APPLIES TO P21DDN AND P31DDN RADIOS

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MOTOROLA

PT Series



"Handie-Talkie" FM Radiophone

25-54 MC 1.4 & 5 W RF POWER

MANUAL 68P81032A45-C



MOTOROLA

HANDIE-TALKIE

FM RADIOPHONE

1.4 & 5.0 W RF POWER

25-54 MC

PORTABLE

TRANSISTORIZED



Model P31DDC-1030AM



MOTOROLA INC.

Communications Division

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4501 WEST AUGUSTA BOULEVARD

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60651

CONTENTS

SEC	CTION	PAGI
Gua	aranteed Performance Specifications	iii
Mod	del Chart	iv
DES	CRIPTION AND OPERATION	
	Description	1
	Pre-Operational Notes	2
	Operation	2
	Accessory Table	4
	Accessories	5
RAT	ITERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING	
יאכ	Battery Replacement Procedure	6
	Dry Batteries	6
	Nickel-Cadmium Batteries	7
	Battery Life	7
11 ×	Dattery Line	•
THE	ORY OF OPERATION	
	General	7
	Circuit Theory	8
МΔ	INTENANCE	
	Test Equipment	11
	Test Procedure	11
	Disassembly Procedure	13
	Receiver Stage Analysis	15
	Transmitter Service Notes	17
	Repair	17
	WAS BEGINNER AND THE STATE OF T	
SER	VICE PROCEDURES AND DIAGRAMS	19
	Transmitter Alignment Procedure (NTB6060 Series)	- •
	IDC Adjustment Procedure	20
	Transmitter Alignment Procedure (NTB6050 Series)	23
	IDC Adjustment Procedure	24
	Receiver Alignment Procedure	27
	P21/P31DDN-1000 Series Intercabling Diagram (A Version Control Panels)	29
	P21/P31DDN-1000 Series Intercabling Diagram (B Version Control Panels)	30
	P21/P31DDN-3000 Series Intercabling Diagram (A Version Control Panels)	31
	P21/P31DDN-3000 Series Intercabling Diagram (B Version Control Panels)	32
	Transmitter Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram	33
	Handset Models Receiver Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram	34
	Transmitter Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram	35
	Receiver Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram	36
	Transmitter Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram	37
	25-42 MC "Private-Line" Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram	39
	42-54 MC "Private-Line" Printed Circuit Board and Wiring Diagram	40
	Carrier Squelch Schematic Diagram and Parts List (Sheet 1 of 2)	42
	Carrier Squelch Schematic Diagram and Parts List (Sheet 2 of 2)	43
	Dual Squelch "Private-Line" Schematic Diagram and Parts List (Sheet 1 of 2)	46
	Dual Squelch "Private-Line" Schematic Diagram and Parts List (Sheet 2 of 2)	47

GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL

MODELS		P31DDN-1000 Series	P31DDN-3000 Series	P21DDN-1000 Series	P21DDN-3000 Series				
POWER SUPPLY		Eleven #1050 Industrial "D" cells or one 14.0 v nickel-cadmium battery.							
BATTERY	Standby	4 ma at 14.0 v	10 ma at 14.0 v	4 ma at 14.0 v	10 ma at 14.0 v				
DRAIN	Receive	55 ma at 14.0 v	62 ma at 14.0 v	55 ma at 14.0 v (12 ma**)	62 ma at 14.0 v (19 ma**)				
	Transmit	900 ma at 13.5 v	900 ma at 13.5 v	410 ma at 14.0 v	415 ma at 14.0 v				
DIMENSIONS	Speaker-		*						
(excluding antenna)	microphone	9" x 7-3/4" x 3-3/4"							
(with dry cell	Speaker-Handset	9" x 8-3/4" x 3-3/4"							
batteries)	Handset	9" x 8-3/4" x 3-3/4"							
DIMENSIONS (excluding antenna)	Speaker- microphone	9" x 6-3/8" x 3-3/4"							
(with nickel-	Speaker-Handset	9" x 7-3/8" x 3-3/4"							
cadmium batteries)	Handset	9" x 7-3/8" x 3-3/4"		4					
WEIGHT*	Speaker-microphone	7# 14 oz.	8#	7# 7 oz.	7# 9 oz.				
(with dry cell	Speaker-Handset	8# 7 oz.	8# 9 oz.	7# 15 oz.	8# 1 oz.				
patteries)	Handset	8# 4 oz.	8# 6 oz.	7# 12 oz.	7# 14 oz.				
WEIGHT*	Speaker-microphone	6# 8 oz.	6# 10 oz.	6# 1 oz.	6# 3 oz.				
(with nickel-	Speaker-Handset	7#	7# 2 oz.	6# 9 oz.	6# 11 oz.				
cadmium batteries)	Handset	6# 13 oz.	6# 15 oz.	6# 6 pz.	6# 8 oz.				
RANSMITTER									
CHASSIS MODEL		NTB6060 Series with NLB6120	Series Power Amplifier	NTB6050 Series					
RF OUTPUT		5.0 w at nominal battery volta	ge (13.5 v)	1.4 w at nominal battery voltage (14.0 v)					
FREQUENCY STABI	T.TTY	NTB6060 Series + 002% from	-30°C to +60°C (+25°C reference)	NTB6050 Series + 0025% from -30°C to +60°C (+25°C reference)					

CHASSIS MODEL	NTB6060 Series with NLB6120 Series Power Amplifier	NTB6050 Series			
RF OUTPUT	5.0 w at nominal battery voltage (13.5 v)	1.4 w at nominal battery voltage (14.0 v)			
FREQUENCY STABILITY	NTB6060 Series ±.002% from -30°C to +60°C (+25°C reference)	NTB6050 Series ±.0025% from -30°C to +60°C (+25°C reference)			
MODULATION	16F3: ±5 kc for 100% at 1000 cps; or 36F3: ±15 kc for 100% at 1000 cps				
CRYSTAL MULTIPLICATION	16 times				
SPURIOUS AND HARMONICS	more than 52 db below carrier	more than 45 db below carrier			
FM NOISE	At least 35 db below ±3.3 kc deviation at 1000 cps, or at least 40 db below	±10 kc deviation at 1000 cps			
AUDIO RESPONSE	+1, -3 db of 6 db/octave pre-emphasis characteristic from 300 to 3000 cps				
AUDIO DISTORTION	Less than 8% at 1000 cps, 2/3 rated maximum deviation				

RECEIVER

MODULATION ACCEPTANCE*	±5 kc (split channel models)	±5 kc (split channel models) or ±15 kc (wide band models)					
SENSITIVITY	Less than 0.35 microvolt for	Less than 0.35 microvolt for 20 db quieting					
SPURIOUS AND IMAGE REJECTION	More than 70 db below carrier						
NOISE SQUELCH SENSITIVITY	Noise compensated type: adju	stable sensitivity, will open at less than 0.18 microvolt					
TONE CODED SQUELCH SENSITIVITY		Fixed sensitivity will open at less than 0.18 microvolt	Fixed sensitivity will open at less than 0.18 microvolt				
AUDIO OUTPUT	500 milliwatts to speaker or	3 milliwatts to handset at less than 10% distortion					
FREQUENCY STABILITY	±0.0025% from -30°C to +60°C (+25°C reference)						
SELECTIVITY	More than 60 db at ±20 kc or ±40 kc measured by the 20 db quieting method						
CHANNEL SPACING*	20 kc (±5 kc Bandwidth) 40 k	20 kc (±5 kc Bandwidth) 40 kc (±15 kc Bandwidth)					

^{*}Tone-coded squelch available in split-channel models only **Applies to handset models without loudspeaker

SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

MOTOROLA

MODEL CHART

FM "HANDIE-TALKIE" RADIOPHONES

25-54 MC 1.4 & 5.0 W RF POWER

LEGEND

x = ONE ITEM INCLUDED

= ONE ITEM INCLUDED WITH EVERY 5 (OR LESS) RADIO SETS

= ONE ALTERNATE ITEM INCLUDED. CHOICE DEPENDENT UPON FREQUENCY

2 1

= TWO ITEMS INCLUDED

= ONE ALTERNATE ITEM INCLUDED (FACTORY OPTION)

*REFRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. AS STAMPED ON THE CHASSIS, IS DETERMINED BY ITS APPLICATION. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. AS STAMPED ON THE CHASSIS, IS DETERMINED BY ITS APPLICATION. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. AS STAMPED ON THE CHASSIS, IS DETERMINED BY ITS APPLICATION. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. AS STAMPED ON THE CHASSIS, IS DETERMINED BY ITS APPLICATION. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. AS STAMPED ON THE CHASSIS, IS DETERMINED BY ITS APPLICATION. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODELS AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODEL AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL. **REPRESENTS A SERIES OF MODEL AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL AND NOT A SPECIFIC MODEL AND NOT AND				I	Ш							Ш	Ш					\mathbf{H}		[1]	111
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*NRB1120AF RECEIVER (1-FREQ) SPLIT CHANNEL; DUAL SQUELCH 65E81017A22 XX X		RECEIVER (2-FREQ) WIDE CHANNEL; CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21			х							++	χſ	\cap	╅	+++	x ^ ^	Н	╀╂┼	+++
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*NTB6060AA TRANSMITTER (1-FREQ) CARRIER SQUELCH 63E81017A21					Щ	Π	X		\Box	\Box	X	Ш	П	Ш	Ш		Ш				
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*NTB6060AC TRANSMITTER (1-FREQ) "PRIVATE-LINE" MODEL 63E81017A22 *NTB6060AD TRANSMITTER (2-FREQ) "PRIVATE-LINE" MODEL 63E81017A22 *NLN6141A "PRIVATE-LINE" SOUELCH BOARD (25-42 MC) 63E81017A22	*NTB6060AB				++	 	++	╅╅┫	++	+ + 1	-+-	┼┼┨	 Y ∵	 X	v v	┼┼╉	- ^ 	√	VI-	+	╅╃┩
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NLB6142A "PRIVATE-LINE" SQUELCH BOARD (42-54 MC) 63E81017A22	NLB6142A	"PRIVATE-LINE" SQUELCH BOARD (42-54 MC)			++	╫╫		~ ~	++	+++	- 	ИИ	++	щ	/	VV	+ + +	ш	7/	ИЦ	\bot
NLB6120A HI POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER 63E81017A22					++-	╫	+	YY	++-	╅┼╂	+	 Y 	k x	хx	x x x	XX			$\frac{\sqrt{x}}{x}$	H	+++
NCN6039A CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREO, XMIT, 1-FREO, RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH 63E81017A21		CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREO, XMIT, 1-FREO, RECEIVE CARRIER SOUELCH	63E81017A21		1	1	Ш		П	ш									777		+++
NCN6040A CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ, XMIT, 1-FREQ, RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH 63E81017A22 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH			44	H	44	444	$\perp \perp$	\Box			\bot		П	П	Ш				
NCN604IA CONTROL PANEL, 2-FRED. XMIT, 1-FRED. RECEIVE CARRIER SOURLCH 63F81017621		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREO, XMIT, 1-FREO, RECEIVE CARRIER SOUELCH			+++	₩	, 	+++	++	ш	++	₩	++-	-	11	11	┿	+++	++		+
NCN6042A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ, XMIT, 1-FREQ, RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH 63E81017A22	NCN6042A	CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH			++	H	^	x	+	†	++-	 	++	+			+++	╅╉┪	-+-	┼╂┼	+++
NCN6043A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 2-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH 63E81017A21		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 2-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH			Пi	1	1 1			Ш									11		111
NCN6043B CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 2-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH NCN6044A CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH 63E81017A21		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 2-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH	(3501017401			1	1	+	11	Ш	44	\Box	111	1	1 1	Ш					\Box
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NCN6045A CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH 63E81017A21		CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH	63E81017A21		11		11		 -	- -	++			1	+		+++	╀┸┩	++-	╅╉┼	+++
NCN6046A CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH 63E81017A22		CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH			\perp		\Box	\Box	\Box		ightharpoonup	\Box	П	\Box	1						
NCN6047A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH 63E81017A21 NCN6048A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH 63E81017A22		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH			++	₩	++	++	++	┼┼╂	-+-	HH	11	-11	} -		+++	+	44	\square	+++
NCN6049A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 2-FREC. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH 63581017A21		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ, XMIT, 2-FREQ, RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH		_	++	┼┼╂	╅┵	+++	++-	┾┼╂	++-	H	++-	++-1	-+-		+++	┿╉┽	-+-	+	+++
NCN6050A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ, XMIT, 2-FREQ, RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH 63E81017A22		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 2-FREQ. RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH	63E81017A22				$\pm \pm$	X						Н			+++	╅╋╅	+	Н	+++
NCN6051A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 2-FREQ. RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH 63E81017A22 NCN6052A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH 63E81017A21		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 2-FREQ. RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH			++	\square	+	╁╅┺	\Box			\perp	\perp	\Box		X	\Box				\coprod
NCN6053A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ, XMIT, 1-FREQ, RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH 63E81017A22		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREO, XMIT, 1-FREO, RECEIVE DUAL SOUELCH			++	┼┼╂	++-	╁┼╂	++1-	┤ ┤╏	1 - 	┵╂	╂╂┪	╌┼╂	++-	┼╂	+++	+I+	++-	H	+++
NCN6054A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ, XMIT, 2-FREQ, RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH 63E81017A21		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ, XMIT, 2-FREQ, RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH		1		ш	\pm		11	i I	1	^	++	\dashv	+	-	+++	+++	++	+++	+++
NCN6054B CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ, XMIT, 2-FREQ, RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH NCN6055A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ, XMIT, 2-FREQ, RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH 63E81017A22		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 2-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH	(2701017422		++-	Ш	11	Ш	111	1	Щ		\Box	\Box	\Box	\Box	1 1		1		\Box
NCN6055A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ, XMIT, 2-FREQ, RECEIVE DUAL SQUELCH 63E81017A22 NCN6039B CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ, XMIT, 1-FREQ, RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH 63E81017A21		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ, XMIT, 2-FREQ, RECEIVE CARRIER SOURTCH			++	╁┼╂	++-	┼┼╉	╁	╀┼	+	X	╁╂┤	++		╫	╅╅╂	╁╂┼		ш	+++
NCN6057A CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREO, XMIT, 1-FREO, RECEIVE DUAL SOUELCH 63E81017A22		CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREO, XMIT, 1-FREO, RECEIVE DUAL SOUELCH			++-	HH	++	╁┼╂	++-	H	тн	H	╁┼┼	- 1	++-	╫	+++	╫╫	+,+	╂┼	+++
NCN6058A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SQUELCH 63E81017A21		CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SOUELCH	63E81017A21		П					ш			$\dagger \dagger$			#	1 1		11		+++
NCN6059A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE DUAL SOUELCH 63E81017A22 NCN6060A CONTROL PANEL, 2-FREQ. XMIT, 2-FREQ. RECEIVE CARRIER SOUELCH 63E81017A22					++	╌	++-	++	44		+ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$	\perp		Ш	\Box	\Box	Π	П	X	П	\Box
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NCN6065A CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREO, XMIT, 1-FREO, RECEIVE DIIAL SQUELCH 63E81017A22		CONTROL PANEL, 1-FREQ. XMIT, 1-FREQ. RECEIVE DIIAL SOLIELCH			\pm	ш	\Box		11	\Box	1 1	++	111	1	-+	-+-	+++	╅╋┪	++	$^{\mathbf{h}}$	+++
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DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

1. DESCRIPTION

The Motorola "Handie-Talkie" FM radiophone is a completely transistorized and weatherproof portable communications radio set. The radiophones are complete, self-powered, portable FM transmitter and receiver units for two-way communication. The advantages of the transistor --reliability, lightweight, compact size, reduced maintenance and operating costs -- are fully utilized.

Motorola dual squelch "Private-Line" radios are especially useful when operating under crowded channel conditions. Several networks may share the same carrier frequency in the same area with a minimum of interference when each network uses a different "Private-Line" tone frequency.

Dual squelch "Private-Line" radios and carrier squelch radios are available in two series of models. The lighter weight P21 series for maximum portability and the P31 series where higher r-f power output is required. The P21 series units deliver 1.4 watts of r-f power at nominal battery voltage throughout the 25-54 mc band and weigh as little as 6 lbs. 1 oz. The P31 series units deliver 5 watts of r-f power output and weigh as little as 6 lbs. 8 oz. Both series of radiophones are available in one or two frequency models. Refer to the Model Chart in the front of this manual for a complete listing of the models available.

a. Power Supplies

Three power supplies are available for use with the radios described in this manual. They are not included as part of the radio set model, but are selected when ordering the "Handie-Talkie" unit. These power supplies can be used with both P21 and P31 Series radios and are as follows:

- (1) NPN1007A Nickel-Cadmium Power Supply.
- (2) NPN1008A Standard Dry Battery Power Supply.
- (3) NPN1009A Standard Dry Battery Power Supply. (Used with NLN6135A Shockmount Rack).

Refer to the BATTERY REPLACEMENTAND CHARGING section of this manual for further information on these power supplies.

In addition to the above battery power units, a Model NPN6032A 117-volt ac power supply is available as an accessory item. (See accessory table.)

Power packs are changed by unsnapping two spring snaps located at the ends of the unit and separating the power pack from the radio section. Another power pack (dry battery, nickel-cadmium, or the 117-volt a-c power supply) can then be attached to the radio section to again form an integral package.

b. Antennas

The NAB6040A Series Antenna consists of a stainless steel whip 42" long and a removable loading coil. The loading coil consists of a series resonant tunable inductance. The combination of whip and loading coil produces a 1/4 wavelength antenna tunable within a given band of 25-54 mc range. Refer to the Model Chart for the specific frequency ranges of the antennas.

NOTE

The Motorola "Handie-Talkie" radiophone may be used with a fixed or elevated antenna. The antenna circuit provides a 50-ohm termination at the antenna receptacle; therefore, any 50-ohm antenna resonant to the transmitter frequency can be used. The higher the antenna, the greater the area that can be covered.

c. Handset

The NMN6017A Handset is supplied complete with a rubber covered coiled cord, which extends to about 5 ft., and a weatherproof connector. A push-to-talk bar on the handset turns the transmitter on. The handset connector plugs into a four-prong receptacle on top of the unit housing.

d. Microphone

The NMN6018A Microphone is supplied with a rubber covered coiled cord, which can be extended to about 5 ft., and a weatherproof connector. This palm type microphone is provided with a push-to-talk button which turns on the transmitter. The microphone connector plugs into a fourprong receptacle located on top of the unit housing.

e. Brackets

Brackets at both ends of the "Handie-Talkie" FM radiophone are used for fastening the NLN6311A or NLN6312A Back Pack Harness to the unit for back pack operation. One set of mounting brackets is located near the top of the unit for fastening the shoulder straps of the harness. Another set is located near the bottom of the battery compartment for fastening the waist strap. Refer to the instructions packed with the back harness for installation of the harness on the radiophone.

2. PRE-OPERATIONAL NOTES

Use care when unpacking and handling the ''Handie-Talkie'' FM radiophone. Open the shipping carton and carefully remove all items. Check the contents to be sure that all items have been included.

Inspect the equipment thoroughly as soon as possible after delivery. If any part of the equipment has been damaged in transit, report the extent of damage to the transportation company immediately.

IMPORTANT

This equipment contains batteries. Extended storage of the equipment will reduce the operating performance due to reduction in battery voltage and life. Partially used dry batteries, if left standing for long periods, will leak electrolyte and may result in damage to the radio equipment. If equipment is to be stored for a long period of time, remove the batteries and store them in a cool place.

The Motorola "Handie-Talkie" radiophone is shipped direct from the factory completely assembled, ready for use, except for the installation of the antenna.

3. OPERATION

CAUTION

Do not key transmitter unless antenna, dummy load or equivalent is connected to the antenna receptacle.

a. To Turn On

Remove the microphone or handset from the mounting bracket. The ON-OFF switch is located under the microphone or mouthpiece end of the handset. Press down on the side of the switch labeled PUSH ON. This places the receiver in operation.

NOTE

All power supplies except the a-c power supplies, turn on and off with the ON-OFF switch on the radiophone housing. To turn on the a-c power supply always use the ON-OFF switch on the power supply housing.

b. To Adjust Receiver Audio Volume

Turn the squelch control fully counterclockwise. On dual squelch models, turn the "PL" OFF switch to the OFF position. Adjust the volume control until the desired volume is obtained from the speaker.

c. To Adjust Squelch Control

Turn the squelch control fully counterclockwise. On dual squelch models, turn the "PL" OFF switch to the OFF position. With no signal being received, turn the squelch control clockwise until the noise just cuts out (squelches).

d. "Private-Line" Operation (dual squelch models only)

For "Private-Line" operation, place the "PL" OFF switch in the "PL" position. All non-"Private-Line" and incorrectly coded "Private-Line" signals will then be blocked from the speaker. The squelch control is inoperative when the "PL" OFF switch is in the "PL" position and does not require adjustment.

NOTE

Before transmitting, momentarily place the "PL" OFF switch in the OFF position. This enables the operator to check for a clear channel and thus avoid breaking in on the transmission of another onfrequency unit.

e. To Monitor

To monitor all on-frequency transmissions, turn the unit on and adjust the volume and squelch controls to the proper levels. On dual squelch models, the "PL" OFF switch must be OFF. To

monitor only properly coded "Private-Line" trans- fore, the button must be released at the end of a missions, the "PL" OFF switch must be in the "PL" position.

NOTE

All models feature a semi-automatic ON-OFF switch that automatically turns the radio off when the microphone or handset is replaced in its holder. Continuous monitoring of the receiver in microphone equipped models may be accomplished by placing the microphone in its holder face up. In handset equipped models, continuous monitoring is accomplished by leaving the handset out of its holder. Continuous monitoring of the receiver while the handset is in its holder can be accomplished by replacing the standard ON-OFF switch with the NLN6496A Knob Kit. The knob kit is supplied with all handset models.

f. To Transmit

Hold the mouthpiece 1 to 2 inches from lips. Press the push-to-talk button in firmly and hold it. Speak slowly and clearly across the mouthpiece in a normal-to-loud voice. Release the button to listen. The receiver becomes inoperative when the push-to-talk button is pressed, theretransmission to receive.

NOTE

Additional range may be obtained when the radiophone is placed on the hood or top of a car. This furnishes a good ground plane for the antenna.

Frequency Selection (Two-Frequency Models Only)

The rotary switch on the top of the unit may be turned to position F1 or F2 to select either of the two operating frequencies.

To Turn Off

Replacing the microphone or handset in the mounting bracket automatically turns the receiver off. If the NLN6496A Knob Kit is used with handset models, switch to the OFF position to turn the receiver off before replacing the handset.

Storage

Remove the batteries before storing the unit for a long period of time. If the radiophone is equipped with nickel-cadmium batteries, refer to the BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING SECTION for care and storage of the batteries.



Control Location Detail

ACCESSORY TABLE

MODEL	DESCRIPTION
NPN6032A	117 V AC Power Supply
NLN6268A	Shock Mount Rack
NLN6129A	Carrying Strap
NLN6262A	Carrying Bag
P-7208-A	RF Dummy Load for P21 Series Radiophone
P-7208	RF Dummy Load for P31 Series Radiophone
NLN6145A	Dummy Load Antenna for P21 Series Radiophone
NLN6040A	Dummy Load Antenna for P31 Series Radiophone
NLN6311A	Back Pack Harness complete with microphone, earpiece and volume control
NLN6312A	Back Pack Harness less microphone, earpiece and volume control
NMN6009B	Headset and Microphone
NLN6480A	Nickel-Cadmium Battery Charger (requires NKN6110A or NKN6111A Charging Cable)
NKN6110A	Battery Charging Cable (for NPN6031A Power Supply and NLN6480A Battery Charger)
NKN6111A	Battery Charging Cable (for NPN6267A Battery Kit and NLN6480A Battery Charger)
TEKA-40	Power extension cable for easy repair and/or alignment
NLN6270A	6/12 V DC Vehicular Charging Unit
NKN6074A	6 V DC Vehicular Cable for NLN6270A Charging Unit
NKN6075A	12 V DC Vehicular Cable for NLN6270A Charging Unit
NKN6076A	12 V DC Cigarette Lighter Cable for NLN6270A Charging Unit
NKN6042A	Antenna Extension Cable (20" RG-58 A/U)
NAB6101A	Long Wire Antenna 25-30 mc
NAB6102A	Long Wire Antenna 30-36 mc
NAB6103A	Long Wire Antenna 36-42 mc
NAB6104A	Long Wire Antenna 42-48 mc
NAB6105A	Long Wire Antenna 48-54 mc
NEN6048A	Test Jig for Servicing Radiophone

ACCESSORIES



Carrying Case Model NLN6262A Weather Resistant Case



Back Pack Harness
Model NLN6311A
Kit is complete with microphone, earpiece and volume control.
Model NLN6312A
Same as NLN6311A less microphone
and earpiece.



Nickel-Cadmium Battery Charger Model NLN6480A



Headset and Microphone Model NMN6009B

BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING

1. BATTERY REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE

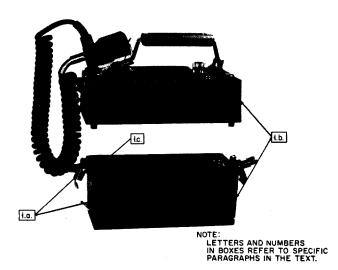


Figure 1.

To replace all types of batteries, dry or nickel-cadmium type: (Refer to Fig. 1)

- a. Unsnap the spring snap at each end of the radiophone.
- b. Pull bottom section of radio (battery section) down and away from upper section.
- c. Remove the battery compartment cover by unscrewing the 1/4 turn captive screwand lifting the cover up.
- d. To replace dry batteries, first remove the old batteries by turning the battery compartment upside down. Replace the new batteries in the compartment so the flat (negative) end of the batteries are making contact with the springs and the tip (positive) end of the batteries are making contact with the flat contact surfaces.
- e. To replace nickel-cadmium battery, proceed as follows:
- (1) Remove two screws from corners of battery.
 - (2) Lift battery out of battery compartment.

- (3) Remove three-prong plug from battery.
- (4) Insert new battery by reversing this procedure.

Fast battery replacement can be accomplished by changing the entire power supply and replacing the batteries in the used supply at some later time. Additional power supplies can be purchased as separate accessories for fast changeover.

2. DRY BATTERIES

a. General

All batteries, dry and wet, have a finite shelf life. Storing them for long periods of time reduces their closed circuit voltage and operating life. In some cases, when stored too long, dry batteries may leak electrolyte after partial use and damage the radio. Therefore, if radio equipment is to be stored for long periods of time, remove the batteries and store separately in a cool place. Never store batteries in a warm place as heat increases their chemical action and shortens life.

Shelf life of a dry battery is approximately 3-6 months. Therefore, they should be put into use within 3 months after purchase.

The batteries can be tested at the battery terminals under transmit load conditions.

The batteries should be replaced when the voltage under transmit load conditions is below 11 volts.

IMPORTANT

BATTERY VOLTAGES AND CAPACITY DECREASE MARKEDLY DURING LOW TEMPERATURE PERIODS.

b. Fuse Replacement

To replace the fuse in the battery compartment, proceed as follows:

- (1) Unsnap the spring snap at each end of the radiophone.
- (2) Pull bottom section of radio (battery section) down and away from upper section.

- (3) Remove the battery compartment cover by unscrewing the 1/4 turn captive screw and lifting the cover up.
 - (4) Remove all batteries.
- (5) Remove the screws from the battery separator and lift out.
- (6) Unsolder the pigtail fuse from the under side of the battery separator.
 - (7) Solder a new fuse in place and reassemble.

3. NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERIES

a. General

The battery comprises 11 hermetically sealed cells which are series connected to provide a nominal 14 volt output. The cells are cased, and fitted with a cable and connector.

The voltage of a nickel-cadmium battery remains approximately constant under load until the battery approaches the discharged condition. At this time, a marked decrease in this voltage occurs and the discharged condition (1.0 v per cell) is reached abruptly. These batteries should be recharged when the voltage under transmit load reaches 11.0 v.

