

SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL

Dimensions:	2½" H x 10½" W x 12½" D (64 x 263 x 318 mm)
Weight:	10 lbs. (4536g) less cables and charger
Attack Time: (Priority Unit)	300 msec. maximum
Temperature Range:	-30° C to +60° C, +25° C reference
Power Input:	13.8 V dc, ± 15%
Single-tone Encoder/ Decoder:	Plug-in element: 800-1400 Hz
Time-Out Timer:	Two minutes ± 0.5 minute
Channel Capability:	C1R1

RECEIVER

Frequency Range:	150.8-174 MHz
Frequency Stability:	± 0.0015%
Channel Spacing:	30 kHz
Current Drain:	225 mA
Sensitivity	
20 dB Quieting:	0.75 uV
12 dB Sinad:	0.50 uV
Squelch Sensitivity:	1.0 uV (adjustable)
Modulation Acceptance:	7 kHz
Intermodulation:	-70 dB
Spurious and Image Response:	-70/60 dB
Selectivity:	-80 dB
PL Decoder:	Plug-in reed: 67-192.8 Hz
Audio Distortion:	5%
Audio Level:	1.0 V rms (nominal) into 100 ohms
Audio Response:	+2, -8 dB referenced to 6 dB/octave pre- emphasis

TRANSMITTER

Frequency Range:	150.8-174 MHz
RF Power Output:	250 mW minimum
Modulation:	16F3
Frequency Stability:	± 0.002% standard ± 0.0005% optional
Current Drain:	375 mA
Audio Distortion:	5%
Audio Response:	+1, -3 dB referenced to 6 dB/octave pre- emphasis
Conducted Spurious:	-40 dB
Deviation:	Continuously adjust- able to ± 5 kHz

MONITOR RECEIVER (Optional)

Frequency Range:	30-50 MHz	450-512 MHz
Number of Channels:	1 to 4	1 to 4
Modulation Acceptance:	7 kHz	6.5 kHz
Frequency Stability:	+0.005%	± 0.001% from -30° to +60° C (25° C reference) ± 0.0005% from -10° to 60° C
Selectivity:	-40 dB	-60 dB
Spurious Response:	-40 dB	-60 dB (-50 dB for Image)
Squelch Sensitivity:	1 uV	1 uV
Sensitivity: (20 dB Quieting)	1 uV	1 uV

SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

MOTOROLA

68P81010C06-B



PAC•RT

PORTABLE AREA COMMUNICATIONS • REPEATER

Portable / Mobile Vehicular Repeater System

MODEL

H13TTY3110A

150.8 - 174MHz

250mW RF POWER OUTPUT

SUPPLEMENT TO
INSTRUCTION MANUAL 68P81010C05

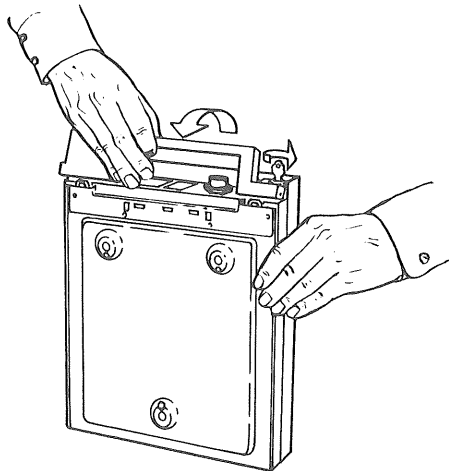
INSTALLATION

1. CABLE ROUTING

Determine convenient locations for the PAC \odot RT vehicular repeater, the vehicular charger or holder, and the antenna. The vehicular repeater may be located in an out-of-the-way place close to the mobile unit (within six feet). The vehicular charger or holder mounts to the dash on a trunnion bracket and the antenna is a trunk lip mount type.

With the vehicular repeater, charger or holder, and antenna in place (not mounted) in their approximate positions, the cable should be routed between them. Allow enough slack cable to permit the plug to be easily connected or disconnected from the vehicular repeater, charger or holder, and antenna.

- 1
 - SET UNIT UPRIGHT ON FIRM SUPPORTING SURFACE.
 - INSERT KEY AND TURN CLOCKWISE. HANDLE WILL SPRING OPEN.
 - SWING HANDLE OUT TO FULL OPEN POSITION.

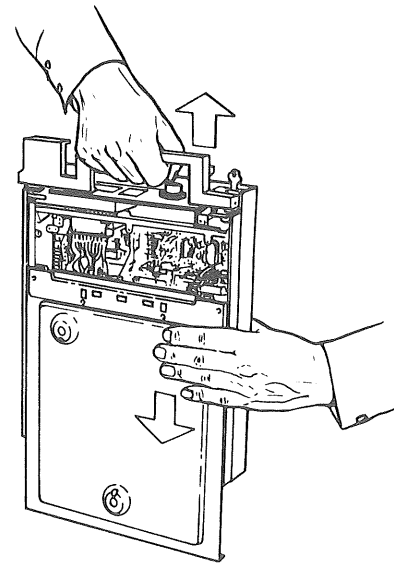


2. "PAC \odot RT" VEHICULAR REPEATER INSTALLATION

Choose a location for the vehicular repeater where the mounting screws are not directly above the gas tank, gas line, brake line, electrical cable, or other vital parts if possible. If the unit must be mounted over a gas tank, gas line, brake line, or electrical cable, care must be taken that the mounting screws will not pierce nor interfere with these parts. NEVER MOUNT ABOVE A MUFFLER, CATALYTIC HEATER, OR OTHER HEAT PRODUCING DEVICE.

Always make a preliminary check to see how far the screws will extend below the vehicle floor. If it appears that they may interfere with parts mounted under the floor, thick spacers may be used.

- 2
 - HOLDING CASE AND BOTTOM PLATE TOGETHER WITH LIGHT PRESSURE AND SIMULTANEOUSLY PRESSING DOWN ON MOUNTING HOLE BLISTER, PULL UNIT UP BY HANDLE. PLATE IS FREE TO FALL AWAY.



AEPF-6885-O

Figure 1. Bottom Plate Removal

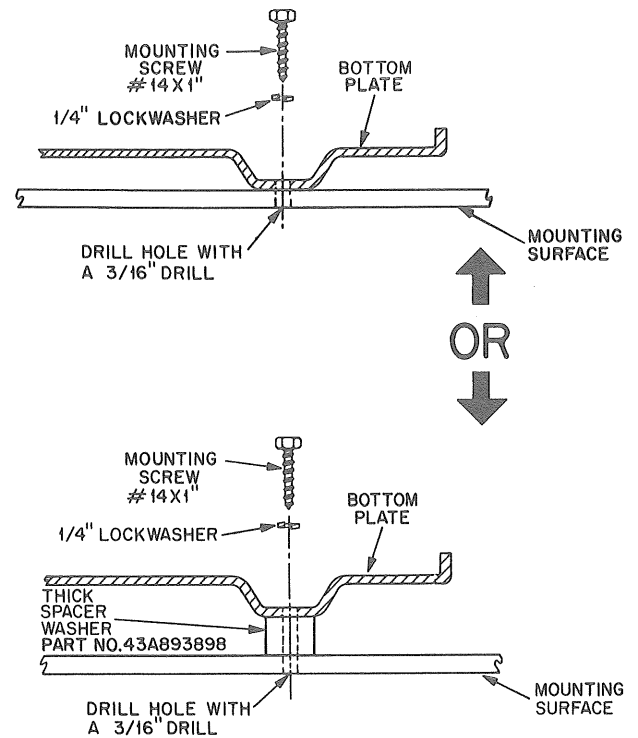
In some vehicles, the bottom of the handle will be pressed against the floor or floor cushioning when the unit is securely mounted to the floor. This will prevent opening the handle far enough to release the unit from its mounting. If this is the case, use thick spacers for mounting.

The unit should be mounted to a level surface to prevent the bottom plate from buckling. For uneven trunk or under-seat areas, a sheet of plywood may be used to mount the bottom plate. The raised shelf in some trunk compartments is a good mounting location. Leave at least three inches of clear space in front of the unit so that the handle can be opened and the main assembly can be removed from the bottom plate.

When the final position has been determined, remove the bottom plate from the unit as shown in Figure 1. Be sure to lift the unit straight up at least one inch before separating the plate to avoid bending the guide pins.

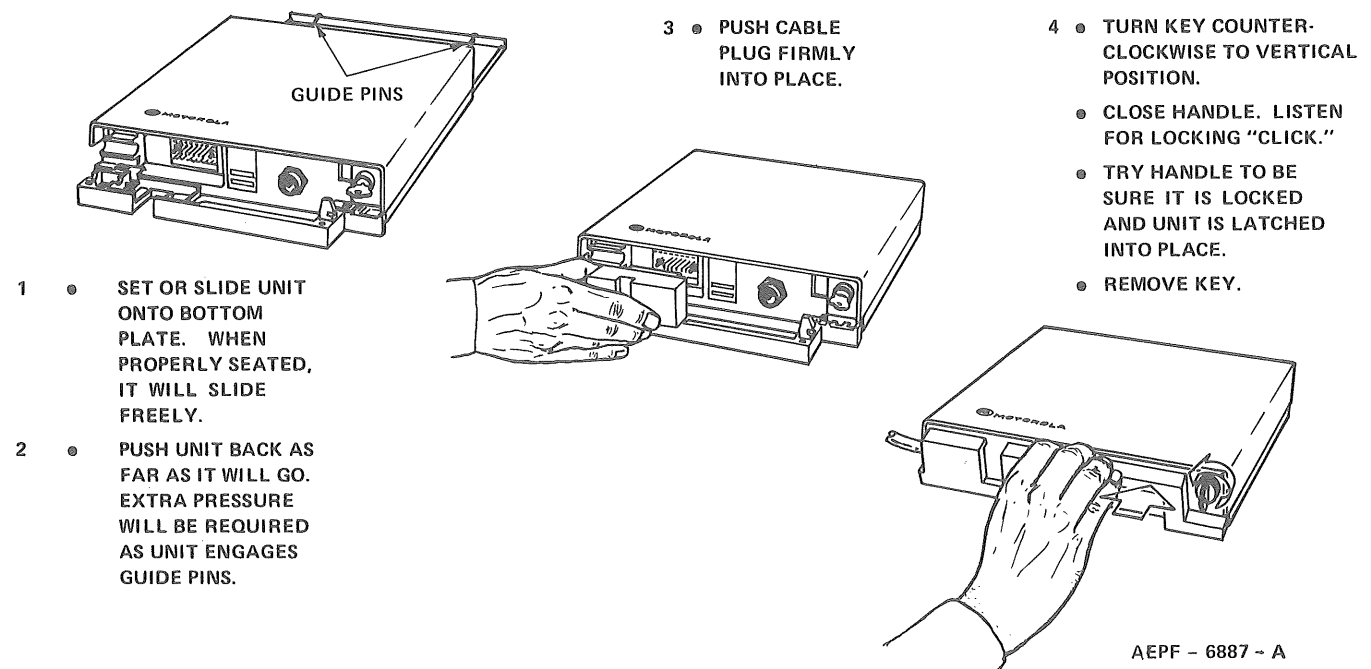
Place the plate in the desired position, and use it as a template to mark the location for drilling the three mounting holes. Drill the holes using a 3/16" drill. Mount the bottom plate, with or without thick spacers as desired; see Figure 2.

Once the bottom plate is mounted, replace the unit assembly onto the bottom plate following the procedure in Figure 3. For removing the unit, reverse the procedure.



AEPF-6886-O

Figure 2. Bottom Plate Installation Detail



AEPF - 6887 - A

Figure 3. Unit Reassembly

3. ANTENNA INSTALLATION, TRUNK LIP TYPE

Refer to Figure 4 and install the trunk lip mount antenna as follows:

- a. Locate and insert two 10-32 UNF-3 x 3/8" set screws into the bracket of the antenna base.
- b. Attach the antenna base to the rear lip of the trunk lid and tighten the set screws.

NOTE

Mount the repeater antenna as far from the mobile antenna as possible, never less than three feet.

- c. Uncoil the supplied antenna cable and attach the pin plug connector to the antenna connector.

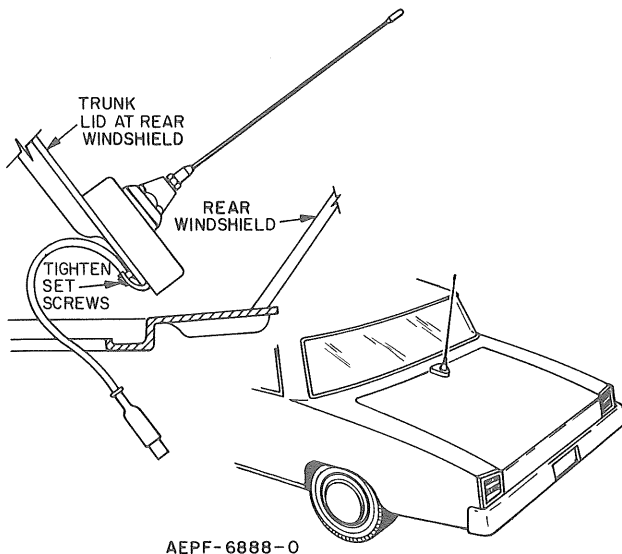


Figure 4. Antenna Installation

- d. Connect the antenna cable uhf connector to the "PAC•RT" vehicular repeater.

- e. Cut the antenna to length in accordance with the antenna cutting chart in Figure 5. for the specific frequency of operation.

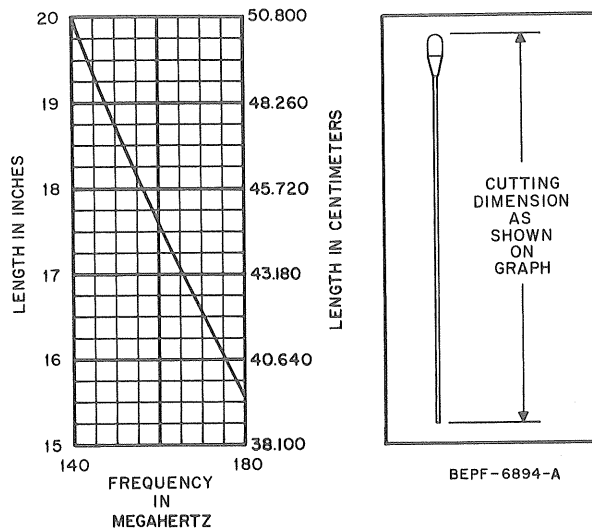


Figure 5. Antenna Cutting Chart

- f. Loosen the antenna clutch nut (topmost nut) on the antenna base. Do not remove the nut (a small sleeve inside could be lost).
- g. Insert the cut-to-length antenna rod through the clutch nut and clutch sleeve until it is firmly seated in position in the antenna base. Tighten the clutch nut.

4. CONTROL UNIT INSTALLATION

The PAC•RT vehicular repeater control unit may be a control unit/vehicular charger, a control unit/holder, or a control unit only. Mounting hardware is supplied with each unit for mounting the control unit below the dashboard. Refer to Figure 6 for the control unit/vehicular charger or the control unit/holder mounting details. Refer to Figure 7 for the control unit mounting details.

a. Using the control unit mounting bracket as a template, drill the appropriate size holes in a convenient place on the under side of the dash.

b. Mount the control unit mounting bracket to the dash using the mounting hardware designated in Figure 6 or 7 as applicable.

c. Mount the charger or holder to its bracket using the four 1/4-20 bolts, lockwashers, and flat washers provided. The flat washer MUST be placed between the lockwasher and the bracket to ensure proper locking action of the lockwasher. Do not tighten the four bolts.

d. Rotate the charger or holder to a position that provides about a 45-degree mounting angle. This angle provides operational convenience for the operator and physical security for the portable radio under rough traveling conditions. Tighten the four mounting bolts holding the charger to the bracket.

e. Attach the cable from the repeater to the rear of the control unit.

5. FINAL CABLE INSTALLATION

Refer to Figure 8 or 9 for the interfacing of the cable assembly between the existing mobile radio and control head and the PAC-RT vehicular repeater and charger. Note the different cable lengths of the cable assembly being added; they will be used as a means of identification. Perform the following procedure:

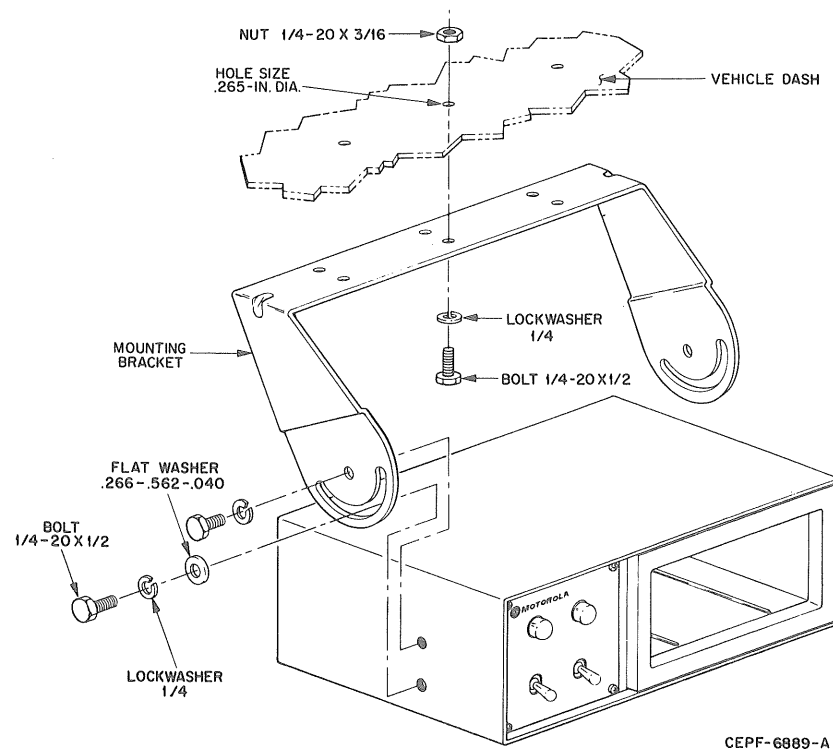
a. Disconnect the plug from the existing mobile radio and connect it to the male plug as shown in Figure 8 or Figure 9 for the specific mobile radio used. In Figure 8, the plug is on a two-foot piece of cable; in Figure 9, it is a feed-through connector.

b. On the same cable or feed-through connector, connect the female plug to the existing mobile radio.

c. Locate the female plug on the end of the six-foot section of cable, and connect it to the vehicular repeater.

