

PHOENIX[™]

MAINTENANCE MANUAL LBI31072A 450-470 MHz 20-WATT MOBILE COMBINATION



MOBILE RADIO



TWO-WAY FM
MOBILE
COMBINATIONS



EXTERNAL SPEAKER (OPTIONAL)

GENERAL ELECTRIC

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---- WARNING ---

Although the highest DC voltage in this mobile equipment is supplied by the vehicle battery, high currents may be drawn under short circuit conditions. These currents can possibly heat metal objects such as tools, rings, watchbands, etc., enough to cause burns. Be careful when working near energized circuits!

SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS*

FCC IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

AXA9MZTR101A

GF IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Unsquelched

TR101A

FREQUENCY RANGE

450-470 MHz

Receiver Squelched

250 milliamperes 650 milliamperes

Transmitter

5.5 Amperes @ 13.8 Volts

FREQUENCY STABILITY

0.0005%

TEMPERATURE RANGE

-30°C (-22°F) to +60°C (140°F)

DUTY CYCLE

20% Transmit, 100% Receive

DIMENSIONS, LESS ACCESSORIES (H X W X D)

65 MM X 190 MM X 240 MM (2.55 X 7.5 X 9.4 inches)

WEIGHT, LESS ACCESSORIES

2.07 kg (4.5 pounds)

TRANSMITTER

20 Watts

POWER OUTPUT CONDUCTED SPURIOUS AND

HARMONIC EMISSION

-70 dB

MODILLATION

±4.5 kHz (±3.75 kHz voice modulation and 0.75 kHz CG modulation)

AUDIO SENSITIVITY

50 to 100 Millivolts at J911-4 20 to 50 Millivolts at J911-5

AUDIO FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS

Within +1 dB to -3 dB of a 6 dB per octave pre-emphasis from 300 to 3000 Hz per EIA standards. Post limiter filter per FCC and

DISTORTION

Less than 3% (1000 Hz) Less than 5% (300 to 3000 Hz)

DEVIATION SYMMETRY

0.5 kHz maximum

MAXIMUM FREQUENCY SPREAD

RF OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

50 ohms

RECEIVER

AUDIO OUTPUT (to 4.0 ohms speaker)

3 Watts (less than 5% distortion)

SENSITIVITY 12 dB SINAD 20 dB Quieting

Method

0.4 uV 0.45 uV

SELECTIVITY

INTERMODULATION

EIA Two-Signal Method

SPURIOUS RESPONSE

-85 dB -75 dB

MODULATION ACCEPTANCE

+7.0 kHz

SQUELCH SENSITIVITY

<8 dB SINAD

-85 dB @ ±25 kHz

FREQUENCY RESPONSE

Within +2 and -8 dB of a standard 6 dB per octave de-emphasis curve from 300 to 3000 Hz (1000 Hz

reference)

RF INPUT IMPEDANCE

50 ohms

These specifications are intended primarily for use of the serviceman. Refer to the appropriate Specifications Sheet for the complete specifications.

DESCRIPTION

General Flectric Phoenix mobile combinations are fully transistorized -- utilizing both discrete components and integrated circuits (IC's) for high reliability. The radio is a self-contained, FM transmitter/ receiver with built-in controls and speaker. Its small size makes it ideal for front mounting in conventional vehicles. The standard combinations are equipped with the following:

- One receive frequency, and two transmit frequencies
- Plug-in crystals for ±0.0005% oscillator stability
- Channel Guard (tone squelch)

The radio consists of an effective heat-dissipating, aluminum die cast "H" frame on which two circuit boards are mounted. The transmitter/receiver board is mounted on the bottom of the "H" frame and includes RF and receiver audio circuitry. The Interconnect/Oscillator/Channel Guard (IOC) board contains all interconnections, oscillator circuits, transmitter audio processor, microphone preamplifier, and Channel Guard circuitry. All external connectors, controls and indicators are mounted directly on the two boards for reliability and ease of disassembly.

The boards plug into each other, eliminating the need for interconnecting wires. The only wires used in the radio are the plug-in leads for the internal speaker. The top and bottom covers enclose the "H" frame and provide optimum protection for the radio. The internal speaker mounts on the inside of the top cover.

The front control panel is made of highly durable plastic with rounded corners and recessed controls for passenger safety requirements. The panel provides access to four standard operator controls: a POWER Cn/Cff pushbutton, a momentary MONITOR pushbutton (fixed squelch and Channel Guard monitor), a rotary, an edge-mounted Volume control, and a two-position frequency selector (RPTR-DIR). A red Transmit indicator LFD (Light Emitting Diode) and a green power on indicator LED are provided.