NOTE

Battery voltage can <u>not</u> be measured at charging contacts.

b. Charging

The Motorola battery chargers and cables listed under ACCESSORIES at the front of this manual are recommended for charging these batteries. The use of other chargers will void the battery guarantee and may result in permanent damage to the batteries. Follow the charging instructions which accompany the charger.

c. Storage

The batteries may be stored at room temperature, in any state of charge without damage. These batteries are subject to self discharge however, and should be recharged after extended storage.

4. BATTERY LIFE

Under operating conditions of 10% transmit, 10% receive at rated audio output and 80% receive standby, dry batteries will give approximately the following life.

NPN1007A - Nickel-Cadmium Power Pack (one NLN6267A Battery Kit) -- 16 hours before recharging is necessary.

P21 Series

NPN1008A, NPN1009A - Standard Power Packs (one NLN6310A Battery Kit) -- Fourteen 8-hour working days, each separated by a 16-hour off period.

NPN1007A - Nickel-Cadmium Power Pack (one NLN6267A Battery Kit) -- 8 hours before recharging is necessary.

P31___ Series

NPN1008A, NPN1009A - Standard Power Packs (one NLN6310A Battery Kit) -- Six 8-hour working days, each separated by a 16-hour off period.

Note that most actual transmit duty cycles are much smaller and approach 2% rather than 10%. Also is many types of operation, the unit is not kept turned on continuously. If this type of service is prevalent, battery life may be extended to many times those mentioned previously.

THEORY OF OPERATION

1. GENERAL

The "Handie-Talkie" radiophone consists of a crystal controlled transmitter and receiver operating in the 25-54 mc frequency range. The transmitter contains an audio section and an r-f section. The audio section consists of an amplifier-limiter and an integrator stage. In P21 series models, the r-f section consists of a crystal-

controlled oscillator, a modulator, two frequency doublers, one frequency quadrupler, a driver amplifier, a power amplifier stage and a current limiter stage. In P31 series models, an additional chassis containing a power amplifier is added.

The receiver is a double-conversion, superheterodyne unit consisting of one r-f amplifier, two oscillators, two mixers, one first i-f amplifier, five second i-f amplifiers, a 455 kc filter, a limiter, discriminator, squelch amplifier, noise rectifier and two audio amplifiers. Speaker versions use a third stage of audio amplification.

Dual squelch "Private-Line" models include additional stages, some of which are shared by both the transmitter and receiver. The common stages are a "Vibrasender-sponder" circuit, tone amplifier circuits and a "Vibrasender-sponder" driver. High and low pass filters are unique to the receiver and a diode modulator is unique to the P21 series transmitter.

2. CIRCUIT THEORY

a. Transmitter

A reluctance microphone produces a low level audio output which is directly coupled to a preamplifier, Q501, which is contained in the microphone housing. The output from this stage is capacitively coupled to the amplifier-clipper stage, Q110.

The amplifier-clipper and the integrator stages are part of the "Instantaneous Deviation Control" (IDC) circuit. Since the transmitter is phase modulated, the frequency deviation is dependent upon both the amplitude and frequency of the audio signal applied to the modulator. The combination of the integrator and the phase modulator has a "flat" response since the pre-emphasis characteristic of the phase modulator is offset by the de-emphasis of the integrator. Therefore, the frequency deviation of the modulator system is only dependent upon the amplitude of the input to the integrator. The amplitude of the audio signal is limited in the amplifier-clipper stage before reaching the integrator, thereby limiting maximum deviation to a fixed value within the desired frequency range. Audio frequencies above 3000 cps are attenuated in the "splatter" filter before reaching the integrator.

Oscillator stage, Q101 (and Q201 in 2-frequency units) is a fundamental, crystal-controlled, anti-resonant oscillator circuit. It generates a radio frequency which is multiplied 16 times in the succeeding stages to produce the desired carrier frequency. A variable capacitor across the crystal permits a fine tuning adjustment (warping) for the proper operating frequency. The oscillator output is coupled to the modulator stage Q102.

RF is applied to the base and collector while audio is applied to the emitter of the modulator transistor. The internal r-f gain of transistor, Q102, is varied by the applied audio voltage. With a fixed phase shift circuit shunting the transistor and a variable phase shift through the transistor, an overall variable phase shift is obtained at the output. The variable inductance in the output of the modulator stage allows matching of the output reactance of the stage to insure minimum distortion and maximum linear deviation. Generally, phase modulators are capable of modulating with low distortion over a small phase angle. This necessitates the addition of frequency multiplier stages which increase the frequency deviation to the desired value.

Transistor frequency multipliers, or class B amplifiers, in general do not require forward biasing. Without signal drive, zero-biased class B frequency multiplier stages will not draw any emitter current. With drive present, the transistor will draw current and this current is easily monitored by measuring the d-c voltage developed across the emitter resistor. An exception to this is the first doubler stage, Q103, where since the signal input level is very low, a small amount of forward bias is supplied to increase the gain of the stage.

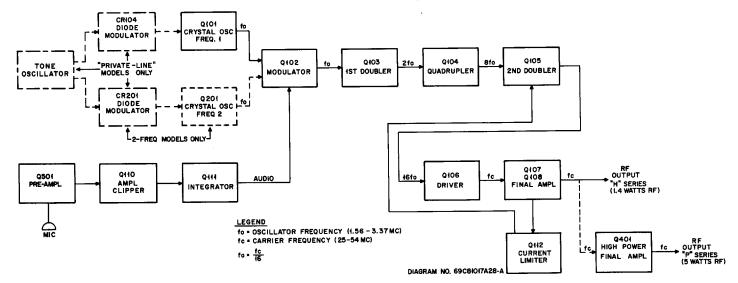
The driver, Q106, provides the proper amount of r-f voltage to drive Q107 and Q108, the power amplifier. In P21 series units, the output power from this stage is coupled directly to the antenna.

In P31 series units, Q107 and Q108 function as an intermediate power amplifier. The output from Q107 and Q108 is coupled to final power amplifier Q401. This higher output is then coupled to the antenna via the transmit-receive relay.

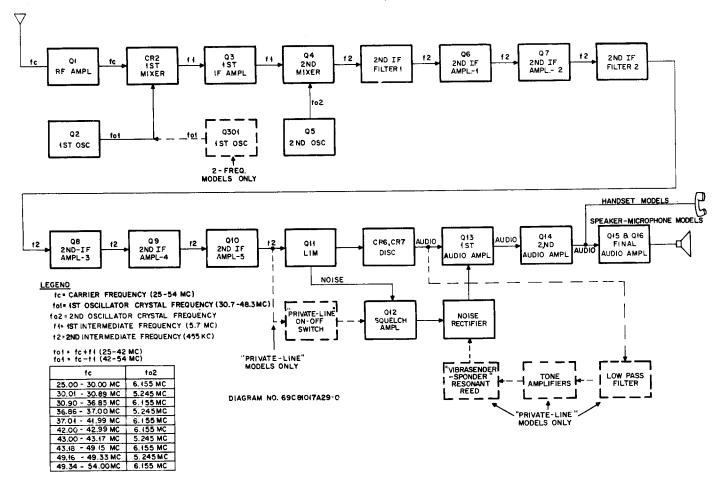
b. Receiver

The signal from the antenna is coupled to the r-f amplifier, Q1, where it is amplified before being injected into the first mixer. The oscillator Q2, is a crystal-controlled, series-resonant type. The crystal frequency is multiplied three times before being injected into the mixer. There, the incoming r-f signal and the oscillator frequency mix to produce the first intermediate frequency.

The first i-f signal is amplified in the next stage, Q3, and fed to the second mixer. The second mixer combines the first i-f signal and the output of the 2nd oscillator to produce the second i-f signal of 455 kc.



Transmitter Block Diagram



Receiver Block Diagram

The 455 kc signal is selected in the first section of the "Permakay" filter, amplified in the two following stages, Q6 and Q7, and selected again in the second section of the "Permakay" filter. The 455 kc signal is then amplified in the next three stages.

The limiter stage removes any AM noise present on the incoming signal. The discriminator translates the variations of frequency of the i-f signal to an audio frequency signal which is then coupled to the first audio amplifier.

Squelch action is provided by taking the noise produced at the supply voltage decoupling point of the limiter, removing the residual 455 kc signal, amplifying that portion of the noise above the normal voice frequency range, rectifying this noise and applying it as positive bias to the base of the audio output stage. When the receiver is not quieted (in the absence of an r-f carrier), this bias cuts off the audio output stage and eliminates the speaker noise. The degree of squelch action is regulated by a potentiometer.

The audio section consists of two low power amplifier stages in series where the recovered audio is amplified to 3 milliwatts. These two stages are directly coupled so that when the first stage is back biased by the squelch rectifier circuit, the second stage is also turned off. The output of the second stage is coupled to the handset earpiece and provides 3 milliwatts of audio power.

In versions using a speaker, the audio output of the second stage is coupled to a power stage which amplifies the audio signal to 500 milliwatts.

c. <u>Dual Squelch "Private-Line" Transmitters</u> And Receivers

The controlling element in the "Private-Line" circuit is the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit. The

unit acts similar to a control crystal in an oscillator stage. When the transmitter is keyed a resonant reed inside the unit vibrates at a predetermined frequency. The resulting tone is then amplified in tone amplifiers which raise the signal to the proper level to drive the diode modulator, CR104. The diode modulator varies the first oscillator frequency at the tone frequency rate. Modulation is accomplished by varying the effective resistance of the modulator diode. This in turn, varies the effective reactance of a capacitor in parallel with the crystal which modulates the oscillator frequency.

In the receive mode of operation with the "Private-Line" switch in the OFF position, the squelch circuit detects noise on the receiver channel. This noise is amplified in the squelch amplifier and rectified. The resulting current overcomes the forward bias to turn off the 1st audio transistor. Moving the "Private-Line" switch to the ON position changes the bias on the 1st audio transistor to a condition where it is biased off. The normal squelch circuitry now has no effect for it can only bias the transistor off further.

When a properly coded "Private-Line" carrier comes on the air, the tone signal is sent to the "Private-Line" circuitry where it is amplified by the three transistor stages which drive the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit. The contacts in this reed will then close and a negative d-c voltage is sent to the 1st audio transistor where it is used to bias this transistor to a conducting condition, unsquelching the audio amplifiers.

This receiver makes use of two separate and distinct squelch circuits, i.e., tone-coded squelch and noise squelch. On dual squelch receivers, when the incoming signal is properly tone-coded, the squelch sensitivity is never greater than the tone-coded squelch sensitivity.

MAINTENANCE

1. TEST EQUIPMENT

All the required test equipment for aligning and testing the "Handie-Talkie" FM

radiophone is listed in the following TEST EQUIPMENT CHART. The listed items or their equivalents may be used.

TEST EQUIPMENT CHART

EQUIPMENT	USED FOR
Motorola DC Multimeter with r-f probe.	All d-c and r-f measurements. Monitoring the input current when external power supply is used.
Motorola AC Voltmeter FM signal generator - Motorola T1034C Signal Generator.	All a-c signal measurements. Alignment of all r-f and first i-f stages, 20 db quieting sensitivity measurements.
455 kc crystal-controlled oscillator - Motorola S1056A-9A or TU546 Series Test Set with 455 kc crystal.	Alignment of 455 kc i-f limiter and discriminator stages.
Audio generator - Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Generator, 1000 cps.	IDC Adjustment
Oscilloscope - Motorola T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope or Motorola T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope.	IDC Adjustment
Motorola Model P-7208 or P-7208-A RF Dum- my Load and a field strength meter.	All r-f output power measurements.
Motorola NLN6252A Alignment Tool (supplied with the radiophone)	Adjusting the variable capacitors and tuning coil slugs.
DC power supply capable of supplying -14 v d-c at 1.5 amperes (optional) Motorola TEK-23 Power Supply.	Supplying d-c power to the unit during extended servicing.
Motorola Model TEKA-40 Power Extension Cable.	Connecting batteries to radio for servicing.
Motorola NEN6048A Test Jig	Holding the radiophone for alignment or testing.

2. TEST PROCEDURE

When a radiophone requires servicing, use the following procedures to localize the fault.

a. Check Batteries

The first step in localizing the trouble is to check the battery voltage under load. With the transmitter turned on (keyed), check the battery voltage. A convenient way to do this is to separate the battery compartment and radio compartment. Using the TEKA-40 Power Extension Cable (or equivalent), connect the batteries to the radio.

CAUTION

Do not key transmitter unless antenna, dummy load, or equivalent is connected to the antenna receptacle.

Place the voltmeter ground lead on a convenient ground and measure the voltage at the transmitter A- input while the transmitter is keyed. The measured loaded voltage should be not less then 11 volts for either the dry or nickel-cadmium batteries. Even though the transmitter may operate at this lower voltage, its operation would be marginal and for only a short additional period of time. The recommended procedure is to replace, or recharge, the batteries if the voltage

RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT



S1059A Test Set



P-7208 for P31 Series Units P-7208-A for P21 Series Units RF Dummy Load



DC Multimeter



Transistorized AC Voltmeter



TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Generator



T1034C Signal Generator



T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope



T1014C Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope



NLN6252A Tuning Tool



NLN6145A for P21 Series Units NLD6060A for P31 Series Units Dummy Load Antenna

is below 11 volts under load. Refer to the BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING section of this manual for additional information.

NOTE

Only the nickel-cadmium batteries are rechargeable.

b. Check Overall Transmitter Operation

If the battery voltage is sufficient, check the overall performance of the transmitter. A good overall check of the transmitter is the r-fpower output measurement. This one check indicates the proper operation of all the transmitter stages (oscillator, frequency multipliers, drivers and final amplifier) with the exception of the modulator and audio circuitry. A P31 series transmitter, when properly tuned and operating at 13.5 v d-c, will produce 5.0 w r-f output into a 50-ohm load. A P21 series transmitter, when properly tuned and operating at 14.0 v d-c, will produce 1.4 w r-f output into a 50-ohm load. It may be necessary to retune the output circuits slightly to match the 50-ohm load. This measurement should be made using a 50-ohm wattmeter connected to one end of the 50-ohm test cable with the other end connected to the antenna receptacle.

For further details, refer to the Transmitter Alignment Procedure. If the power output is less than indicated in the chart, further checking is required. Refer to paragraph 5. TRANSMITTER SERVICE NOTES.

c. Check Overall Receiver Operation

(1) 20 DB Quieting Sensitivity Check

A good overall check of the receiver operation is the 20 db quieting sensitivity measurement. This check will indicate that the receiver has sufficient gain and that all the included circuitry is working properly. The quieting signal is that r-f signal input necessary to reduce the audio output at the speaker by 20 decibels. The measurement should be made in the absence of extraneous signals. Since the receiver squelch circuitry reduces the noise at the speaker, the squelch control should be set for maximum noise while making this measurement.

The actual measurement is made by observing the noise voltage at the microphone connector on an a-c voltmeter with no r-f signal received at the antenna.

NOTE

On handset models not incorporating a speaker, a 120-ohm resistor must be connected across the a-c voltmeter terminals.

Sufficient carrier signal from a recommended signal generator is then introduced via the antenna receptacle to reduce the noise output voltage to 1/10 of the previous reading. If all circuitry is operating properly, the quieting signal should be 0.35 microvolts or less. Refer to the Alignment Procedure.

(2) Squelch Check

With no r-f input signal, set the squelch control until the speaker noise just cuts out (threshold squelch). Sufficient carrier signal from a recommended signal generator is then introduced until speaker noise is just heard. The signal level at which the squelch begins to open should be less than one-half the 20 db quieting sensitivity voltage measured in subparagraph (1).

(3) Audio Check

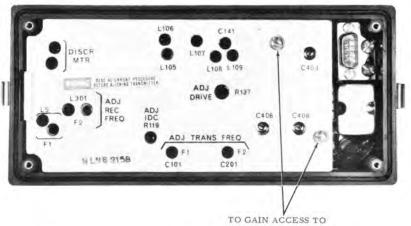
The last check to be made is the audio check. This procedure will test the audio circuits exclusive of the squelch circuitry. Refer to the AUDIO AMPLIFIER MEASUREMENTS CHART, which appears later in this manual, for typical measurements and procedures.

3. DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

(Refer to Figures 2-4)

To gain access to the transmitter and receiver printed circuit boards, proceed as follows:

- a. Remove the battery compartment as described in the BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING SECTION.
- b. Turn the radiophone upside down and loosen the two captive cover screws.
- c. Lift the radio compartment cover up.
- d. The transmitter and receiver printed circuit boards are now accessible. They may be lifted up and out for access to the component side.
- e. Access to the power amplifier (P31 series only) is accomplished by loosening two additional captive mounting screws.



TO GAIN ACCESS TO COMPONENT SIDE OF CHASSIS, REMOVE SCREWS

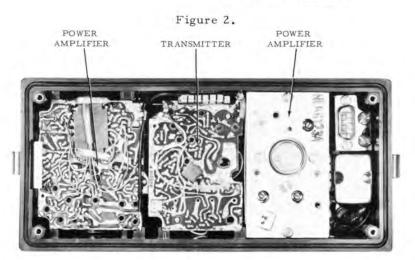


Figure 3.

Figure 4.

NOTE

To aid circuit tracing, the components side of the circuit board is screened in the pattern of the etched circuitry. This paint does not conduct and has no electrical function.

4. RECEIVER STAGE ANALYSIS

The information contained in the following paragraphs will aid the serviceman in localizing the trouble to a particular stage.

a. Test Points

The test points on the printed circuitry are color coded for easy location. The locations of these test points may be seen on the alignment chart, the schematic diagram, and the wiring diagrams at the back of this manual.

b. Stage Measurements Charts

In addition to the 20 db quieting sensitivity measurement, all stage gain measurements can be checked against those shown in the following AUDIO AMPLIFIER MEASUREMENTS CHART and RF AND IF STAGE MEASUREMENTS CHART.

AUDIO AMPLIFIER MEASUREMENTS CHART

NOTES

- Remove the GRN-RED lead from test point M4.
- 2. Connect an audio oscillator capable of generating 1000 cps, to this GRN-RED lead with a 47K ohm resistor in series.
- 3. Set the frequency and voltage according to the chart below. The input voltage is measured at the junction of the 47K ohm resistor and GRN-RED lead.
- 4. The output readings are referenced to ground unless otherwise indicated and are taken with a Motorola transistorized a-c voltmeter, or equivalent.
- 5. All measurements made with -14.0 volts d-c input.

FREQUENCY	VOLTS INPUT	INPUT TO	OUTPUT AT	READING	REMARKS
			Base of Q13	-41 dbm (0.007 v)	Volume control
			Collector of Q13	-9 dbm (0.28 v)	set at maximum
			Base of Q14	-21 dbm (0.07 v)	
1000 cps	ps . 02 GR (-32 lea		Collector of Q14	+17 dbm (5.6 v)	Volume control set at maximum.
	dbm)	of volume control)	Bases of Q15 and Q16	+17 dbm (5.6 v)	Spkr-mic & Spkr- handset models only
			Emitters of Q15 and Q16	+16 dbm (5.0 v)	Spkr-mic & Spkr- handset models only
			Collector of Q14	+10 dbm (2.4 v)	Handset models only. Volume
			Secondary of transformer (T3)	-2 dbm (0.6 v)	control set at maximum. A 120 ohm resistor connected from pin 4 to pin 1 of the mic receptacle.

RF AND IF STAGE MEASUREMENTS CHART

NOTES

- 1. Output readings taken with a Motorola Transistorized AC Voltmeter, or equivalent.
- 2. The carrier frequency is injected at the antenna receptacle using an adapter cable coupled to a Motorola Model T1034C Signal Generator, or equivalent.
- 3. The 1st i-f signal is injected at the points indicated in the chart using a 50 ohm coaxial cable and a series connected .02 uf capacitor.
- 4. All readings taken with -14.0 volts d-c input.

FREQUENCY	UV INPUT	PROCEDURE	OUTPUT AT	READING (NOTE 1)
-	Noise	-	output of 2nd sec- tion of 455 kc filter	-55 dbm (0.0014 v)
	Noise	-	Base of Q10 (M2)	-5 dbm (0.44 v)
-	Noise	-	Base of Q11 (M3)	-10 dbm (0.245 v)
-	Noise	(Short collector of Q1 to collector coil ground with .002 uf capacitor)	Base of Q8 (M1)	-59 dbm (0.0009 v)
•	Noise	(Short collector of Q3 to ground with .02 uf capacitor)	output of 2nd section of 455 kc filter	-70 dbm (0.00025 v)
Carrier	3	Connect input to exter- nal antenna connector	output of 2nd sec- tion of 455 kc filter	-30 dbm (0.025 v)
Carrier	3	Connect input to exter- nal antenna connector	Input to second section of 455 kc filter	-25 dbm (0.045 v)
Carrier 20		Connect input to external antenna connector	Output of 1st section of 455 kc filter	-50 dbm (0.0025 v)
5.7 mc	3	Connect input to top of T3 (primary)	output of 2nd sec- tion of 455 kc filter	-40 dbm (0.0077 v)
5.7 mc	10,000	Connect input to top of T5 (primary)	output of 2nd sec- tion of 455 kc filter	-30 dbm (0.025 v)

5. TRANSMITTER SERVICE NOTES

The following information will aid the serviceman in troubleshooting the radiophone transmitter.

CAUTION

Do not key transmitter unless antenna, dummy load or equivalent is connected to the antenna receptacle.

a. Metering Points

The test points on the printed circuit board are supplied for ease in checking. These points are indicated on the schematic diagram, wiring diagrams, and the photograph on the Alignment Procedure. The chart on the Alignment Procedure provides nominal voltage readings corresponding to these test points for a fully tuned transmitter with -14 volts d-c input.

b. DC Voltage Measurements

If the r-f power output is lower than normal for a fully tuned transmitter, the d-c voltages on the printed circuit board should be checked. These voltages should all be referenced to ground.

CAUTION

When checking a transistor, either in or out of the circuit, do not use an ohmmeter having more than 1.5 volts d-cappearing across the test leads.

The transistor is a dependable component and is not subjected to replacement as frequently as tubes. Therefore, the serviceman is cautioned not to replace transistors before a thorough check is made. The transistor terminal voltages should be checked first. If these voltages are not reasonably close to those specified, the associated components should be checked. A low impedance meter should not be used for measurement. If all d-c voltages are correct, the signal should be traced through the circuit to show any possibility of breaks in the signal path.

c. RF Signal Tracing

An r-f probe attachment for a d-c multimeter may be used to good advantage in checking the radiophone transmitter. The presence of r-f can be checked throughout the r-f circuitry for continuity of signal path. This would include the oscillator, modulator, frequency multipliers, and the driver and final amplifier. Following the heavy signal flow line through the r-f stages, as

indicated on the schematic diagram, is recommended.

d. Frequency Multipliers

Transistor frequency multipliers, or class B amplifiers in general, do not require forward biasing. Without signal drive, a zero-biased, class B frequency multiplier stage will not draw any emitter current. With drive present, the transistor will draw current and this current is monitored best by measuring the d-c voltage developed across the emitter resistor. In the transmitter, these checks are made using test points M1 and M2. The 1st doubler stageQ103 operates at a very low signal level. Therefore, a small amount of forward bias is supplied to increase the gain of this stage.

e. Driver and Final Amplifiers

When tuning up the driver, the intermediate power amplifiers and the final amplifiers, it may be necessary to retune previously tuned circuits. This includes coils L107, L108, L109 and capacitor C141, (all models) C403, C406 and C408 (P31 series only). All these components interact to some extent. By using care in tuning these stages, rated power output will be obtained with minimum current drain.

f. Audio Circuits

If the transmitter does not modulate properly, the audio circuits should be checked to make sure that the audio modulating voltage is reaching the modulator. The audio circuit is a transistorized version of the Motorola audio and IDC circuit. External audio test signals can be coupled into the amplifier-clipper stage, Q110, through a 0.1 microfarad capacitor. In this manner, the audio circuitry can be signal traced.

The IDC control is a printed circuit potentiometer. Care should be taken when setting this control for the proper deviation.

CAUTION

Do <u>not</u> use a sharp metallic tool to adjust the IDC control. This may result in damage to the carbon track which could alter the resistance of the control.

6. REPAIR

The information contained in the following paragraphs will aid the serviceman in repairing the "Handie-Talkie" FM radiophone.

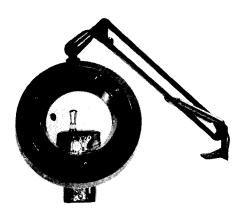
a. Construction

The various stages of the receiver and transmitter are built on printed circuit boards. The power amplifier is built on a standard metal chassis. These printed circuit boards and chassis mount and interconnect the components which comprise the radiophone. The boards may be easily removed from the housing for servicing. Refer to the paragraph on disassembly procedure. Components may be located by referring to the wiring diagrams and the parts location details at the back of this manual.

Do not apply the soldering iron repeatedly to the same spot in the printed circuit board as this will break down the plating. If a break exists in a printed circuit, it can be repaired by the addition of a jumper across the break. If a printed circuit should be damaged, refer to the TEK-4 Printed Circuit Repair Kit instruction manual for information on printed circuit repair practices.

b. Servicing Aids

Motorola has available several items which can be used to aid in parts replacement and repair of the printed circuit board.



TEKA-12 Magnifying Glass & Built-In Light Source

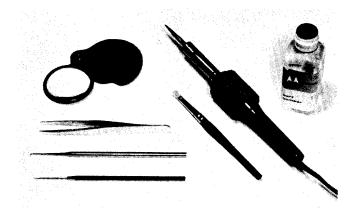
(1) Magnifying Glass

Miniaturization requires precision work both in manufacture and in field service. Ade-

quate concentration of light and magnification are aids to service by enabling a visual examination of connections and miniature parts. The TEKA-27 or TEKA-12 Magnifying Glass & Built-In Light Sources are most satisfactory devices for use in servicing miniature equipment in the shop. This large illuminated magnifying glass makes it easy to see any portion of the small components found on the printed circuit board. Refer to the accompanying illustration.

(2) Printed Circuit Repair Kit

The TEK-4A Printed Circuit Repair Kit supplies nost of the basic tools needed for work on printed circuitry and miniature components. Refer to the accompanying illustration.



TEK-4A Printed Circuit Repair Kit

NOTE

The needle point tiplet for the soldering element may be filed to an even finer point to avoid damaging the closely knit printed circuitry.

c. Alignment Notes

If any element in a tunable stage is replaced or repaired, the associated stage should be aligned along with the stage that precedes and follows it. The alignment information is contained on the Alignment Procedure sheet toward the back of this manual. Refer to the Alignment Procedure sheet when a crystal is replaced or a new carrier frequency is required.

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

- 1. Motorola NLN6252A Alignment Tool (supplied) or equivalent.
- 2. Motorola DC Multimeter with r-f probe or equivalent.
- 3. RF Wattmeter (50-ohm impedance).
- 4. Motorola TEK-23 Power Supply or equivalent.
- 5. Motorola Model T1100A Series FM Station Monitor or equivalent.
- 6. Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Oscillator or equivalent.
- 7. Motorola T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope or Model T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope or equivalent.

NOMINAL VOLTAGE READINGS

The following readings apply to a fully tuned transmitter with -13.5 v d-c input.

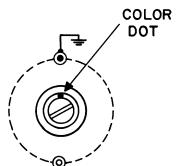
METER POINT	M1 BRN	M2 RED
READING (V DC)	-1.7	-2.5

PRELIMINARY SET-UP FOR TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

- 1. Remove the cover from the radio section of the unit.
- 2. When aligning a two-frequency unit, align on the primary or higher of the two frequencies.
- 3. The d-c multimeter ground lead should be connected to a convenient ground.
- 4. For complete alignment, the battery should be removed and a 15 volt d-c power supply and ammeter connected to the battery plug. All tuning slugs except L101 should be unscrewed so they protrude 1/8 inch above the printed circuit board.
- 5. Remove the antenna by unscrewing it from the receptacle. Connect a wattmeter to the external antenna receptacle.
- 6. Tuning capacitors on power amplifier should be set as shown in the photograph.
- 7. The drive adjustment, R137, should be set for minimum resistance (fully clockwise).

FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS

where: f_0 = oscillator frequency and f_c = carrier frequency

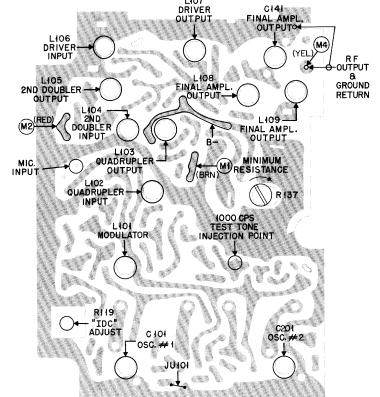


AEPD-8291-0

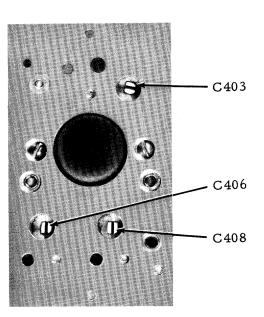
CAPACITOR DETAIL

NOTE

To adjust C141, C101 or C201 for maximum capacity, turn screwdriver slot so color dot is nearest the grounded side of the capacitor housing.



METERING AND ALIGNMENT POINTS



AEPD-8876-O

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT & COLOR	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1				Key the transmitter and adjust the power supply voltage to -12 volts d-c.
2	DC multimeter	M1(BRN)	L102 lst Doubler	Adjust L102 for a maximum reading. This circuit is tuned to twice the crystal frequency.
3	DC multimeter	M2 (RED)	L103 L104 Quadrupler	QUADRUPLER: NOTE - When aligning the Quadrupler coil L103 in the 30-42 mc and the 42-54 mc band, it is possible to tune the coil to the incorrect harmonic at the upper and lower ends of the frequency range. Place the multimeter probe on meter point M2. At 30 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 42 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 4th peak At 33 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 45 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 3rd peak At 36 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 48 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 2nd peak At 42 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 54 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 1st peak At a frequency between those given above, tune to the peak(s) for the next higher frequency, for example: at 50 mc tune to 1st real peak. (If no peaks are obtained, turn the slug of L104 into the coil about 1/8".) Adjust L104 for a maximum reading.
4	DC multimeter	M2 (RED)	L105 2nd Doubler	Adjust L105 for a minimum reading. This circuit is tuned to 16 times the crystal frequency.
5	RF probe	M4	C141, L105, L106	Adjust C141 for maximum output. (If no reading can be obtained, tune L106 for a maximum reading and readjust C141.) Peak L105 and L106 for a maximum reading.
6	RF probe	M4	L107, L108, L109	Adjust L107, L108, L109 for a maximum reading. (If L108 and L109 cannot be adjusted for such a reading turn the slugs of each coil into the form about 1/8", and readjust them.)
7	RF wattmeter		C406, C408, C403	Adjust C406, C408 and C403, in that order for maximum power output.
8	RF wattmeter		L106, L107, L108, C141, C403, C406,	Replace the cover plate and repeak L106, L107, L108, C141, C403, C406 and C408 for maximum power output

C408

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE (CONT'D)

STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT & COLOR	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
9	RF wattmeter		L108, L109, C403, C406, C408	Increase the power supply voltage to -13.5 volts d-c and adjust L108, L109, C403, C406, and C408 for 5.0 watts output while minimizing current. NOTE: For optimum performance, adjust C408 for proper current while peaking C406 for power output. Once proper power and current levels are reached, do not repeak C408. DO NOT EXCEED 900 MA TOTAL CURRENT DRAIN INCLUDING RELAY CURRENT.
10	RF wattmeter		L108, L109, C403, C406, C408, R137	If current drain exceeds 900 ma total, decrease current by rotating drive adjusting resistor, R137, and repeating STEP 9.
11				OSCILLATOR: C101 is preset to the assigned frequency at the factory. Do not readjust unless the crystal is replaced or the setting was accidentally changed.
				If it is necessary to readjust C101, set up the frequency monitor for frequency measurement and replace the cover plate on the unit and tighten securely. Adjust C101 for zero reading on the monitor CARRIER FREQUENCY meter. IMPORTANT - When the cover plate is attached the frequency may shift; therefore, always set the carrier frequency on the frequency monitor with the cover plate attached.
				TWO-FREQUENCY TRANSMITTERS ONLY OSCILLATOR NO. 2: Use the same procedure as above, substituting C201 for C101.
12			L101	DEVIATION CHECK: See "IDC" ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE on the reverse side of this chart.
13				ANTENNA PEAKING: Completely assemble unit Perform the antenna peaking procedure while connected to an external power supply set for 14.0 v d-c. Each power supply lead must be isolated by an r-f choke (Motorola Part No. 24C83961B01) at the radio. Connect the loading coil and antenna to the antenna receptacle and turn the core in the antenna loading coil clockwise until it is stopped. Slowly adjust the core in the loading coil counterclockwise until a peak is reached on the field strength meter.

Model NTB6060 Series Transmitter Alignment Procedure Motorola No. EPD-8878-D 9/23/66-AP

"IDC" ADJUSTMENT (PREFERRED METHOD USING OSCILLOSCOPE)

1. INTRODUCTION

Accuracy of test equipment is of prime importance to any user of radio communications equipment; but of equal importance is a knowledge of the characteristics of the measuring equipment under various conditions. The Motorola Model T1100A Series FM Station Monitor is the leader in the field with respect to sensitivity, accuracy under conditions of variation in r-f signal level line voltage, and other environmental conditions. In common with most other meters, however, they have the characteristic of responding differently to different wave shapes. Therefore, the use of most present-day deviation meters can lead to confusion and errors in deviation setting, if the pitfalls are unknown or disregarded.

The "ideal" deviation indicator would be one which would respond instantaneously to the peak value of the modulation deviation, regardless of waveform. The only device which meets all these requirements is an oscilloscope. It responds instantaneously, and it shows the peak value of any waveform, no matter how complex. Properly calibrated, an oscilloscope is the most accurate and reliable means for measuring and setting transmitter deviation.

The oscilloscope must be used in conjunction with a receiver which has a stable discriminator characteristic, since the oscilloscope displays the demodulated signal. In addition to the oscilloscope a receiver and a means to accurately calibrate the system is required. The Motorola monitors fill these requirements, since they provide both a sensitive receiver with the proper discriminator characteristic and a reliable means of calibrating the oscilloscope. They have convenient terminals on the front panel for connection of the oscilloscope. Furthermore, the Motorola FM Station Monitor is provided with two modulation meter scales, 0-20 kc for wide-band systems, and 0-10 kc for split-

Split-channel conversion kits are available for modification of older models, so that they too are provided with convenient oscilloscope terminals and can be more accurate measurement devices for such systems.

2. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- a. Motorola T1100A Series FM Station Monitor (or equivalent)
- b. Motorola Transistorized AC Voltmeter (or equivalent)
- c. Motorola Model TEK-lA Transistorized Tone Generator, 400 & 1000 cps (or equivalent)
- d. Motorola Model T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope, Motorola Model T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope (or equivalent)
- e. Motorola Model S1056A-9A or TU546 Series Portable Test Set (or equivalent) for "Private-Line" models only

3. OSCILLOSCOPE CALIBRATION

20

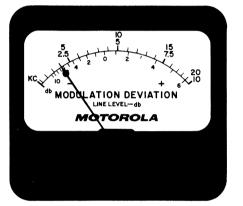
The first step in the measurement of transmitter deviation is to calibrate the oscilloscope. This can be done by using the transmitter which is to be measured. A "Private-Line" unit can be used for this purpose if the tone oscillator is disabled by removal of the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit. This is necessary since the "Private-Line" tone contributes to the maximum deviation.

25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Radiophone IDC Adjustment Procedure Motorola No. EPD-9994-O

9/23/66-AP

Proceed as follows:

- a. The oscilloscope should be connected to the monitor oscilloscope terminals, and the monitor controls should be set up in accordance with the monitor instruction manuls.
- b. Turn the IDC control on the transmitter chassis to the full clockwise position.
- c. Feed a 1000 cps test tone into pin 2 of the microphone input jack (base of the amplifier-clipper stage Q110 in the IDC circuit). A 0.33 uf capacitor should be placed in series with the tone generator output. Modulate the transmitter with this tone so adjusted that the deviation as read on the FM monitor deviation meter is 2 kc (6 kc in a wide-band system). An audio oscillator must be used for generation of this tone. since a sinusoidal waveform is very important. The Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Generator is excellent for this purpose.
- d. Adjust the vertical gain of the oscilloscope so that the total recovered audio pattern occupies some convenient height, e.g., four small squares. (12 squares in a wide-band system.) The splitchannel indication is shown in figure 1.



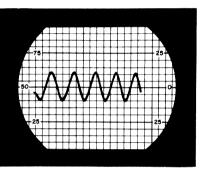


Figure 1. Oscilloscope Calibration for Split-Channel Transmitter

Having calibrated the oscilloscope, there is no further need for the modulation deviation meter and its reading should be ignored from this point on. It has already performed its important function of calibrating the oscilloscope.

With the oscilloscope calibrated as indicated, a recovered signal which occupies 10 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to ±5 kc deviation. For wide-band systems, a recovered signal occupying 30 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to ±15 kc deviation.

4. MEASUREMENT AND SETTING OF TRANSMITTER DEVIATION

a. Models for Carrier Squelch Application

Once the oscilloscope has been calibrated the transmitter deviation can be properly adjusted by the following method:

(1) Adjust the 1000 cps input signal to 1.5 volt. This should drive the IDC circuit into full clip See Figure 2.

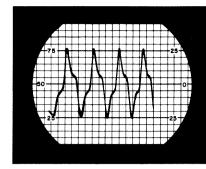


Figure 2. 5 KC Peak Deviation as seen on the Oscilloscope (NOTE: Waveform is clipped fully)

- (2) With this input signal level adjust the IDC control on the transmitter to provide a peak-topeak recovered signal on the oscilloscope of 10 squares, which is equivalent to ±5 kc deviation as shown in figure 2. A wide-band system should be adjusted for 30 squares (±15 kc). If the waveform under the above conditions does not resemble the waveform shown in figure 2 adjust L101 until a symmetrical waveform is obtained. Re-adjust the IDC control.
- (3) Reduce 1000 cps input to 0.3 volt. Essentially full deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full deviation may indicate a weak audio transistor or other lack of audio gain.

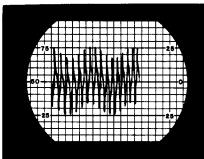
b. "Private-Line" Models

- (1) Remove "Vibrasender-sponder" resonant reed from its socket.
- (2) Adjust the 1000 cps input signal to 1.5 volts. This should drive the IDC circuit into full clip. See Figure 2.
- (3) With this input signal level adjust the IDC control on the transmitter to provide a peak-topeak recovered signal on the oscilloscope of 10 squares, which is equivalent to ±5 kc deviation as shown in figure 2. If the waveform under the above conditions does not resemble the waveform shown in figure 2, adjust L101 until a symmetrical waveform is obtained. Re-adjust the IDC control.
- (4) Reduce 1000 cps input to 0.3 volt. Essentially full deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full deviation may indicate a weak audio transistor or other lack of audio
 - (5) Remove the 1000 cps tone signal. Insert the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit in its socket.
- (6) Check the "Private-Line" tone deviation. This may be read directly from the oscilloscope by pressing the transmitter on switch on the test set. The tone deviation should be 0.5 to 1 kc.

If the tone deviation is less than 0.5 kc with jumper JUl on position 2 (see circuit board diagram), move the jumper to position 3. If the deviation is greater than 1.0 kc. move the jumper to position 1M for the 30-42 mc band or 1H for the 42-54 mc band. Always choose the jumper position which produces a tone deviation between 0.5 and 1.0 kc.

Due to a slight increase in discriminator response at the lower frequencies, the oscilloscope will read high, thus, an indication of 1.4 to 2.8 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to 0.5 to 1 kc. This slight variation is only important when checking tone deviation. When setting maximum transmitter deviation as described in the following paragraphs, it may be ignored.

- (7) Apply a 1000 cps test tone to pin 2 of the microphone input jack (base of the amplifier-clipper stage Q110). Place a 0.33 uf capacitor in series with the tone generator output.
- (8) Adjust the 1000 cps input signal level for 1 volt and note the resultant combined deviation of the 1000 cps modulation and tone signal modulation on the oscilloscope.
- (9) The IDC control on the transmitter should be adjusted to provide a peak-to-peak combined signal of 10 squares, equivalent to full 5 kc as shown in figure 3.



Figuré 3.

5 KC Peak Deviation for Combined PL Tone and
1000 CPS Modulation

(10) Reduce the 1000 cps input to 0.35 volt. Essentially full combined 1000 cps tone and "Private-Line" tone deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full combined deviation may indicate a defective transistor or other lack of audio gain.

5. EMERGENCY MEASUREMENT OF DEVIATION

If an audio oscillator is not available, a loud sustained whistle of approximately 1000 cycles can be used for a rough measurement of deviation. If this rough check indicates the need for resetting deviation, do so only under controlled conditions, using a 1000 cps tone as previously indicated. The calibration of the oscilloscope should always be performed with a steady controlled signal. Do not attempt to calibrate the oscilloscope with a sustained whistle as waveform distortion will prevent an accurate calibration.

6. OTHER MEANS FOR MEASUREMENT OF DEVIATION

Another accurate means of measuring transmitter deviation is to use the Motorola T1020A Portable Frequency and Deviation Meter. This unit, properly used, permits the accurate measurement and setting of transmitter deviation from a peak-reading meter which is unaffected by waveform. An oscilloscope is not required with this instrument. With this device, the transmitter deviation can be measured accurately even with voice modulation.

7. MICROPHONE LEVELS

If the modulation level in the system still appears to be too low after setting deviation as indicated above, check the microphone and audio amplifier.

The foregoing procedure will insure that the transmitter will comply with FCC requirements for maximum deviation.

The importance of the correct deviation setting can not be overemphasized. Optimum system performance demands accurate deviation setting, both from the standpoint that over deviation will interfere with the user on the adjacent channel, and underdeviation may reduce system range.

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

- 1. Motorola NLN6252A Alignment Tool (supplied) or equivalent.
- 2. Motorola DC Multimeter with r-f probe or equivalent.
- 3. RF Wattmeter (50-ohm impedance).
- 4. Motorola TEK-23 Power Supply or equivalent.
- 5. Motorola Model T1100A Series FM Station Monitor or equivalent.
- 6. Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Oscillator or equivalent.
- 7. Motorola T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope or Model T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope or equivalent.

NOMINAL VOLTAGE READINGS

NOTE

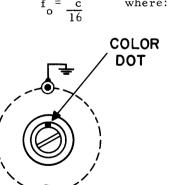
The following readings apply to a fully tuned transmitter with -14 v d-c input.

METER POINT	M1 BRN	M2 RED
READING (V DC)	-1.7	-2.5

PRELIMINARY SET-UP FOR TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

- 1. Remove the cover from the radio section of the unit.
- 2. When aligning a two-frequency unit, align on the primary or higher of the two frequencies.
- 3. The d-c multimeter ground lead should be connected to a convenient ground.
- 4. For complete alignment, the battery should be removed and a 15 volt d-c power supply and ammeter connected to the battery plug. All tuning slugs except L101 should be unscrewed so they protrude 1/8 inch above the printed circuit board.
- 5. Remove the antenna by unscrewing it from the receptacle. Connect a wattmeter to the external antenna receptacle.

FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS



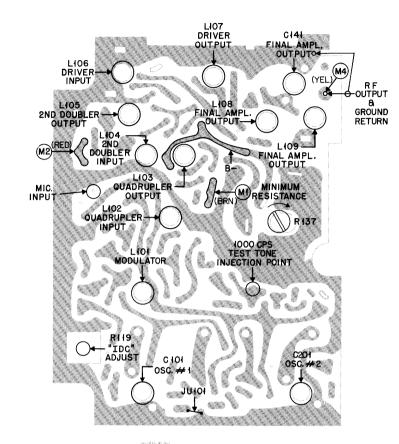
MOTE

f = oscillator frequency and f = carrier frequency

To adjust C141, C101 or C201 for maximum capacity, turn screw-driver slot so color dot is nearest the grounded side of the capacitor housing.

AEPD-8291-0

CAPACITOR DETAIL



OL-DEPD-8839-8

METERING AND ALIGNMENT POINTS

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

			I	
STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT & COLOR	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1				Key the transmitter and adjust the power supply voltage to -12 volts d-c.
2	DC multimeter	M1 (BRN)	L102 lst Doubler	Adjust L102 for a maximum reading. This circuit is tuned to twice the crystal frequency.
3	DC multimeter	M2 (RED)	L103 L104 Quadrupler	QUADRUPLER: NOTE - When aligning the Quadrupler coil L103 in the 30-42 mc and the 42-54 mc band, it is possible to tune the coil to the incorrect harmonic at the upper and lower ends of the frequency range. Place the multimeter probe on meter point M2. At 30 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 42 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 4th peak At 33 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 45 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 3rd peak At 36 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 48 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 2nd peak At 42 mc in the 30-42 mc (M) band, or 54 mc in the 42-54 mc (H) band tune to 1st peak At a frequency between those given above, tune to the peak(s) for the next higher frequency, for example; at 50 mc tune to 1st real peak. (If no peaks are obtained, turn the slug of L104 into the coil about 1/8".) Adjust L104 for a maximum reading.
4	DC multimeter	M2 (RED)	L105 2nd Doubler	Adjust L105 for a minimum reading. This circuit is tuned to 16 times the crystal frequency.
5	RF wattmeter		C141, L105, L106	Adjust C141 for maximum output. (If no reading can be obtained, tune L106 for a maximum reading and readjust C141.) Peak L105 and L106 for a maximum reading.
6	RF wattmeter		L107, L108, L109	Adjust L107, L108, L109 for a maximum reading. (If L108 and L109 cannot be adjusted for such a reading turn the slugs of each coil into the form about 1/8", and readjust them.)
7			L108, L109	Increase the power supply voltage to -14 v d-c and adjust L108 and L109 for a maximum reading.
8			100 time time time	Replace the cover plate and repeat Step 6.
9				ANTENNA PEAKING: Completely assemble unit. Perform the antenna peaking procedure while connected to an external power supply set for 14.0 v d-c. Each power supply lead must be isolated by an r-f choke (Motorola Part No. 24C83961B01) at the radio. Connect the loading coil and antenna to the antenna receptacle and turn the core in the antenna loading coil clockwise until it is stopped. Slowly adjust the core in the loading coil counterclockwise until a peak is reached on the field strength meter.
10				OSCILLATOR: C101 is preset to the assigned frequency at the factory. Do not readjust unless the crystal is replaced or the setting was accidentally changed. If it is necessary to readjust C101, set up the frequency monitor for frequency measurement and replace the cover plate on the unit and tighten securely. Adjust C101 for zero reading on the monitor CARRIER FREQUENCY meter. Replace the back cover on the transmitter unit and tighten securely. IMPORTANT - When the cover plate is attached, the frequency may shift; therefore, always set the carrier frequency on the frequency monitor with the cover plate attached. TWO-FREQUENCY TRANSMITTERS ONLY OSCILLATOR No. 2: Use the same procedure as above, substituting C201 for C101.
11			L101	DEVIATION CHECK: See "IDC" ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE on the reverse side of this chart.

Model NTB6050 Series
Transmitter Alignment Procedure
Motorola No. EPD-8976-C
9/23/66-AP

23

"IDC" ADJUSTMENT (PREFERRED METHOD USING OSCILLOSCOPE)

1. INTRODUCTION

Accuracy of test equipment is of prime importance to any user of radio communications equipment; but of equal importance is a knowledge of the characteristics of the measuring equipment under various conditions. The Motorola Model T1100A Series FM Station Monitor is the leader in the field with respect to sensitivity, accuracy under conditions of variation in r-f signal level line voltage, and other environmental conditions. In common with most other meters, however, they have the characteristic of responding differently to different wave shapes. Therefore, the use of most present-day deviation meters can lead to confusion and errors in deviation setting, if the pitfalls are unknown or disregarded.

The "ideal" deviation indicator would be one which would respond instantaneously to the peak value of the modulation deviation, regardless of waveform. The only device which meets all these requirements is an oscilloscope. It responds instantaneously, and it shows the peak value of any waveform, no matter how complex. Properly calibrated, an oscilloscope is the most accurate and reliable means for measuring and setting transmitter deviation.

The oscilloscope must be used in conjunction with a receiver which has a stable discriminator characteristic, since the oscilloscope displays the demodulated signal. In addition to the oscilloscope a receiver and a means to accurately calibrate the system is required. The Motorola monitors fill these requirements, since they provide both a sensitive receiver with the proper discriminator characteristic and a reliable means of calibrating the oscilloscope. They have convenient terminals on the front panel for connection of the oscilloscope. Furthermore, the Motorola FM Station Monitor is provided with two modulation meter scales, 0-20 kc for wide-band systems, and 0-10 kc for splitchannel systems.

Split-channel conversion kits are available for modification of older models, so that they too are provided with convenient oscilloscope terminals and can be more accurate measurement devices for such systems.

2. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- a. Motorola T1100A Series FM Station Monitor (or equivalent)
- b. Motorola Transistorized AC Voltmeter (or equivalent)
- c. Motorola Model TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Generator, 400 & 1000 cps (or equivalent)
- d. Motorola Model T1015A General Purpose Oscilloscope, Motorola Model T1014B Precision Wide Band Oscilloscope (or equivalent)
- e. Motorola Model S1056A-9A or TU546 Series Portable Test Set (or equivalent) for "Private-Line" models only

3. OSCILLOSCOPE CALIBRATION

24

The first step in the measurement of transmitter deviation is to calibrate the oscilloscope. This can be done by using the transmitter which is to be measured. A "Private-Line" unit can be used for this purpose if the tone oscillator is disabled by removal of the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit. This is necessary since the "Private-Line" tone contributes to the maximum deviation.

25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Radiophone IDC Adjustment Procedure Motorola No. EPD-9994-O 9/23/66-AP

The oscilloscope

Proceed as follows:

- a. The oscilloscope should be connected to the monitor oscilloscope terminals, and the monitor controls should be set up in accordance with the monitor instruction manuls.
- b. Turn the IDC control on the transmitter chassis to the full clockwise position.
- c. Feed a 1000 cps test tone into pin 2 of the microphone input jack (base of the amplifier-clipper stage Q110 in the IDC circuit). A 0.33 uf capacitor should be placed in series with the tone generator output. Modulate the transmitter with this tone so adjusted that the deviation as read on the FM monitor deviation meter is 2 kc (6 kc in a wide-band system). An audio oscillator must be used for generation of this tone, since a sinusoidal waveform is very important. The Motorola TEK-1A Transistorized Tone Generator is excellent for this purpose.
- d. Adjust the vertical gain of the oscilloscope so that the total recovered audio pattern occupies some convenient height, e.g., four small squares. (12 squares in a wide-band system.) The splitchannel indication is shown in figure 1.

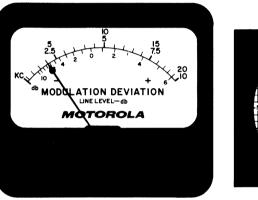


Figure 1.
Oscilloscope Calibration for Split-Channel Transmitter

Having calibrated the oscilloscope, there is no further need for the modulation deviation meter and its reading should be ignored from this point on. It has already performed its important function of calibrating the oscilloscope.

With the oscilloscope calibrated as indicated, a recovered signal which occupies 10 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to ± 5 kc deviation. For wide-band systems, a recovered signal occupying 30 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to ± 15 kc deviation.

4. MEASUREMENT AND SETTING OF TRANSMITTER DEVIATION

a. Models for Carrier Squelch Application

Once the oscilloscope has been calibrated the transmitter deviation can be properly adjusted by the following method:

(1) Adjust the 1000 cps input signal to 1.5 volt. This should drive the IDC circuit into full clip See Figure 2.

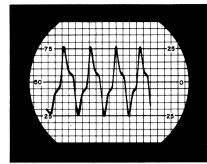


Figure 2.
5 KC Peak Deviation as seen on the Oscilloscope
(NOTE: Waveform is clipped fully)

- (2) With this input signal level adjust the IDC control on the transmitter to provide a peak-to-peak recovered signal on the oscilloscope of 10 squares, which is equivalent to ±5 kc deviation as shown in figure 2. A wide-band system should be adjusted for 30 squares (±15 kc). If the waveform under the above conditions does not resemble the waveform shown in figure 2 adjust L101 until a symmetrical waveform is obtained. Re-adjust the IDC control.
- (3) Reduce 1000 cps input to 0.3 volt. Essentially full deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full deviation may indicate a weak audio transistor or other lack of audio gain.

b. "Private-Line" Models

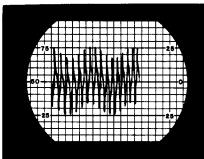
- (1) Remove "Vibrasender-sponder" resonant reed from its socket.
- (2) Adjust the 1000 cps input signal to 1.5 volts. This should drive the IDC circuit into full clip. See Figure 2.
- (3) With this input signal level adjust the IDC control on the transmitter to provide a peak-to-peak recovered signal on the oscilloscope of 10 squares, which is equivalent to ±5 kc deviation as shown in figure 2. If the waveform under the above conditions does not resemble the waveform shown in figure 2, adjust L101 until a symmetrical waveform is obtained. Re-adjust the IDC control.
- (4) Reduce 1000 cps input to 0.3 volt. Essentially full deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full deviation may indicate a weak audio transistor or other lack of audio gain.
 - (5) Remove the 1000 cps tone signal. Insert the "Vibrasender-sponder" unit in its socket.
- (6) Check the "Private-Line" tone deviation. This may be read directly from the oscilloscope by pressing the transmitter on switch on the test set. The tone deviation should be 0.5 to 1 kc.

NOT

If the tone deviation is less than 0.5 kc with jumper JUl on position 2 (see circuit board diagram), move the jumper to position 3. If the deviation is greater than 1.0 kc, move the jumper to position 1M for the 30-42 mc band or 1H for the 42-54 mc band. Always choose the jumper position which produces a tone deviation between 0.5 and 1.0 kc.

Due to a slight increase in discriminator response at the lower frequencies, the oscilloscope will read high, thus, an indication of 1.4 to 2.8 squares (peak-to-peak) is equivalent to 0.5 to 1 kc. This slight variation is only important when checking tone deviation. When setting maximum transmitter deviation as described in the following paragraphs, it may be ignored.

- (7) Apply a 1000 cps test tone to pin 2 of the microphone input jack (base of the amplifier-clipper stage Q110). Place a 0.33 uf capacitor in series with the tone generator output.
- (8) Adjust the 1000 cps input signal level for 1 volt and note the resultant combined deviation of the 1000 cps modulation and tone signal modulation on the oscilloscope.
- (9) The IDC control on the transmitter should be adjusted to provide a peak-to-peak combined signal of 10 squares, equivalent to full 5 kc as shown in figure 3.



Figuré 3.

5 KC Peak Deviation for Combined PL Tone and
1000 CPS Modulation

(10) Reduce the 1000 cps input to 0.35 volt. Essentially full combined 1000 cps tone and "Private-Line" tone deviation should still be observed on the oscilloscope. Less than full combined deviation may indicate a defective transistor or other lack of audio gain.

5. EMERGENCY MEASUREMENT OF DEVIATION

If an audio oscillator is not available, a loud sustained whistle of approximately 1000 cycles can be used for a rough measurement of deviation. If this rough check indicates the need for resetting deviation, do so only under controlled conditions, using a 1000 cps tone as previously indicated. The calibration of the oscilloscope should always be performed with a steady controlled signal. Do not attempt to calibrate the oscilloscope with a sustained whistle as waveform distortion will prevent an accurate calibration.

6. OTHER MEANS FOR MEASUREMENT OF DEVIATION

Another accurate means of measuring transmitter deviation is to use the Motorola T1020A Portable Frequency and Deviation Meter. This unit, properly used, permits the accurate measurement and setting of transmitter deviation from a peak-reading meter which is unaffected by waveform. An oscilloscope is not required with this instrument. With this device, the transmitter deviation can be measured accurately even with voice modulation.