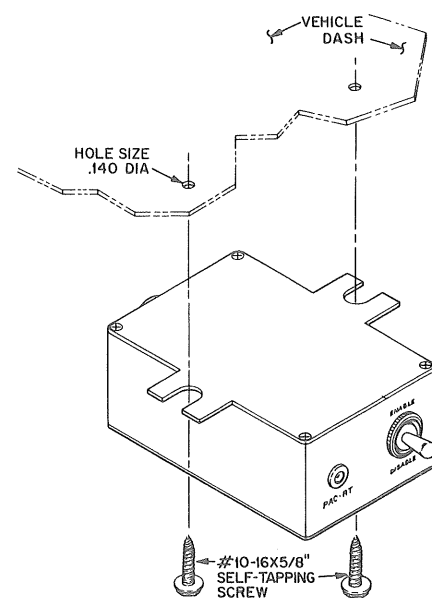
d. The charger or holder and antenna cables should already be connected (see paragraphs 3. d. and 4. 3.).

e. To minimize pinching or crushing of the cables by boxes or equipment being set upon them, dress the cables in an out-of-the-way place.



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Figure 6. Vehicular Charger or Holder Installation Detail



BEPF-7616-0

Figure 7. Control Unit Installation Detail

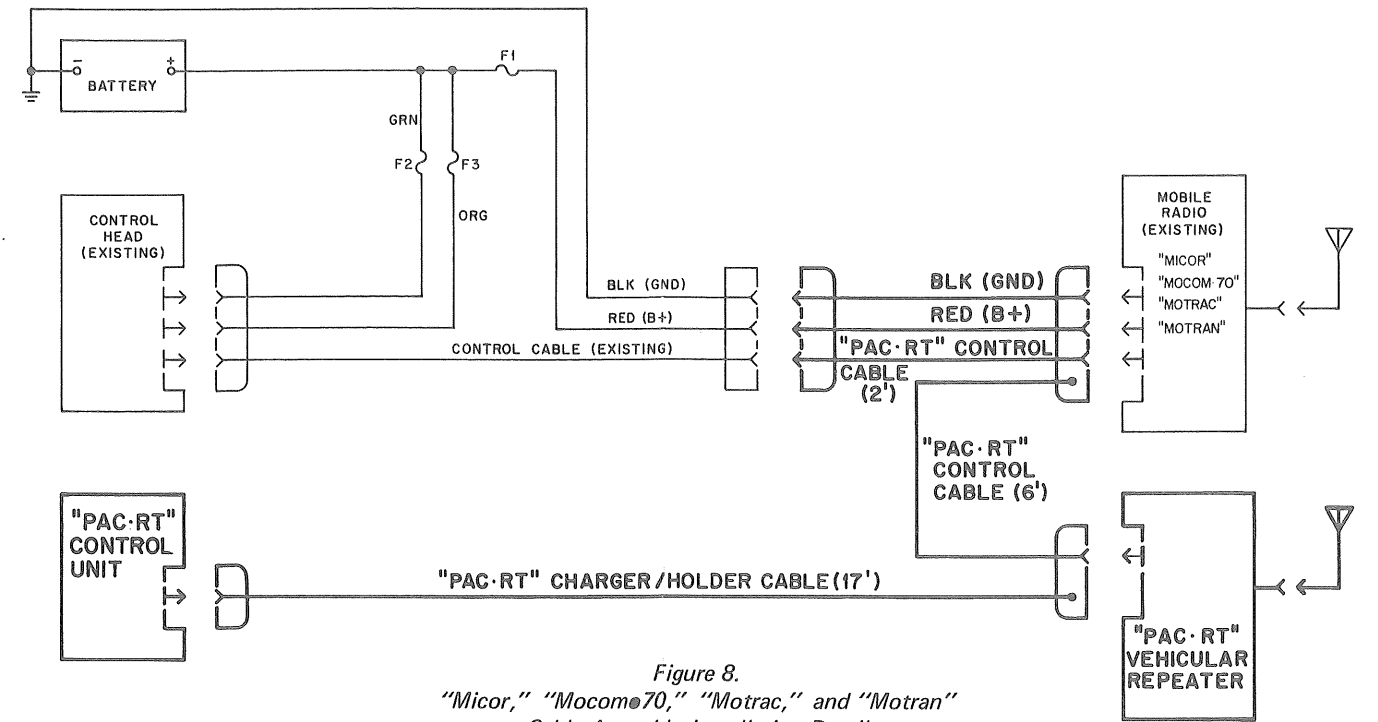


Figure 8.
"Micor," "Mocom 70," "Motrac," and "Motran"
Cable Assembly Installation Detail

CEPF-6890-A

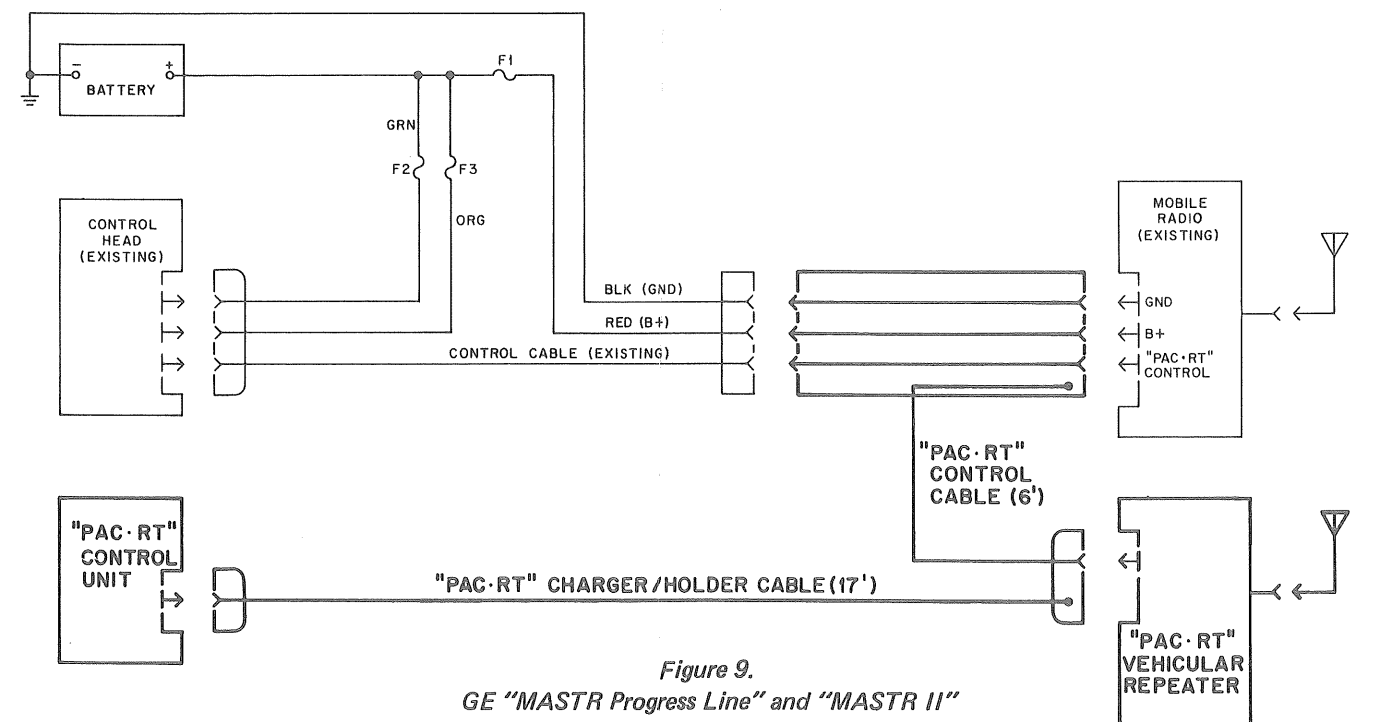


Figure 9.
GE "MASTR Progress Line" and "MASTR II"
Cable Assembly Installation Detail

CEPF-7591-0

"PAC•RT" SYSTEM ALIGNMENT

1. GENERAL

After the "PAC•RT" vehicular repeater has been completely connected into the existing mobile radio installation, several adjustments must be made in the repeater. The REPEATER DEV ADJ control and the MOBILE DEV ADJ control must be set. Also, the MOBILE PL ADJ control (if applicable) and the MOBILE SQ ADJ control must be set. These controls, located on the "PAC•RT" main circuit board, must be adjusted with the actual mobile radio being used with the repeater due to the variations between mobile radios.

The transmitter-receiver and the optional monitor receiver circuit boards are aligned at the factory and should not need realignment. Realignment may be required if components are replaced or have aged. If necessary, refer to the specific alignment procedures for the transmitter-receiver circuit board and the monitor receiver circuit board.

The vehicular repeater can be aligned more readily on the bench or it can be aligned in the

vehicle. The only adjustments that MUST be made in the vehicle are the mobile squelch, mobile deviation, repeater deviation, and the mobile PL in the repeater.

NOTE

No adjustments are required to the existing mobile radio.

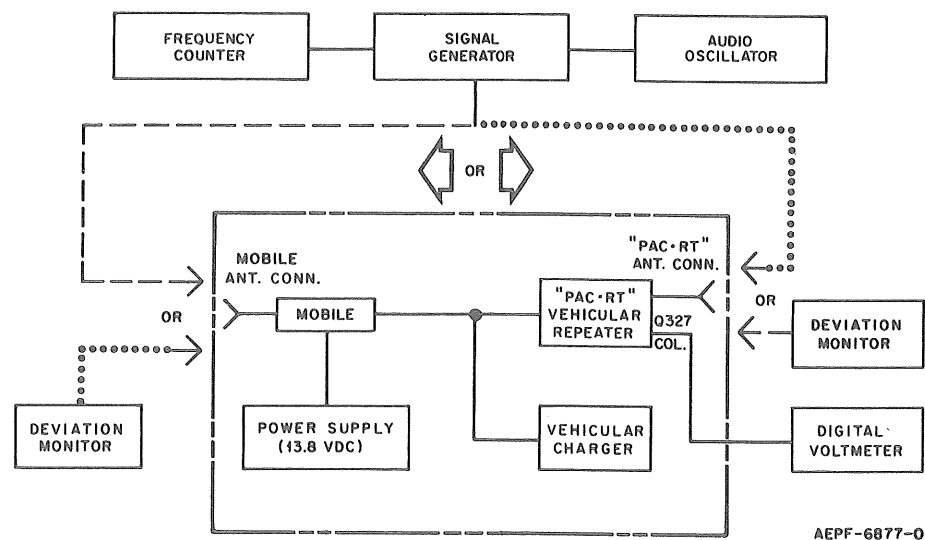
2. "PAC•RT" VEHICULAR REPEATER ALIGNMENT

a. Remove the vehicular repeater unit from its base; reverse the procedure in Figure 3.

b. If the vehicular repeater is to be aligned in the mobile unit, position the repeater so that the circuit board adjustments are exposed and reconnect the cables. If the vehicular repeater is to be aligned on the bench with a comparable mobile setup, position the repeater so that the circuit board adjustments are exposed and connect the cables to the repeater. Refer to "Alignment Setup."

c. Perform the following alignment procedure:

"PAC•RT" VEHICULAR REPEATER ALIGNMENT SETUP



AEPF-6877-0

"PAC•RT" VEHICULAR REPEATER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

NOTE: Steps 1-4 are not required for installation alignment, and should be performed only if components are replaced or have aged.

STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1	DC Power Supply, Digital Voltmeter	Q327 Collector	R379	REGULATED VOLTAGE--Connect the power supply positive terminal to pins 1 and 9 of vehicular repeater jack J301 and the power supply negative terminal to pin 8 of J301. Adjust power supply voltage for 13.8 V. Connect the digital voltmeter to Q327 collector. Adjust REG VOLT ADJ R379 for 10.5 V on the digital voltmeter.
2	Deviation Monitor	PAC•RT Antenna Jack	R116	SINGLE-TONE DEVIATION -- Transmit a single-tone burst by depressing and then releasing the switch in the charger or holder pocket or supply regulated B+ to pin 15 of J301. Adjust R116 on the transmitter-receiver circuit board for ± 5 kHz deviation at the antenna jack.
3	Frequency Counter, Signal Generator, Digital Voltmeter or VOM	Q416 Collector	R450	VEHICULAR REPEATER SQUELCH-- Apply a 0.75 uV on-channel, high-band, unmodulated signal to the repeater antenna jack. Adjust REPEATER SQ ADJ R450 until the collector of Q416 switches from 0 V dc to regulated B+ (10.5 V).
4	Frequency Counter, or Oscilloscope	U11E-12	R512	PRIORITY CLOCK -- Ground test points A (U9D-13) and E (U9B-6) on the repeater circuit board. Momentarily depress the mobile PTT switch or momentarily ground pin 20 of J301. Monitor the 300-500 msec clock at U11E-12. Adjust CLK ADJ R512 for a 500 msec period.
NOTE If the preceding steps were performed on the bench, reinstall the vehicular repeater in the mobile unit. Position it to expose the circuit board adjustments. Connect the control cable.				
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">CAUTION</div> Because of the "priority-interrupt," it is possible that the mobile radio can be "keyed" if the repeater receives a properly PL encoded high-band signal. To prevent this from happening and damaging the signal generator, it is essential that PL reed E302 be removed anytime a signal generator is directly connected to the mobile radio.				
5	Frequency Counter, Deviation Monitor, Signal Generator, Audio Oscillator, Digital Voltmeter		R303	VEHICULAR REPEATER DEVIATION -- If the PAC•RT repeater is equipped with the mobile PL option, set the channel selector on the control head to channel 1, and ground the collector of Q313. Remove PL reed E302 to prevent keying the mobile unit, and to protect the signal generator from damage. Apply a 1000 uV on-channel signal modulated with a 1 kHz tone at ± 3 kHz deviation to the mobile antenna jack. Adjust REPEATER DEV ADJ R303 to provide ± 3 kHz deviation on the high-band channel. Remove signal generator from the mobile antenna jack. DO NOT REINSTALL PL REED E302 UNTIL SPECIFICALLY INSTRUCTED.
6	Frequency Counter, Deviation Monitor, Signal Generator, Audio Generator		R481	MOBILE DEVIATION -- Ground Q312 collector (S1 on relay K1). Apply a 1000 uV, on-channel, high-band signal modulated with a 1 kHz tone at ± 3 kHz deviation to the PAC•RT antenna jack. Adjust MOBILE DEV ADJ R481 to provide ± 3 kHz deviation on the mobile channel. Remove the ground from Q312 collector (S1 on relay K1).
7	Frequency Counter, Signal Generator, Digital Voltmeter or VOM	Q303 Collector	R305	MOBILE SQUELCH -- Apply a 20 dB quieting signal to the mobile antenna jack. Adjust MOBILE SQ ADJ R305 until the PAC•RT unit begins to transmit. Remove the signal and verify that the repeater stops transmitting. Remove the ground from Q313 collector (grounded in step 5).
8	Frequency Counter, Signal Generator, Deviation Monitor, Audio Oscillator, Digital Voltmeter or VOM	Q307 Collector	R304	MOBILE "PL" SQUELCH -- Set channel selector to a PL position. Apply a 10 dB quieting signal to the mobile antenna jack. Modulate the signal at the PL frequency at ± 0.5 kHz deviation. Adjust MOBILE PL ADJ R304 until the PAC•RT unit begins to transmit. Remove the signal and verify that the repeater stops transmitting.
9				Disconnect all test equipment, and reinstall PL reed E302. Reassemble the vehicular repeater to its base plate.

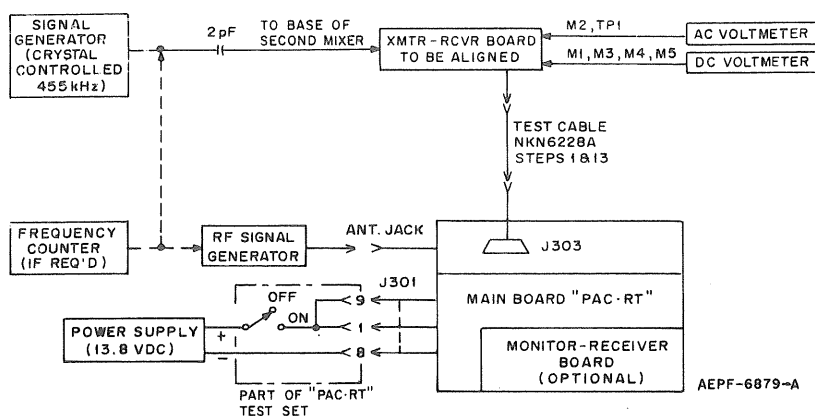
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3. TRANSMITTER-RECEIVER ALIGNMENT

Alignment of the transmitter-receiver circuit board is not necessary unless components are replaced or have aged. If

necessary, remove the vehicular repeater unit from its base (reverse the procedure in Figure 3) and perform the following procedures in the transmitter and receiver setup and alignment procedures.

