50 | Screw | 70-151834 |
| 56 | Screw | 70-151835 |
| 59 | Washer | 70-151836 |

71-7200/7240 ELECTRICAL PARTS

MAIN BOARD

The following parts list is a composite listing for the 71-7200 and 71-7240 (A=71-7200, B=71-7240). For application of each individual part, refer to the respective designator, shown after its reference number.

| REF.NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. | REF.NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| | TRANSISTORS | | | CONNECTORS | |
| Q1,2 Q3,4 | 2SC3714 2SD667 | 70-080290 70-080291 | CN1 | Meter Socket | 70-159411 |
| | DIODES | | | PLASTIC CAPACITO | <u>RS</u> |
| D1A D1B D2,3,4, 5,6,7, | S15 VB60 S15 VB40 | 70-085242 70-085233 | C1,2,5 C10 C14 C26,27, 28,29 | .022uf,250V .01uf,50V 6.8uf,250V 2200Pf,250V | 70-137072 70-137053 70-137073 70-137076 |
| 10 D11 D12,13, | F1-06LFE S1VB10 | 70-085234 70-085235 | C30,31, 37,38, 40,41. | · | |
| 14,15, 16,17 D18,19, 20,21 | DS446-FA3 S24LCA20 | 70085236 70085237 | 42 C36 C20,23 | .1uf,680V .1uf, 50V 1000uf, 50V | 70-137074 70-137075 70-137048 |
| D22,23, 24,25, | | | | CERAMIC CAPACITO | RS |
| 26 D27,28 | S30SC4M HZ2B1-FA3 | 70-085238 70-085239 | C3,4, 17,39 C11 | 4700Pf,1000V 103PVA1-KC | 70-138247 70-138248 |
| | COILS & TRANSFORI | MERS | | LECTROLYTIC CAPACI | |
| L1 L2 L3 CT1 T1 T2 T3,4 | Coil TO-9262 Coil TO-9361 Coil TO-9357 Tnsf TO-7020 Tnsf TO-4460 Tnsf TO-1072 Tnsf TO-4298 | 70-090312 70-090313 70-090314 70-096005 70-096006 70-096007 70-096008 | C6,7, 8,9 C12,13, 15,16 C18 | 1500uf, 200V 100uf, 10V 470uf.35V | 70-135159 70-135112 70-138226 |
| 13,4 | CONTROLS | 70-030008 | C19,24 C21,22 C25 C32,33, | 10uf,35V 2.2uf,50V 1 uf, 50V | 70-135160 70-135087 70-135161 |
| VR1 | Level Adj., 100 Ohm | 70-164087 | 34,35 | 6800uf,25V | 70–135158 |
| | ARRESTORS | | R1,2 | METAL RESISTORS | |
| ARR3A ARR1,2B | AV-3P AV-14 | 70-085263 70-085241 | R1,2 R5 R6,7 R8,9 | 47K,2W 100 Ohm,lW 22 Ohm,1/2W 470 Ohm,1W | 70-144178 70-144179 70-144189 70-144190 |
| | RECTIFIERS | | R101, 102 | 47 Ohm,10W | 70-144191 |
| TAC1 | AC16FGM | 70-085232 | | CARBON RESISTORS | |
| | | | R4 | 1K, 1/4W | - 70-147228 |
| | | | R10,11, 13 R12 | 2.7, 1/4W 150, 1/4W | 70-140134 70-141126 |
| | | | | FUSE RESISTORS | |
| | | | R3A R3B R14,15, | 5.6 Ohm 10 Ohm | 70-146104 70-146106 |
| | | | 16,17 | 15 Ohm1/2 W | 70-146105 |

DRIVER BOARD

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| INTEGRATED CIRCUITS | | | | | |
| IC 1 IC2 | UPC 494C UPC 3423C | 70-076458 70-076459 | | | |
| | TRANSISTORS | | | | |
| Q1 Q2 | 2SA 733 2SC 945 <u>DIODES</u> | 70-080187 70-080005 | | | |
| D1 | DS446-AT | 70-085243 | | | |
| | CONTROLS | | | | |
| VR1 | Level Adj.5K | 70-164088 | | | |
| , | CONNECTORS | | | | |
| CN1,2 | PCB Int.Cnct. | 70-159412 | | | |
| | SCR | | | | |
| PUT 1 | N13T1 | 70-085244 | | | |
| | PLASTIC CAPACIT | | | | |
| C1 C4,9 C2 C3 C6,8 | .33uf, 50V .1uf, 50V .033uf, 50V 1000Pf, 50V .01uf, 50V | 70-137077 70-137078 70-137079 70-137080 70-137053 | | | |
| | ELECTROLYTIC CAPA | CITORS | | | |
| C5 C7 | 100uf, 10V luf, 50V | 70-135053 70-135161 | | | |
| | CARBON RESIST | | | | |
| R1,2 R3,4,24 R5 | 1.5K,1/4 W 4.7K, 1/6W 2.2K, 1/4W | 70-147215 70-147216 70-147217 | | | |
| R6,13,18, 26,29 R8,19 R9 R10 R14 R16,17 R7,20,21, | | 70-147218 | | | |
| 23,28,11 R25 R27 R12 | 1K, 1/6W 2200hm,1/6W 3.3K,1/6W 27K, 1/6W | 70-147224 70-147225 70-147226 70-147227 | | | |

NOTES

REPLACEMENT PARTS ORDERING

To speed delivery and avoid errors, always include the following information when ordering replacement parts:

- 1. Best identification of the parts.
 - A. part number, or
 - B. Model and Serial numbers of equipment in which the part is used, with
 - C. Part description, and
 - D. Schematic reference designator, and,
 - E. If necessary, return the old part as sample.
- 2. Specify quantity desired of each part.
- 3. Ship-to address (and billing address if different).

Mail or phone your order to:

MIDLAND USA 1690 North Topping Avenue Kansas City, Missouri 64120 (816) 241-8400