7. MICROPHONE LEVELS

If the modulation level in the system still appears to be too low after setting deviation as indicated above, check the microphone and audio amplifier.

The foregoing procedure will insure that the transmitter will comply with FCC requirements for maximum deviation.

The importance of the correct deviation setting can not be overemphasized. Optimum system performance demands accurate deviation setting, both from the standpoint that over deviation will interfere with the user on the adjacent channel, and underdeviation may reduce system range.

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR RECEIVER ALIGNMENT

- 1. Motorola DC Multimeter with r-f probe.
- 2. Motorola Transistorized AC Voltmeter or equivalent.
- 3. Motorola T1034C Signal Generator or equivalent.
- 4. Motorola S1056A-9A or TU546 Series Test Set with 455 kc crystal or equivalent crystal-controlled oscillator.
- 5. Motorola NLN6252A Alignment Tool (supplied).

PRELIMINARY SET-UP FOR RECEIVER ALIGNMENT

- 1. Remove the cover from the radio section of the unit.
- 2. When aligning a two-frequency unit, align on the primary or higher of the two frequencies.
- 3. The d-c multimeter ground lead should be connected to a convenient ground.
- 4. For complete alignment, the battery should be removed and a 15 volt d-c power supply and ammeter connected to the battery plug. All tuning slugs should be unscrewed so they protrude 1/8 inch above the printed circuit board.
- 5. Remove the antenna by unscrewing it from the receptacle. Connect a signal generator to the antenna receptacle.

FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS

LEGEND

 $f_c = carrier frequency (25-54 mc)$

 f_{01} = 1st oscillator crystal frequency (30.7-48.3 mc)

 f_{02} = 2nd oscillator frequency

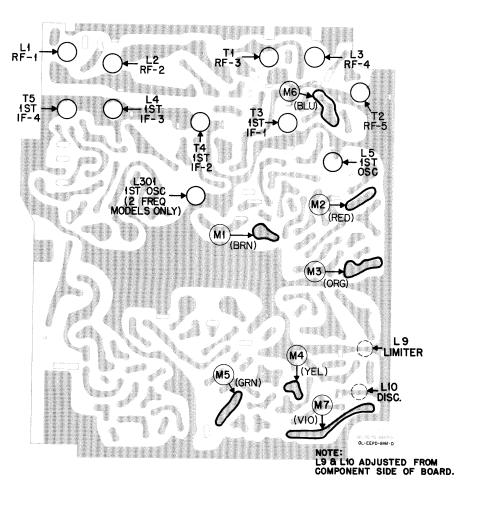
f₁ = 1st intermediate frequency (5.7 mc)

f₂ = 2nd intermediate frequency (455 kc)

$$f_{01} = f_c + f_1 (25-42 \text{ mc})$$

$$f_{01} = f_c - f_1 (42-54 mc)$$

f _C 25.00-30.00 mc 30.02-30.86 mc 30.90-36.84 mc 36.86-37.00 mc 37.02-41.98 mc 42.00-42.98 mc 43.00-43.16 mc 43.18-49.14 mc 49.16-49.32 mc 49.34-54.00 mc 6.155 mc 49.34-54.00 mc 6.155 mc		
30.02-30.86 mc 5.245 mc 30.90-36.84 mc 6.155 mc 36.86-37.00 mc 5.245 mc 37.02-41.98 mc 6.155 mc 42.00-42.98 mc 6.155 mc 43.00-43.16 mc 5.245 mc 43.18-49.14 mc 6.155 mc 49.16-49.32 mc 5.245 mc	f _c	f ₀₂
30.90-36.84 mc 6.155 mc 36.86-37.00 mc 5.245 mc 37.02-41.98 mc 6.155 mc 42.00-42.98 mc 6.155 mc 43.00-43.16 mc 5.245 mc 43.18-49.14 mc 6.155 mc 49.16-49.32 mc 5.245 mc	25.00-30.00 mc	6.155 mc
36.86-37.00 mc 5.245 mc 37.02-41.98 mc 6.155 mc 42.00-42.98 mc 6.155 mc 43.00-43.16 mc 5.245 mc 43.18-49.14 mc 6.155 mc 49.16-49.32 mc 5.245 mc	30.02-30.86 mc	5.245 mc
37.02-41.98 mc 6.155 mc 42.00-42.98 mc 6.155 mc 43.00-43.16 mc 5.245 mc 43.18-49.14 mc 6.155 mc 49.16-49.32 mc 5.245 mc	30.90-36.84 mc	6.155 mc
42.00-42.98 mc 6.155 mc 43.00-43.16 mc 5.245 mc 43.18-49.14 mc 6.155 mc 49.16-49.32 mc 5.245 mc	36.86-37.00 mc	5.245 mc
43.00-43.16 mc 5.245 mc 43.18-49.14 mc 6.155 mc 49.16-49.32 mc 5.245 mc	37.02-41.98 mc	6.155 mc
43.18-49.14 mc 6.155 mc 49.16-49.32 mc 5.245 mc	42.00-42.98 mc	6.155 mc
49.16-49.32 mc 5.245 mc	43.00-43.16 mc	5.245 mc
	43.18-49.14 mc	6.155 mc
49.34-54.00 mc 6.155 mc	49.16-49.32 mc	5.245 mc
	49.34-54.00 mc	6.155 mc



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

NOTES

- 1. All slugs should be tuned to the peak nearest the printed circuit board end of the coil.
- 2. Turn on the radiophone and set the squelch control for maximum noise.

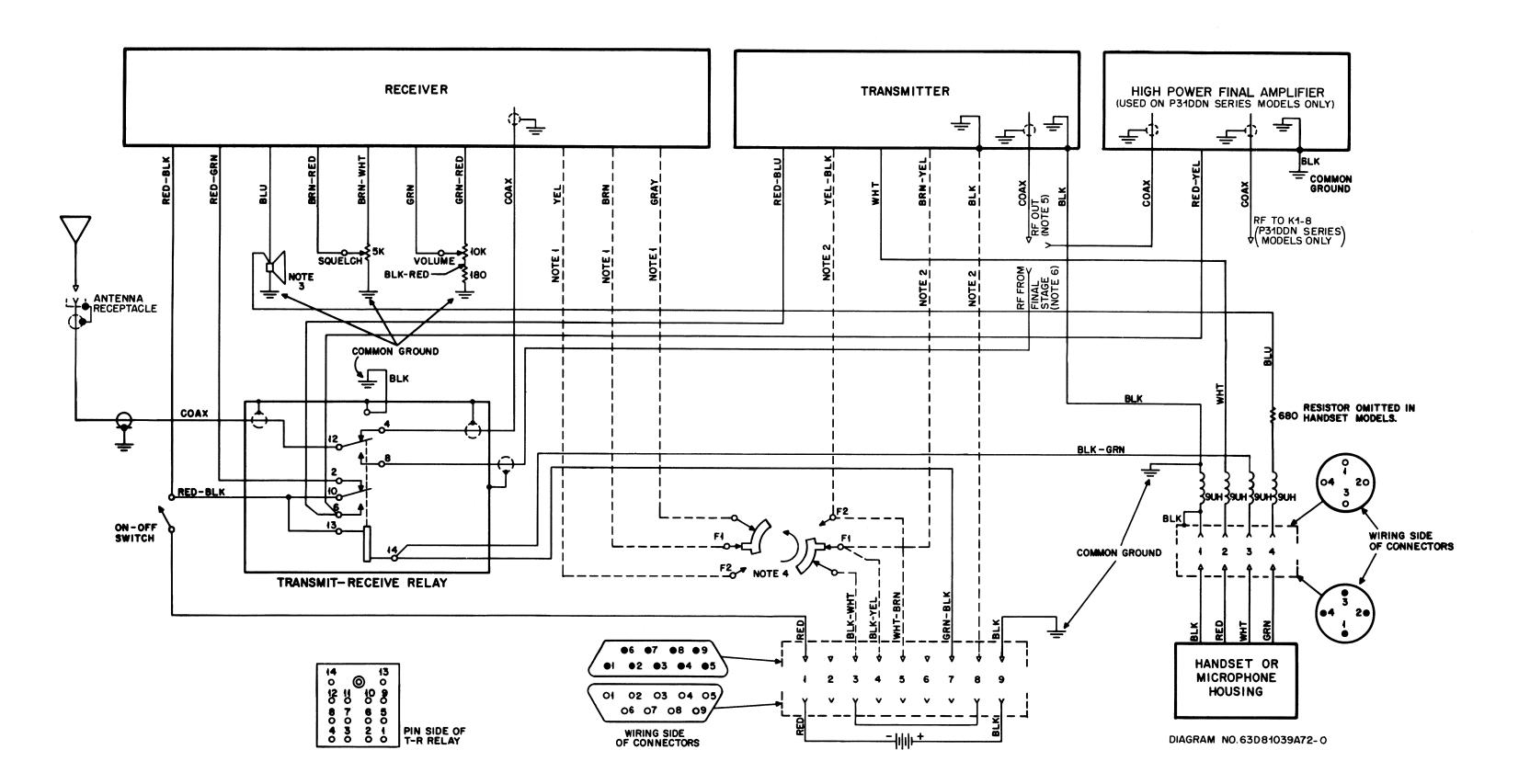
STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT & COLOR CODE	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1	DC multimeter with r-f probe	M-6 (BLU)	L5 lstOsc	Tune L5 for max. d-c reading on the meter.
2	DC multimeter and 455 kc crystal osc	M-7 (VIO)	L9 Limiter	Couple a 455 kc signal into the 455 kc filter input terminals. Tune L9 for a maximum positive d-c reading.
3	DC multimeter and 455 kc crystal osc	M-4 (YEL)	L10 Disc.	Tune L10 for a zero d-c meter reading. NOTE: As the slug is moved into the discriminator coil, the meter reading may move slowly through zero and then sharply return through zero again. Tune the slug to the latter point.
4	T1034C Signal Gener- ator and d-c multi- meter	M-4 (YEL)	Signal Generator to carrier frequency	Connect the signal generator to the test jig. Set the attenuator for 5,000 microvolts and adjust the signal frequency for a zero d-c reading on the meter. *Do not set the frequency to the 2nd i-f image frequency.
5	T1034C Signal Gener- ator and a-c voltmeter	M-l (BRN)	L1, L2, T1, L3, T2, T3, T4, L4, T5	Tune these slugs successively for a maximum meter reading. Keep the meter reading below -30 dbm on the a-c voltmeter.
6	DC multimeter	M-4 (YEL)	L5 lst Osc	Use the base station transmitter or a frequency standard as a signal source and adjust L5 for a zero d-c reading. NOTE: Set JU2 (and JU3 on 2-freq.) to tap ① or ② to obtain proper frequency.
7	T1034C Signal Generator and a-c voltmeter.	Pin #4 of Mic. connector	Signal Generator for 20 db quieting sensitivity	A 120 ohm resistor must be connected across the a-c voltmeter (handset only models). Set squelch control for maximum noise. Connect the adapter cable from the voltmeter to the antenna receptacle. Adjust the volume control for an output voltage of 0.44 v a-c (noise only-no signal input) for receivers with speakers and 0.12 v a-c for handset only models. Using the test set this reading should be about 50 ua with the multiplier switch in the 0.2 v a-c position. Zero the signal generator on the discriminator. Increase the signal intensity until the noise reading is reduced to one-tenth of the reading with no signal (maximum noise). Read the attenuator scale in microvolts (should be less than 0.35 microvolts). This is the 20 db quieting sensitivity.

*CAUTION: After adjusting the signal generator to the carrier in the 42-54 mc (H) band look for the image frequency at 910 kc below this setting if the 2nd oscillator frequency is 5.245 mc or 910 kc above this setting if the 2nd oscillator frequency is 6.155 mc. After adjusting the signal generator to the carrier in 25-30 mc (L) band or 30-42 mc (M) band look for the image frequency 910 kc above this setting if the 2nd oscillator frequency is 5.245 mc or 910 kc below this setting if the 2nd oscillator frequency is 6.155 mc. This is a check on the accuracy of the setting. Upon locating the image, return to the proper setting for the carrier frequency.

Receiver Alignment Procedure Motorola No. EPD-8845-C 9/23/66-AP

27

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APPLICABLE CONTROL PANELS		
NCN6039A	NCN6049A	
NCN6041A	NCN6052A	
NCN6043A	NCN6054A	
NCN6044A	NCN6056A	
NCN6045A	NCN6058A	
NCN6047A	NCN6060A	

- 2-FREQ. RECEIVER ONLY.
 2-FREQ. TRANSMITTER ONLY.
 SPEAKER AND GROUND OMITTED IN HANDSET MODELS.
 SWITCH VIEWED FROM THE REAR.
 TO K1-8 IN P21DDN SERIES MODELS OR TO HIGH POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER IN P31DDN SERIES MODELS.
 CONNECTED TO THE RF OUTPUT OF THE TRANSMITTER
- IN P21DDN SERIES MODELS OR TO HIGH POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER IN P31DDN SERIES MODELS.

EPD-13959-O

P21/P31DDN-1000 Series Intercabling Diagram Motorola No. 63D81039A72-O 9/23/66-AP

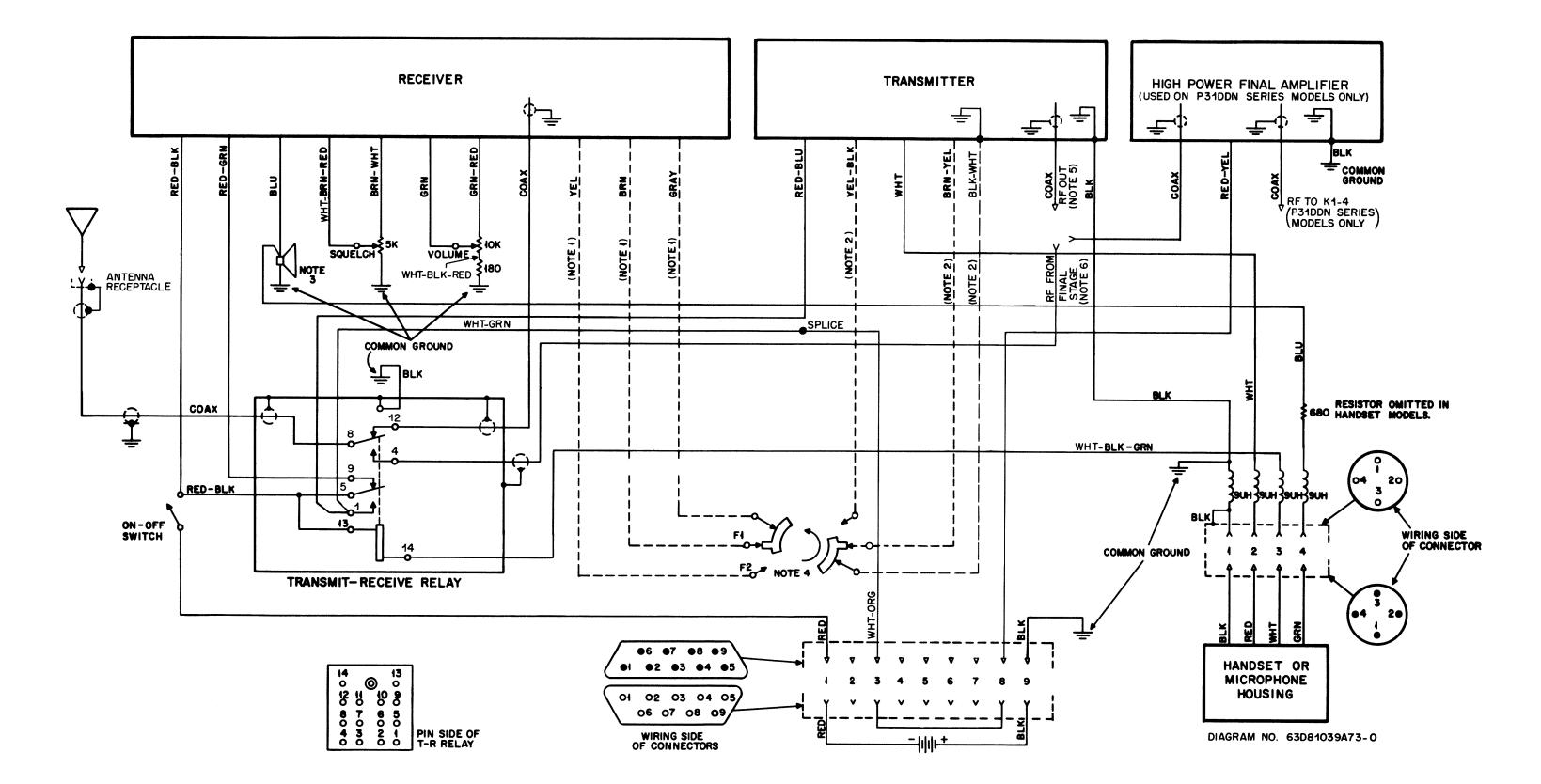
APPLICABLE CO	NTROL PANELS
NCN6043B	NCN6054B
NCN6044B	

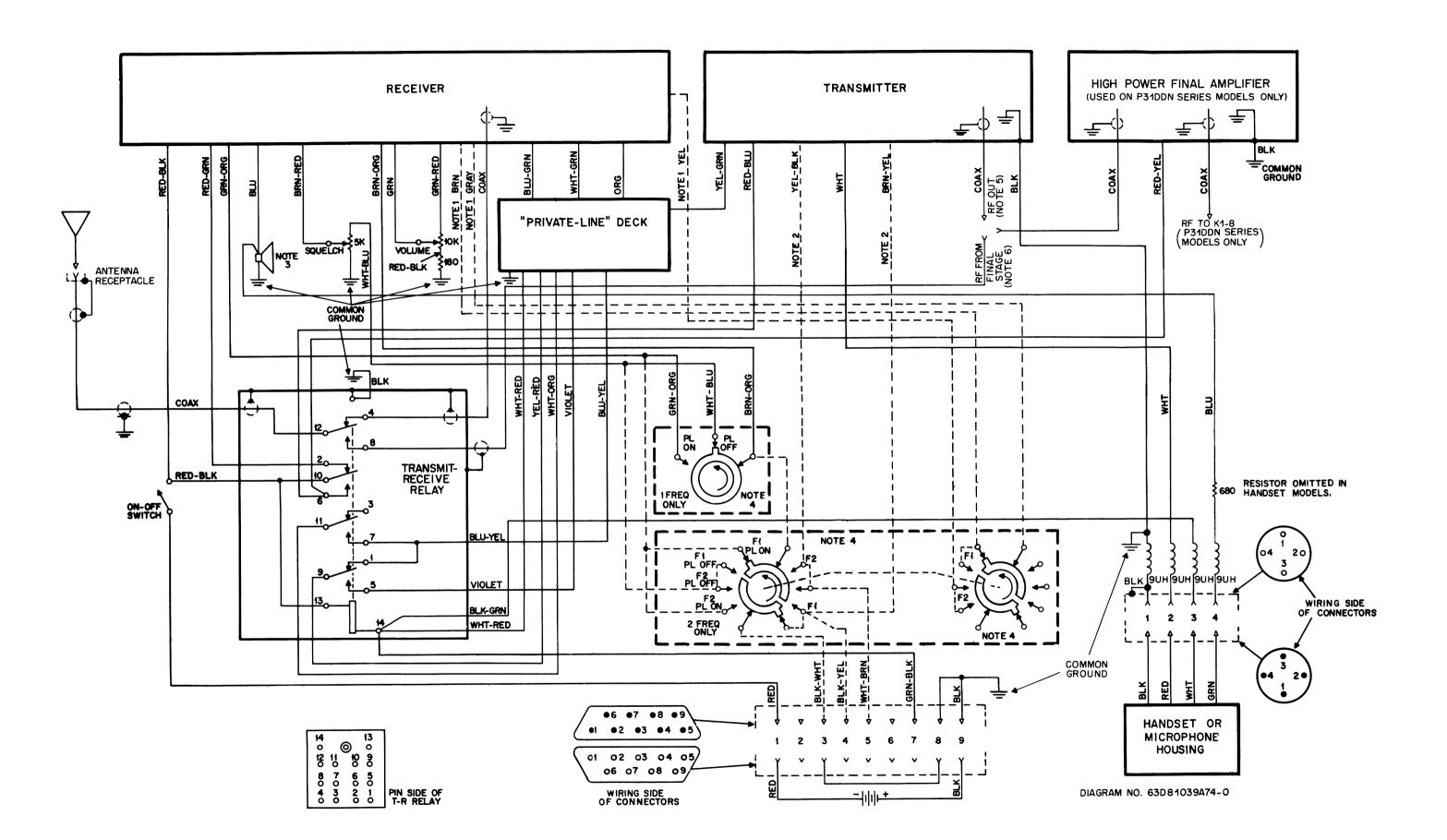
- 2-FREQ. RECEIVER ONLY.

- 2-FREQ. RECEIVER ONLY.
 2-FREQ. TRANSMITTER ONLY.
 SPEAKER AND GROUND OMITTED IN HANDSET MODELS.
 SWITCH VIEWED FROM THE REAR.
 TO K1-4 IN P21DDN SERIES MODELS OR TO HIGH POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER IN P31DDN SERIES MODELS.
 CONNECTED TO THE RF OUTPUT OF THE TRANSMITTER IN P21DDN SERIES MODELS OR TO HIGH POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER IN P31DDN SERIES MODELS.

EPD-13960-O

P21/P31DDN-1000 Series Intercabling Diagram Motorola No. 63D81039A73-O 9/23/66-AP





APPLICABLE CONTROL PANELS		
NCN6040A	NCN6053A	
NCN6042A	NCN6055A	
NCN6046A	NCN6057A	
NCN6048A	NCN6059A	
NCN6050A	NCN6061A	
NCN6051A	NCN6065A	

- 2-FREQ. RECEIVER ONLY.
 2-FREQ. TRANSMITTER ONLY.
 SPEAKER AND GROUND OMITTED IN HANDSET MODELS.
 SWITCH VIEWED FROM THE REAR.
 TO K1-8 IN P21DDN SERIES MODELS OR TO HIGH POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER IN P31DDN SERIES MODELS.
 CONNECTED TO THE RF OUTPUT OF THE TRANSMITTER IN P21DDN SERIES MODELS OR TO HIGH POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER IN P31DDN SERIES MODELS OR TO HIGH POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER IN P31DDN SERIES MODELS OR TO HIGH POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER IN P31DDN SERIES MODELS.

EPD-13961-O

P21/P31DDN-3000 Series Intercabling Diagram Motorola No. 63D81039A74-O 9/23/66-AP

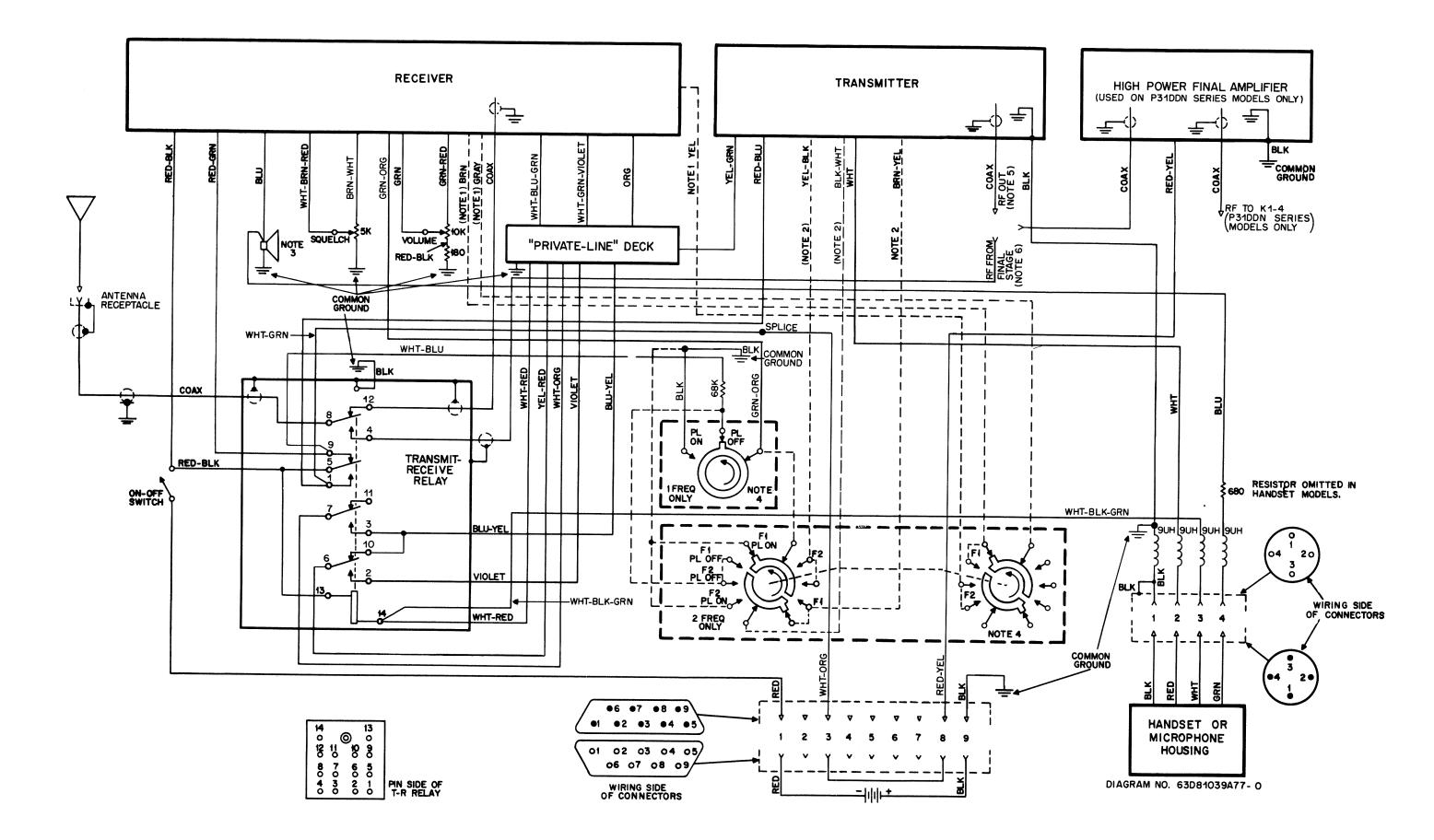
APPLICABLE C	ONTROL PANELS
NCN6040B	NCN6065B

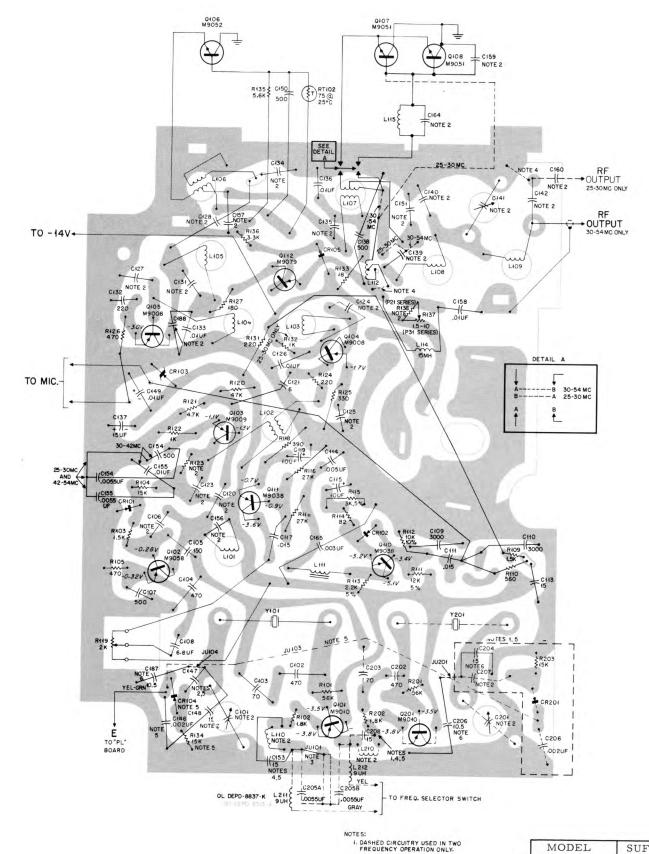
- 2-FREQ. RECEIVER ONLY.
 2-FREQ. TRANSMITTER ONLY.