RECEIVER ALIGNMENT SETUP

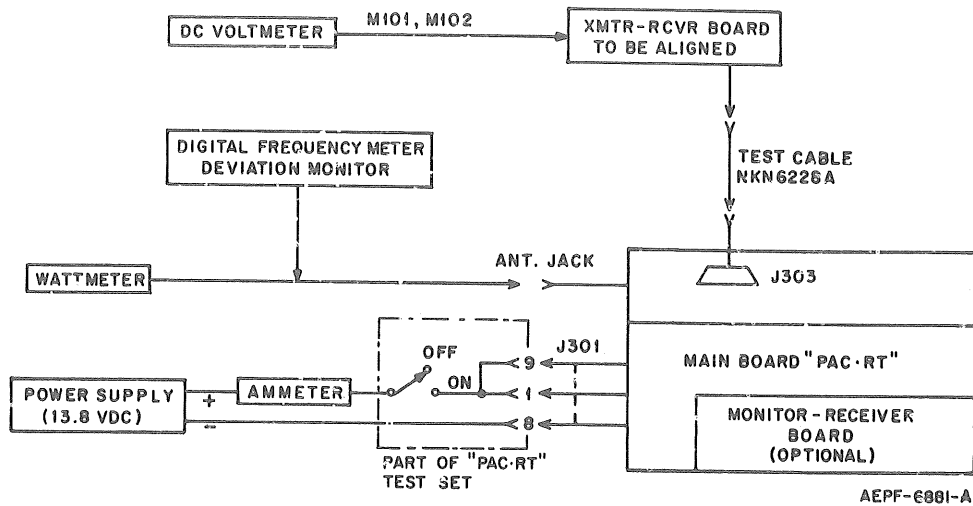


RECEIVER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1	Test Cable NKN6228A			Remove transmitter-receiver circuit board from main circuit board and chassis. Connect test cable between P303 on transmitter-receiver circuit board and J303 on main circuit board. If used, the monitor receiver circuit board must be in position on the main circuit board.
2	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator (455 kHz crystal-controlled)	M2 -40 dB scale	T1, T4	LOW I-F FREQUENCY -- Connect the 455 kHz signal generator to 2nd mixer base (use a 2 pF isolation capacitor). Increase and maintain a signal level of about -40 dBm on meter point M2. Tune for peak. Peak T4, T1, and repeak T4. Do not repeat.
3	DC Multimeter, Signal Generator (455 kHz crystal-controlled), AC Voltmeter	M5 +3 V dc scale & -40 dB scale	T5	LIMITER -- Adjust the signal generator output for an indication of -40 dBm on meter point M2. (If T5 has been completely misaligned, position T5 slug so that it is 1/16" above the solder side of the board. Adjust T5 for maximum positive voltage (approximately 1.4 V dc) at M5.
4	DC Multimeter, Signal Generator (455 kHz crystal-controlled), AC Voltmeter	M4 0.3 V dc scale & -40 dB scale	T6	DISCRIMINATOR -- Adjust the signal generator output for an indication of -40 dBm on meter point M2. If T6 has been completely misaligned, position T6 slug so that it is 1/16" above the solder side of the board. Adjust T6 for discriminator zero (0 ± .05 V). Adjust for the first zero at M4.
5				Repeak T5 at M5 (step 4). Then rezero T6 at M4 (step 4).
6		TP1	L6, L14	HIGH I-F FILTER -- If the I-F filter has been completely misaligned or the frequency is being changed, position the slugs so that they are 1/16" above the solder side of the board. With no signal input tune L6 & L14 for maximum audio noise at TP1.
7	DC Multimeter	M3 10 V dc scale	T2, L13	OSCILLATOR OUTPUT -- Tune T2 and L13 for a dip at M3.
8	DC Multimeter, .002 uF Cap.	M1 3 V dc scale	T2, L13, T3	INJECTION -- Tune T3 for a peak at M1. Retune T2, L13 and T3 for a peak at M1. Short oscillator transistor base to ground with a .002 uF capacitor. The change in voltage at M1 should be greater than 0.1 V dc.
9	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M2 -30 dB scale	L2, L3, L4, L5	RF AMPLIFIER -- Connect the signal generator to the "PAC-RT" antenna jack. Adjust signal generator output for -35 dBm at M2. Adjust signal generator frequency for M4 reading within ± .05 V dc. Tune L2, L3, L4, and L5 for a peak at M2. Keep the reading below -30 dBm by reducing generator output.
10	DC Multimeter	M4 0.3 V dc scale	L7	RECEIVE FREQUENCY -- Use the base station transmitter or a frequency standard as a signal source and adjust L7 for zero at M4 (± .05 V dc).
11	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M2 -30 dB scale	L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L13, L14, T1, T2, T3, T4	RF AMP & HIGH I-F FILTER -- Retune L2, L3, L4, L5, T2, L13, T3, L6, L14, T1 and T4 in that order to ensure a peak at M2. Keep the reading below -30 dBm at M2 and at zero ± .05 V dc at M4.
12	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator (Modulate with 1000 Hz Tone ±5 kHz deviation)	M2, M4 -30 dB scale	L6, L14	Check for ± .05 V dc discriminator zero at M4, then carefully peak L6 and L14 at M2. Do not retune.
13				Remove test cable. Reassemble transmitter-receiver circuit board onto main circuit board.
14				Repeat Step 9.
15	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	TP1		20 dB QUIETING SENSITIVITY -- Perform 20 dB quieting sensitivity measurement as a check of alignment.

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TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT SETUP



TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1				Adjust power supply voltage for 13.8 V dc.
2				Ground collector of Q309 and Q421.
3				OSCILLATOR -- Y101 is preset to assigned frequency at the factory. Do not readjust unless the crystals are replaced or the setting was accidentally changed. If it is necessary to readjust Y101, (a) Complete steps 4 thru 6. (b) Set up the frequency monitor for frequency measurement and adjust warp coil Y101 to assigned frequency. (c) Complete step 7. NOTE If Y101 does not need to be adjusted, continue with steps 4 through 7.
4	DC Multimeter, Ammeter	M101	L101, L102	Tune L102 for maximum current (500 mA range). Tune L101 and L102 for maximum negative voltage on M101 (-1.2 V dc, typical).
5	DC Multimeter, Ammeter	M102	L103, L105 L101, L102	Preset L103 to center of coil. Tune L105 for maximum current. Tune L101, L102, L105, L103 in that order for minimum positive voltage on M102. Repeak once to ensure dip (+0.05 V dc, typical).
6	Ammeter, RF Wattmeter		L106, L109, L110	Preset all coils flush with solder side of board. Tune L106, L109, L110 in that order towards center of coil for maximum current until power can be read on wattmeter; then repeak all coils above for maximum power (0.25 watt minimum).
7				DEVIATION CHECK -- See Single-Tone Deviation adjustment in the "PACoRT Vehicular Repeater Alignment Procedure" for adjustment of R116.

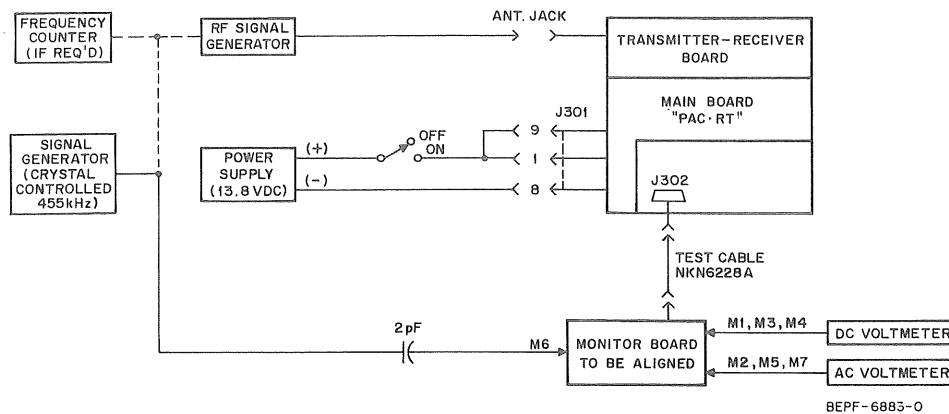
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4. MONITOR RECEIVER ALIGNMENT (OPTIONAL CIRCUIT BOARD)

Alignment of the monitor receiver circuit boards is not necessary unless components are replaced or have aged. If alignment is necessary,

remove the vehicular repeater unit from its base; reverse procedure in Figure 3, and perform the following procedures found in the monitor receiver setup and alignment procedures for either the 30-50 MHz monitor receiver or the 450-512 MHz monitor receiver.

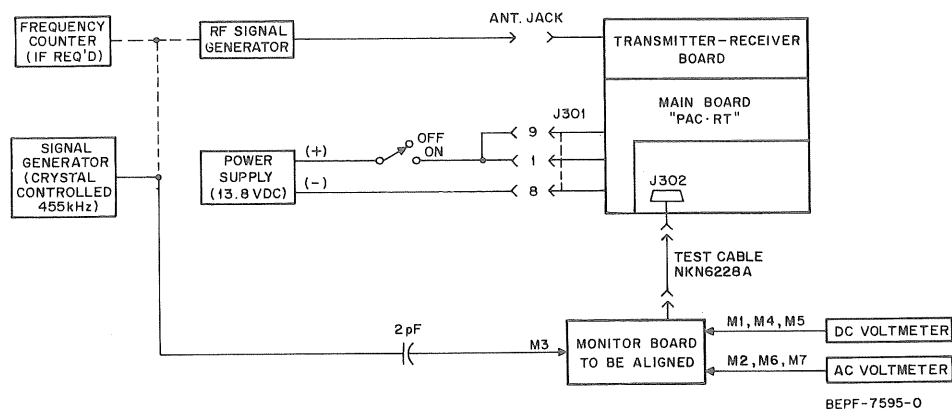
30-50 MHz MONITOR RECEIVER ALIGNMENT SETUP



30-50 MHz MONITOR RECEIVER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

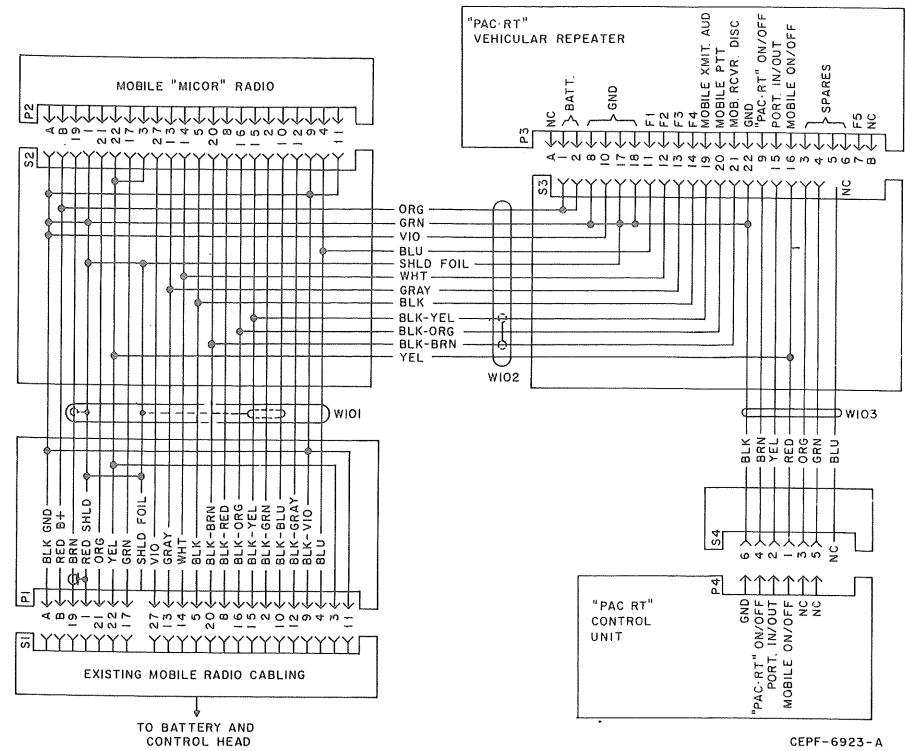
STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1	Test Cable NKN6228A			Remove monitor receiver circuit board from main circuit board and chassis. Connect test cable between P302 on monitor receiver circuit board and J302 on main circuit board. The transmitter-receiver circuit board must be in position on the main circuit board.
2				Locate TP1, TP2, TP3, TP4, and TP5 on the monitor receiver circuit board. Ground TP1 to activate the F1 oscillator. (TP2 for F2, TP3 for F3, etc.)
3	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator (455 kHz crystal-controlled)	M2 -40 dB scale	T2, T3	LOW I-F FREQUENCY -- Connect the 455 kHz signal generator to 2nd mixer base (use a 2 pF isolation capacitor). Increase and maintain a signal level of about -40 dBm on meter at point M2. Tune for peak. Peak T3, T2, and repeak T3. Do not repeat.
4	DC Multimeter, Signal Generator (455 kHz crystal-controlled), AC Voltmeter	M4 +3 V dc scale & -40 dB scale	T4	LIMITER -- Adjust the signal generator output for an indication of -40 dBm on meter point M2. If T4 has been completely misaligned, position the slug so that it is 1/16" above the solder side of the board. Adjust T4 for maximum positive voltage (approximately 2.2 V dc).
5	DC Multimeter, Signal Generator (455 kHz crystal-controlled), AC Voltmeter	M3 0.3 V dc scale & -40 dB scale	T5	DISCRIMINATOR -- Adjust the signal generator output for an indication of -40 dBm on meter point M2. If T5 has been completely misaligned, position the slug so that it is 1/16" above the solder side of the board. Adjust T5 for discriminator zero (0 ± .05 V). Adjust for the first zero.
6		M3	L7, L8	HIGH I-F FILTER -- If the I-F filter has been completely misaligned or the frequency is being changed, position the slugs so that they are 1/16" above the solder side of the board. With no signal input tune L7 & L8 for maximum audio noise at M3.
7	DC Multimeter, .002 uF Cap.	M1 3 V dc scale	T1	INJECTION -- Tune T1 for a peak at M1. Short oscillator transistor base to ground with a .002 uF capacitor. The change in voltage at M1 should be greater than .02 V dc.
8	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M2 -30 dB scale	L1, L2, L3	RF SELECTIVITY -- Adjust signal generator output for -35 dBm at M2. Adjust signal generator frequency for M3 reading within ± .05 V dc. Tune L1, L2, and L3 for a peak at M2. Keep the reading below -30 dBm by reducing generator output.
9	DC Multimeter	M3 0.3 V dc scale	L4 (L9, L10, L11, & L16 if used)	RECEIVE FREQUENCY -- Use the base station transmitter or a frequency standard as a signal source and adjust L4 for zero at M3 (± .05 V dc). MULTIPLE FREQUENCY MODELS -- Remove ground from TP1 and repeat steps 3 through 9 for each of the remaining points noted in step 2. Adjust the appropriate coil for each channel for zero reading at M3: F2-L9, F3-L10, F4-L11, and F5-L16.
10	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M2 -30 dB scale	L1, L2, L3, T1, L7, L8, T2, T3	RF SELECTIVITY & HIGH I-F FILTER -- Ground TP1, TP2, TP3, TP4, or TP5 that is associated with the lowest frequency channel. Retune L1, L2, L3, T1, L7, L8, T2, and T3 in that order to ensure a peak at M2. Keep the reading below -30 dBm at M2 and at zero ± .05 V dc at M3.
11				Remove test cable. Reassemble monitor receiver circuit board onto main circuit board.
12	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M2 -30 dB scale	L1, L2, L3	RF SELECTIVITY -- Adjust signal generator output for -35 dBm at M2. Adjust signal generator frequency for M3 reading within ± .05 V dc. Tune L1, L2, and L3 for a peak at M2. Keep the reading below -30 dBm by reducing generator output.
13	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M5		20 dB QUIETING SENSITIVITY -- Perform 20 dB quieting sensitivity measurement as a check of alignment (13.75 uV maximum at the antenna input corresponds to 1 uV at the rf input to the monitor-receiver).
14	DC Multimeter, Signal Generator	M7 15 V scale	R18	SQUELCH SETTING -- Set R18 fully counterclockwise. Set signal generator at the level set in step 13. Slowly turn R18 clockwise until M7 just switches to approximately 9.5 volts.