No power supply is required since the highest supply voltage used in the radio is provided by the vehicle battery. The radio is designed for operation only in 12 Volt, negative ground vehicle systems.

The radio is of modular construction. Both major modules and tuning adjustments are easily accessible. Loosening the two screws in the rear of the top cover

provides access to the IOC board. Loosening the two screws in the rear of the bottom cover provides access to the transmitter/receiver board.

An optional set of test probes can be plugged onto the test pins on the board for alignment and troubleshooting. Measurements can be made using GE Test Set 4EX3A11 or a multimeter.

TRANSMITTER

The transmitter consists of an FM exciter with an audio processor and a broadband, fixed-tuned power amplifier. The RF power output level is pre-set internally to rated power. Once the level is set, a sensing control circuit holds it constant as temperature and/or voltage vary within specified limits.

Frequency stability for both the transmitter and receiver is maintained by an electronic compensation network.

RECEIVER

The dual conversion receiver consists of a front end section and two mixer/IF sections operating at 21.4 MHz and 455 kHz. The receiver also contains a squelch and audio section. The audio section provides a 3-watt audio output into a 4-ohm load.

AC POWER SUPPLY OPTION

To use the radio as a base station, an optional 121 Volt AC, 60 Hertz power supply is available. An eight foot cable connects the power supply to the radio. The cable length permits the power supply to be located away from the radio. A green Power On LED is located on the front panel of the power supply.

MICROPHONE

The standard mobile combinations use an electret microphone. The microphone is housed in a sturdy case, and the extendable coiled cord plugs into a jack at the back of the radio. The microphone is secured to the radio by means of a strain relief hook on the microphone cable. A microphone hanger is supplied with the microphone.

HOOKSWITCH OPTION

In Channel Guard applications, a microphone hookswitch may be supplied with the radio. The Channel Guard is disabled when the microphone is removed from the hookswitch.

EXTERNAL SPEAKER (OPTIONAL)

A five-inch speaker, contained in a LFXAN® housing, provides an audio output of 3 watts. The nominal speaker impedance is 3.2 ohms. The speaker leads are connected to pins 3 and 7 of Systems Plug P910. When the Fxternal Speaker is used, the jumper from H13 to H14 on the (IOC) board can be removed or P904 unplugged to disconnect the built-in speaker. A LEXAN® bracket is supplied for mounting.

OPERATION

Complete operating instructions for the Two-Way Radio are provided in a separate Operator's Manual. The basic procedures for receiving and transmitting messages follows:

TO PECFIVE A MESSAGE

- Turn the radio on by pushing in the POWFR pushbutton.
- 2. Push in the MONITOR button to disable the squelch circuit and Channel Guard decoder. Adjust the volume control for a comfortable listening level and then release the MONITOR button for normal operation.

The radio is now ready to receive messages from other radios in the system.

TO TRANSMIT A MESSAGE

- Turn the radio on as directed in the "To Receive a Message" section.
- 2. Press the PTT switch on the microphone and speak across the face of the microphone in a normal voice level. Release the PTT switch as soon as the message has been given. The red indicator light on the control panel will glow each time the microphone PTT switch is pressed, indicating that the transmitter is on the air. The receiver is muted when the transmitter is keyed.

INITIAL ADJUSTMENT

After the radio has been installed (as described in the Installation Manual), the following adjustments should be made by an electronics technician who holds a First or Second Class FCC Radiotelephone license (where required).

TRANSMITTER ADJUSTMENT

Adjustments for the transmitter include measuring the forward and reflected power and adjusting the antenna length for optimum VSWR, then setting the transmitter to rated power output. Next, measuring the frequency and modulation and entering these measurements on the FCC required station records. For the complete transmitter adjustment, refer to the Alignment Procedure (see Table of Contents).

RECEIVER ADJUSTMENT

The initial adjustment for the receiver includes tuning the input circuit to match the antenna. For the Receiver Adjustment Procedure, refer to the Alignment Procedure (see Table of Contents).

CHANNEL GUARD DISABLE

All radios are equipped with Channel Guard. In applications where Channel Guard is not desired, disable the Channel Guard circuit by connecting a jumper from J910-8 to J910-9. Also, remove the versatone if present.

RE-INSTALLATION

If the mobile combination is ever moved to a different vehicle, always check the battery polarity of the new system.