- SPEAKER AND GROUND OMITTED IN HANDSET MODELS, SWITCH VIEWED FROM THE REAR, TO K1-4 IN P21DDN SERIES MODELS OR TO HIGH POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER IN P31DDN SERIES MODELS.
 6. CONNECTED TO THE RF OUTPUT OF THE TRANSMITTER
- IN P21DDN SERIES MODELS OR TO HIGH POWER FINAL AMPLIFIER IN P31DDN SERIES MODELS.

EPD-13962-O

P21/P31DDN-3000 Series Intercabling Diagram Motorola No. 63D81039A77-O 9/23/66-AP





FOR UNITS SUFFIXED LATER THAN INDICATED IN THIS CHART REFER TO CIRCUIT BOARD DIA-GRAM EPD-13429.

MODEL

NTB6051AC

NTB6052AC NTB6061AC

NTB6062AC

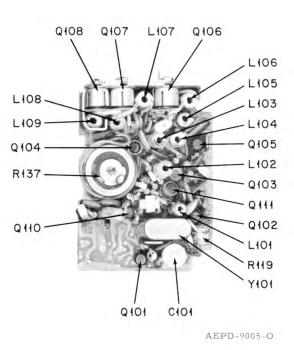
2. REFER TO PARTS LISTS FOR COMPONENT VALUES,
3. USED ON 1-FREQ. MODELS ONLY,
4. APPEARS ON 30-42 MC UNITS ONLY.

7. USED IN NTB6060 SERIES ONLY.

5. USED IN "PRIVATE-LINE" MODELS ONLY 6. USED IN CARRIER SQUELCH MODELS ONLY.

REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
М	NTB6051AA-5		ADDED MODEL	BELOW CKT
	NTB6052AA-7		TABLE.	BOARD
	NTB6053AA-6	4		
	NTB6061AA-5			
	NTB6062AA-7		4 0	
	NTB6063AA-6			
	NTB6051AB-5			
	NTB6052AB-8	4		
	NTB6053AB-6			
	NTB6061AB-5			
	NTB6062AB-8	1		
	NTB6063AB-6			
	NTB6051AC-1			
	NTB6052AC-3 NTB6053AC-5			
	NTB6061AC-1			
	NTB6062AC-3			
	NTB6063AC-5		l)	
	NTB6051AD-2			
	NTB6052AD-4			
	NTB6053AD-4			
	NTB6061AD-2			114.4
	NTB6062AD-4			1
	NTB6063AD-4			
N	NTB6051AA-5		ADDED NOTES	
	NTB6052AA-7			
	NTB6053AA-6			
	NTB6061AA-5			
	NTB6062AA-7			1
	NTB6063AA-6	1		
	NTB6051AB-5			
	NTB6052AB-8			
	NTB6053AB-6			
	NTB6061AB-5			
	NTB6062AB-8			
	NTB6063AB-6 NTB6051AC-1			
	NTB6051AC-1			
	NTB6053AC-5			
	NTB6061AC-1			
	NTB6062AC-3	1		
	NTB6063AC-5	1		
	NTB6051AD-2			
	NTB6052AD-4			1
	NTB6053AD-4			1
	NTB6061AD-2			
	NTB6062AD-4			
	NTB6063AD-4	. 1		



MODEL TABLE

SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	FREQUENCY RANGE	RF POWER
	NTB6051AA	5	1	25-30 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AA	NTB6052AA	7	1	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AA	6	1	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6051AB	5	2	25-30 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AB	NTB6052AB	8	2	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AB	6	2	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6061AA	5	1	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6060AA	NTB6062AA	7	1	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AA	6	1	42-54 MC	5 W
	NTB6061AB	5	2	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6060AB	NTB6062AB	8	2	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AB	6	2	42-54 MC	5 W
	NTB6051AC	1	1	25-30 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AC	NTB6052AC	3	1	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AC	5	1	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6051AD	2	2	25-30 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AD	NTB6052AD	4	2	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AD	4	2	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6061AC	1	1	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6060AC	NTB6062AC	3	1	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AC	5	1	42-54 MC	5 W
	NTB6061AD	2	2	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6060AD	NTB6062AD	4	2	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AD	4	2	42-54 MC	5 W

EPD-15503-O

Transmitter Printed Circuit Board And Wiring Diagram Motorola No. EPD-8838-N 9/23/66-AP

SUFFIX

	MODEL TABLE (HANDSET ONLY) MODEL	
NOTE 12 12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	SABILISOAN 1 20KC DUAL	NOTE: NO

Handset Models Only Receiver Printed Circuit Board And Wiring Diagram Motorola No. EPD-8978-M 9/23/66-AP

1. REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUES.

ON/OFFI SWITCH

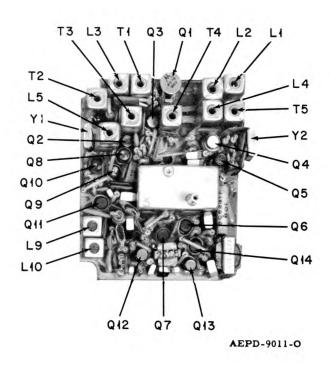
GRAY --> H TO SQUELCH BOARD

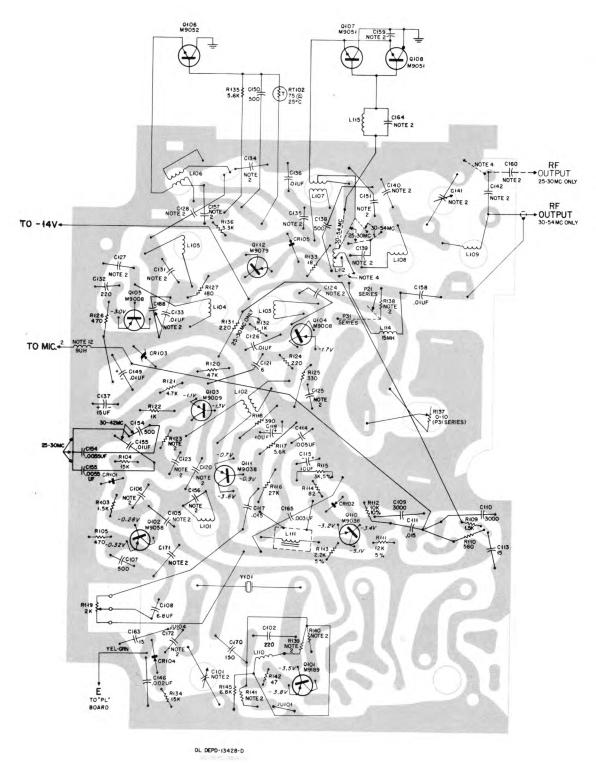
1. REPER TO FARTS LIST FOR COMPUNENT VALUES
2. FOR UNITS 48-54 MC 356-42 MC, JUZ/JU3 IS
CONNECTED TO POSITION ②
FOR UNITS 25-30, 30-36, 8 42-48 JUZ/JU3 IS
CONNECTED TO POSITION ①
3. WIDE BAND ONLY.
4. DASHED CIRCUITRY USED IN DUAL SQUELCH
MODELS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

NOTES:

REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
K	NRB1151AF-8 NRB1152AF-7 NRB1153AF-7	C61	WAS 21K861443,	LOWER RIGHT OF Q12
L	NRB1151AF-8 NRB1152AF-7 NRB1153AF-7	R805	R805 WAS R66	BOTTOM CEN- TER OF BD.
М	NRB1151AA-8 NRB1152AA-7	C17	WAS 21D82877B17, 5 uuf	CENTER OF BOARD
	NRB1153AA-7 NRB1151AB-7	C86	ADDED 100 uuf	TOP MIDDLE OF BD.
	NRB1153AB-6 NRB1151AC-8	Q3	WAS 48R869238, TYPE M9238	
	NRB1152AC-7 NRB1153AC-7 NRB1151AD-7 NRB1153AD-6 NRB1151AF-8 NRB1152AF-7 NRB1153AF-7	R63	WAS 6K129269, 1.8K	Q13 BASE CKT

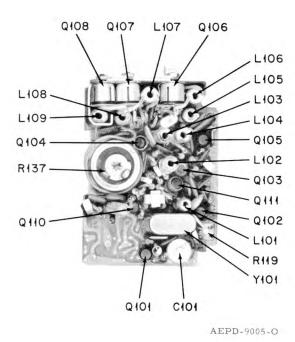




- ES: REFER TO PARTS LISTS FOR
- COMPONENT VALUES.

 3. USED IN SINGLE FREQUENCY
- 4. APPEARS ON 30-42 MC UNITS ONLY.

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
Е	NTB6051AA-7 NTB6052AA-9 NTB6053AA-8 NTB6051AB-7 NTB6052AB-10 NTB6053AB-8 NTB6061AA-7 NTB6061AA-7 NTB6061AB-7 NTB6061AB-7 NTB6063AB-8 NTB6051AC-6 NTB6051AC-6 NTB6051AC-6	Lili	WAS 24B82872B01	Q110 COLLECTOR
F	NTB6062AC-9 NTB6051AA-7 NTB6052AA-9 NTB6053AA-8 NTB6053AB-8 NTB6052AB-10 NTB6053AB-8 NTB6061AA-7 NTB6062AA-9 NTB6063AA-8 NTB6061AB-7 NTB6063AB-10 NTB6063AB-8 NTB6051AC-6 NTB6052AC-9 NTB6052AC-9 NTB6062AC-9		9 uh WAS 9 mh	LEFT CENTER OF BOARD



MODEL TABLE

SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	FREQUENCY RANGE	RF POWER OUTPUT
	NTB6051AC	6	1	25-30 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AC	NTB6052AC	9	1	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6051AD	2	2	25-30 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AD	NTB6052AD	4	2	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AD	4	2	42-54 MC	1.4 W
4.5	NTB6061AC	6	1	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6060AC	NTB6062AC	9	1	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6061AD	2	2	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6060AD	NTB6062AD	4	2	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AD	4	2	42-54 MC	5 W

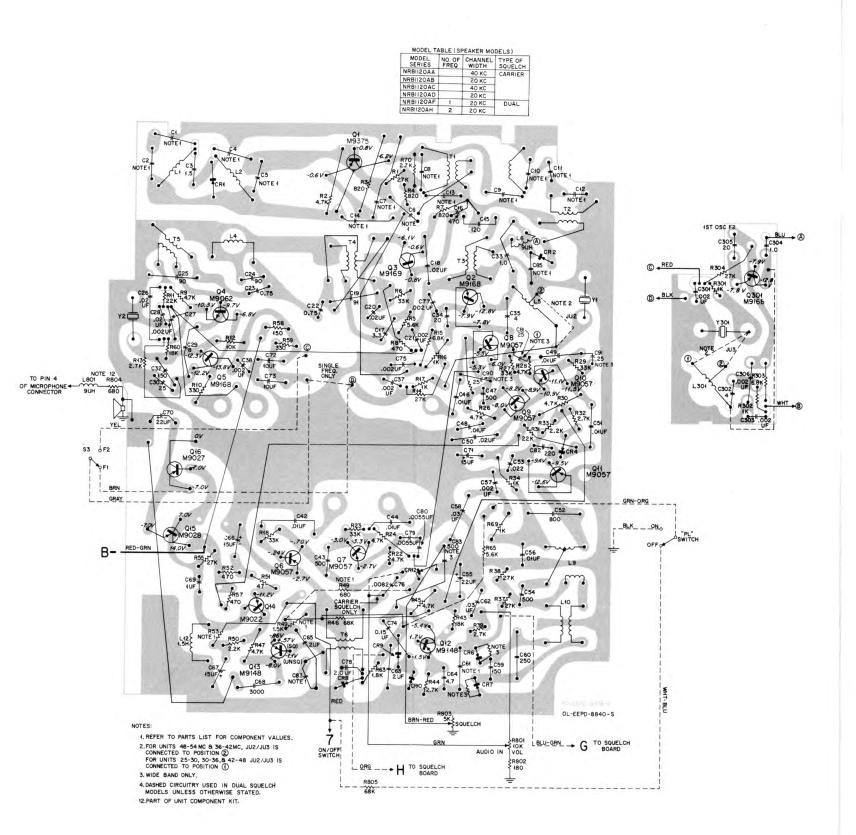
EPD-15463-O

MODEL	SUFFIX
NTB6051AC	2
NTB6052AC	4
NTB6061AC	2
NTB6062AC	4

FOR UNITS SUFFIXED EARLIER THAN INDICATED IN THIS CHART, REFER TO CIRCUIT BOARD DIAGRAM EPD-8838.

EPD-13473-O

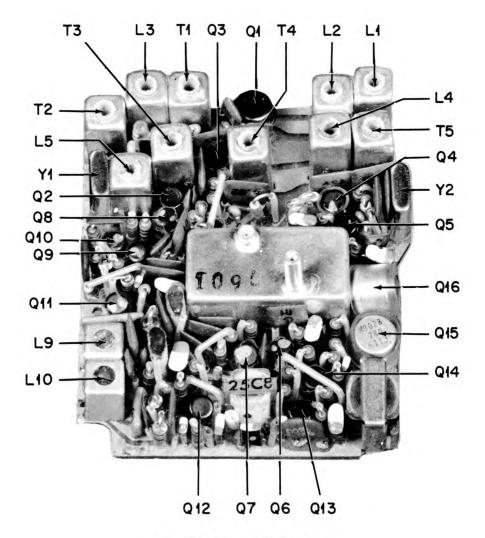
Transmitter Printed Circuit Board And Wiring Diagram Motorola No. EPD-13429-F 9/23/66-AP



Speaker-Microphone and Speaker-Handset Models Receiver Printed Circuit Board And Wiring Diagram Motorola No. EPD-8841-R 9/23/66-AP

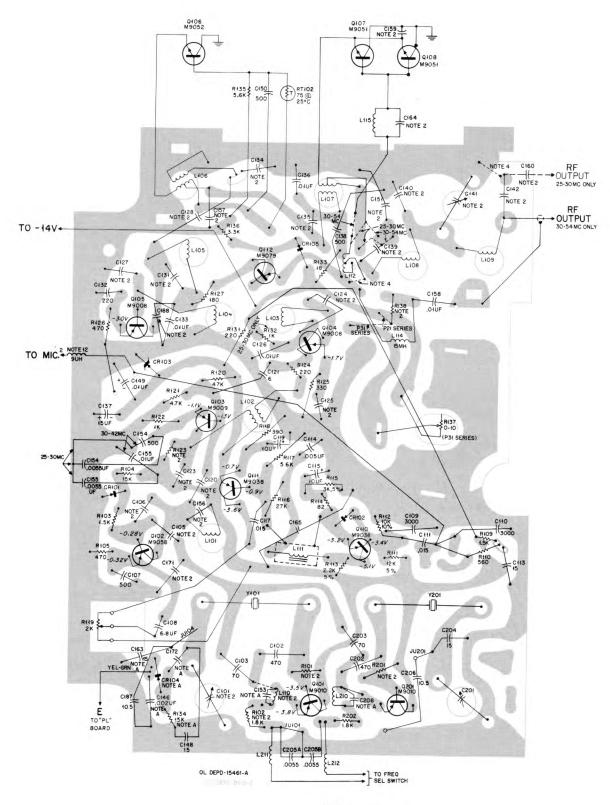
REVISIONS

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
P	NRB1121AC-12 NRB1122AC-15 NRB1123AC-15 NRB1121AD-11 NRB1122AD-14 NRB1123AD-13	R70	WAS 2.2K	QI COLLEC- TOR
R	NRB1121AA-12 NRB1122AA-15	C17	WAS 21D82877B17, 5 uuf	CENTER OF BOARD
	NRB1123AA-15 NRB1121AB-11	C86	ADDED 100 uuf	TOP MIDDLE OF BD.
	NRB1122AB-14 NRB1123AB-13	Q3	WAS 48R869238, TYPE M9238	
	NRB1121AC-12 NRB1123AC-15 NRB1123AC-15 NRB1121AD-11 NRB1122AD-14 NRB1123AD-13 NRB1121AF-12 NRB1122AF-15 NRB1122AF-15 NRB1123AF-14 NRB1123AH-6 NRB1123AH-6	R63	WAS 6K129269, 1.8K	Q13 BASE CKT



RECEIVER PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

AEPD-8482-O

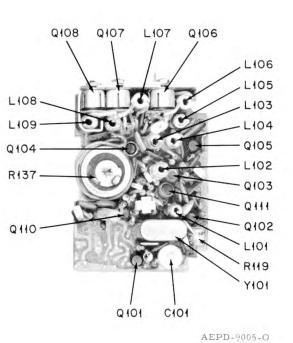


- NOTES:

 2. REFER TO PARTS LISTS FOR COMPONENT VALUES.

 3. USED IN SINGLE FREQUENCY MODELS ONLY 4. APPEARS ON 30-42 MC UNITS ONLY. 12. PART OF UNIT COMPONENT KIT.

DIAG. ISSUE	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NTB6051AA-7 NTB6052AA-9 NTB6053AA-8 NTB6051AB-7 NTB6051AB-7 NTB6053AB-8 NTB6061AA-7 NTB6061AA-7 NTB6063AA-8 NTB6061AB-7 NTB6063AB-10 NTB6053AB-8 NTB6053AC-7 NTB6063AC-7	Q101, 201	WERE M9189	BOTTOM OF BOARD



MODEL TABLE

	_				
SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	FREQUENCY RANGE	RF POWER OUTPUT
TB6050AA	NTB6051AA	7	1	25-30 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6052AA	9	1	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AA	8	1	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6051AB	7	2	25-30 MC	1.4 W
TB6050AB	NTB6052AB	10	2	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AB	8	2	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6061AA	7	1	25-30 MC	5 W
TB6060AA	NTB6062AA	9	1	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AA	8	1	42-54 MC	5 W
	NTB6061AB	7	2	25-30 MC	5 W
TB6060AB	NTB6062AB	10	2	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AB	8	2	42-54 MC	5 W
TB6050AC	NTB6053AC	7	2	42-54 MC	5 W
TB6060AC	NTB6063AC	7	2	42-54 MC	5 W

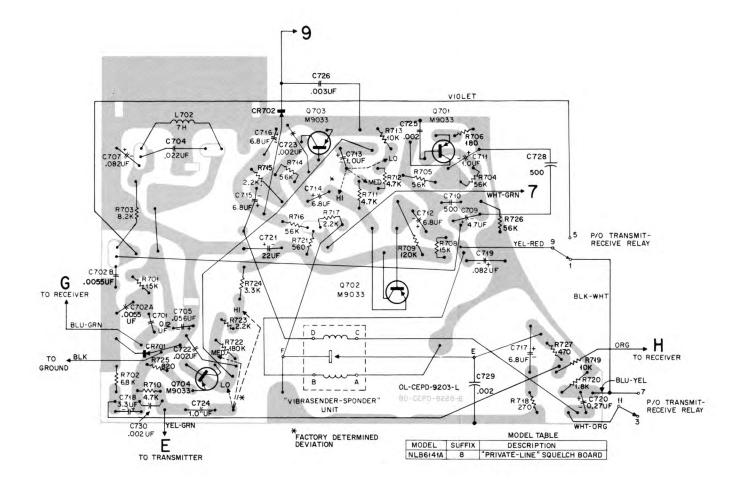
EPD-15462-0

Transmitter Printed Circuit Board And Wiring Diagram Motorola No. EPD-15460-A 9/23/66-AP

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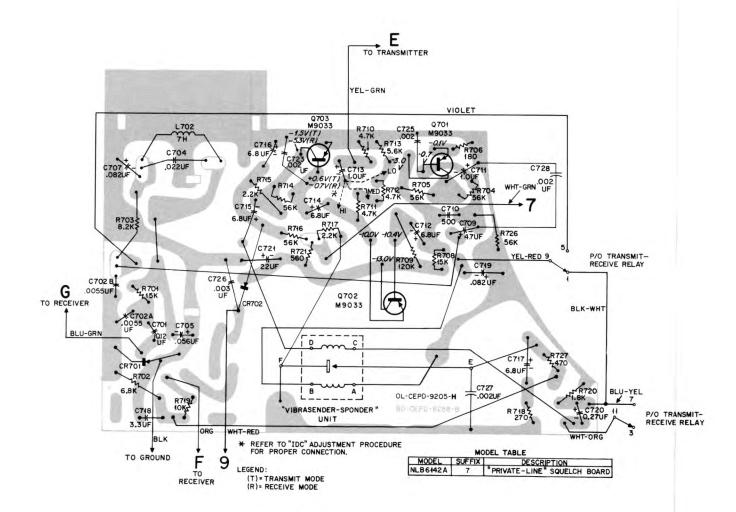
37

DIAG.	BOARD AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NLB6141A-1	C727	ADDED 21K831126 .02 uf	"VIBRA- SENDER- SPONDER" UNIT CONTACT
В	NLB6141A-2	R719	WAS 6K127806 (27K)	"VIBRA- SENDER- SPONDER" RESONANT REED CONTACT I
С	NLB6141A-3	C718	WAS 23D82397D07	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
D	NLB6141A-3	C729	ADDED	"VIBRA- SENDER- SPONDER" UNIT CONTACT I
E	NLB6141A-4	R706	WAS 6K129862, 150 OHMS	Q701 EMIT- TER
F	NLB6141A-5	R726 R727	ADDED 56K OHMS ADDED 470 OHMS	Q701 BASE LOWER RIGHT OF
G	NLB6141A-6	C702A, 702B	WAS 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	BOARD LOWER LET OF BOARD
Н	NLB6141A-7	C730	ADDED	LOWER LE. OF BOARD
J	NLB6141A-7	C703 C706 L701	REMOVED 23D82397D11, .068 uf REMOVED 23 23D82397D12, 0.12 uf REPLACED 25C82750D01, CHOKE	UPPER LEFT OF B.
		C707 X-	0.022UF	22 6706 2 2.2K
		C707 X- .082UF	C704 .022UF	22 6706 12 R
	c	9	C704 .022UF C. C703. \$1.701	22 6706 2. R. 2.2K
	с	R7035 8.2K	C704 .022UF .0.22UF .0.4 .068 .068 .068 .0701 .068 .0701 .07	22 6706 2 R 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 15 J
	c	R703 8,2K R701, R708 R708 R705, 705, 714,	C704 .022UF C703. L701 5H UP WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W	22 6706 2 R 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 15 J
	c	R703, 8,2K 8,2K 702 8 R701, R708 R703, 705, 714, 716 R726	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WERE 6K129242, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W	22 6706 2 R 7, 7, 7, 7, 15 J
	c	R703, 8.28 R701, R708, R703 R704, 705, 714, 716 R726	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K129662, 1/4 W	22 6706 2 - R 2 - 2.2K 7.15 - 3UF
	c	R703, 8.28 8.28 R701, R708, R703 R704, 705, 714, 716 R726 R709	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W	22 6706 2 R 7, 7, 7, 7, 15 J
	c	R703 8.2x R701, R708 R703 R704, 705, 714, 716 R726 R706 R709	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128570, 1/14 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W WERE 6S127804, 1/4 W	22 6706 2 R 7, 7, 7, 7, 15 J
	c	R703, 8,2K 8,2K 8,2K 702, 701, R708, R704, 705, 714, 716, R726 R706 R709	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W	22 6706 2 R 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 15 J
	c	R703, 8,2K 8,2K 8,2K 8,2K 8,2K 8,2K 8,2K 8,2	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128570, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/4 W WAS 6K129662, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/4 W WAS 6K128558, 1/4 W WAS 6K128558, 1/4 W WAS 6K128558, 1/4 W WAS 6K128558, 1/4 W	22 6706 2 R 7, 7, 7, 7, 15 J
	c	R703 8.28 8.28 8.28 8.28 8.28 8.28 8.28 8.2	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WERE 6K129242, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W	22 6706 2 R 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 15 J



Model NLB6141A 25-42 MC "Private-Line" Printed Circuit Board & Wiring Diagram Motorola No. EPD-9204-K 9/23/66-AP

39



Model NLB6142A 42-54 MC "Private-Line" Printed Circuit Board & Wiring Diagram Motorola No. EPD-9206-H 9/23/66-AP

REVISIONS

ISSUE	SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION
A	NLB6142A-1	C727	ADDED 21K831126 .02 uf	"VIBRA- SENDER- SPONDER" UNIT CONTACT
В	NLB6142A-2	R719	WAS 6K127906 (27K)	"VIBRA- SENDER- SPONDER" RESONANT REED CONTACT
С	NLB6142A-3	C718	WAS 23D82397D07 1 uf	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
D	NLB6142A-4	R706	WAS 6K129862, 150 OHMS	Q701 EMIT
		R726	ADDED 56K OHMS	Q701 BASE
Е	NLB6142A-5	R727	ADDED 470 OHMS	LOWER RIGHT OF BOARD
F	NLB6142A-6	C702A, 702B	WAS 21B861469, DUAL .01 uf	LOWER LEFT OF BOARD
G	NLB6142A-6	C703	REMOVED 23D82397D11, .068 uf	UPPER LEFT OF
		C706	REMOVED 23D82397D12, 0.12 uf	BD.
		L701	REPLACED 25C82750D01, CHOKE 5H WITH JUMPER, CKT WAS AS SHOWN BELOW	
		9	67	2.2K
	67	R703 & 8.2K		2.2K
	C76	02 BI	C726 WERE 65127805,	2.2K
	C71	02 BI	C703 L701 .068 L701 .068 L701 .068 LVF WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686,	2.2K
	C71	R701, 708 R703 R704, 705, 714,	C703 1701 1068 5H 1701 1070 1070 1070 1070 1070 1070 107	2.2K
	C76	R701, 708 R703 R704, 705,	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570,	2.2K
	C71	R701, 708 R703 R704, 705, 714, 716	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128662,	2.2K
	C74	R701, 708 R703 R704, 705, 714, 716 R726	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WERE 6K129242, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128662, 1/4 W WAS 6K128962, 1/4 W	2.2K
	C74	R701, 708 R703 R704, 705, 714, 716 R726	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K129662, 1/4 W	2.2K
	C76	R701, 708 R703 R704, 705, 714, 716 R706 R709 R710, 711, 712 R713	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WAS 6K129570, 1/10 W WAS 6K129662, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128558, 1/4 W	2.2K
	671	R701, 708 R703, R704, 705, 714, 716 R726 R706 R710, 711, 712 R713 R721	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WAS 6S128686, 1/4 W WAS 6K129570, 1/10 W WAS 6K129662, 1/4 W WAS 6K128970, 1/10 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W WERE 6S127804, 1/4 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W WERE 6S127804, 1/4 W WAS 6K128558, 1/4 W WAS 6K128558, 1/4 W WAS 6K128689, 1/4 W	2.2K
н	NLB6142A-7	R701, 708 R703 R704, 705, 714, 716 R726 R709 R710, 711, 712 R713 R721	WERE 6S127805, 1/4 W WAS 6K128570, 1/10 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W WERE 6S127804, 1/4 W WAS 6K128987, 1/4 W WAS 6K1289820, 1/4 W WAS 6K129820, 1/4 W WAS 6K1289820, 1/4 W WAS 6K129820, 1/4 W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W	2.2K