450-512 MHz MONITOR RECEIVER ALIGNMENT SETUP

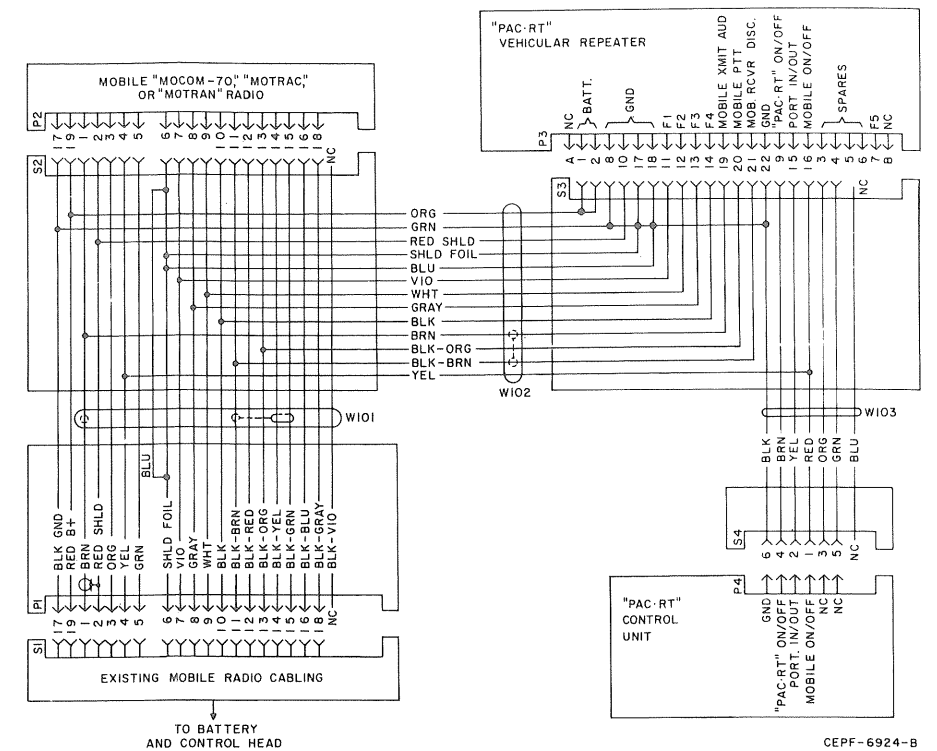


450-512 MHz MONITOR RECEIVER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

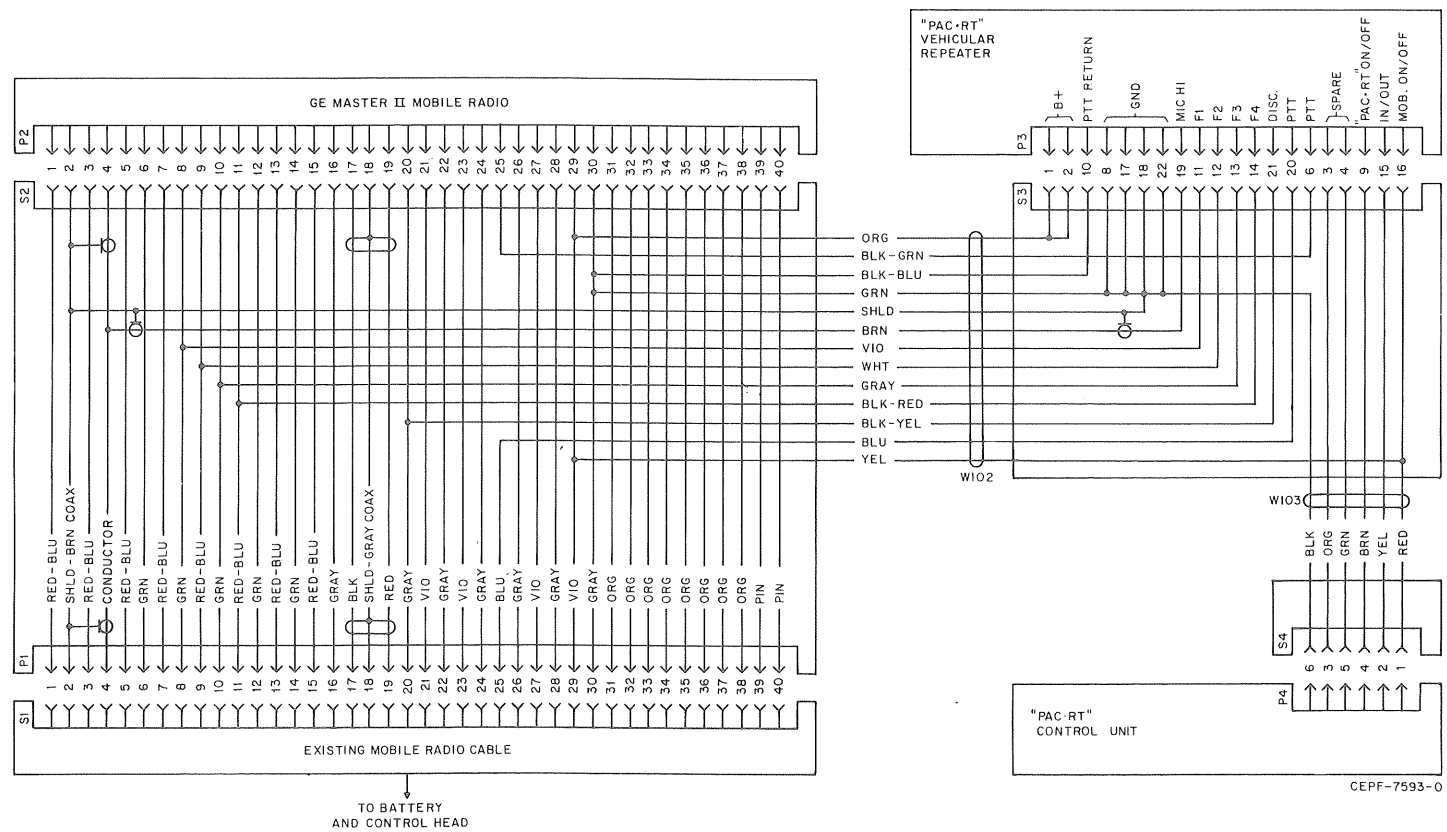
STEP	TEST EQUIPMENT	METER POINT	ADJUSTMENT	PROCEDURE
1	Test Cable NKN6228A			Remove monitor receiver circuit board from main circuit board and chassis. Connect test cable between P302 on monitor receiver circuit board and J302 on main circuit board. The transmitter-receiver circuit board must be in position on the main circuit board.
2				Locate TP1, TP2, TP3, and TP4 on the monitor receiver circuit board. Ground TP1 to activate the F1 oscillator (1P2 for F2, TP3 for F3, etc).
3	AC Voltmeter Signal Generator (455 kHz crystal-controlled)	M2, -40 dB scale	T1, T2	LOW I-F FREQUENCY -- Connect the 455 kHz signal generator to 2nd mixer base (use a 2 pF isolation capacitor). Increase and maintain a signal level of about -40 dBm on meter at point M2. Tune for peak. Peak T2, T1, and repeak T2. Do not repeat.
4	DC Multimeter, Signal Generator (455 kHz crystal-controlled), AC Voltmeter	M5 +3 V dc scale & -40 dB scale	T3	LIMITER -- Adjust the signal generator output for an indication of -40 dBm on meter point M2. If T3 has been completely misaligned, position the slug so that it is 1/16" above the solder side of the board. Adjust T3 for maximum positive voltage (approximately 2.2 V dc).
5	DC Multimeter, Signal Generator (455 kHz crystal-controlled), AC Voltmeter	M4, 0.3 V dc scale & -40 dB scale	T4	DISCRIMINATOR -- Adjust the signal generator output for an indication of -40 dBm on meter point M2. If T4 has been completely misaligned, position the slug so that it is 1/16" above the solder side of the board. Adjust T4 for discriminator zero (0 ± .05 V). Adjust for the first zero.
6	AC Voltmeter	M4	L11, L12	HIGH I-F FILTER -- If the I-F filter has been completely misaligned or the frequency is being changed, position the slugs so that they are 1/16" above the solder side of the board. With no signal input tune L11 & L12 for maximum audio noise at M4.
7	DC Multimeter	M1 3 V dc scale	L6	INJECTION -- Tune L6 for a dip at M1.
8	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M2, M8 -30 dB scale	FL1, (Z1, Z2, Z3, Z4), L8, & L9	RF SELECTIVITY -- Set signal generator at carrier frequency and inject into rf input. Adjust signal generator output level for -35 dBm reading at M2. Tune preselector cavities Z1, Z2, Z3, and Z4 for a peak at M2. Tune L8 and L9 one turn at a time for a dip at M8. Keep the reading below -30 dBm by reducing generator output.
9	AC Voltmeter, DC Multimeter, Signal Generator	M2, M4 -30 dB scale	L6, L4	RF SELECTIVITY -- With an on-channel signal, adjust signal generator output for -40 dBm at M2. Inject the signal at the rf input. Tune L6 for a peak reading at M4. Slowly tune L4 for a reading of ±0.05 Vdc at M4. Retune L6 again.
10	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M2, M4 -40 dBm scale	L3, L2, L1	RECEIVE FREQUENCY -- MULTIPLE FREQUENCY MODELS -- Remove ground from TP1 and repeat step 9 for each of the remaining points noted in step 2. Adjust the appropriate coil for each channel for zero reading at M4: F2-L3, F3-L2, and F4-L1.
11	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M2 -30 dB scale	FL1 (Z1, Z2, Z3, & Z4), L6, L8, L9, L11, L12, T1, & T2	RF SELECTIVITY & HIGH I-F FILTER -- GROUND TP1. Retune FL1 (Z1, Z2, Z3, & Z4), L6, L8, L9, L11, L12, T1, & T2 in that order to ensure a peak at M2. Keep the reading below -30 dBm at M2 and at zero ±0.5 V dc at M4.
12				Remove test cable. Reassemble monitor receiver circuit board onto main circuit board.
13	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M2 -30 dB scale	FL1 (Z1, Z2, Z3, & Z4)	RF SELECTIVITY -- Adjust signal generator output for -35 dBm at M2. Adjust signal generator frequency for M4 reading within ±.05 V dc. Tune FL1 (Z1, Z2, Z3, & Z4) for a peak at M2. Keep the reading below -30 dBm by reducing generator output.
14	AC Voltmeter, Signal Generator	M6		20 dB QUIETING SENSITIVITY -- Perform 20 dB quieting sensitivity measurement as a check of alignment (13.75 uV maximum at the antenna input corresponds to 1 uV at the rf input to the monitor-receiver).
15	DC Multimeter, Signal Generator	M7 15 V scale	R56	SQUELCH SETTING -- Set R56 fully counterclockwise. Set signal generator at the level set in step 14. Slowly turn R56 clockwise until M7 just switches to approximately 9.5 volts.



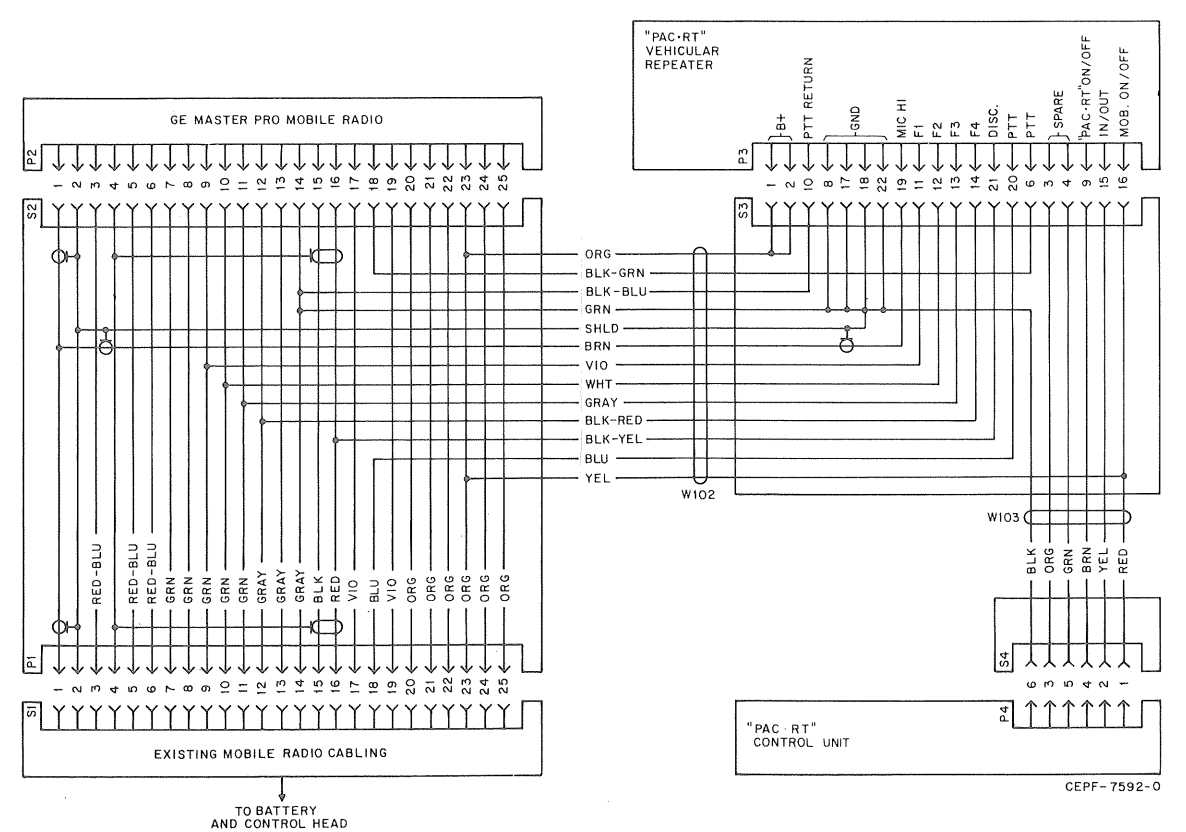
"Micor" System



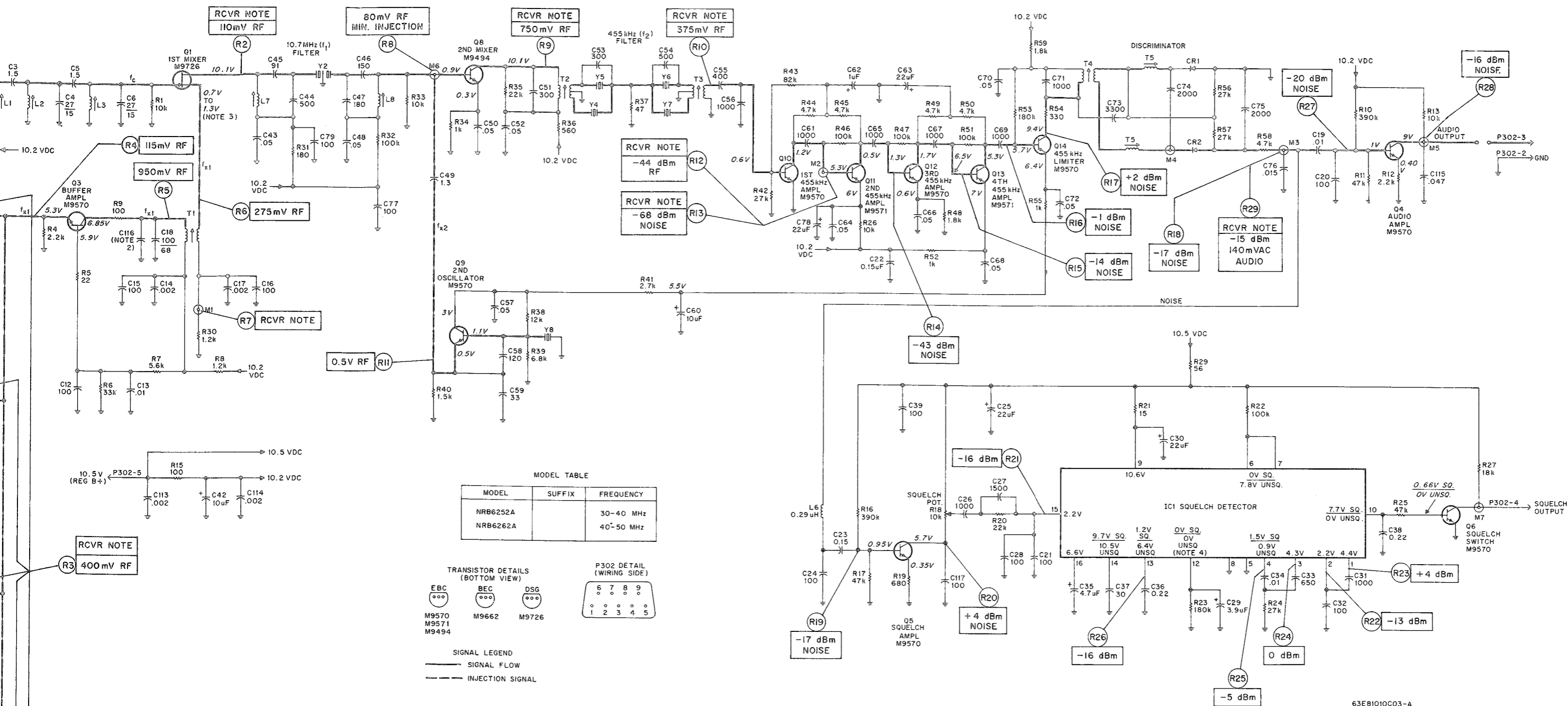
"Mocomo70," "Motrac," & "Motran" System



GE "MASTR II" System

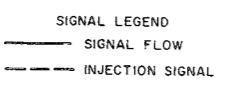
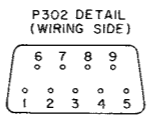
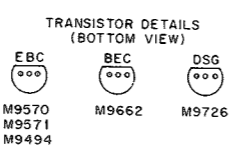


GE "MASTR Progress Line" System



MODEL TABLE

MODEL	SUFFIX	FREQUENCY
NRB6252A		30-40 MHz
NRB6262A		40-50 MHz



SCHEMATIC AND CIRCUIT BOARD NOTES

- VOLTAGE READINGS ARE TAKEN WITH THE OSCILLATOR RUNNING.
- CAPACITOR C116 IS 30 pF FOR 30-33 MHz RANGE AND 20 pF FOR 40-45 MHz RANGE. C116 IS OMITTED FOR ALL OTHER RANGES.
- VOLTAGE VARIES WITH FREQUENCY AND DRIVE.
- SQUELCH IC1 PIN 12, +5.6 VOLTS DC WHEN THRESHOLD SIGNAL JUST OPENS SQUELCH.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, k = 1000; CAPACITOR VALUES EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN ONE (1) ARE IN PICOFARADS (pF) AND VALUES LESS THAN ONE (1) ARE IN MICROFARADS (uF).
- WHERE TWO COMPONENT VALUES ARE SHOWN, TOP VALUE IS FOR 30-40 MHz RANGE AND BOTTOM VALUE IS FOR 40-50 MHz RANGE.
- DC VOLTAGES ARE MEASURED FROM POINT INDICATED TO CHASSIS GROUND USING MOTOROLA DC MULTIMETER OR EQUIVALENT.
- WHERE TWO VOLTAGE VALUES ARE SHOWN, I.E. $\frac{2V}{6V}$, TOP VALUE IS FOR SQUELCHED OPERATIONAL MODE AND BOTTOM VALUE IS FOR UNSQUELCHED MODE.
- FREQUENCY LEGEND:
 f_c = CARRIER FREQUENCY (30-50 MHz)
 f_{x1} = 1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (40.7-60.7 MHz)
 f_{x2} = 2ND OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (10.245-11.155 MHz) (SEE CRYSTAL FREQUENCY TABLE)
 f_1 = HIGH INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (10.7 MHz)
 f_2 = LOW INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (455 kHz)
 f_c = $f_{x1} - 10.7$ MHz
 f_1 = $f_{x2} + f_2$ (FOR $f_{x2} = 10.245$ MHz)
 f_1 = $f_{x2} - f_2$ (FOR $f_{x2} = 11.155$ MHz)

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENT NOTES

- GENERAL
- 0 dBm = 1 mW INTO 600 OHMS.
 - REFER TO APPLICABLE MONITOR-RECEIVER SCHEMATIC AND MONITOR-RECEIVER GAIN MEASUREMENTS SECTION IN INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
 - MAKE THE FOLLOWING MEASUREMENTS:
 - (R1) CONNECT RF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO RF INPUT AND LEAVE CONNECTED FOR ALL RECEIVER MEASUREMENTS.
 - (R2) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 10 mV FOR THIS READING.
 - (R3) READING WITH ONE OSCILLATOR RUNNING. GROUND TP1, TP2, TP3, TP4, OR TP5 AS APPLICABLE.
 - (R7) SHORT Q3 (BUFFER AMPL) COLLECTOR TO GROUND WITH A 0.002 uF CAPACITOR. THE CHANGE IN VOLTAGE AT (R7) SHOULD BE GREATER THAN 0.02 V DC.
 - (R9)(R10) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 1.0 mV FOR THESE READINGS.
 - (R12) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 3.0 uV FOR THIS READING (USE AC VOLTMETER FOR MEASUREMENT).
 - (R13) thru (R28) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO MINIMUM AND FREQUENCY OFF CHANNEL. FOR SOME OF THESE TEST POINTS THERE IS AN ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT GIVEN BELOW.
 - (R19) thru (R26) ADJUST SQUELCH CONTROL FOR FULL SQUELCH.
 - (R29) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 1.0 mV AND MODULATE WITH 1 kHz TONE AT 3.3 kHz DEVIATION.