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

TRANSMITTER

The transmitter utilizes a crystal controlled, frequency modulated exciter for single-frequency operation in the 450-470 MHz frequency band. The solid state transmitter uses integrated circuits and discrete components for increased reliability. The transmitter consists of audio processor U101, oscillators Q151 and Q152, buffer Q153, exciter stages Q201 through Q204, PA amplifier Q251 through Q253 and power control circuitry Q254 through Q257. The exciter provides approximately 300 to 350 milliwatts of modulated RF to the PA which provides rated output power. Figure 1 is a block diagram of the radio showing both the transmitter and receiver.

MICROPHONE PREAMPLIFIER

A preamplifier stage (Q901 and associated circuitry) is provided for the standard electret microphone without a built-in preamplifier. The preamplifier circuit is located on the IOC board.

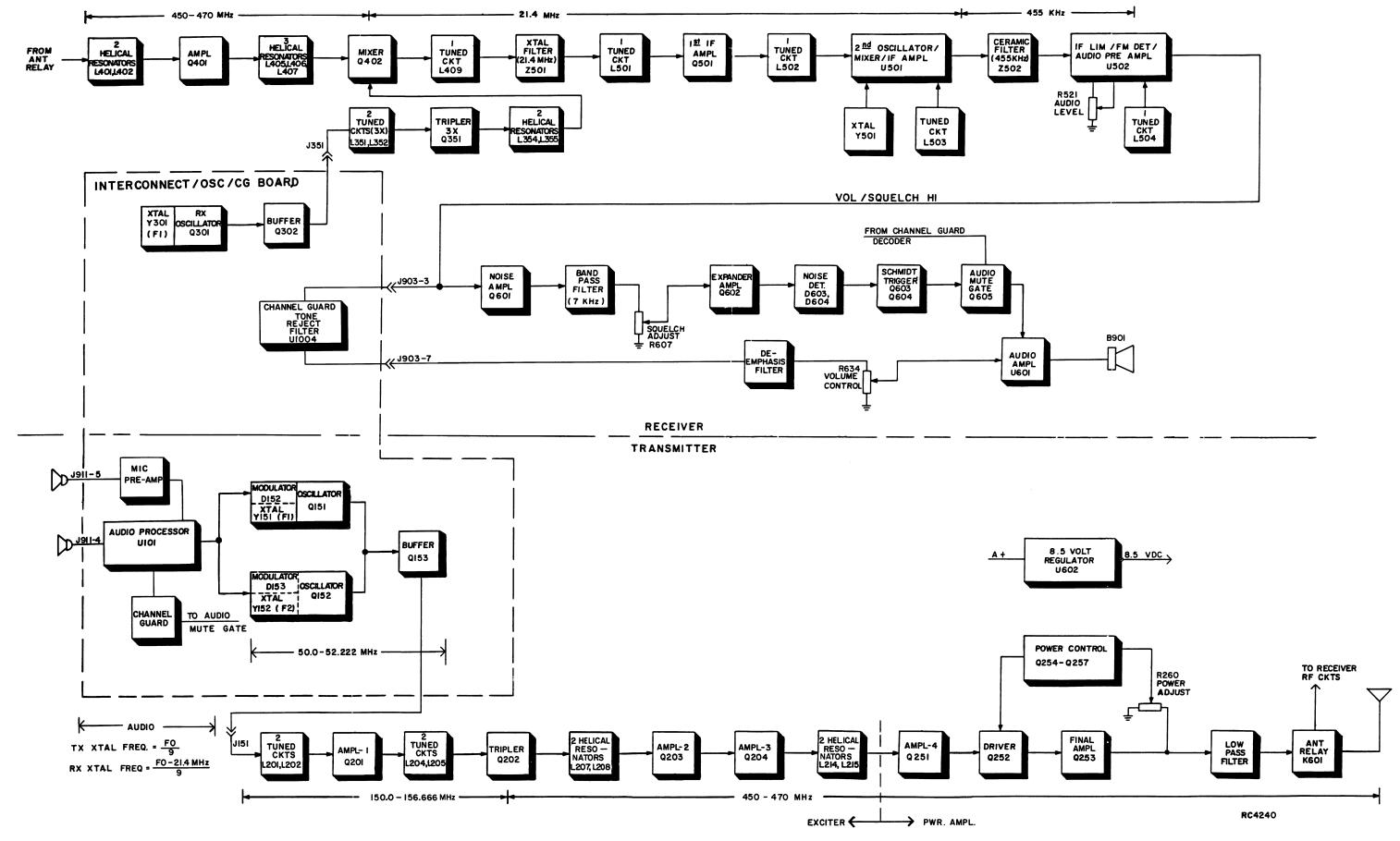


Figure 1 - Block Diagram

LBI31072

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

With this microphone, MIC HI is coupled through J911-5 to the preamplifier stage. The amplified output is coupled through R908 and C905 to the audio processor.