DIAG. ISSUE	CHASSIS AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION	REFER TO CIRCUIT BOARD
AK	NTB6051AA-7 NTB6052AA-9 NTB6053AA-8	Llll	WAS 25B82872B01	PARTS LIST	XMTR. CKT. BD. EPD-13429-E
	NTB6051AB-7 NTB6052AB-10 NTB6053AB-8 NTB6061AA-7				
	NTB6062AA-9 NTB6063AA-8 NTB6061AB-7				
	NTB6062AB-10 NTB6063AB-8				
AKI	NRB1121AA-11 NRB1122AA-14	C17	WAS 21D82877B17, 5 uuf; N150	Q3 BASE	EPD-8978-M, EPD-8841-R
	NRB1123AA-14	C86	ADDED 100 uuf	Q13 BASE	1
	NRB1121AB-10 NRB1122AB-13 NRB1123AB-12	Q3	WAS 48R869238, TYPE M9238	IST IF AMP	
	NRB1121AC-11 NRB1122AC-14 NRB1123AC-14 NRB1121AD-10 NRB1122AD-13 NRB1123AD-12	R63	WAS 6K129269, 1.8K	PARTS LIST	
	NTB6051AA-7	Q101,	WERE 48R869189,	osc.	EPD-8838-N,
	NTB6052AA-9	201	TYPE M9189		EPD-15460-A
	NTB6053AA-8 NTB6051AB-7	C124H	WAS 21D82877B02, 150 uuf	PARTS LIST	
	NTB6052AB-10 NTB6053AB-8	C125M	WAS 21K847065, 500 uuf		
	NTB6061AA-7 NTB6062AA-9	C135M	WAS 21K861435, 70 uuf		
	NTB6063AA-8 NTB6061AB-7	C139M	WAS 21K861441,		
	NTB6062AB-10 NTB6063AB-8	C148	ADDED 15 uuf		
	NPN6030B	C601 THRU 605	WERE 21C82187B16	PARTS LIST	NONE
-	NPN6031A	C601, 602	ADDED .003 uf	LOWER RIGHT OF DIAG,	NONE
	NLN6234A-3	C81, 90, 91	WERE 50 uuf	PARTS LIST	EPD-8978-M
		R35, 36	WERE 6K128563, 15K, 1/10 W	T Westerland	

PARTS LIST for Schematic Diagram 63E81017A21-AK1

LEGEND L = 25-30 MC M = 30-42 MC H = 42-54 MC

RECEIVER

NRB1121AA	NRB1121AD	NRB1151AC
NRB1122AA	NRB1122AD	NRB1152AC
NRB1123AA	NRB1123AD	NRB1153AC
NRB1121AB	NRB1151AA	NRB1151AD
NRB1122AB	NRB1152AA	NRB1152AD
NRB1123AB	NRB1153AA	NRB1153AD
NRB1121AC	NRB1151AB	
NRB1122AC	NRB1152AB	
NDB1123AC	NDB1153AB	

NRB1122AC NRB1123AC	NRB1152AB NRB1153AB	
REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1L, 1M, 10M C1H, 10H, 12H C2L, 2H, 32, 59 C2M, 82 C3 C4L C4H, 5M, 81 C4H, 34, 305 C5L C5H, 8M, 12M C6, 9L, 11L C7L, 7M, 13L, 13M, 14L, 14M, 21, 27, 31, 37, 75, 77, 301, 303,	21K861433 21K861462 21D82877B02 21K868829 21C82450B27 21K861433 or21K861434 21K864013 21K861432 21K861435 21D82877B06 21C82450B30 21K861442	CAPACITOR, fixed: uuf ±10%; 75 v; unl. stated 36; N150 15; N150 150; N1400 220; N1400 1.5; 500 v 36; N150; handset models 40; N150; speaker models 50; N150 20; N150 70; N150 30; N150 1.8 ±5% .002 uf +100-20%
306 C7H, 13H, 14H,	21K847065	500 GMV; 250 v
13, 47, 54, 83 C8L C8H C9H, 11H C9M, 11M, 33,	21D82877B01 21K861431 21C82450B24 21C82450B28	24; N150 12; N150 0.47; 500 v 1.0; 500 v
204 210L, 12L 215 216 217 218, 20, 26, 28, 30 219 222, 23 224, 25 229 230 233, 304 235, 302 242, 44, 46, 48, 49, 51, 56, 61, 79, 80	21D82877B01 or21D82877B06 21D82877B15 21K861440 21K861603 21K861444 21D82877B14 21C82450B22 21K864522 21K864522 21K865197 21C82450B28 21K861427 21K861427	24; N150; handset models 30; N150; speaker models 120; N150 470; N2200 3.3 ±5%; NP0 .02 uf +100-20% 91; N470 0.75; 500 v 90; N080 8; N150 25; N150 1.0; 500 v 4; N150 .01 uf +100-20%
27, 00 252 253 255 257 258, 62 260 263, 78 264 265 266, 67, 71 268 270 272, 73 274 284 285L, 85M 286	21D82239E02 23D82397D06 23D82397D16 21K864457 8C82317B03 21D82239E03 23D82397D19 23D82397D19 23D82397D17 21C82187B16 or21D82428B09 23D82397D07 23D82397D07 23D82397D06 23D82397D08 8C82317B01 21K861426 21K861437	800 ±5%; 200 v 0.22 uf +40-20%; 35 v 22 uf ±20%; 15 v .002 uf +100-20% .03 uf; 50 v 250 ±5%; 200 v 2 uf +40-20%; 8 v 4.7 uf +40-20%; 8 v 15 uf ±20%; 20 v 3000; 100 v (speaker models) 4700; 100 v (handset models) 1 uf +40-20%; 15 v 22 uf ±20%; 15 v (speaker models) 10 uf ±20%; 20 v 0.15 uf +40-20%; 35 v 0.1 uf; 100 v 2.2; N150 100; N2200

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE,
CR1	48C82363E03	<u>diode:</u> NOTE I silicon
CR2	48C859464	germanium
CR4, 6, 7 CR8, 9, 10	48C82178A01 48C82363E02	germanium silicon
CR6, 7, 10	40C02303E02	COIL, RF:
L1L, 2L, 3L	24C82765D07	GRN-RED; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning
L1M, 1H, 2M, 2H, 3M, 3H	24C82765D06	GRN-BRN; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
L4	24C82765D05	GRN-GRA; does not incl 76K847160 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
L5M, 301M	24C82766D08	BLU-RED; does not incl 76A82686D02 CORE, tuning
L5L, 5H, 301L 301H	24C82766D04	BLU-GRA; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
L6	24C847920	choke; 9 uh
L9	24B82695D01	limiter; c/o; pri: term. no. 1 and 2 with no.
L10	24B82696D01	5 center tap; sec: term. no. 3 and 4 discriminator; 455 kc; incl tuning core
L12	25B82751D01	choke; 1.5 h
		TRANSISTOR: NOTE I
Q1	48R869375	P-N-P; type M9375
Q2,5, 301 Q3	48R869168 48R869169	P-N-P; type M9168 N-P-N; type M9169
Q4	48K869062	N-P-N; type M9062 BLU
Q6, 7, 8, 9, 10,		P-N-P; type M9057
Q12, 13 Q14	48R869148 48R869022	P-N-P; type M9148 N-P-N; type M9022
Q15	48R869028	P-N-P; type M9028
Q16	48R869027	N-P-N; type M9027
R1,14,37,38,304 R2, 9, 22,	6K127806 6K127804	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1/4 w; unl stated 27K 4.7K
24, 26, 28, 30, 45, 47		
R3, 4, 7	6K129432	820 5 % V
R5 R6, 21, 23, 25,	6K129433 6K127807	5. 6K 33K
27, 29	(
R8, 52, 57 R10, 59	6K127801 6K129775	470 330
R11, 31	6K128685	22K
R12	6K129225	10K
R13,32,39,44 R15, 303	6K128688 6K128687	2.7K 6.8K
R16, 17, 34,69,	6K127802	1K
301, 302 R33, 50	6K128689	2,2K
R43, 60	6K128904	18K
R46 R49	6K129144 6K127803	68K 1.5K
R51	6K127803	47
R53	6K129433	5.6K; handset models
R54, 55	or6K127804 6K127806	4.7K; speaker models 27K; speaker models
R58	6K129862	150
R63 R64	6K128552 6K129753	1.8K; 1/10 w 100; handset models
R70	6S185B84	2.7K; 1/8 w TRANSFORMER:
TIL	24C82767D06	GRN-BLK; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning
T1M, 1H	24C82767D03	GRN-ORG; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
T2L	24C82767D07	GRN-VIO; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning
т2М, 2Н	24C82767D04	GRN-GRN; does not incl 76K861425 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron
Т3, 5	24C82767D05	GRN-BLU; does not incl 76K847160 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
	1	I

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
T4	24C82207G01	RED-RED; does not incl 76K847160 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
т6	25B82699D01	audio input; BLU dot; c/o; pri: coil res. 1340; imped. 10K sec: coil res. 348; imped. 1K
Т7	25B82893E01	audio; pri: imped. 1200; res. 125; sec: imped. 120; res. 12
		CRYSTAL UNIT, quartz:
Y1, 301	YM45	25-42 mc
***	of YM46	42-54 mc
Y2	X 14	5.245 or 6.155 mc

NLN6234A Resistor Kit (Wide Channel Spacing)

C81, 90, 91 C83	21K865197 21K847065	<u>CAPACITOR, fixed;</u> 25 ±10%; 75 v; N150 500 GMV; 250 v
R35, 36	6S185B93	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1/8 w unl stated 15K

FILTER

Zl	NFN6006AS NFN6006AW	FILTER, IF: bandpass; 20 kc bandpass; 40 kc			
NON-REFERENCED ITEMS					
	26B82671D01 14A82271E01				

41

NOTES:

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, ±10%; 1/4 WATT, K=1000. ALL CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROMICROFARADS,
- 2. REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUE.
- 3. USED IN SINGLE FREQUENCY MODELS ONLY.
- 4. PART OF HOUSING.
- 5. REFER TO RECEIVER PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD AND WIRING DIAGRAM FOR PROPER TAP.
- 6. ALL VOLTAGE READINGS REFERENCED TO CHASSIS GROUND. DC READINGS TAKEN WITH A MOTOROLA DC MULTIMETER.
- 7. FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS:

TRANSMITTER: $f_0 = \frac{1}{16}$

RECEIVER: f = CARRIER FREQUENCY (25-54 MC)

f₀₁ = 1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (30.7-48.3 MC)

 \mathbf{f}_{02} = 2ND OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (REFER TO CHART ON BLOCK DIAGRAM)

f₁ = 1ST INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (5.7 MC)

f₂ = 2ND INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (455 KC)

 $f_{01} = f_c + f_1 (25-42 \text{ MC})$

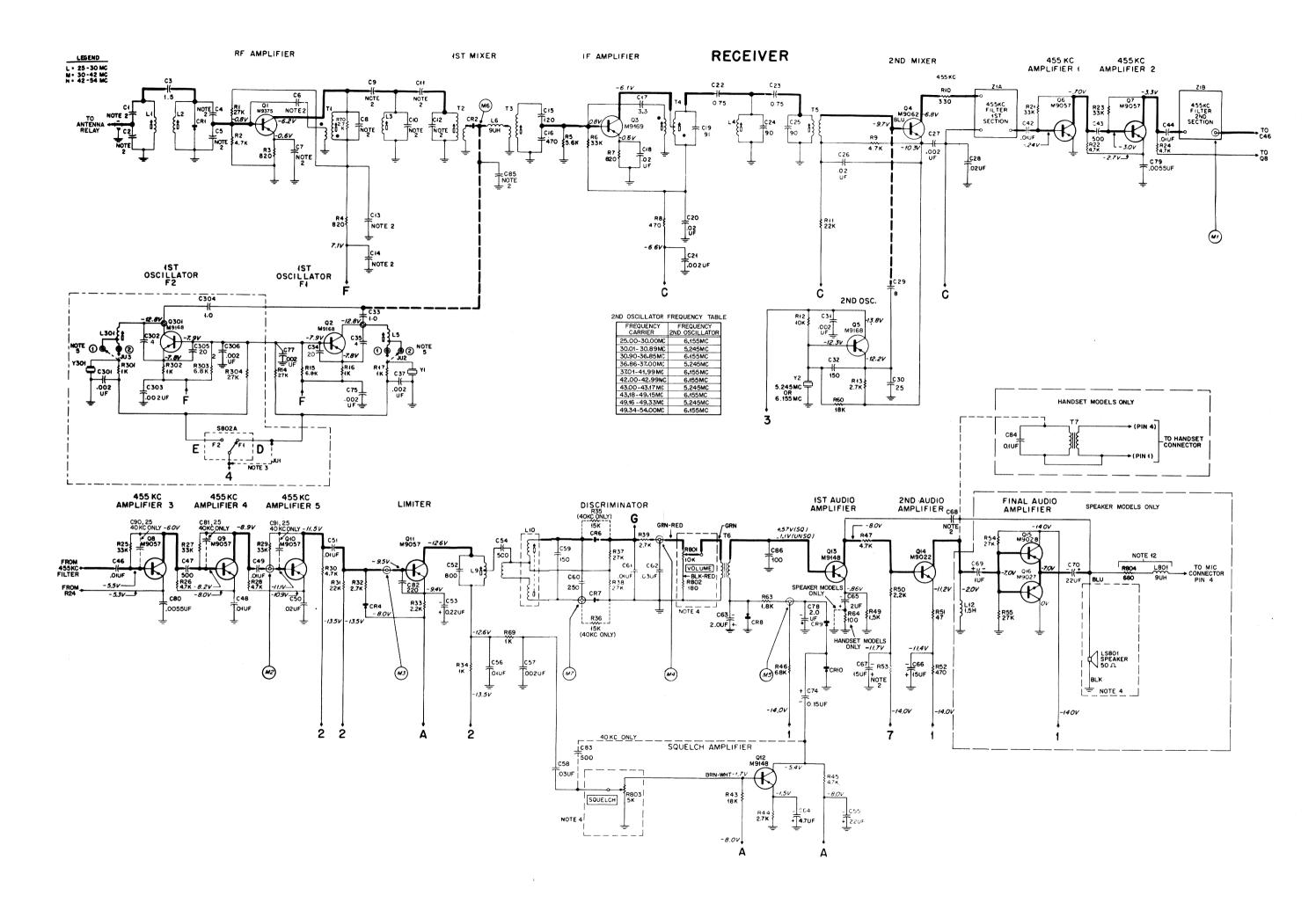
 $f_{02} = f_c - f_1 (42-54 \text{ MC})$

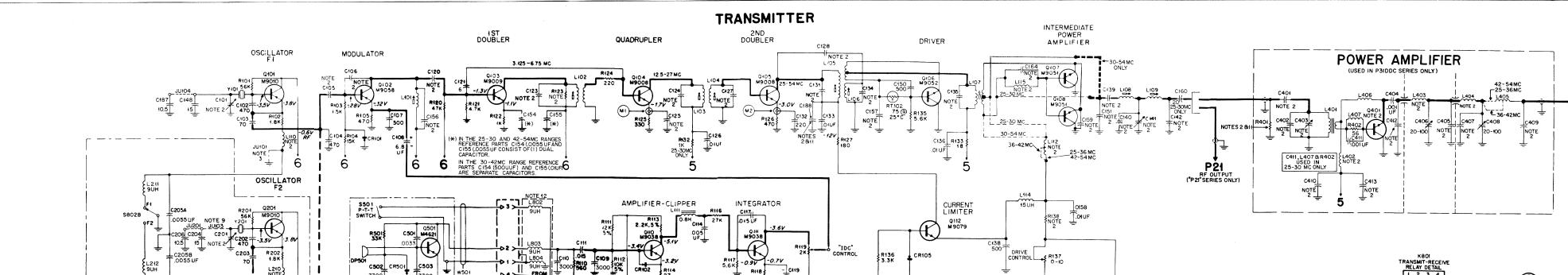
- 8. HANDSET MODELS ONLY.
- 9. JU103 MAY OR MAY NOT EXIST DEPENDING UPON OPERATING FREQUENCY.
- REFER TO BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING SECTION OF THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR LOCATION OF FUSE.
- 11. NOT USED IN 42-54 MC RANGE.
- 12. PART OF UNIT COMPONENT KIT.

EPD-8874-D

PREVIOUS REVISIONS SHOWN ON FRONT OF THIS DIAGRAM

25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Radio Carrier Squelch Schematic Diagram Motorola No. 63E81017A21-AK1 (Sheet 1 of 2) 9/23/66-AP





TRANSMITTERS

SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	FREQUENCY RANGE	RF POWER OUTPUT
	NTB6051AA	7	1	25-30 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AA	NTB6052AA	9	1	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AA	8	1	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6051AB	7	2	25-30 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AB	NTB6052AB	10	2	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AB	8	2	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6061AA	7	1	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6060AA	NTB6062AA	9	1	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AA	8	1	42-54 MC	5 W
	NTB6061AB	7	2	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6060AB	NTB6062AB	10	2	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AB	8	2	42-54 MC	5 W

CONTROL PANELS

MODEL NUMBER	SUFFIX	XMTR. FREQ.	RCVR. FREQ.	HANDSET	SPEAKER	MICROPHONE	RF POWE
NGN6023A		1	1	Х			1.4 W
NGN6025A		2	1	x			1.4 W
NGN6026A		2	2	х			1.4 W
NCN6039A		1	1		х	x	1.4 W
NCN6041A		2	1		Х	x	1.4 W
NCN6043A		2	2		х	х	1.4 W
NCN6044A		1	1	х	Х		1.4 W
NCN6045A		1	1		х	х	5 W
NCN6047A		2	1		х	х	5 W
NCN6049A		2	2		х	x	5 W
NCN6052A		1	1	x	Х		1.4 W
NCN6054A		2	2	х	х		1.4 W
NCN6056A		1	1	х	Х		5 W
NCN6058A		2	ı	х	х		5 W
NCN6060A		2	2	х	Х		5 W
NCN6039B		1	1		х	х	1.4 W
NCN6043B	<u> </u>	2	2		Х	х	1.4 W
NCN6044B		1	1	Х	х		1.4 W
NCN6054B		2	2	Х	Х		1.4 W

RECEIVERS

ERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	CHANNEL SPACING	FREQUENCY RANGE	USED WITH
	NRB1121AA	12	1	40 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
RB1120AA	NRB1122AA	15	1	40 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AA	15	1	40 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1121AB	11	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
RB1120AB	NRB1122AB	14	1	20 KC	30-52 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AB	13	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
***************************************	NRB1121AC	12	2	40 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
RB1120AC	NRB1122AC	15	2	40 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AC	15	2	40 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1121AD	11	2 .	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
RB1120AD	NRB1122AD	14	2	20 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AD	13	- 2	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1151AA	8	1	40 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
RB1150AA	NRB1152AA	7	1	40 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
1101111	NRB1153AA	7	1	40 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1151AB	7	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
RB1150AB	NRB1152AB	6	1	20 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1153AB	6	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1151AC	8	2	40 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
RB1150AC	NRB1152AC	7	2	40 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1153AC	7	2	40 KC	42-50 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1151AD	7	2	20 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
RB1150AD	NRB1152AD	6	2	20 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1153AD	6	2	20 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY

POWER AMPLIFIERS

MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	FREQUENCY RANGE	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	TYPE OF BATTERIES
NLB6121A	2	25-30 MC	NPN6030B		DRY
NLB6122A	2	30-42 MC	NPN6031A		NICKEL-CADMIUM
NLB6123A	1	42-54 MC			EPD-8847-N

POWER SUPPLIES

P21 ROBERT TO ROVE TO STOCK FOR SHORT RECEIVE TO 14.00 TO STOCK FOR SHORT RECEIVE TO 15.00 TO STOCK FOR SHORT RECEIVE TRANSMITTER VOLTAGES REFERENCED TO 15.00 TO STOCK FOR SHORT ROBERT SHORT SHORT ROBERT SHOT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHOT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHOT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHOT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHOT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHOT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHOT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHORT ROBERT SHO

TRANSISTOR DETAIL (BOTTOM VIEW)

25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Radio Carrier Squelch Schematic Diagram Motorola No. 63E81017A21-AK1 (Sheet 2 of 2) 9/23/66-AP

·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION

<u>LEGEND</u> L = 25-30 MC M = 30-42 MC H = 42-54 MCTRANSMITTER

NTB6051AA NTB6061AA NTB6052AA NTB6062AA NTB6053AA NTB6063AA NTB6051AB NTB6061AB NTB6052AB NTB6062AB

	NTB6052AB	NTB6062AB	
	NTB6053AB	NTB6063AB	
	<u></u>		
			CAPACITOR, fixed: uuf ±10%
	C101 141	2000000000	75 v; unl stated
	C101, 141, 201	20C82399D04	var; 5,5-18; 200 v; NP0
	C102, 104,	21K861440	470. N3200
	202	211301440	470; N2200
	C103, 135M,	21K861435	70; N150
	140L, 142M,		1
	156L, 203		
Ì	C105L, 105H,	21D82877B02	150; N1400
ı	106M, 106H,		
	C105M	21K865922	390; 500 v
	C107, 125H, 139M, 150	21K847065	500 GMV; 250 v
I	C108	23C82397D09	6 9 05 140 207 10
١	C109, 110	21K858108	6.8 uf +40-20%; 10 v 3000 ±25%; 250 v
ı	C111	8K854329	.015 uf; 250 v
I	C113, 137	23C82397D17	15 uf ±20%; 20 v
۱	C114	8C82548E03	.005 uf; 100 v
١	C115, 119	23C82397D03	10 uf ±20%; 6 v
I	C117	8C82548E02	.015 uf; 100 v
ı	C120L, 120H,	21K861436	100; N750
١	139H, 156M,		
ı	156H	21770/1400	
ı	C120M, 132 C121, 128H	21K861438	220; N1400
١	C123L, 124L,	21K861428 21D82877B35	6; N150
l	127L, 127M	L1D02077D33	220; N470
ı	C123M, 131M	21K868384	100; N150
l	C123H, 131H,	21K864013	50; N150
l	134H		
l	C124M	21D82239E03	250 ±5%; 200 v
l	C125L	21K831126	.002 uf GMV; 300 v
l	C126, 133,	21K861443	.01 uf +100-20%
ı	136, 138, 149,		
l	155M, 158	21522225	
ı	C127H, 134L C128M	21D82877B15	120; N150
١	C128M C131L	21K861427 21K864012	4; N150
l	C124H	21D82877B05	60; N150 150; N750
		LIDOLO (IDO)	150, 10750
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REFERENCE	MOTOROLA	DESCRIPTION
SYMBOL	PART NO.	
C134M C135L	21K864067 21K868384	80; N150 100; N150
C135H, 159L C139L, 157L,	21K861434 21K861432	40; N150 20; N150
160L C138, 125M, 154M	21K861441	500; N4700
C140M, 140H, 148, 204	21D82877B19	15 ±5%; NP0
C141L C141M, 141H C151H	20C82399D07 20C82399D04 21K861430	var; 15-60; 200 v; N1500 var; 5.5-18; 200 v; NP0 10; N150
C154L, 154H, 155L, 155H C164H C164L, M C187, 206 C188L, M C205 C205A C205B	21C82724H01 21K858108 21C82040D12 21D82877B11 23D82397D07 21C82724H01	dual sect.; each section c/o: 5500 +100-20% .003 uf ±25%; 250 v 800 uuf ±5%; 25 v 10.5 ±5%; NP0 1.0 uf +40-10%; 15 v dual sect.; c/o; 5500 +100-20% 5500 +100-20%
CR101,102 CR103 CR105	48C82178A01 48C82256C08 48C82392B12	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode: (NOTE 1) germanium zener type silicon
L101L, M L101H L102 L103L,104L	24C82901B04 24C82901B05 24B82194C01 24C82904B19	COIL, RF: does not incl. 76K835565 CORE, tuning modulator modulator; GRN-YEL lst doubler; RED quadrupler output; 2nd doubler
L103M, 103H	24C82904B14	input quadrupler output; 2nd doubler output
L104M, 104H L105L L105M, 105H L106L L106M, 106H, 107M, 107H	24C82904B15 24C82904B20 24C82904B12 24B82648G01 24B82209E01	2nd doubler input 2nd doubler 2nd doubler 2nd doubler output driver input driver input; final ampl. input
L107L L108L,108M, 109L,109M	24B82737E01 24C82904B21	final ampl. input final ampl. output
L108H, 109H L110L, 210L L110M, 110H, 210M, 210H	24C82904B01 24D82549D03 24D82549D10	final ampl. output choke; 1 mh choke; 390 uh
L111 L112L L112M L112H L114 L115 L211,212	25B82872B02 24A890687 24A82228G01 24C82000E08 24D82549D09 24C83961B01 24C82000E03	choke; 0.8 h choke; 2 uh choke; 1.2 uh choke; 0.31 uh; sleeved choke; 15 uh choke; 3 turns, coded BRN choke; 9 uh
Q101, 201 Q102 Q103 Q104, 105 Q106 Q107, 108 Q110, 111	48R869010 48R869058 48R869009 48R869008 48R869052 48R869051 48R869038 48R869079	TRANSISTOR: (NOTE I) P-N-P; type M9010 P-N-P; type M9058 P-N-P; type M9009 P-N-P; type M9008 N-P-N; type M9052 N-P-N; type M9051 P-N-P; type M9038 N-P-N; type M9038 N-P-N; type M9079
R101, 201 R102, 202 R103, 109 R104, 123L,	6K129242 6R129269 6K127803 6K127805	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1/4 w; unl. stated 56K 1.8K 1.5K
R105, 126 R110 R111 R112 R113 R114 R115 R116	6K127801 6K129620 6K129887 6K129668 6R129804 6S131594 6S124A60 6K127806 6K127806 6K129863	470 560 12K ±5% 10K ±5% 2.2K ±55% 27 3K ±55% 27K 5.6K 390

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R119 R120	18B82876B04	, W
R121	6K128902 6K127804	47K
R122,132L	6R127802	4.7K 1K
R123H	6K129225	10K
R124, 131	6R 127800	220
R125	6R 127775	330
R127	6R 129662	180
R133	6R131650	18
R135	6K129433	5.6K
R136	6R129231	3.3K
R137	18C82035B17	, w
R138L	17A82036G25	1 /0,
R138M, 138H	17A82035G26	2 ±3%; 2 w
RT102	6B859699	THERMISTOR: 75 ohms @ 25°C
		CRYSTAL UNIT, quartz;
V101 201	A Day o	NOTE II
Y101, 201	ABX-2	xmtr. control
	NON-REFERE	NCED ITEMS
	26A82609E01	HEAT SINK; 3 req'd
NGN6023A	NCN6043A	NCN6052A
NGN6025A	NCN6044A	NCN6054A
NGN6026A	NCN6045A	NCN6056A
NCN6039A	NCN6047A	NCN6058A
NCN6041A	NCN6049A	NCN6060A
		CONNECTOR, receptacle:
J801	9C82817E01	female; coaxial; uhf type
J803	28C82846E01	male; 9 contact
K801	80C82860E01	RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil
LS801	50D82808E01	res. 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3", square; 50 ohms impedance
	3020200201	RESISTOR,
R801	18C82816E02	var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof
R802	6K129662	fixed; 180 ±10%; 1/4 w
R803	18C82816E01	var; 15K ±10%; weatherproof
S801 S802	40B82851E01 40C82843E01	SWITCH: toggle; spst; weather-resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position;
		non-shorting (2-freq.)
	NON-REFEREN	ICED ITEMS
	1V80727A11 1V80729A93	HANDLE ASSY. incl. mic. holding clip (for models NCN6039A, NCN6041A, NCN6043A, NCN6045A, NCN6047A and NCN6049A) HANDLE ASSY.: incl. handset holder (for models NCN6044A, NCN6052A, NCN6056A, NCN6058A, NCN6060A, NCN6058A, NCN6060A, NCN6053A, NCN6060A, NCN6060A, NCN6053A, NCN6060A, NCN6053A, NCN6060A, NCN6053A, NCN6060A, NCN6060A, NCN6053A, NCN6060A, NCN605A, NCN605A, NCN605A, NCN605A, NCN6060A, NCN605A, NCN60
		NCN6060A, NGN6023A, NGN6025A and NGN6026A)
	42K861179	CLAMP, cable: 2 reg'd
	42A82143C02	CLAMP, cable: 2 req'd
	32B82855E01	GASKET, rubber: housing seal
	36B82812E03	KNOB, control: 2 req'd.
		(vol. & sq.)
	36B82804E01	GASKET: (speaker mtg.)
	35B82803E01	CLOTH, grille
l	13C82815E01	GRILLE (1-freq. models)
1	13C82815E04	GRILLE (2-freq. models)
	1V80727A10	HOUSING ASSY.: incl handle (for models NCN6041A, NCN6043A and NCN6045A)
	1V80731A68	HOUSING ASSY.: incl. handle (for models NCN6041A, NCN6047A and NCN6049A)
	1V80729A94	HOUSING ASSY.: incl. handle (for models NCN6044A, NCN6056A and NGN6023A)
	1V80731A67	HOUSING ASSY.: incl. handle (for models NCN6052A, NCN6054A, NCN6058A, NCN6060A, NGN6025A
		and NGN6026A)