CRYSTAL FREQUENCY TABLE

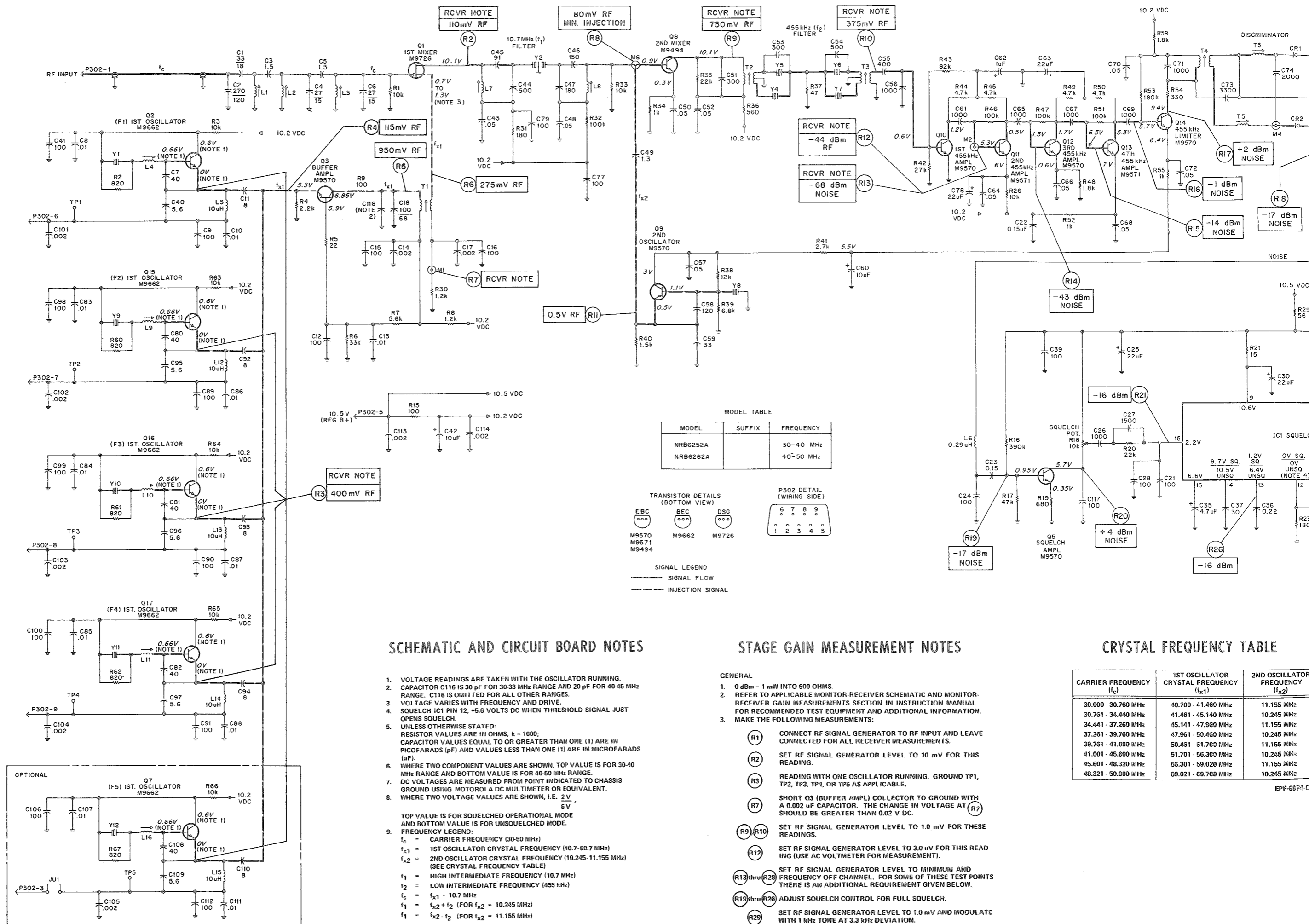
CARRIER FREQUENCY (f_c)	1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (f_{x1})	2ND OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY (f_{x2})
30.000 - 30.760 MHz	40.700 - 41.460 MHz	11.155 MHz
30.761 - 34.440 MHz	41.461 - 45.140 MHz	10.245 MHz
34.441 - 37.260 MHz	45.141 - 47.960 MHz	11.155 MHz
37.261 - 39.760 MHz	47.961 - 50.460 MHz	10.245 MHz
39.761 - 41.000 MHz	50.461 - 51.700 MHz	11.155 MHz
41.001 - 45.600 MHz	51.701 - 56.300 MHz	10.245 MHz
45.601 - 48.320 MHz	56.301 - 59.020 MHz	11.155 MHz
48.321 - 50.000 MHz	59.021 - 60.700 MHz	10.245 MHz

EPF-6974-0

30-50 MHz MONITOR RECEIVER SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

EPF-6874-0

EPF-6973-A



RCVR NOTE
110mV RF

80mV RF
MIN. INJECTION

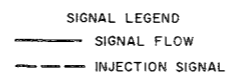
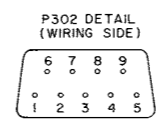
RCVR NOTE
750mV RF

RCVR NOTE
375mV RF

RCVR NOTE
400mV RF

MODEL TABLE

MODEL	SUFFIX	FREQUENCY
NRB6252A		30-40 MHz
NRB6262A		40-50 MHz



SCHEMATIC AND CIRCUIT BOARD NOTES

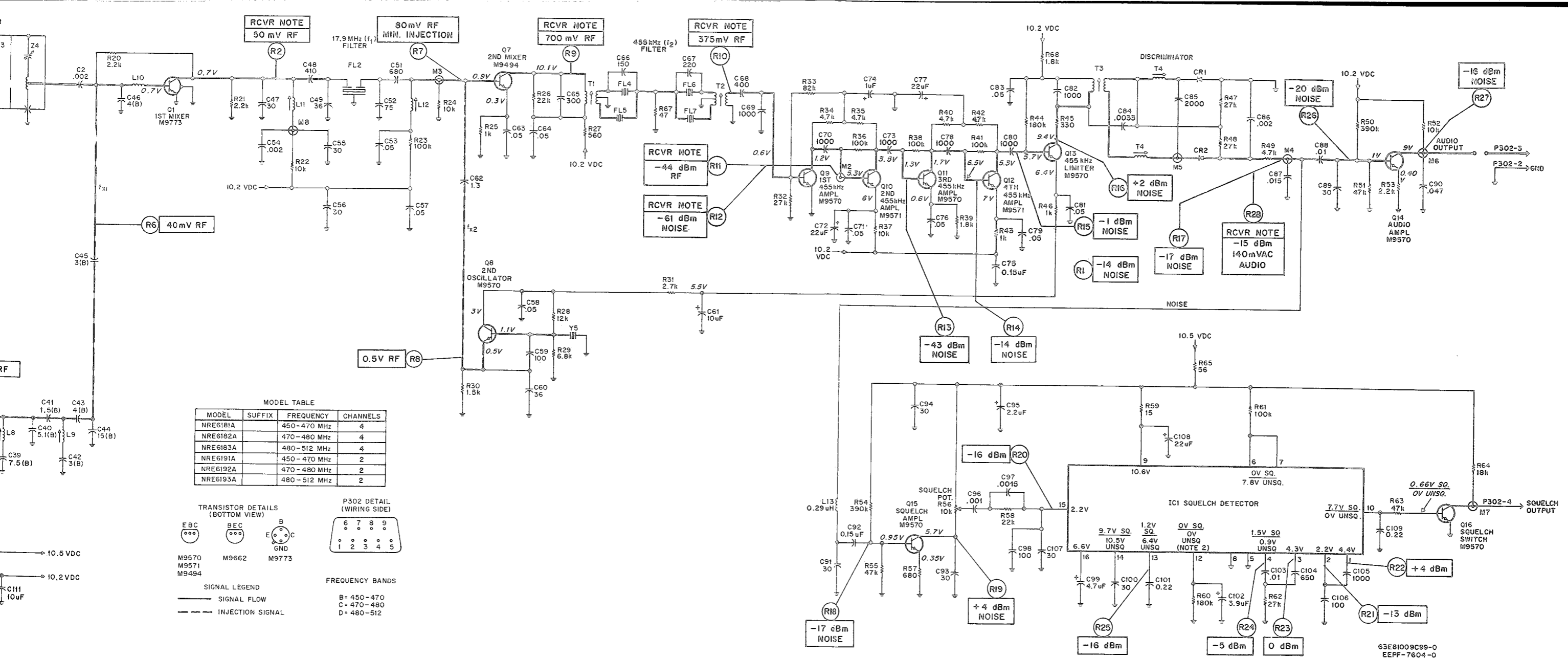
- VOLTAGE READINGS ARE TAKEN WITH THE OSCILLATOR RUNNING.
- CAPACITOR C116 IS 30 pF FOR 30-33 MHz RANGE AND 20 pF FOR 40-45 MHz RANGE. C116 IS OMITTED FOR ALL OTHER RANGES.
- VOLTAGE VARIES WITH FREQUENCY AND DRIVE.
- SQUELCH IC1 PIN 12, +5.6 VOLTS DC WHEN THRESHOLD SIGNAL JUST OPENS SQUELCH.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, k = 1000; CAPACITOR VALUES EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN ONE (1) ARE IN PICOFARADS (pF) AND VALUES LESS THAN ONE (1) ARE IN MICROFARADS (uF).
- WHERE TWO COMPONENT VALUES ARE SHOWN, TOP VALUE IS FOR 30-40 MHz RANGE AND BOTTOM VALUE IS FOR 40-50 MHz RANGE.
- DC VOLTAGES ARE MEASURED FROM POINT INDICATED TO CHASSIS GROUND USING MOTOROLA DC MULTIMETER OR EQUIVALENT.
- WHERE TWO VOLTAGE VALUES ARE SHOWN, I.E. $\frac{2V}{6V}$, TOP VALUE IS FOR SQUELCHED OPERATIONAL MODE AND BOTTOM VALUE IS FOR UNSQUELCHED MODE.
- FREQUENCY LEGEND:
 f_c = CARRIER FREQUENCY (30-50 MHz)
 f_{x1} = 1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (40.7-60.7 MHz)
 f_{x2} = 2ND OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (10.245-11.155 MHz) (SEE CRYSTAL FREQUENCY TABLE)
 f_1 = HIGH INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (10.7 MHz)
 f_2 = LOW INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (455 kHz)
 f_c = $f_{x1} - 10.7$ MHz
 f_1 = $f_{x2} + f_2$ (FOR $f_{x2} = 10.245$ MHz)
 f_1 = $f_{x2} - f_2$ (FOR $f_{x2} = 11.155$ MHz)

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENT NOTES

- GENERAL
- 0 dBm = 1 mW INTO 600 OHMS.
 - REFER TO APPLICABLE MONITOR-RECEIVER SCHEMATIC AND MONITOR-RECEIVER GAIN MEASUREMENTS SECTION IN INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
 - MAKE THE FOLLOWING MEASUREMENTS:
 - (R1) CONNECT RF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO RF INPUT AND LEAVE CONNECTED FOR ALL RECEIVER MEASUREMENTS.
 - (R2) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 10 mV FOR THIS READING.
 - (R3) READING WITH ONE OSCILLATOR RUNNING. GROUND TP1, TP2, TP3, TP4, OR TP5 AS APPLICABLE.
 - (R7) SHORT Q3 (BUFFER AMPL) COLLECTOR TO GROUND WITH A 0.002 uF CAPACITOR. THE CHANGE IN VOLTAGE AT SHOULD BE GREATER THAN 0.02 V DC.
 - (R9)(R10) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 1.0 mV FOR THESE READINGS.
 - (R12) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 3.0 uV FOR THIS READING (USE AC VOLTMETER FOR MEASUREMENT).
 - (R13) thru (R28) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO MINIMUM AND FREQUENCY OFF CHANNEL. FOR SOME OF THESE TEST POINTS THERE IS AN ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT GIVEN BELOW.
 - (R19) thru (R26) ADJUST SQUELCH CONTROL FOR FULL SQUELCH.
 - (R29) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 1.0 mV AND MODULATE WITH 1 kHz TONE AT 3.3 kHz DEVIATION.

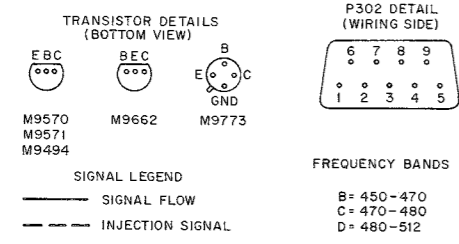
CRYSTAL FREQUENCY TABLE

CARRIER FREQUENCY (f_c)	1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (f_{x1})	2ND OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY (f_{x2})
30.000 - 30.760 MHz	40.700 - 41.460 MHz	11.155 MHz
30.761 - 34.440 MHz	41.461 - 45.140 MHz	10.245 MHz
34.441 - 37.260 MHz	45.141 - 47.960 MHz	11.155 MHz
37.261 - 39.760 MHz	47.961 - 50.460 MHz	10.245 MHz
39.761 - 41.000 MHz	50.461 - 51.700 MHz	11.155 MHz
41.001 - 45.600 MHz	51.701 - 56.300 MHz	10.245 MHz
45.601 - 48.320 MHz	56.301 - 59.020 MHz	11.155 MHz
48.321 - 50.000 MHz	59.021 - 60.700 MHz	10.245 MHz



MODEL TABLE

MODEL	SUFFIX	FREQUENCY	CHANNELS
NRE6181A		450-470 MHz	4
NRE6182A		470-480 MHz	4
NRE6183A		480-512 MHz	4
NRE6191A		450-470 MHz	2
NRE6192A		470-480 MHz	2
NRE6193A		480-512 MHz	2



STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENT NOTES

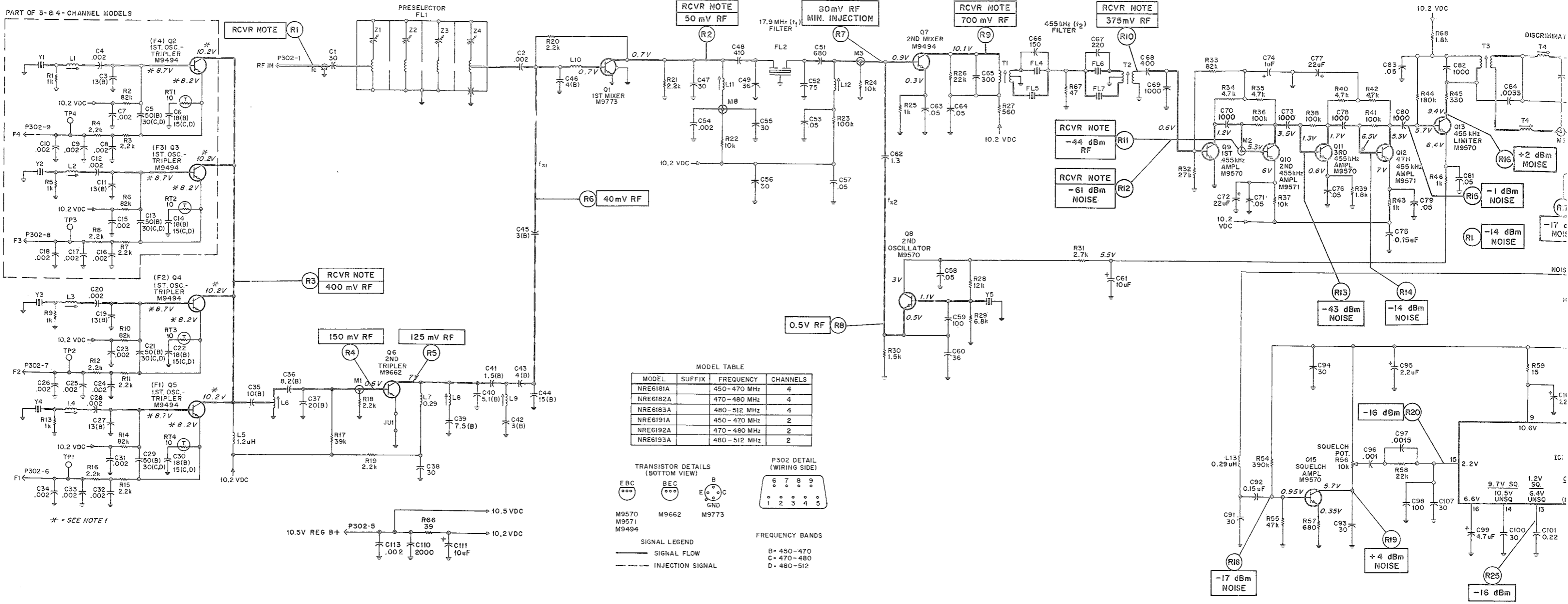
- GENERAL
- 0 dBm = 1 mW INTO 600 OHMS.
 - REFER TO APPLICABLE MONITOR RECEIVER SCHEMATIC AND MONITOR RECEIVER GAIN MEASUREMENTS SECTION IN INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
 - MAKE THE FOLLOWING MEASUREMENTS:
 - (R1) CONNECT RF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO RF INPUT AND LEAVE CONNECTED FOR ALL RECEIVER MEASUREMENTS.
 - (R2) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 10 mV FOR THIS READING.
 - (R3) READING WITH ONE OSCILLATOR RUNNING. GROUND TP1, TP2, TP3, OR TP4 AS APPLICABLE.
 - (R9, R10) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 1.0 mV FOR THESE READINGS.
 - (R11) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 3.0 uV FOR THIS READING (USE AC VOLTMETER FOR MEASUREMENT).
 - (R12 thru R27) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO MINIMUM AND FREQUENCY OFF CHANNEL. FOR SOME OF THESE TEST POINTS THERE IS AN ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT GIVEN BELOW.
 - (R19 thru R25) ADJUST SQUELCH CONTROL FOR FULL SQUELCH.
 - (R28) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 1.0 mV AND MODULATE WITH 1 kHz TONE AT 3.3 kHz DEVIATION.

CRYSTAL FREQUENCY TABLE

CARRIER FREQUENCY (f x c)	1st OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (f x 1)	2nd OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (f x 2)
450.000 - 456.000 MHz	48.0111 - 48.6777 MHz	18.355 MHz
456.001 - 458.000 MHz	48.6778 - 48.9000 MHz	17.445 MHz
458.001 - 470.000 MHz	48.9001 - 50.2333 MHz	18.355 MHz
470.001 - 484.000 MHz	50.2334 - 51.7888 MHz	17.445 MHz
484.001 - 509.000 MHz	51.7889 - 54.5666 MHz	18.355 MHz
509.001 - 512.000 MHz	54.5667 - 54.9000 MHz	17.445 MHz

EPF-7598-0

450-512 MHz MONITOR RECEIVER SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



CIRCUIT BOARD NOTES

- VOLTAGE READINGS ARE TAKEN WITH THE OSCILLATOR RUNNING.
- SQUELCH IC1 PIN 12, +5.6 VOLTS DC WHEN THRESHOLD SIGNAL JUST OPENS SQUELCH.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, $k = 1000$; CAPACITOR VALUES EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN ONE (1) ARE IN PICO FARADS (pF) AND VALUES LESS THAN ONE (1) ARE IN MICRO FARADS (μF).
- WHERE MORE THAN ONE COMPONENT VALUE IS SHOWN, (B) IS FOR 450-470 MHz RANGE, (C) IS FOR 470-480 MHz RANGE, AND (D) IS FOR 480-512 MHz RANGE.
- DC VOLTAGES ARE MEASURED FROM POINT INDICATED TO CHASSIS GROUND USING MOTOROLA DC MULTIMETER OR EQUIVALENT.
- WHERE TWO VOLTAGE VALUES ARE SHOWN, I.E. $\frac{2V}{6V}$ TOP VALUE IS FOR SQUELCHED OPERATIONAL MODE AND BOTTOM VALUE IS FOR UNSQUELCHED MODE.
- FREQUENCY LEGEND:
 f_c = CARRIER FREQUENCY (450-512 MHz)
 f_{x1} = 1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (48.011-48.677 MHz)
 f_{x2} = 2ND OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (17.445-18.355 MHz) (SEE CRYSTAL FREQUENCY TABLE)
 f_1 = HIGH INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (17.9 MHz)
 f_2 = LOW INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (455 KHz)
 f_c = $9 f_{x1} + 17.9$ MHz
 f_1 = $f_{x2} + f_2$ (FOR $f_{x2} = 17.445$ MHz)
 f_1 = $f_{x2} \cdot f_2$ (FOR $f_{x2} = 18.355$ MHz)

EPF-7597-O

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENT NOTES

GENERAL

- 0 dBm = 1 mW INTO 600 OHMS.
- REFER TO APPLICABLE MONITOR-RECEIVER SCHEMATIC AND MONITOR-RECEIVER GAIN MEASUREMENTS SECTION IN INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- MAKE THE FOLLOWING MEASUREMENTS:
 - (R1) CONNECT RF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO RF INPUT AND LEAVE CONNECTED FOR ALL RECEIVER MEASUREMENTS.
 - (R2) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 10 mV FOR THIS READING.
 - (R3) READING WITH ONE OSCILLATOR RUNNING. GROUND TP1, TP2, TP3, OR TP4 AS APPLICABLE.
 - (R9)(R10) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 1.0 mV FOR THESE READINGS.
 - (R11) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 3.0 μV FOR THIS READING (USE AC VOLTMETER FOR MEASUREMENT).
 - (R12)thru(R27) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO MINIMUM AND FREQUENCY OFF CHANNEL. FOR SOME OF THESE TEST POINTS THERE IS AN ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT GIVEN BELOW.
 - (R19)thru(R25) ADJUST SQUELCH CONTROL FOR FULL SQUELCH.
 - (R28) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 1.0 mV AND MODULATE WITH 1 kHz TONE AT 3.3 KHz DEVIATION.

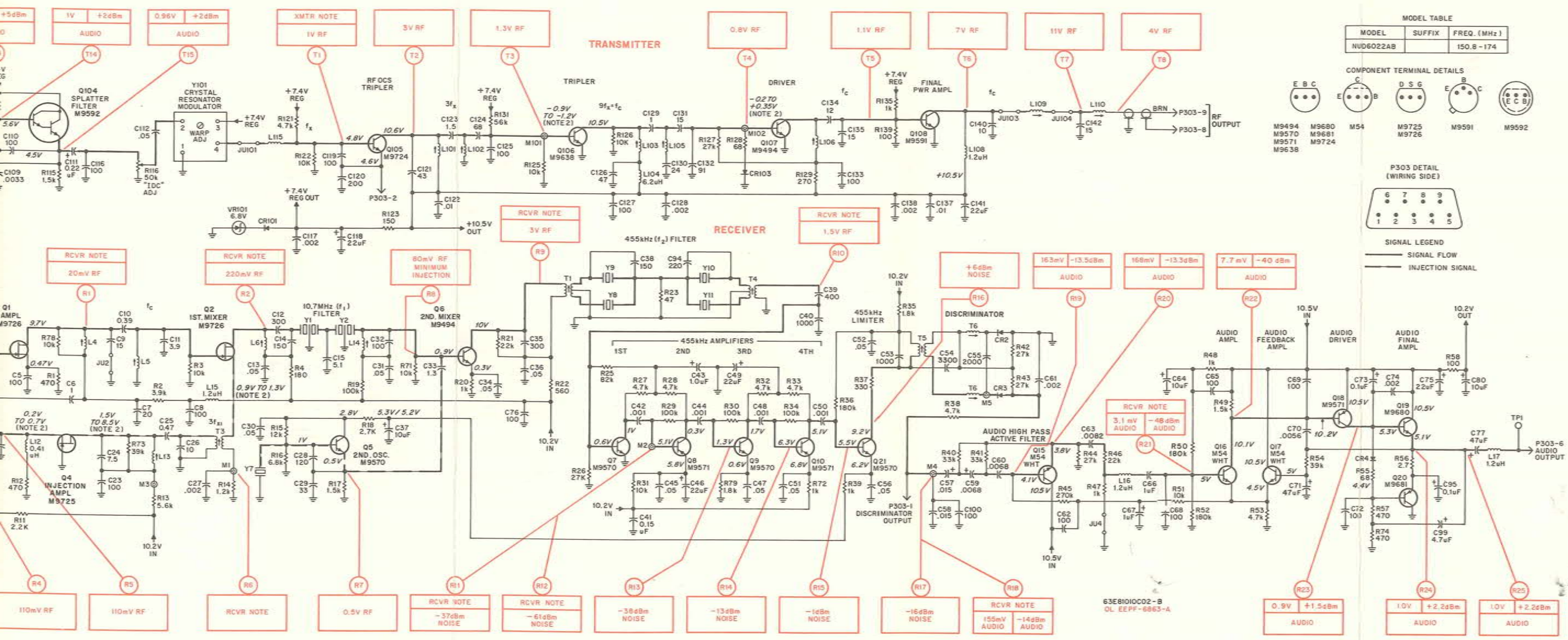
EPF-7598-O

CRYSTAL FREQUENCY TABLE

CARRIER FREQUENCY (f_c)	1st OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (f_{x1})	2nd OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (f_{x2})
450.000 - 456.000 MHz	48.0111 - 48.6777 MHz	18.355 MHz
456.001 - 458.000 MHz	48.6778 - 48.9000 MHz	17.445 MHz
458.001 - 470.000 MHz	48.9001 - 50.2333 MHz	18.355 MHz
470.001 - 484.000 MHz	50.2334 - 51.7888 MHz	17.445 MHz
484.001 - 509.000 MHz	51.7889 - 54.5666 MHz	18.355 MHz
509.001 - 512.000 MHz	54.5667 - 54.9000 MHz	17.445 MHz

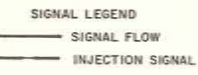
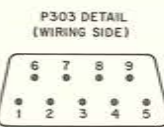
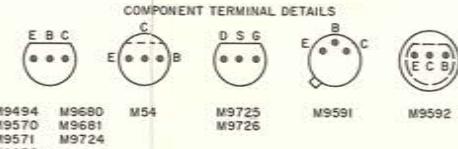
EPF-7599-O

450-512 MHz MONITOR RECEIVER SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



MODEL TABLE

MODEL	SUFFIX	FREQ. (MHz)
M96022AB		150.8-174



TRANSMITTER-RECEIVER SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

SCHEMATIC AND CIRCUIT BOARD NOTES

- VOLTAGE VARIES WITH FREQUENCY AND DRIVE.
- CAPACITOR C16 USED ON 150.8 TO 167 MHz MODELS; REMOVED ON 167 TO 174 MHz MODELS.
- CAPACITOR C20 USED ON 150.8 TO 160 MHz AND 167 TO 174 MHz MODELS; REMOVED ON 160 TO 167 MHz MODELS.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE ON OHMS, $k = 1000$. ALL CAPACITOR VALUES EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 1 ARE IN PICO FARADS (pF), AND VALUES LESS THAN 1 ARE IN MICRO FARADS (μ F).
- DC VOLTAGES ARE MEASURED FROM POINT INDICATED TO CHASSIS GROUND USING MOTOROLA DC MULTIMETER OR EQUIVALENT.
- WHERE 2 VOLTAGE VALUES ARE SHOWN, I.E. $\frac{10V}{12V}$, TOP VALUE IS FOR UNSQUELCHED OPERATIONAL MODE, AND BOTTOM VALUE IS FOR SQUELCHED MODE.
- CIRCUIT BOARD LEGEND:
 - P9 \uparrow INDICATES CIRCUIT BOARD PIN CONNECTION (NUMBER ARBITRARY)
 - (B) INDICATES WIRE OR PLATING CONNECTION (LETTER ARBITRARY)
 - *
 - INDICATES COMPONENT MOUNTED ON SOLDER SIDE.
- FREQUENCY LEGEND:
 - GENERAL
 - f_c = CARRIER FREQUENCY (150.8-174 MHz)
 - TRANSMITTER
 - f_x = CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (16.7-19.5 MHz)
 - $f_c = 9f_x \cdot f_x \cdot \frac{f_c}{9}$
 - RECEIVER
 - f_{x1} = 1ST OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (46.700 - 54.433 MHz)
 - f_{x2} = 2ND OSCILLATOR CRYSTAL FREQUENCY (10.245 - 11.155 MHz)
 - SEE TABLE 1
 - f_1 = HIGH INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (10.7 MHz)
 - f_2 = LOW INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (465 kHz)
 - $f_c = 3f_{x1} + 10.7 \text{ MHz}$, $f_{x1} = \frac{f_c - 10.7 \text{ MHz}}{3}$
 - $f_1 = f_2 + f_{x2}$ (for $f_{x2} = 10.245 \text{ MHz}$)
 - $f_1 = f_{x2} - f_2$ (for $f_{x2} = 11.155 \text{ MHz}$)

CRYSTAL FREQUENCY TABLE

CARRIER FREQ (f_c)	1ST OSC CRYSTAL FREQ (f_{x1})	2ND OSC CRYSTAL FREQ (f_{x2})
150.8 - 153.3 MHz	46.7 - 47.533 MHz	10.245 MHz
153.33 - 154.8 MHz	47.543 - 48.033 MHz	11.155 MHz
154.83 - 162.69 MHz	48.043 - 50.663 MHz	10.245 MHz
162.72 - 166.2 MHz	50.673 - 51.833 MHz	11.155 MHz
166.23 - 174 MHz	51.843 - 54.433 MHz	10.245 MHz

EPF-5723-O

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENT NOTES

- 0 dBm = 1 mW INTO 600 OHMS.
- CIRCUIT BOARD PLATING SHOWN IN SIDE OPPOSITE THE COMPONENTS.
- TRANSMITTER MEASUREMENTS TAKEN WITH PTT SWITCH KEYPED.
- REFER TO APPLICABLE TRANSMITTER AND RECEIVER GAIN MEASUREMENTS SECTION IN INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

TRANSMITTER:

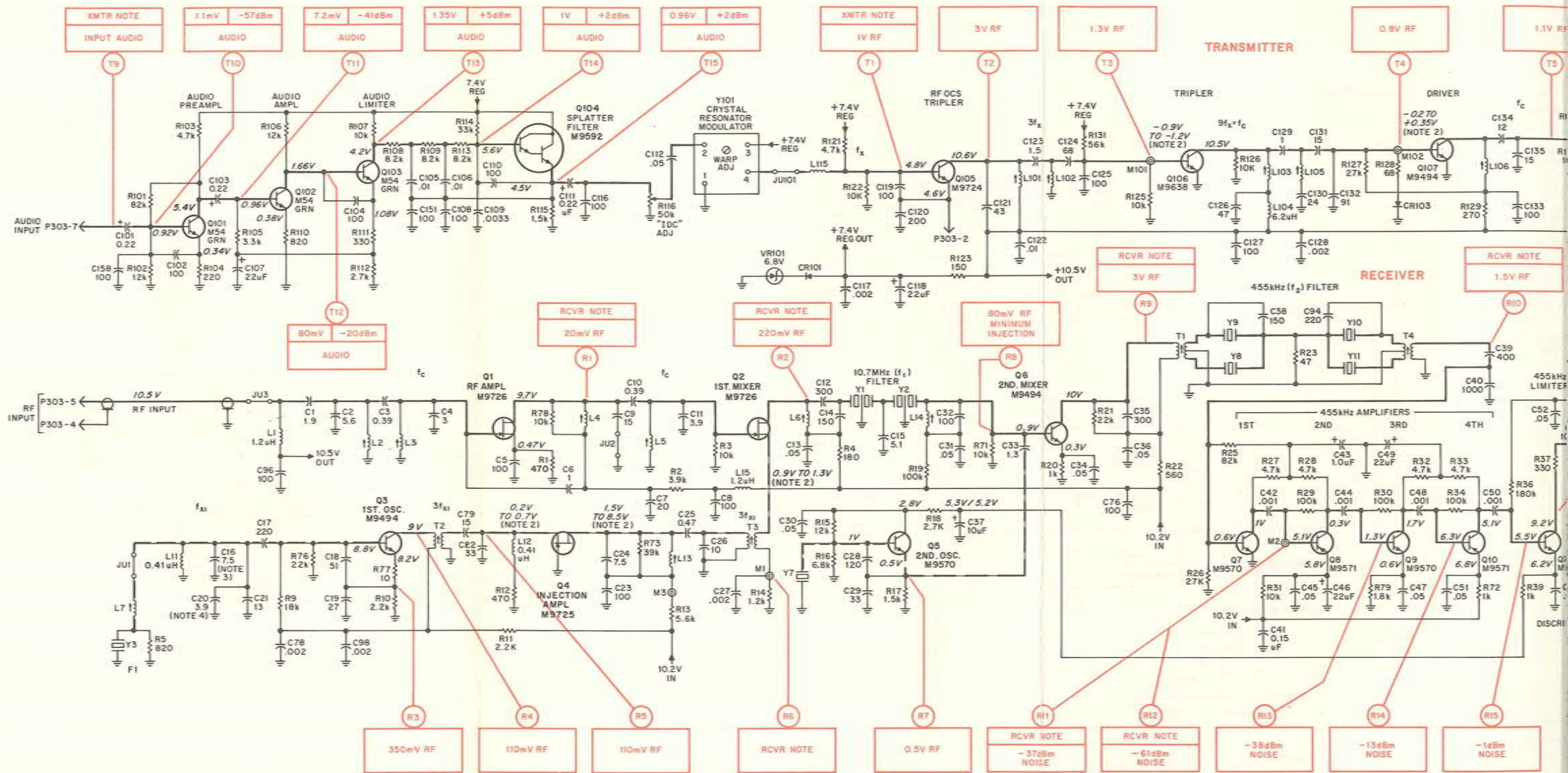
- (T1) \rightarrow (T8) TAKE MEASUREMENTS WITH TRANSMITTER ALIGNED PER TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE.
- (T9) CONNECT AUDIO OSCILLATOR TO PIN 7 OF P303 AND ADJUST OUT LEVEL FOR -45 dBm AT 1 kHz. READ LEVELS AT TEST POINTS.
- (T10) \rightarrow (T15)

RECEIVER:

CONNECT RF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO EXTERNAL ANTENNA JACK ON "PAD-RT" RADIO AND LEAVE CONNECTED FOR ALL RECEIVER MEASUREMENTS.

- (R1) (R2) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 10 mV FOR THESE READINGS.
- (R6) SHORT Q3 (1ST OSC.) BASE TO GROUND WITH A 0.002 μ F CAPACITOR. THE CHANGE IN VOLTAGE AT (R6) SHOULD BE GREATER THAN 0.05 V DC.
- (R9) (R10) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 1.0 mV FOR THESE READINGS.
- (R11) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 3.0 μ V FOR THIS READING (USE AC VOLTMETER FOR MEASUREMENT).
- (R12) \rightarrow (R17) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO MINIMUM AND FREQUENCY TO OFF CHANNEL. FOR SOME OF THESE TEST POINTS THERE IS AN ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT GIVEN BELOW.
- (R18) \rightarrow (R25) SET RF SIGNAL GENERATOR LEVEL TO 1.0 mV AND MODULATE WITH 1 kHz TONE AT 3.3 kHz DEVIATION.

EPF-6869-A



SCHEMATIC NOTES

- NOTES:
- WHEN USED WITH B+ SWITCHING MOBILE RADIOS, REPLACE CR302 WITH A JUMPER.
 - USED FOR MOBILE "PL" OPERATION ONLY.
 - CONNECT JUMPER JU2 FROM POINT "H" TO "K" FOR MOTOROLA AND OTHER GROUND SWITCHING MOBILES. CONNECT JUMPER JU2 FROM POINT "H" TO "J" FOR B+ SWITCHING MOBILE RADIOS.
 - CONNECT R552 FROM POINT 1 TO 5 FOR MOBILE TRANSMITTER AND "PAC-RT" TRANSMITTER TIME-OUT-TIMER OPERATION. CONNECT R552 FROM POINT 1 TO 3 FOR "PAC-RT" TRANSMITTER TIME-OUT-TIMER OPERATION. CONNECT R552 FROM POINT 1 TO 2 FOR MOBILE TRANSMITTER TIME-OUT-TIMER OPERATION. CONNECT R552 FROM POINT 1 TO 4 FOR OPERATION WITHOUT TIME-OUT-TIMER.
 - ADD JUMPERS JU502 AND JU503 AND CUT COMPONENT SIDE PLATING AT U6A AND U18A WHEN NOT USING "INHIBIT SINGLE-TONE TRANSMISSION" OPTION.
 - UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED: RESISTOR VALUES ARE IN OHMS, k = 1000; CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS (uF); INDUCTOR VALUES ARE IN HENRYS (H).
 - WHERE COMPONENTS ARE FREQUENCY SENSITIVE, "V" AND "U" ARE USED. "V" DESIGNATES COMPONENT VALUE FOR 150.8-174 MHz RANGE AND "U" IS FOR 450-470 MHz RANGE.
 - ALL LOGIC IC CIRCUITRY IS 500 LEVEL REFERENCE SYMBOL DESIGNATION.
 - LEGEND:
 * INSTALLED FOR B+ SWITCHING ONLY.
 ** INSTALLED FOR GROUND SWITCHING ONLY.
 Δ INSTALLED FOR TWO-FREQUENCY SIMPLEX CHANNEL ONLY.
 ΔΔ INSTALLED FOR "PL" CHANNEL S ONLY.

EPF-6861-B

"PAC-RT" "PL" AND MOBILE "PL" TEST MEASUREMENTS

PROBE POINT	DC VOLTS		AC VOLTS	
	DECODE VOLTS	ENCODE VOLTS	mV	dBm
BASE OF Q329/Q305	3.4	16.0	-33.6	
EM. OF Q329/Q305	3.0	16.0	-33.6	
BASE OF Q330/Q306	2.8	11.5	-36.5	
EM. OF Q330/Q306	2.2	11.5	-36.5	
IC CHIP PIN 1	6.5	10.5	37.4	
IC CHIP PIN 2	5.4	650	-2	
IC CHIP PIN 3	10.5	3.0	-43.6	
IC CHIP PIN 4	1.3	75	-20	
IC CHIP PIN 5	10.5	3.0	-48.5	
IC CHIP PIN 6	6.5	20	-31.8	
IC CHIP PIN 7	7.2	.8	-59.7	
IC CHIP PIN 8	.7	2.0	-42.2	
IC CHIP PIN 9	-	-	-	
IC CHIP PIN 10	1.3	65	-21.5	
IC CHIP PIN 11	.8	65	-21.5	
IC CHIP PIN 12	.05	14.5	-34.5	
IC CHIP PIN 13	.1	-	-	
IC CHIP PIN 14	.5	-	-	
IC CHIP PIN 15	.5	-	-	
IC CHIP PIN 16	0	-	-	

INPUT SIGNAL 14 mV. (-35 dB) PL TONE AT R317/R386.

(0 dBm IS 1 mW ACROSS 60 OHMS)

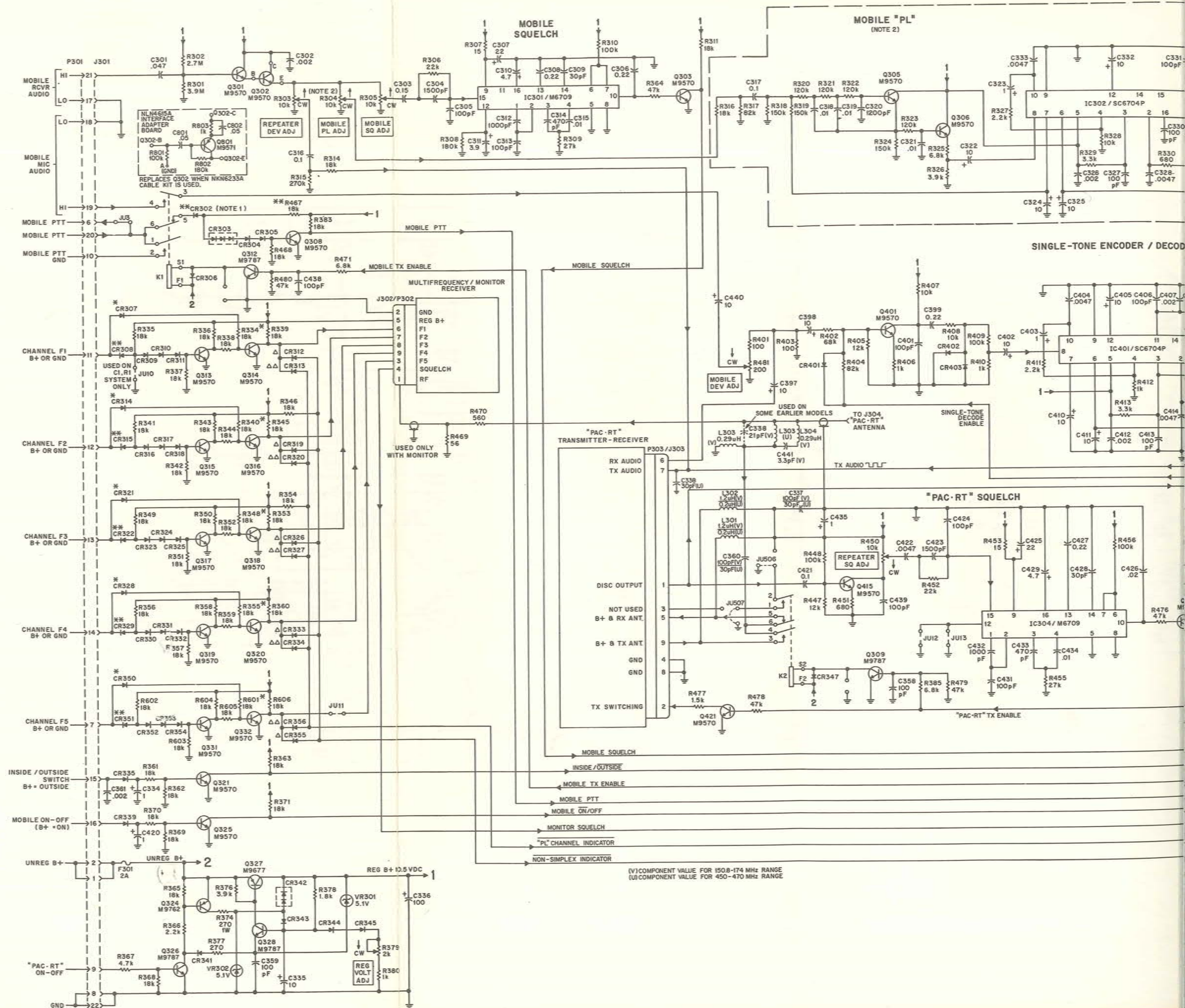
EPF-7305-O

SINGLE-TONE ENCODER/DECODER TEST MEASUREMENTS

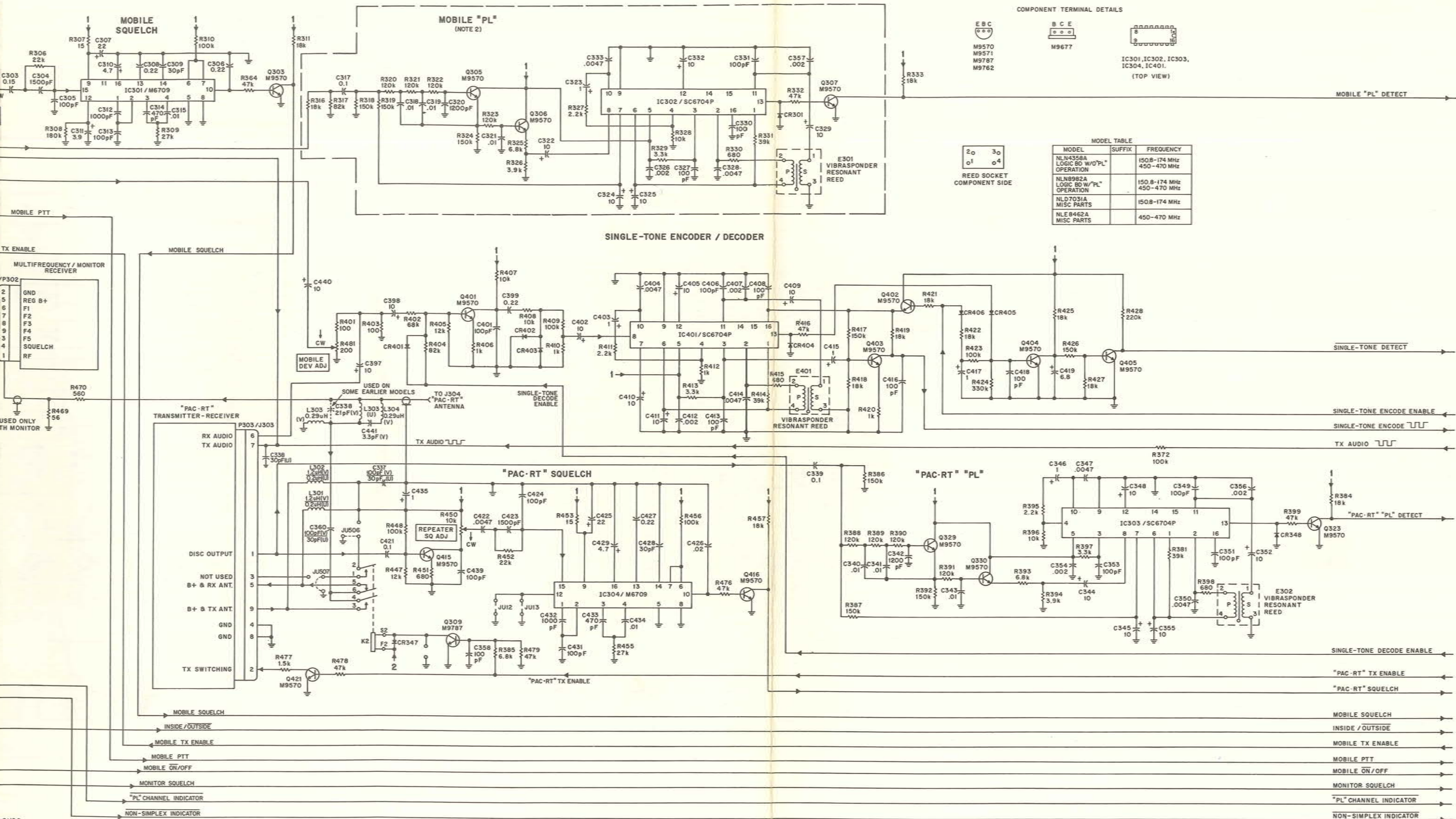
PROBE POINT	DC VOLTS		AC VOLTS			
	DECODE VOLTS	ENCODE VOLTS	mV	dBm	mV	dBm
IC CHIP PIN 1	6.5	6.5	10.5	-37.4		
IC CHIP PIN 2	5.4	2.9	650	-2	140	-14.7
IC CHIP PIN 3	10.5	6.0	3.0	-43.6	.6	-2
IC CHIP PIN 4	1.3	1.7	75	-20	390	-6
IC CHIP PIN 5	10.5	10.5	3.0	-48.5	-	-
IC CHIP PIN 6	6.5	3.0	20	-31.8	-	-
IC CHIP PIN 7	7.2	7.1	.8	-59.7	-	-
IC CHIP PIN 8	.7	.3	2.0	-42.2	-	-
IC CHIP PIN 9	-	-	-	-	-	-
IC CHIP PIN 10	1.3	1.4	65	-21.5	340	-7.3
IC CHIP PIN 11	.8	.8	65	-21.5	19	-32.2
IC CHIP PIN 12	.05	1.0	14.5	-34.5	-	-
IC CHIP PIN 13	.1	5.0	-	-	-	-
IC CHIP PIN 14	.5	.8	-	-	-	-
IC CHIP PIN 15	.5	.9	-	-	-	-
IC CHIP PIN 16	0	10.5	-	-	-	-

(0 dBm IS 1 mW ACROSS 600 OHMS)

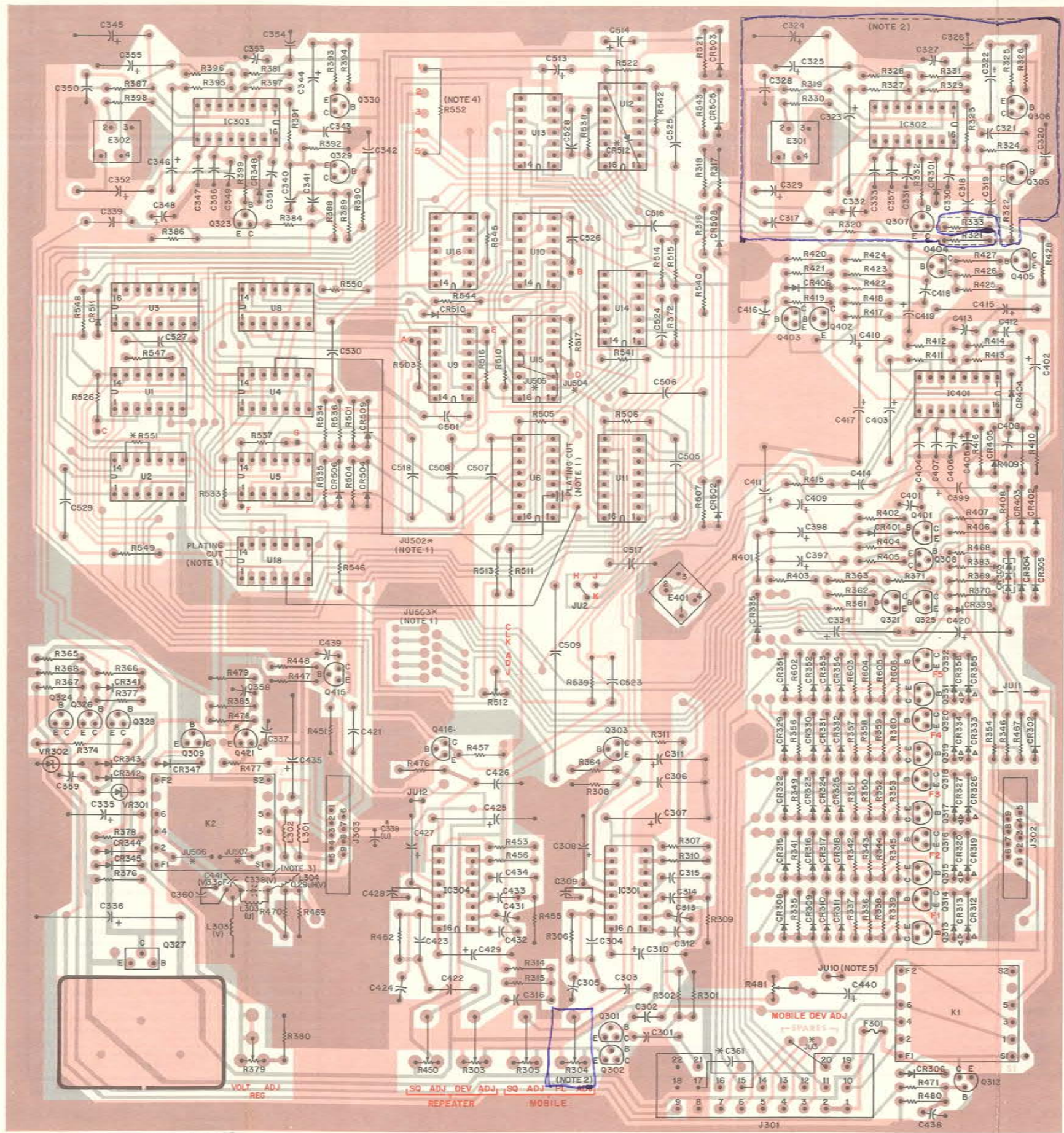
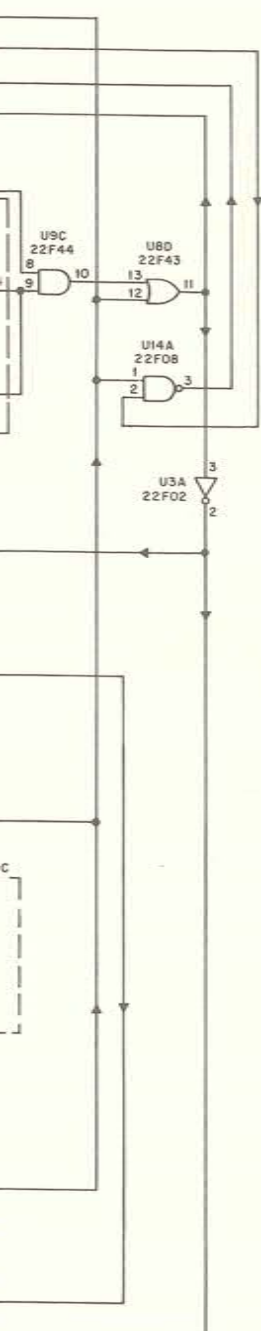
EPF-7306-O