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	CONTR	OL PANEL
NCN6039B NCN6043B NCN6044B NCN6054B		
		CONNECTOR, receptacle:
J801 J802	9C82817E01 1V80715A85	female; coax; uhf type
0000	1 1 00 7 15 A 65	female; 4 cont; does not incl. 2A482070 NUT, ring; knurled
J803	28C82846E01	male; 9 cont.
K801	80C83202B01	RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed: 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C", coil res
LS801	50D83205B01	LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet: 3" square; 50 ohms imp.
		RESISTOR,
R801	18C82816E02	var: 10K ±10%; weatherproof
R802 R803	6K129662 18C82816E01	fixed: $180 \pm 10\%$; $1/4$ w var: $5K \pm 10\%$; weatherproof
\$801 \$802	40B82851E01 40C82843E01	SWITCH, toggle: spst; weather-resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position; non- shorting (2-freq.)
	NON-REFERE	NCED ITEMS
	1V80727A11	HANDLE ASSY. incl mic. holding clip (for NCN6039B &
	1V80729A93	NCN6043B) HANDLE ASSY. incl handset holder (for NCN6044B &
	42K861179	NCN6054B) CLAMP, cable: 2 reg'd
	32B82855E01	GASKET, rubber: housing seal
	36B82628H13	KNOB, control; 2 req'd (vol. & sq)
	36B82812E03	KNOB, control: does not incl 3A83174C01 SET SCREW: fluted head (F1-F2 switch)
	32B82804E01	GASKET: (speaker mtg.)
	35B82803E01	CLOTH, grille
	13C82815E01 13C82815E04	GRILLE (1-freq models) GRILLE (2-freq models)
	1V80749A97	HOUSING ASSY .: incl handle
	1V80749A98	(for NCN6039B) HOUSING ASSY.: incl handle (for NCN6043B)
	1V80729A94	HOUSING ASSY: incl handle
	1V80731A67	(for NCN6044B) HOUSING ASSY: incl handle
	t Component Kit t Component Kit	
J802	1V80715A85	CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; 4 contact; does not incl. 2A81180 NUT, knurled
		RESISTOR, fixed:
R804	6R6040	680 ±10%; 1/2 w

NMN6018A Microphone (plug-in; transistorized) MK501

A501	1V80727A19	AMPLIFIER, AF: incl. C501, C502, C503, CR501, Q501, R501 and 1V80727A20 BOARD, circuit component mtg.
C501,502,503	21D82428B10	CAPACITOR, fixed: .0033 ±10%; 100 v
CR501	48C82178A01	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode: NOTE I germanium

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION			
DP501	59C82857E01 or59C82864E01	CARTRIDGE, microphone reluctance type			
P501		CONNECTOR, plug: p/o W501			
Q501	48R134621	TRANSISTOR, NOTE I P-N-P; type M4621			
R501	6K127807	RESISTOR, fixed: 33K ±10%; 1/4 w			
S501	40C82863E01	SWITCH, push; single pole normally open			
W501	30D82565B04	CORD, microphone, incl ref part P501 and a coiled 4 conductor; stranded cord			
NON-REFERENCED ITEMS					
	15C82828E01	HOUSING, microphone: (front)			
	15C82827E01	HOUSING, microphone (rear)			
	41B82856E01	SPRING, backup			
	38B82833E01 35A82853E01	BUTTON, push			
	4C82418B22	DIAPHRAGM, microphone WASHER, insulating			
	75A82852E01	PAD, rubber; 1.24" dia.			
	75A82192A02	PAD, rubber; 0.562" dia.			
	64A82826E01	PLATE, tapped			
	7B82801E01	BRACKET, hold-down			
i	32A82661C02	GASKET			
	42B82831E01	CLAMP, cable			
	1V80727A18	SPRING AND BUSHING ASSY.			
	43K475873	SPACER			

CAPACITOR, fixed: uuf unl.

stated 21D82537B19 60 ±5%; 100 v; N150

27 ±10%; 500 v

21D82610C07 51; 200 v; N150

NLB6121A RF Amplifier (25-30 MC) NLB6122A RF Amplifier (30-42 MC) NLB6123A RF Amplifier (42-54 MC)

C401H 21K410089 27 ±10%; 500 v C402L 21K840711 51 ±5%; 500 v C402M 21K840365 24 ±5%; 500 v C402H, 407H 21K859211 47 ±5%; 300 v

C401L C401M

C402H, 407H	21K859211	47 ±5%; 300 v
C403L, 403M,	20C82109C01	
406L, 406, 408	1	1
C403H	20K840719	var: 8-50; 200 v
C404,411L	21C82187B14	.001 uf ±10%; 200 v
C405, 405M	21K861435	70 ±10%; 75 v; N150
C405H	21D82610C05	57 ±5%; 200 v; N150
C407L	21K840713	120 ±5%; 500 v
C407M	21K861436	100 ±10%; 75 v; N750
C409L, 409M	21D82355B13	
C409H	21D82355B14	
C410L	21D82426B10	.0033 ±10%; 100 v
C410M	21K858108	3000 ±25%; 250 v
C410H	21K858107	1500 ±25%; 250 v
C412L	21D82355B09	33 uf ±5%; 500 v; NP0
C413L	21C82372C03	0.1 uf +80-20%; 25 v
		,,,,
		COIL, RF:
L401L	24B83349D01	input coil assembly
L401M	24V82643G01	input coil assembly
L401H	24B82640G01	input coil assembly
L402L, 402M,	24V80900A86	choke; 1.02 uh
402H		,
L403L, 403M	24A82813E01	coil, output
L403H	24A82818G01	coil, output
L404	24A82819G01	coil, output
L405L, 405M	24C82000E15	choke; tapped output
L405H	24C82000E14	choke, output
L406L, 406M	24B82122D04	choke; filter 3 turns
L406H	24B82122D07	2 turns
		TRANSISTOR; NOTE I
Q401L, 401M	48R869101	P-N-P; type M9101
Q401H	48R869102	P-N-P; type M9102
[
	ļ	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w
R401L, M	6R6330	150
	ļ	
1		
	1	

REFERENC SYMBOL	-	DESCRIPTION
NPN6031A 1	Power Supply (less	battery) Nickel-Cadmium
C601	21C82187B16 or21K850446	CAPACITOR, fixed: 3000 -10%; 100 v 3000 ±25%; 250 v
CR601	48C82095C01	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode: NOTE I silicon
F601	65A82496G01	FUSE, cartridge; 3 amp/32 v; 1/4" x 5/8"
J601	9C82847E01	CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; 9 contact
P601 P602	28A82488G01 28A16313	CONNECTOR, plug: male; 2 contact male; 3 contact
XF601	1V80731A03	FUSEHOLDER ASSY.: single fuse mounting
	NON-REFEREN	CED ITEMS
	1V80731A01 64B82653G01 41A82652G01 22A82651G01 14A82650G01 38A868379	HOUSING ASSY. (riveted) PLATE, door SPRING, torsion PIN; pivot INSULATOR TAB, battery plug

NPN6030B Power Supply (less battery) Dry

C601, 602,	21C82187B16	CAPACITOR, fixed:
603, 604, 605 C606, 607 C606A, 607A,	21K800802	dual sect; c/o; .001 uf GMV +100% max; 500 v
C606B, 607B		.001 uf GMV +100% max; 500 v
F601	65R132923	FUSE, cartridge: 3 amp/250 v
J601	9C82847E01	CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; 9 contact
	NON-REFERE	NCED ITEMS
	1V80731A83 1V80731A85	HOUSING ASSY. (riveted) BATTERY HOLDER ASSY. (riveted)
	1V80731A87	BATTERY COVER ASSY.

NLN6310A Battery Kit (dry)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	60B82455G01	BATTERY, 11 req'd.	dry;	1.5 v;

NMN6017A Handset

1 1 4 5 5 3 3	5P82446G02 5P82446G03 0P82446G04 9P82446G05 9P82446G06 7A842245	HANDLE, handset CAP, transmitter CAP, receiver SWITCH, push-to-talk CARTRIDGE, receiver CARTRIDGE, transmitter SLEEVE, strain relief CORD, handset
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NMN6018A Microphone (plug-in; transistorized) MK501

A501	1V80727A19	AMPLIFIER, AF; incl C501, C502, C503, CR501, Q501, R501 and 1V80727A20 BOARD, circuit component mt
C501, 502, 503	21D82428B10	CAPACITOR, fixed: .0033 ±10%; 100 v
R501	48C82178A01	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode: NOTE I germanium

	CARTERIA
59C82857E01 or59C82864E01	CARTRIDGE, microphone reluctance type
	CONNECTOR, plug: p/o W501
48R134621	TRANSISTOR, NOTE I P-N-P; type M4621
6K127807	RESISTOR, fixed: 33K ±10%; 1/4 w
40C82863E01	SWITCH, push; single pole normally open
30D82565B04	CORD, microphone, incl ref part P501 and a coiled 4 conductor; stranded cord
NON-REFEREI	NCED ITEMS
15C82828E01 15C82827E01 41B82856E01 38B82833E01 35A82853E01 35A82853E01 75A8218222 75A82852E01 75A82192A02 64A82826E01 7B82801E01 32A82661C02 42B82831E01 1V80727A18	HOUSING, microphone: (front) HOUSING, microphone: (rear) SPRING, backup BUTTON, push DIAPHRAGM, microphone WASHER, insulating PAD, rubber; 1.24" dia. PAD, rubber; 0.562"dia. PLATE, tapped BRACKET, hold-down GASKET CLAMP, cable SPRING AND BUSHING ASSY.
	48R134621 6K127807 40C82863E01 30D82565B04 NON-REFEREI 15C82828E01 15C82827E01 41B82856E01 38B82833E01 35A82853E01 48C82418B22 75A82852E01 75A82192A02 64A82826E01 7582801E01 32A82661C02 42B82831E01

NOTES:

- I. Replacement transistors and diodes must be ordered by Motorola part number only for optimum performance.
- II. Crystals are part of the Radio Set Model only. When ordering crystal units specify car. freq.(s), crystal freq.(s) and crystal type number.

REVISIONS					
DIAG.	CHASSIS AND SUFFIX NO.	REF. SYMBOL	CHANGE	LOCATION	REFER TO CIRCUIT BOARD
AN	NTB6051AC-5	R138L	WAS 17A82069G02	PARTS LIST	XMTR CKT BD
AN	NTB6052AC-8	10.302	2.5; 1 W		EPD-13429-D
- 1	NTB6053AC-6	R138M,	WERE 17A82069G01		
l l	NTB6061AC-5	138H	2: 1 W		
- 1	NTB6062AC-8			İ	
	NTB6063AC-6	1			
AP	NTB6051AC-6	L111	WAS 24B82872B01	PARTS LIST	XMTRCKT BD
AP	NTB6052AC-9	1	i		EPD-13429-E
i	NTB6053AC-7				l
- 1	NTB6061AC-6				i
Į.	NTB6062AC-9	1			1
- 1	NTB6063AC-7	1			
AR	NLB6141A-8	C716	WAS 23D82397D16,	Q703	EPD-9204-K,
AK	NLB6142A-7	1	22 uf, 15 V	COLLECTOR	EPD-9206-H
ARI	NRB1121AF-13	C17	WAS 21D82877B17	Q3 BASE	EPD-8838-N,
AKI	NRB1122AF-16		5 uuf; N150		EPD-13429-F,
	NRB1123AF-15	Q3	WAS 48R869238,	IST IF AMPL.	EPD-15460-A
	NRB1151AF-8	1~	TYPE M9238		4
	NRB1152AF-7	R49	WAS 6K127801,	Q13 EMITTER	
	NR B1153AF -7		470 OHMS		4
	NRB1121AH-7	R63	WAS 6K129269, 1.8K	PARTS LIST	İ
	NRB1122AH-6	R64	WAS 6K129753		
	NRB1123AH-6		470 OHMS		4
	NTB6051AC-6	C125M	WAS 21K847065,	PARTS LIST	
	NTB6052AC-9	1	500 uuf		
	NTB6053AC-7	C131M	ADDED 100 uuf		
	NTB6051AD-2	C139M	WAS C139		
	NTB6052AD-5	C124H	ADDED 150 uuf		
	NTB6053AD-4	C163.	ADDED 15 uuf		
	NTB6061AC-6	204, 211			
	NTB6062AD-5	1	I		i
	NTB6063AD-4				
	NPN6031A	C601,	ADDED .003 uf	LOWER RIGH	T NONE
	141 14000 1111	602	1	OF DIAG.	
	NLN6306A	L801	WERE 24C847920,		NONE
	NLN6307A	THRU	9 uh		
	MPROSOITA	804	1		

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PARTS LIST for Schematic Diagram 63E81017A22-AR1

<u>LEGEND</u> L = 25-30 MC M = 30-42 MC H = 42-54 MC

NRB1121AF, NRB1151AF Receiver Circuit Board (25-30 MC) 1-Freq. NRB1122AF, NRB1152AF Receiver Circuit Board (30-42 MC) 1-Freq. NRB1123AF, NRB1153AF Receiver Circuit Board (42-54 MC) 1-Freq. NRB1151AH Receiver Circuit Board (25-30 MC) 2-Freq. NRB1152AH Receiver Circuit Board (30-42 MC) 2-Freq. NRB1153AH Receiver Circuit Board (42-54 MC) 2-Freq.

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		CAPACITOR, fixed: uuf ±10%;
	21770(1422	75 v; unl stated
1L, 1M, 10M	21K861433	36; N150 15; N150
11н, 10н, 12н,	218801402	15, 14150
C2L, 2H, 32,	21D82877B02	150; N1400
59		220 311400
C2M, 82	21K868829 21C82450B27	220; N1400 1.5; 500 v
C3 C4L	21K861433	36; N150; handset models
340	or21K861434	40; N150; speaker models
C4M, 5M	21K864013	50; N150
C4H, 34, 305	21K861432	20; N150 70; N150
C5L	21K861435 21D82877B06	30; N150
C5H, 8M, 12M,	1	
C6, 9L, 11L	21C82450B30	1.8 ±5%; 500 v
	21750/1442	.002 uf +100-20%
C7L, 7M, 13L,	21K861442	.002 dr +100-20%
13M, 14L, 14M 21, 27, 31, 37,	1	ļ l
75, 77, 301,		
303, 306		500 CMW, 250
C7H, 13H, 14H	21K847065	500 GMV; 250 v
43, 47, 54 C8L	21D82877B01	24; N150
C8H	21K861431	12; N150
COM 1134	21C82450D28	1.0; 500 v
C9M, 11M, 33, 304	11002150525	, and the second
C9H, 11H	21C82450B24	0.47; 500 v
C10L, 12L	21D82877B01	24; N150; handset models
	or21D82877B0	30; N150; speaker models 120; N150
C15	21D82877B15 21K861440	470; N2200
C16 C17	21K861603	3.3 ±5%; NP0
C18, 20, 26,	21K861444	.02 uf +100-20%
28, 50		01: N470
C19	21D82877B14 21C82450B22	91; N470 0.75; 500 v
C22, 23	21K864522	90; N080
C24, 25 C29	21K861429	8; N150
C30	21K865197	25; N150
C33, 304	21C82450B28	1.0,500 v 20, N150
C34L, 305L	21K861432 21K861427	4; N150
C35, 302 C42, 44, 46,	21K861443	.01 uf +100-20%
48, 49, 51, 56	1	
79, 80		
C52	21D82239E02	
C53	23C82397D06	
C55	23C82397D16 21K864457	.002 uf +100-20%
C57 C58, 62	8C82317B03	.03 uf; 50 v
C58, 62	21D82239E03	3 250 ±5%; 200 v
C61	21K861441	500
C63, 78	23D82397D1	9 2 uf +40-20%; 8 v
C64	23D82397D05	4.7 uf +40-20%; 3 v
C65	23D82397D1	
C66, 67, 71	23D82397D1	
C68	21C82187B1 or21D82428B0	9 4700; 100 v (handset models)
C69	23D82397D0	7 1 uf +40-20%; 15 v
C70	23D82397D1	6 22 uf ±20%; 15 v (speaker
1		models) 5 10 uf ±20%; 20 v
C72, 73	23D82397D1 23D82397D0	
C74	8C82317B06	1 4 100
C76 C83	21K861437	100; N2200
C84	8C82317B01	0.1 uf; 100 v
C85L, 85M	21K861426	2,2; N150
	1	1

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	
		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE,	
İ		diode; NOTE I	
CR1	48C82363E03	silicon	
CR2	48C859464	germanium	
CR4, 6, 7	48C82178A01	germanium	
CR8, 9, 10	48C82363E02	silicon	
CR12	48C82392B03	silicon	
L1L, 2L, 3L	24C82765D07	COIL, RF: GRN-RED; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or	
		76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron	
L1M, 1H, 2M, 2H, 3M, 3H	24C82765D06	GRN-BRN; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or	
L4	24C82765D05	76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron GRN-GRA; does not incl. 76K847160 CORE, tuning or	
		76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron	
L5L, 5H, 301L, 301H	24C82766D04	BLU-GRAY; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or	
L5M, 301M	24C82766D08	76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron BLU-RED; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or	
		76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron	
L6 L9	24C847920 24B82695D01	choke; 9 uh limiter; c/o pri: term. No. 1 and 2 with No. 5 center tap	
		sec: term. No. 3 and 4	
L10	24B82696D01	discriminator; 455 kc; incl. tuning core	
	050005:50	sheko: 1.5 h	
L12	25B82751D01	choke; 1.5 h silicon	
L13	48C82392B03	TRANSISTOR: NOTE I	
Ql	48R869375	P-N-P; type M9375	
Q2, 5, 301	48R869168	P-N-P; type M9168	
Q3	48R869169	P-N-P; type M9169	
Q4	48K869062	N-P-N; type M9062; BLU	
Q6, 7, 8, 9,	48R869057	P-N-P; type M9057	
10, 11	1070/0140	P-N-P; type M9148	
Q12, 13	48R869148	N-P-N; type M9022	
Q14	48R869022 48R869028	P-N-P; type M9028	
Q15	48R869027	N-P-N; type M9027	
Q16	401007021		
		RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1/4 w;	
		unl stated	
R1,14,37,38,30		27K	
R2, 9, 22,	6K127804	4.7K	
24, 26, 28, 30	•		
45, 47	6K129432	820	
R3, 4, 7 R5, 65	6K129433	5.6K	
R6, 21, 23,	6K127807	33K	
25, 27, 29			
R8, 52, 57	6K127801	470	
R10,59	6K129775	330 33V	
R11, 31	6K128685	22K	
R12	6K129225	10K 2.7K	
R13,32,39,44	6K128688 6K128687	6.8K	
R15, 303 R16,17,34,69	1	1K	
301, 302	'	1	
R33, 50	6K128689	2.2K	
R43, 60	6K128904	18K	
R46	6K129144	68K	
R49	6S124A45	680 ±5%; 1/4 w 47	
R51	6K129233 6K129433	5.6K; handset models	
R53	or6K127804	4.7K; speaker models	
R54, 55	6K127806	27K; speaker models	
R58	6K129862	150	
R63	6K128552	1.8K; 1/8 w	
R64	6K129753	100; handset models	
R70	6S185B84	2.7K; 1/8 w TRANSFORMER,	
TIL	24C82767D0		
TIM, 1H	24C82767D0		
T2L	24C82767D0	GRN-VIO; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or	
T2M, 2H	24C82767D0	76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron GRN-GRN; does not incl. 76K861425 CORE, tuning or	
		76A82686D02 SLEEVE, iron	

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
T3, 5	24C82767D05	GRN-BLU; does not incl. 76K847164 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
T4	24C82207G01	RED-RED; does not incl. 76K847164 CORE, tuning or 76A82686D01 SLEEVE, iron
т6	1V80729A40	ASSY. audio input; GRN dot; c/o; pri: coil res. 1K; imped. 10K; sec: coil res. 200 imped. 1,2K
Т7	25B82893E01	audio: pri: imped. 1200; res. 125; sec: imped. 120; res. 12 CRYSTAL UNIT, quartz:
		NOTE II
Y 1	YM45 orYM46	25-42 mc 42-54 mc
Y2	YN	5.245 or 6.155 mc

FILTER

Zl	NFN6006AS	FILTER, IF: bandpass
	ICED ITEMS	
	26B82671D01 14A82271E01	SHIELD, coil: 10 req'd INSULATOR, coil shield: used with L1, 2, 3, 5, T1, 2

NLB6141A "Private-Line" Squelch Deck (25-42 MC)

		CAPACITOR, fixed: uf; ±10%; unl stated
C701	23D82397D20	0.12 ±20%; 35 v; non-polarize
C702	21C82724H01	dual sect.; c/o:
C702A		.0055 +100-20%; 75 v
C702B		.0055 +100-20%; 75 v
C704	23D82397D13	.022; 6 v
C705	23D82397D10	.056; 35 v
C707, 719	23D82397D14	.082; 20 v 4.7 +40-20%; 3 v
C709	23D82397D05 21K847065	500 uuf GMV; 250 v
C710	21K847065 23D82397D07	1 +40-20%; 15 v
C711, 713, 724	23082397007	
C712, 714, 716	23D82397D23	6.8 ±20%; 20 v
C715, 717	23D82397D09	6.8 +40-20%; 10 v
C721	23D82397D16	22 ±20%; 15 v
C718,	23D82397D28	3.3 ±20%; 20 v
C720	23D82397D25	0.27; 20 v .002 +100-20%; 75 v
C722,723,729,730 C726	21K858108	.002 +100-20%; 75 V
	21K831126	.002 GMV; 300 v
C727	21K861441	500 mf: 75 v: N4700
C 728	2110001141	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE,
		diode: NOTE I
CR701	48C82392B03	silicon
CR702	48C82187A01	germanium COIL, RF: choke:
L702	25C82750D02	7 h
		TRANSISTOR: NOTE I
Q701, 702,	48R869033	P-N-P; type M9033
703, 704	400007033	
105, 104	İ	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1/8
		unl stated
R701, 708	6S185B93	15K
R702	6K128687	6.8K; 1/4 w
R703	6S185B90	8.2K
R704, 705,	6S185C01	56K
714, 716, 726		180
R706	6S185B70	120K
R709	6S185C05 6S185B87	4.7K
R710,711,712	6S185B88	5.6K
R713	1	2.2K
R715,717,723 R718	6S129752	270; 1/4 w
R719	6K129225	10K; 1/4 w
R720	6S129269	1.8K; 1/4 w
R721	6S185B76	560
R722	6K129229	180K; 1/4 w
R724	6K129231	3.3K; 1/4 w
R725	6K129432	820; 1/4 w
R727	6S185B75	470; (NLB6141A)
Į.	or6K127801	470; 1/4 w (NLB6142A)

TRANSMITTERS

SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	FREQUENCY RANGE	RF POWER OUTPUT
	NTB6051AC	6	1	25-30 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AC	NTB6052AC	9	1	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AC	7	1	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6051AD	2	2	25-30 MC	1.4 W
NTB6050AD	NTB6052AD	4	2	30-42 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6053AD	4	2	42-54 MC	1.4 W
	NTB6061AC	6	1	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6060AC	NTB6062AC	9	1	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AC	7	1	42-54 MC	5 W
	NTB6061AD	2	2	25-30 MC	5 W
NTB6060AD	NTB6062AD	4	2	30-42 MC	5 W
	NTB6063AD	4	2	42-54 MC	5 W

RECEIVER

RECEIVERS						
SERIES	MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	NO. OF FREQ.	CHANNEL SPACING	FREQUENCY RANGE	USED WITH
	NRB1121AF	13	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	HANDSET ONLY
NRB1120AF	NRB1122AF	16	1	20 KC	30-42 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1123AF	15	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	HANDSET ONLY
	NRB1151AF	8	1	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1150AF	NRB1152AF	7	1	20 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1153AF	7	1	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1121AH	7	2	20 KC	25-30 MC	SPEAKER
NRB1120AH	NRB1122AH	6	2	20 KC	30-42 MC	SPEAKER
	NRB1123AH	6	2	20 KC	42-54 MC	SPEAKER

"PRIVATE-LINE" DECK

MODEL

NLB6141A NLB6142A

CHASSIS SUFFIX

EPD-9020-P

POWER SUPPLIES

MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	TYPE OF BATTERIES
NPN6030B		DRY
NPN6031A		NICKEL-CADMIUM

POWER AMPLIFIERS

MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	FREQUENCY RANGE
NLB6121A	2	25-30 MC
NLB6122A	2	30-42 MC
NLB6123A	1	42-54 MC

PREVIOUS REVISIONS SHOWN ON FRONT OF THIS DIAGRAM

25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Radio Dual Squelch "Private-Line" Schematic Diagram Motorola No. 63E81017A22-AR1 (Sheet 1 of 2) 9/23/66-AP

CONTROL PANELS

MODEL NO.	CHASSIS SUFFIX	XMTR. FREQ.	RCVR. FREQ.	HANDSET	SPEAKER	MICROPHONE	RF POWER OUTPUT
NGN6024A	1	l	1	X			1.4 W
NCN6040A	1	1	1		х	х	1.4 W
NCN6042A	. 1	2	1		Х	х	1.4 W
NCN6046A	1	1	1		Х	X	5 W
NCN6048A	1	2	1		Х	Х	5 W
NCN6050A	1	2	2		Х	X	1.4 W
NCN6051A	1	2	2		Х	х	5 W
NCN6053A	1	2	1	Х	Х		1.4 W
NCN6055A	1	2	2	X	Х		1.4 W
NC N6057A	1	1	1	X	X		5 W
NCN6059A	1	2	1	Х	х		5 W
NCN6061A	1	2	2	Х	Х		5 W
NCN6065A	l	2	2	Х	Х		1.4 W
NCN6040B		1	1		Х	Х	1.4 W
NCN6050B		2	2		х	х	1.4 W
NCN6055B		2	2	Х	Х		1.4 W
NCN6065B		2	2	Х	х		1.4 W

NOTES:

- UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, ±10%; 1/4 WATT, K=1000. ALL CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROMICROFARADS.
- 2. REFER TO PARTS LIST FOR COMPONENT VALUE.
- 3. USED IN SINGLE FREQUENCY MODELS ONLY.
- PART OF HOUSING.
- 5. REFER TO RECEIVER PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD AND WIRING DIAGRAM FOR PROPER TAP.
- 6. ALL VOLTAGE READINGS REFERENCED TO CHASSIS GROUND. DC READINGS TAKEN WITH A MOTOROLA DC MULTIMETER.
- 7. FREQUENCY CALCULATIONS:

TRANSMITTER: $f_0 = \frac{f_c}{16}$

RECEIVER: f = CARRIER FREQUENCY (25-54 MC)

f₀₁ = 1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (30.7-48.3 MC)

 $f_{02}^{}$ = 2ND OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (REFER TO CHART ON BLOCK DIAGRAM)

f₁ = 1ST INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (5.7 MC)