(V) COMPONENT VALUE FOR 150.8-174 MHz RANGE
 (U) COMPONENT VALUE FOR 450-470 MHz RANGE



VEHICULAR REPEATER SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



*Required for
PC operation.
Plus SNLN-9607-MMU
PL FILTER BOARD.*

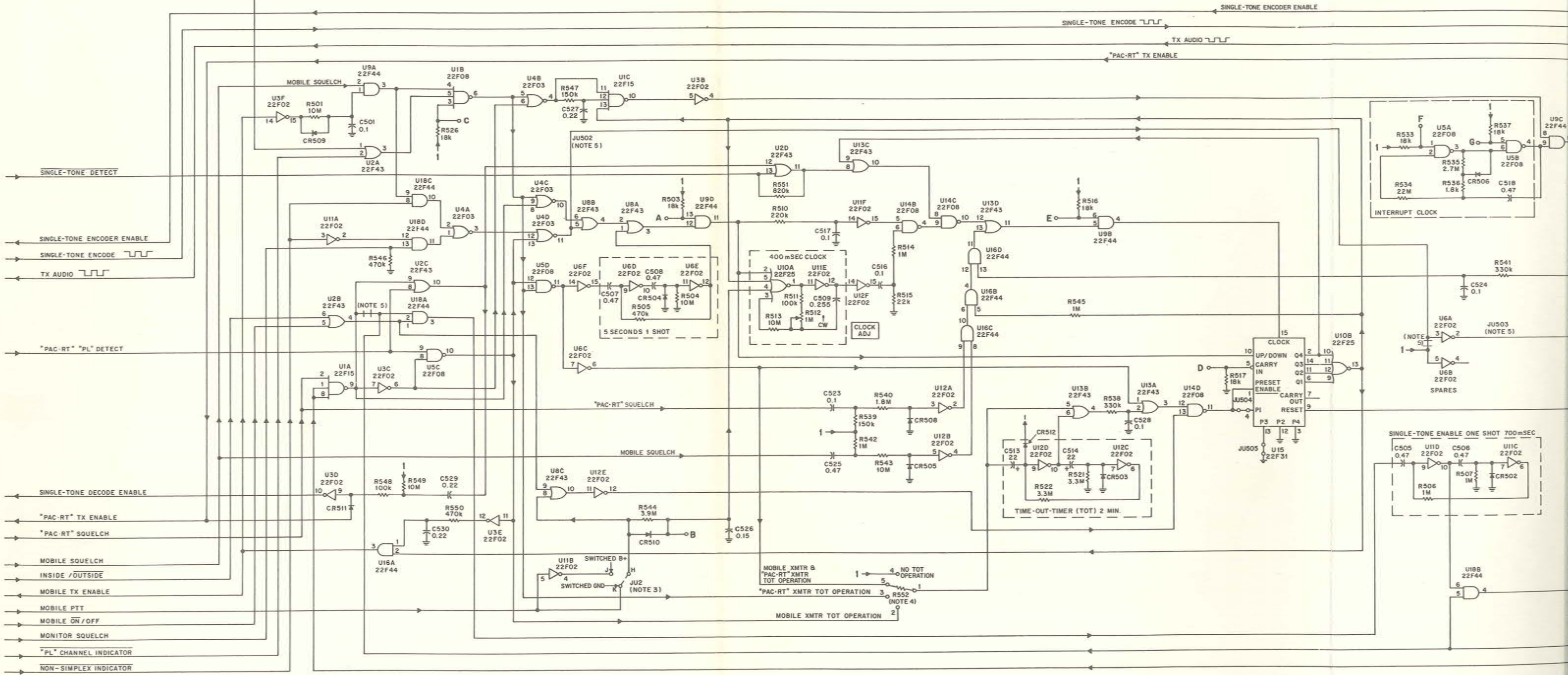
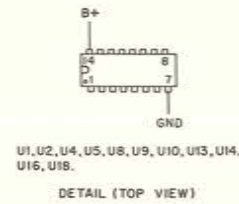
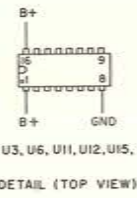
(SHEET 2 OF 2)

VIEWED FROM COMPONENT SIDE

* MOUNTED ON SOLDER SIDE
(VICOMPONENT FOR 150.8-174 MHz RANGE
VICOMPONENT FOR 450-470 MHz RANGE

● SOLDER SIDE
○ COMP SIDE
DL EEPF-6860-C
TP-OL EEPF-6857-D

MOBILE "PL" DETECT



REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		CAPACITOR, Fixed: uF ±10% 50 V unless stated
C301	0882096J04	.047; 250 V
C302	2182428B36	.002; 200 V
C303	0882905G05	0.15
C304	0882096J06	1500 pF; 250 V
C305	2184511B24	100 pF
C306	0882096J20	0.22; 250 V
C307	2382256J08	22 -10 +50%; 40 V
C308	0882905G12	0.22
C309	2184511B86	30 pF
C310	2382256J07	4.7 -10 +50%; 63 V
C311	2384762H08	3.9 ±20%; 15 V
C312	2182187B29	1000 pF; 100 V
C313	2184511B24	100 pF
C314	2182187B39	470 pF; 500 V
C315	0882096J03	.01; 250 V
C316, 317	0882096J18	0.1; 250 V
C318, 319	0882096J03	.01; 250 V
C320	2100874352	1200 pF ±5%; 300 V
C321	0882096J03	.01; 250 V
C322	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C323	2382256J04	1; +50 -10%; 100 V
C324, 325	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C326	2182428B36	.002; 200 V
C327	2184511B24	100 pF
C328	2182428B27	.0047; 100 V
C329	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C330, 331	2184511B24	100 pF
C332	2383441B22	10 ±20%; 4 V
C333	2182428B27	.0047; 100 V
C334	2382256J04	1; +50 -10%; 100 V
C335	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C336	2382601A25	100 ±150 -10%; 20 V
C337	2184511B24	100 pF (V)
	2184511B02	30 pF; N150 (U)
C338	2184494B40	21 pF ±5%; 500 V (V)
	2184511B02	50 pF; N150 (U)
	0882096J18	0.1; 250 V
C339, 341	0882096J03	.01; 250 V
C342	2100874352	1200 pF; ±5%; 300 V
C343	0882096J03	.01; 250 V
C344, 345	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C346	2382256J04	1; +50 -10%; 100 V
C347	2182428B27	.0047; 100 V
C348	2383441B22	10 ±20%; 4 V
C349	2184511B24	100 pF
C350	2182428B27	.0047; 100 V
C351	2184511B24	100 pF
C352	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C353	2184511B24	100 pF
C354	2182428B36	.002; 200 V
C355	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C356, 357, 361	2182428B36	.002; 200 V
C358, 359	2184511B24	100 pF
	2184511B02	100 pF (V)
	2184511B01	30 pF; N150 (U)
C397	2383441B19	10 ±20%; 20 V
C398	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C399	0882905G12	0.22
C401	2184511B24	100 pF
C402	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C403	2382256J04	1; +50 -10%; 100 V
C404	2182428B27	.0047
C405	2383441B22	10 ±20%; 4 V
C406	2184511B24	100 pF
C407	2182428B36	.002; 200 V
C408	2184511B24	100 pF
C409 thru 411	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C412	2182428B36	.002; 200 V
C413	2184511B24	100 pF
C414	2182428B27	.0047; 100 V
C415	2382256J04	1; +50 -10%; 100 V
C416	2184511B24	100 pF
C417	2382256J04	1; +50 -10%; 100 V
C418	2184511B24	100 pF
C419	2383214C21	6.8 ±20%; 20 V
C420	2382256J04	1; +50 -10%; 100 V
C421	0882096J18	0.1; 250 V
C422	0882096J02	.0047; 100 V
C423	0882096J06	1500 pF; 250 V

C424	2184511B24	100 pF
C425	2382256J08	22; +50 -10%; 40 V
C426	0882905G23	.02; 100 V
C427	0882905G12	0.22
C428	2184511B86	30 pF
C429	2382256J07	4.7; -10 +50%; 63 V
C431	2184511B24	100 pF
C432	2182187B29	1000 pF; 100 V
C433	2182187B39	470 pF; 500 V
C434	0882096J03	.01; 250 V
C435	2382256J04	1; +50 -10%; 100 V
C438, 439	2184511B24	100 pF
C440	2382256J03	10; 25 V
C441		3.3 pF
C501	0882096J18	0.1; 250 V
C505 thru 508	0882905G49	0.47
C509	0883445B69	0.255 ±1%
C513, 514	2383441B31	22 ±20%; 20 V
C516, 517	0882096J18	0.1; 250 V
C518	0882905G49	0.47
C523, 524	0882096J18	0.1; 250 V
C525	0882905G49	0.47
C526	0882905G05	0.15
C527	0882096J20	0.22; 250 V
C528	0882096J18	0.1; 250 V
C529, 530	0882096J20	0.22; 250 V
C801, 802	2184008H13	0.05 ±20%; 25 V
CR301	4882392B03	DIODE: See Note
CR302	4883654H01	Silicon
CR303	4883329G04	Silicon
CR304 thru 335	4883654H01	Silicon
CR339	4883654H01	Silicon
CR341	4883654H01	Silicon
CR342	4883654A01	Silicon
CR343, 344, 345	4883654H01	Silicon
CR347	4883654H01	Silicon
CR348	4882392B03	Silicon
CR350 thru 356	4883654H01	Silicon
CR401 thru 406	4883654H01	Silicon
CR502 thru 506	4883654H01	Silicon
CR508 thru 512	4883654H01	Silicon
E301, 302	KLN6209A	RESONANT REED: "Vibrasponder"
E401	KLN6209A	"Vibrasponder," Reed Code 23: 847.5 Hz
F301	6582936B04	FUSE: 2-Amp.
IC301	5182467A09	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT: type M6709
IC302, 303	5182467A94	type SC6794
IC304	5184267A09	type M6709
IC401	5184267A94	type SC6794
J301	2884085B01	JACK: PLUG, Connector; 37-line
J302, 303	0982847E03	CONN, Female; 9-contact
J304	0982442E01	RECEPTACLE, Antenna
K1, 2	8005510D01	RELAY: PTT Control
L301, 302	2482723H01	COIL, RF: choke, 1.2 uH (V)
	2482723H11	choke, 0.2 uH (U)
L303	2482723H04	choke, 0.29 uH (V)
	2484238H02	1-1/2 turns (U)
L304	2482723H04	choke, 0.29 uH (V)
Q301, 302, 303	4800869570	NPN; type M9570
Q305 thru 308	4800869570	NPN; type M9570
Q309	4800869787	NPN; type M9787
Q312	4800869787	NPN; type M9787

Q313 thru 321	4800869570	NPN; type M9570
Q323	4800869570	NPN; type M9570
Q324	4800869787	NPN; type M9787
Q325	4800869570	NPN; type M9570
Q326	4800869787	NPN; type M9787
Q327	4800869677	NPN; type M9677
Q328	4800869787	NPN; type M9787
Q329 thru 332	4800869570	NPN; type M9570
Q401 thru 403	4800869570	NPN; type M9570
Q415, 416	4800869570	NPN; type M9570
Q421	4800869570	NPN; type M9570
Q801	4800869571	NPN; type M9571
R301	0600124D36	RESISTOR, Fixed: ±10%; 1/4 W unless stated
R302	0600124D32	3.9 Meg.
R303, 304, 305	1884944C03	Pot., 10 k
R306	0600124C81	22 k
R307	0600124C05	15
R308	0600124D04	120 k
R309	0600124C03	27 k
R310	0600124C97	100 k
R311	0600124C79	18 k
R314	0600124C79	18 k
R315	0600124D08	270 k
R316	0600124C79	18 k
R317	0600124C95	82 k
R318, 319	0600124D02	150 k
R320 thru 323	0600124C99	120 k
R324	0600124D02	150 k
R325	0600124C69	6.8 k
R326	0600124C63	3.9 k
R327	0600124C57	7.2 k
R328	0600124C73	19 k
R329	0600124C61	3.3 k
R330	0600124C45	680
R331	0600124C87	39 k
R332	0600124C89	47 k
R333 thru 344	0600124C79	18 k
R345 thru 363	0600124C79	18 k
R364	0600124C89	47 k
R365	0600124C79	18 k
R366	0600124C57	2.2 k
R367	0600124C65	4.7 k
R368 thru 371	0600124C79	18 k
R372	0600124C97	100 k
R374	0600126C35	270; 1 W
R376	0600124C63	3.9 k
R377	0600124C35	270
R378	0600124C55	1.8 k
R379	1884944C01	Pot., 2 k
R380	0600124C49	1 k
R381	0600124C87	39 k
R383, 384	0600124C79	18 k
R385	0600124C69	6.8 k
R386, 387	0600124D02	150 k
R388 thru 391	0600124C99	120 k
R392	0600124D02	150 k
R393	0600124C69	6.8 k
R394	0600124C63	3.9 k
R395	0600124C57	2.2 k
R396	0600124C73	19 k
R397	0600124C61	3.3 k
R398	0600124C45	680
R399	0600124C89	47 k
R401	0600124C25	100
R402	0600124C93	68 k
R403	0600124C25	100
R404	0600124C95	82 k
R405	0600124C75	12 k
R406	0600124C49	1 k
R407, 408	0600124C73	19 k
R409	0600124C97	100 k
R410	0600124C49	1 k
R411	0600124C57	2.2 k
R412	0600124C49	1 k
R413	0600124C61	3.3 k
R414	0600124C87	39 k
R415	0600124C45	680
R416	0600124C89	47 k
R417	0600124D02	150 k
R418, 419	0600124C79	18 k
R420	0600124C49	1 k
R421, 422	0600124C99	100 k
R423	0600124D10	330 k
R424	0600124C79	18 k
R425	0600124D02	150 k
R426	0600124C79	18 k
R427	0600124C79	18 k
R428	0600124D22	1 Meg.
R447	0600124C75	22 k
R448	0600124C97	100 k
R450	1884944C03	Pot., 10 k; 0.1 W
R451	0600124C45	680
R452	0600124C41	22 k
R453	0600124C05	15
R454	0600124C33	27 k
R456	0600124C97	100 k
R457	0600124C79	18 k
R458, 459	0600124C99	18 k
R469	0600124C19	56
R470	0600124C43	560
R471	0600124C49	6.6 k
R476	0600124C89	47 k
R477	0600124C53	1.5 k
R478, 479, 480	0600124C89	47 k
R401	1884944C01	Pot., 200 Ω; 1/2 W
R501	0600124D46	10 Meg.
R503	0600124C79	18 k
R504	0600124D46	10 Meg.
R505	0600124B14	470 k ±5%
R506, 507	0600124D32	1 Meg.
R510	0600124D06	220 k
R511	0682526F43	100 k
R512	1884944C03	Pot., 1 Meg.
R513	0600124D46	10 Meg.
R514	0600124D22	1 Meg.
R515	0600124C81	22 k
R516, 517	0600124C79	18 k
R521	0600124B14	3.3 Meg. ±5%
R522	0600124B14	3.3 Meg. ±5%
R526	0600124C79	18 k
R533	0600124C79	18 k
R534	0600124D54	22 Meg.
R535	0600124D32	2.7 Meg.
R536	0600124C45	1.8 k
R537	0600124C79	18 k

PARTS LIST