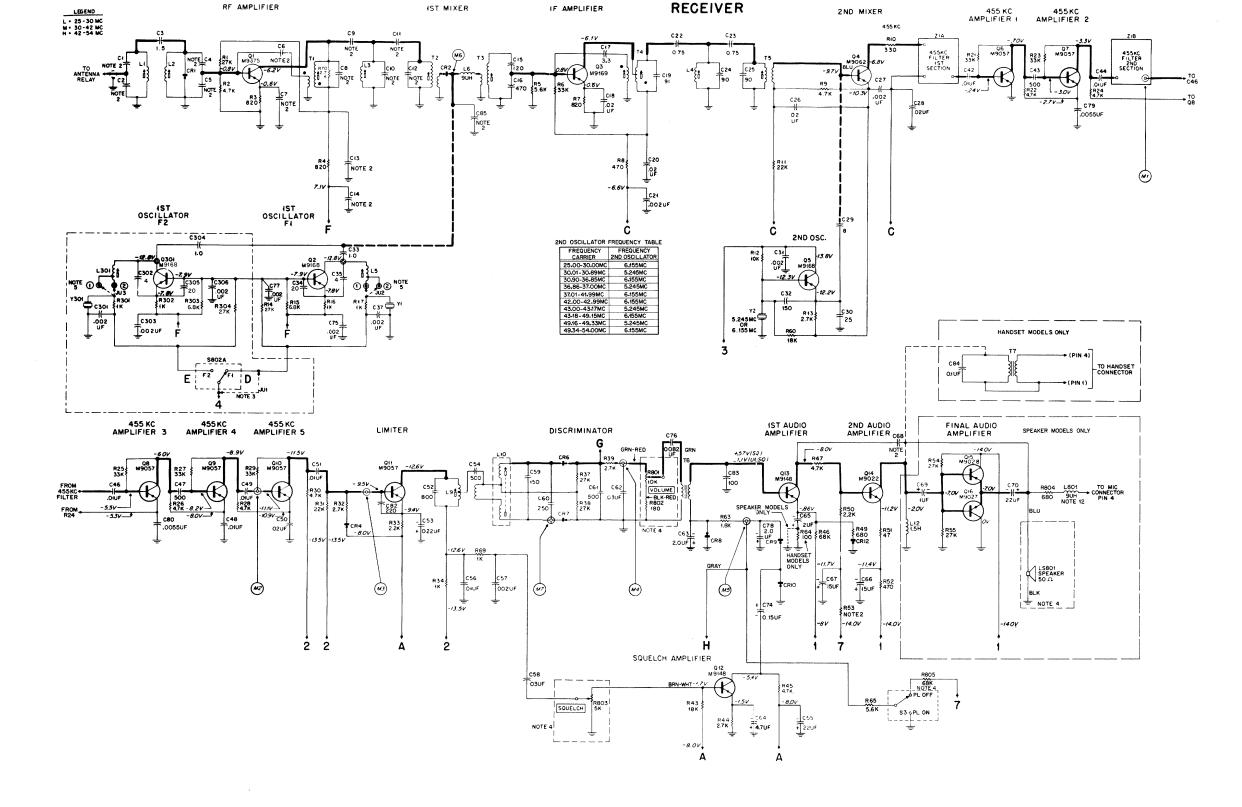
f₂ = 2ND INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (455 KC)

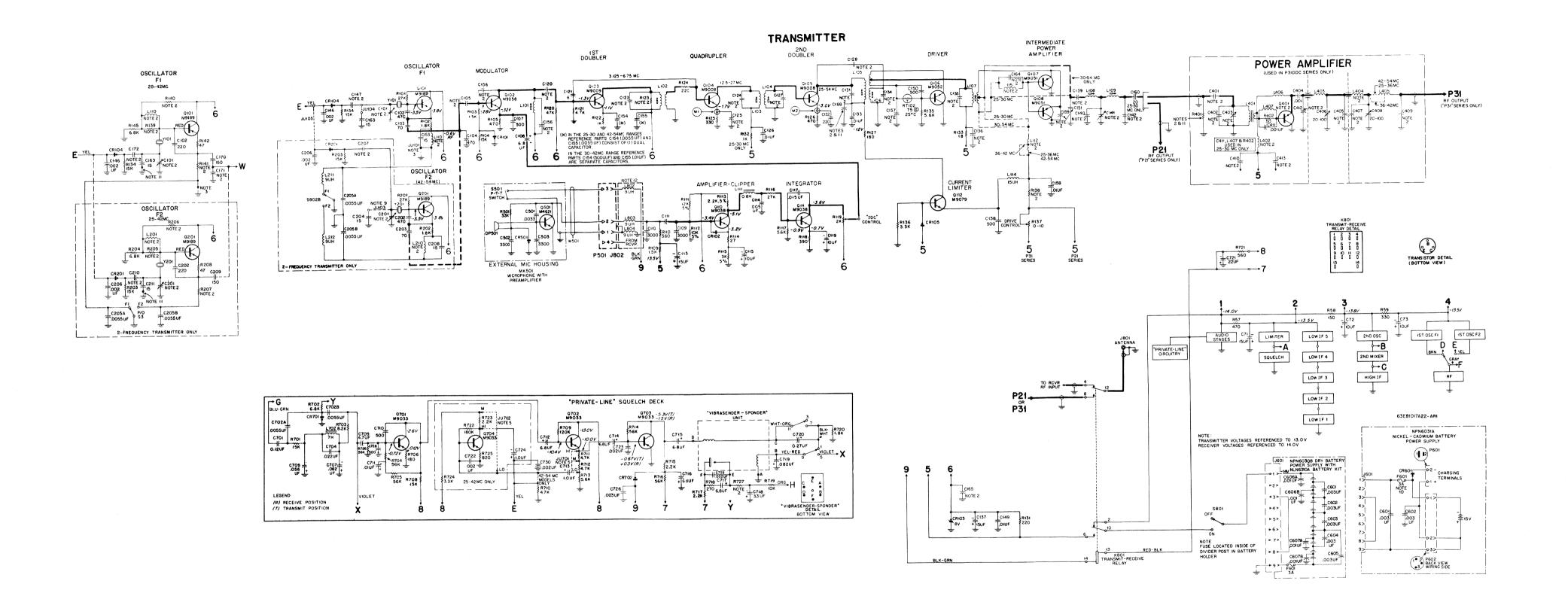
 $f_{01} = f_c + f_1 (25-42 \text{ MC})$

 $f_{02} = f_c - f_1 (42-54 MC)$

- 8. HANDSET MODELS ONLY.
- 9. JU103 MAY OR MAY NOT EXIST DEPENDING UPON OPERATING FREQUENCY.
- 10. REFER TO BATTERY REPLACEMENT AND CHARGING SECTION OF THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR LOCATION OF FUSE.
- 11. NOT USED IN 42-54 MC RANGE.
- 12. PART OF UNIT COMPONENT KIT.

EPD-8874-D





25-54 MC "Handie-Talkie" FM Radio Dual Squelch "Private-Line" Schematic Diagram Motorola No. 63E81017A22-AR1 (Sheet 2 of 2) 9/23/66-AP

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	NON-REFERE	NCED ITEM
	1V80724A84	PRINTED CIRCUIT BD. ASS'Y

NTB6051AC, NTB6061AC Transmitter (25-30 MC) 1-Freq. NTB6052AC, NTB6062AC Transmitter (30-42 MC) 1-Freq. NTB6053AC, NTB6063AC Transmitter (42-54 MC) 1-Freq. NTB6051AD, NTB6061AD Transmitter (25-30 MC) 2-Freq. NTB6052AD, NTB6062AD Transmitter (30-42 MC) 2-Freq. NTB6053AD, NTB6063AD Transmitter (42-54 MC) 2-Freq.

		CAPACITOR, fixed: uuf ±10%;
		75 v; unl stated
C101L, 141M,	20C82399D04	var; 5.5-18; 200 v; NP0
141H, 201L		
C101M	20C82399D05	var; 9-35; 200 v; N650
C101H, 201M,	20C82399D06	var; 3-15; 200 v; N650
201H C102L, 102M,	21K868829	220; N1400
120L, 202L,	211000027	220, 111400
202M		1
C102H, 104H	21K861440	470; N2200
C103, 140L,	21K861435	70; N150
142M,156L,203		
С105Н, 106М,	21D82877B02	150; N1400
106H		
C105M	21K865922	390; 500 v
C107, 125H,	21K847065	500 GMV; 25 v
139M, 150		
C108	23C82397D09	6.8 uf +40-20%; 10 v
C109, 110	21K858108	3000 ±25%; 250 v
C111	8K854329	.015 uf; 250 v
C113, 137	23C82397D17	15 uf ±20%; 20 v
C114	8C82548E03	.005 uf; 100 v
C115, 119	23C82397D03	10 uf ±20%; 6 v
C117	8C82548E02	0.15 uf; 100 v
C120H, 139H,	21K861436	100; N750
156M, 156H C120M, 132,	21K861438	220; N1400
106L	210001430	220; 111400
C121, 128H	21K861428	6; N150
C123L, 124L,	21D82877B35	220; N470
127L, 127M	DIBOBOTIESS	220, 11110
C123M, 131M	21K868384	100; N150
C123H, 131H,	21K864013	50; N150
134H		,
C124M	21D82239E03	250 ±5%; 200 v
C125L	21K831126	.002 uf GMV; 300 v
C126, 133, 136,	21K861443	.01 uf +100-20%
149, 155M, 158		
C127H, 134L	21D82877B15	120; N150
C128M	21K861427	4; N150
C131L	21K864012	60; N150
C134M, 135M	21K864067	80; N150
Clast lear	21K868384	100; N150
C135H, 159L	21K861434	40; N150
C139L, 157L, 160L	21K861432	20; N150
C125M, 138,	21K861441	500; N4700
154M	211001441	300, 14100
C140M, 140H,	21D82877B19	15 ±5%; NP0
C141L	20C82399D07	var; 15-60; 200 v; N1500
C142H	21D82877B18	30 ±5%; NP0
C146, 206	21K861442	.002 uf +100-20%
C147, 207,	21D82877B05	150; N750
124H		
C151H	21K861430	10; N150
C153H, 163,	21K861462	15; N150
208H, 204, 211		
C154L, 154H,	21C82724H01	dual sect.; c/o: each sect:
155L, 155H,		5500 +100-20%
205A, 205B		
C164H	21K858108	.003 uf ±25%; 250 v
C164L, 164M	21C82040D12	800 uuf ±5%; 25 v
C170, 172M	21D82877B34	150; NP0
C171L	21D82239E03	250; N150
C171M C172L	21K861436 21K861435	100; N750 70
C172L C188L, 188M	23D82397D07	1.0 uf +40-10%; 15 v
C100D, 100M	23102371101	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE,
		diode: NOTE I
CR101, 102	48C82178A01	germanium
CR103	48C82256C08	zener type
CR104, 201	48C863140	silicon
CR105	48C82392B12	silicon
		COIL, RF: does not incl.
		76K835565 CORE, tuning
L101L, 101M	24C82901B04	modulator
L101H		
	24C82901B04	modulator

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
L102 L103, 104L	24B82194C01 24C82904B19	1st doubler; RED quadrupler output; 2nd doubler
L103M, 103H	24C82904B14	input quadrupler output; 2nd doubler output
L104M, 104H	24C82904B15	2nd doubler input
L105	24C82904B20	2nd doubler
L105M, 105H	24C82904B12	2nd doubler output
L106L	24B82648G01	driver input; final ampl. input
L106M, 106H, 107M, 107H	24B82209E.01	driver input; final ampl. input
L107L L108L, 108M, 109L, 109M	24B82737E01 24C82904B21	final ampl. input final ampl. output
L108, 109H	24C82904B01	final ampl. output
L110L, 201L	24D82549D08	choke; 6.8 uh
L110M, 201M	24D82549D03	choke; l mh
L110H, 210H	24D82549D10	choke; 390 uh
Llll	25B82872B02	choke; 0.8 h
L112L	24A890687	choke; 2 uh
L112M	24A82228G01	choke; 1.2 uh
L112H L114	24C82000E08 24D82549D09	choke; 0.31 uh; sleeved choke; 15 uh
L114	24C83961B01	choke; 3 turns; coded BRN
L211, 212	24C82000E03	choke; 9 uh
Q101, 201	48R869189	TRANSISTOR: NOTE I P-N-P; type M9189
Q102	48R869058	P-N-P; type M9058
Q103	48R869009	P-N-P; type M9009
Q104, 105	48R869008	P-N-P; type M9008
Q106	48R869052	N-P-N; type M9052
Q107, 108	48R869051	N-P-N; type M9051
Q110, 111 Q112	48R869038 48R869079	P-N-P; type M9038 N-P-N; type M9079
2112	401007017	14-1-14, type 141-707-7
		RESISTOR, fixed ±10%; 1/4 w;
R101,201	6K127806	unl. stated 27K
R102, 141M,	6R129269	1.8K
202,207M	01012/20/	2.011
R103	6K127803	1.5K
R104, 123L,	6K127805	15K
123M, 134, 203		
R105, 126	6R127801	470
R106, 123H	6K129225	10K
R108	6R129753	100
R109 R110,206L,	6K128903 6K128689	39K 2.2K
207L	011120009	2.21
R111	6K129887	12K ±5%
R112	6K129668	10K ±5%
R113	6R129804	2.2K ±5%
R114	6S131594	27
R115	6S124A60	3K ±5%
R116, 139M 205M	6K127806	27K
R117, 135	6K129433	5.6K
R118	6K129863	390
R119	18B82876B04	var; 2K ±15%; 1/20 w
R120	6K128902	47K
R121	6K127804	4.7K
R122, 132L	6R127802	1K
R124, 131 R125	6R127800 6R127775	330
R125 R127	6R127775 6R129662	180
R132M, 132H	6R129620	560
R133	6R131650	18
R136	6R129231	3.3K
R137	18D82035B17	var; 10
R138L	17A82035G25	2.5 ±3%; 2 w
R138M, 138H	17A82035A26	2 ±3%; 2 w
R139L, 205L R140M, 145L,	6K129242 6K128687	56K 6.8K
204L, 206M	012180001	0,011
R142L, 142M,	6K129233	47
208L, 208M		
RT102	6B859699	THERMISTOR: 75 ohms @ 25°C
K1102		CRYSTAL UNIT, quartz:
K1102		NOTE II
Y101, 201	ABS-2	NOTE II xmtr. control
	ABS-2	xmtr. control
		xmtr. control

۹.	DESCRIPTION	
9	1st doubler; RED quadrupler output; 2nd doubler	
4	input quadrupler output; 2nd doubler output	
5	2nd doubler input	
2	2nd doubler 2nd doubler output	
1 1	driver input; final ampl. input driver input; final ampl. input	·
1 1	final ampl. input final ampl. output	
1	final ampl. output	
8	choke; 6.8 uh choke; 1 mh	
0	choke; 390 uh	
2	choke; 0.8 h	
1	choke; 2 uh choke; 1.2 uh	
8	choke; 0.31 uh; sleeved	
9	choke; 15 uh choke; 3 turns; coded BRN	
3	choke; 9 uh	
	TRANSISTOR: NOTE I	
	P-N-P; type M9189 P-N-P; type M9058	
	P-N-P; type M9009	
	P-N-P; type M9008 N-P-N; type M9052	
	N-P-N; type M9051	
	P-N-P; type M9038	
	N-P-N; type M9079 RESISTOR, fixed ±10%; 1/4 w;	
	unl. stated 27K	
	1.8K	
	1.5K 15K	
	470	
	10K 100	
	39K	
	2.2K	
	12K ±5%	
	10K ±5%	
	2.2K ±5% 27	
	3K ±5%	
	27K	
	5.6K	
,	390	
4	var; 2K ±15%; 1/20 w 47K	
	4.7K	
	1K 220	
	330	
	180	
	560 18	
	3.3K	
7	var; 10	
5	2.5 ±3%; 2 w 2 ±3%; 2 w	
	56K	
	6.8K	
	47	
	THERMISTOR: 75 ohms @ 25°C	
	CRYSTAL UNIT, quartz:	
	NOTE II xmtr. control	
رنظ ک	NCED ITEM	
CEI		

		REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
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NLB6121A RF Amplifier (25-30 MC)

NLB6121A RF Amplifier (25-30 MC)			
NLB6122A RF Amplifier (30-42 MC) NLB6123A RF Amplifier (42-54 MC)			
		CAPACITOR, fixed: uuf; unl.	
		stated	
C401L	21D82537B19	60 ±5%; 100 v; N150	
C401M C401H	21D82610C07 21K410089	51; 200 v; N150 27 ±10%; 500 v	
C40111	21K840711	51 ±5%; 500 v	
C402M	21K840365	24 ±5%; 500 v	
C402H, 407H	21K859211	47 ±5%; 300 v var; 20-100; 350 v; N2100	
C403L, 403M, 406L, 406,408	20C82109C01	Var, 20-100, 330 V, 142100	
C403H	20K840719	var: 8-50; 200 v	
C404, 411L	21C82187B14	.001 uf ±10%; 200 v	
C405, 405M C405H	21K861435 21D82610C05	70 ±10%; 75 v; N150 57 ±5%; 200 v; N150	
C407L	21K840713	120 ±5%; 500 v	
C407M	21K861436	100 ±10%; 75 v; N750	
C409L, 409M C409H	21D82355B13 21D82355B14	51 ±5%; 500 v; N1500 62 ±5%; 500 v; N1500	
C410L	21D82426B10	.0033 ±10%; 100 v	
C410M	21K858108	3000 ±25%; 250 v	
C410H	21K858107	1500 ±25%; 250 v	
C412L C413L	21D82355B09 21C82372C03	33 uf ±5%; 500 v; NP0 0.1 uf +80-20%; 25 v	
J 11J11			
L401L	24B83349D01	COIL, RF: input coil assembly	
L401L L401M	24V82643G01	input coil assembly	
L401H	24B82640G01	input coil assembly	
	24V80900A86	choke; 1.02 uh	
402H L403L, 403M	24A82813E01	coil, output	
L403H	24A82818G01	coil, output	
L404	24A82819G01	coil, output	
L405L, 405M	24C82000E15	choke; tapped output	
L405H L406L	24C82000E14 24B82122D04	choke; output choke; filter; 3 turns	
L406H	24B82122D07	2 turns	
		TRANSISTOR: NOTE I	
Q401L, 401M	48R869101	P-N-P; type M9101	
Q401H	48R869102	P-N-P; type M9102	
		RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w	
Q401H R401L, M	48R869102 6R6330		
		RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w	
	6R6330	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A	
NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle:	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6059A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed;	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet;	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR,	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801	6R6330 CONTROL PA NGN6048A NGN6050A NGN6051A NGN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01 18C82816E02	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 31, square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR,	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01 18C82816E02 6K129662	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01 18C82816E02 6K129662	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802	6R6330 CONTROL PA NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01 18C82816E02 6K129662	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802 R803	6R6330 CONTROL PANCH6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6051A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01 18C82816E02 6K129662 18C82816E01 40B82851E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof SWITCH, toggle; spst; weather-resistant	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802 R803	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 18C82816E02 6K129662 18C82816E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof SWITCH, toggle; spst; weather- resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position;	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802 R803	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 18C82816E02 6K129662 18C82816E01 40B82851E01 40C82843E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13. 6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof SWITCH, toggle; spst; weather- resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position; non-shorting (1-freq.)	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802 R803	6R6330 CONTROL PANCH6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6051A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01 18C82816E02 6K129662 18C82816E01 40B82851E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13. 6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof SWITCH, toggle; spst; weather- resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position; non-shorting (1-freq.)	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802 R803	6R6330 CONTROL PANCH NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 18C82816E02 6K129662 18C82816E01 40B82851E01 40C82843E01 or40C82890E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof SWITCH, toggle; spst; weather- resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position; non-shorting (1-freq.) rotary; 2 pole; 4 position; non-shorting (2-freq.)	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802 R803	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 18C82816E02 6K129662 18C82816E01 40B82851E01 40C82843E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof SWITCH, toggle; spst; weather- resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position; non-shorting (1-freq.) rotary; 2 pole; 4 position; non-shorting (2-freq.)	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802 R803	6R6330 CONTROL PANCH NCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 18C82816E02 6K129662 18C82816E01 40B82851E01 40C82843E01 or40C82890E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof SWITCH, toggle; spst; weather- resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position; non-shorting (1-freq.) rotary; 2 pole; 4 position; non-shorting (2-freq.) NCED ITEMS HANDLE ASSY.: incl. mic.	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802 R803	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01 18C82816E02 6K129662 18C82816E01 40B82851E01 40C82843E01 or40C82890E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof SWITCH, toggle; spst; weather- resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position; non-shorting (1-freq.) rotary; 2 pole; 4 position; non-shorting (2-freq.) NCED ITEMS HANDLE ASSY.: incl. mic. holding clip (for models	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802 R803	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01 18C82816E02 6K129662 18C82816E01 40B82851E01 40C82843E01 or40C82890E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof SWITCH, toggle; spst; weather- resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position; non-shorting (1-freq.) rotary; 2 pole; 4 position; non-shorting (2-freq.) NCED ITEMS HANDLE ASSY.: incl. mic. holding clip (for models NCN6040A, NCN6042A,	
R401L, M NGN6024A NCN6040A NCN6042A NCN6046A J801 J803 K801 LS801 R801 R801 R802 R803	6R6330 CONTROL PANCN6048A NCN6050A NCN6051A NCN6051A NCN6053A 9C82817E01 28C82846E01 80C82860E01 50D82808E01 18C82816E02 6K129662 18C82816E01 40B82851E01 40C82843E01 or40C82890E01	RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1 w 150 ANEL NCN6055A NCN6057A NCN6059A NCN6061A CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; coaxial; uhf type male; 9 contact. RELAY, armature; hermetically sealed; 13.6 v d-c; 4 form "C"; coil res 160 LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet; 3', square; 50 ohms impedance RESISTOR, var; 10K ±10%; weatherproof fixed: 180 ±10%; 1/4 w var: 15K ±10%; weatherproof SWITCH, toggle; spst; weather- resistant rotary; 2 pole; 2 position; non-shorting (1-freq.) rotary; 2 pole; 4 position; non-shorting (2-freq.) NCED ITEMS HANDLE ASSY.: incl. mic. holding clip (for models	

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	1V80729A93 42K861179 42A82143C02 32B82855E01 36B82812E03 36B82812E01 36B82804E01 35B82803E01 13C82815E02 1V80731A68	HANDLE ASSY.: incl. handset holder (for models NCN6053A, NCN6055A, NCN6057A, NCN6055A, NCN6059A, NCN6059A, NCN6061A, NGN6024A) CLAMP, cable; 2 req'd CLAMP, cable; 2 req'd CLAMP, cable; 2 req'd (Vol. & sq.) KNOB, control; 2 req'd (vol. & sq.) KNOB, control; ("PL"ON-OFF) GASKET; (speaker mtg.) CLOTH, grille GRILLE (1-freq. models) GRILLE (2-freq. models) HOUSING ASSY.: incl. handle (for models NCN6040A, NCN6042A, NCN6051A) HOUSING ASSY.: incl. handle (for models NCN6051A, NCN6055A, NCN6057A, NCN6055A, NCN6057A, NCN6057A, NCN6057A, NCN6057A, NCN606061A)

NCN6040B Control Panel NCN6050B Control Panel NCN6055B Control Panel NCN6065B Control Panel

		CONNECTOR, receptacle:
Ј801	9C82817E01	female; single cont.
J802	9B82413B01	female: 4 cont.
J803		male; 9 cont.
	20002010201	maio, y cont.
K801	80C83202B01	RELAY, armature 2 form "C"; coil res 160 ohms; 13.6 v
LS801	50D83205B01	SPEAKER, dynamic: coil imped. 50 ohms; 3" dia. weatherproof
		RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%; 1/4 w;
R801	18C82816E02	var; 10K; 0.12 w @ 55°C
R802		180 ±10%
R803	18C82816E01	var; 5K; 0.12 w @ 55°C
R805	6S129144	68K
S801	40C82843E01	SWITCH: rotary; dp 2p (Models NCN6040B & NCN6065B)
	or40C82891 E 01	rotary; 3p 4p (Models NCN6050B
		& NCN6055B)
S802	40B82851B01	toggle; l form "A"
I	NON-REFEREN	CED ITEMS
	38B82807E01	BUTTON
	36B82628H14	KNOB, control (used on S801)
	36B82628H13	KNOB, control (used on R801 and R803)
		·····

NPN6031A Power Supply (less battery) Nickel-Ca

NPN6031A Power Supply (less battery) Nickel-Cadmium			
C601, 602		<u>CAPACITOR</u> , <u>fixed</u> : 3000 -10%; 100 v 3000 ±25%; 250 v	
CR601	48C82095C01	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode: NOTE I silicon	
F601	65A82496G01	FUSE, cartridge: 3 amp; 32 v; 1/4" x 5/8"	
J601	9C82847E01	CONNECTOR, receptacle: female; 9 cont.	
P601 P602	28A82488G01 28A16313	CONNECTOR, plug: male; 2 cont. male; 3 cont.	
XF601	1V80731A03	FUSEHOLDER ASSY: single fuse Mtg.	

REFERENCE MOTOROLA SYMBOL PART NO.		DESCRIPTION	
NON-REFERENCED ITEMS			
	1V80731A01 46B82653G01 41A82652G01 22A82651G01 14A82650G01 38A868379	HOUSING ASSY. (riveted) PLATE, door SPRING, torsion PIN, pivot INSULATOR TAB, battery plug	

NPN6030B Power Supply (less battery) Dry

C601, 602,603,	21C82187B16	CAPACITOR, fixed: .003 uf ±5%; 100 v	
C606, 607 C606A, 607A C606B, 607B	21K800802	dual sect.: c/o: .001 uf GMV +100% max: 500 v .001 uf GMV +100% max: 500 v	
F601	65R132923	FUSE, cartridge: 3 amp./250 v	
ј Ј601	9C82847E01	CONNECTOR receptacle: female; 9 contact	
NON-REFERENCED ITEMS			
	1V80731A83 1V80731A85	HOUSING ASSY. (riveted) BATTERY HOLDER ASSY. (riveted)	
:	1V80731A87	BATTERY COVER ASSY. (riveted)	

MLN6310A Battery Kit (Dry)

1	60B82455G01	BATTERY,	dry:	1.5 v;	ll req'

NMN6017A Handset

IMN601	A Handset	
	55P82446G01 15P82446G02	HANDLE, handset
	15P82446G02 15P82446G03	CAP, transmitter CAP, receiver
	40P82446G04	SWITCH, push-to-talk
	59P82446G05	CARTRIDGE, receiver
	59P82446G06	CARTRIDGE, transmitter
	37A842245	SLEEVE, strain relief
	30D82565B19	CORD, handset

NMN6018A Microphone (plug-in; transistorized) MK501

A501	1V80727A19	AMPLIFIER, AF: incl C501, C502, C503, CR501, Q501, R501 and 1V80727A20 BOARD, circuit component mtg
C501, 502, 503	21D82428B10	<u>CAPACITOR</u> , fixed: .0033 ±10%; 100 v
CR501	48C82178A01	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode: NOTE I germanium
DP501	59C82857E01 or59C82864E01	CARTRIDGE, microphone reluctance type
F501		CONNECTOR, plug: p/o W501
Q501	48R134621	TRANSISTOR, NOTE I P-N-P; type M4621
R501	6K127807	RESISTOR, fixed: 33K ±10%; 1/4 w
S501	40C82863E01	SWITCH, push; single pole normally open
W 501	30D82565B04	CORD, microphone, inclrefpart P501 and a coiled 4 conductor; stranded cord
	NON-REFERE	NCED ITEMS
	15C82828E01 15C82827E01	HOUSING, microphone: (front) HOUSING, microphone; (rear)

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.
	41B82856E0

	41B82856E01	SPRING, backup
	38B82833E01	BUTTON, push
	35A82853E01	DIAPHRAGM, microphone
	4C82418B22	WASHER, insulating
	75A82852E01	PAD, rubber, 1.24" dia.
	75A82192A02	PAD, rubber, 0.562" dia.
	64A82826E01	PLATE, tapped
1	7B82801E01	BRACKET, hold-down
	32A82661C02	GASKET
	42B82831E01	CLAMP, cable
	1V80727A18	SPRING AND BUSHING ASSY.
	43K475873	SPACER

DESCRIPTION

NLN6306A Unit Component Kit NLN6307A Unit Component Kit

J802	1V80715A85	CONNECTOR, receptacle female; 4 contact; does not incl. 2A81180 NUT knurled
R804	6R6040	RESISTOR, fixed: 680 ±10%; 1/2 w
L801 thru 804	24C82000E03	COIL, RF; choke: assembly; 9 uh

NOTES:

- I. Replacement transistors and diodes must be ordered by Motorola part number only for optimum performance.
- II. Crystals are part of the Radio Set Model only. When ordering crystal units specify car. freq.(s), crystal freq.(s) and crystal type number.

END OF DOCUMENT