For optional microphones with a built-in preamplifier, audio is coupled through J911-4, bypassing MIC PRE AMP Q901.

AUDIO PROCESSOR U101

The audio processor provides audio pre-emphasis with amplitude limiting and post limiter filtering. A total gain of approximately 24 dB is realized through the audio processor. 20 dB is provided by U101B and 4 dB by U101A.

The 8.5 Volt regulator powers the audio processor and applies regulated +8.5V through P903-2 to a voltage divider consisting of R101, R111, R110 and R109. The +4.25V output from the voltage divider establishes the operating reference point for both operational amplifiers. C106 provides an AC ground at the summing input of both operational amplifiers.

Resistors R101, R109, R110, R111 and diodes D101 and D102 provide limiting for U101B. Diodes D101 and D102 are reverse biased at 1.7 VDC. Voltage divider network R101, R109, R110 and R111 provides +5.9 VDC at the cathode of D101 and +2.6 VDC at the anode of D102. The voltage at the junction of D101 and D102 is 4.25 VDC. C104 and C108 permit a DC level change between U101B-7 and the voltage divider network for diode biasing.

When the input signal to U101B-6 is of a magnitude such that the amplifier output at U101B-7 does not exceed 4 volts P-P, the amplifier provides a nominal 20 dB gain. When the audio signal level at U101B-7 exceeds 4 volts PP, diodes D101 and D102 conduct on the positive and negative half cycles providing 100% negative feedback to reduce the amplifier gain to 1. This limits the audio amplitude at U101B-7 to 5 volts PP.

Resistors R105, R106 and R107 and C107 comprise the audio pre-emphasis network that enhances the signal to noise ratio. R107 and C107 control the pre-emphasis curve below limiting. R106 and C107 control the cut-off point for high frequency pre-emphasis. As high frequencies are attenuated, the gain of U101 is increased.

Audio from the preamplifier or microphone is coupled to the input of operational amplifier U101B-6. The amplified

output of U101B is coupled through R114, R112, R104 and R117 to a second operational amplifier U101A.

The Channel Guard (CG) tone input is applied to U101A-2. The CG tone is then combined with the microphone audio.

A post limiter filter consisting of U101A, R112-R114, C108 and C110 provides 12 dB per octave roll-off. R104 and C102 provide an additional 6 dB per octave roll-off for a total of 18 dB.

- SERVICE NOTE ----

R112-R114 are 1% resistors. This tolerance must be maintained to assure proper operation of the post limiter filter. Use exact replacements.

The output of the post limiter filter is coupled through C110 to the temperature compensated transmitter oscillators Q151 and Q152.

TRANSMIT OSCILLATOR

A temperature compensating network consisting of R151, R152, R153, R154, D151 and C151 maintains oscillator frequency over a temperature range of -30° to +60°C. The temperature compensating DC voltage and audio is applied to FM modulator D152 through MOD ADJ control R155 and R159. Modulator varactor D151 varies the transmit frequency at the audio rate applied from the audio processor.

Q151, Y151 and associated circuitry comprise a Colpitts oscillator which generates the ninth subharmonic (50 MHz) of the RF carrier frequency. The transmit oscillator is adjusted to the assigned operating frequency by L151. The oscillator output is applied to buffer Q153, and is then coupled through P151 to the exciter circuitry transmitter/receiver (Tx/Rx) board.

The second oscillator stage is identical to the F1 oscillator. The desired frequency is selected through Tx frequency switch S151 and channel common switch Q154.

Q154 is normally turned on so that the emitter of the selected oscillator is grounded through S151 and Q154, turning the selected oscillator on.

- SERVICE NOTE -

The channel common circuit is for factory test purposes only. The circuit permits both frequencies to be checked regardless of the position of S151. The circuit consists of C154, R172 and C168. Grounding channel common lead J911-6 turns off Q154 and permits each transmit oscillator to be turned on by grounding P911-7(F1) and then P911-8(F2).

FXCITER

The exciter consists of a 150 MHz amplifier, a 150 MHz to 450 MHz tripler, and two 450 MHz amplifiers. The exciter takes the output from the oscillator and buffer circuits (2 milliwatts minimum) and multiplies and amplifies it to provide 140 milliwatts minimum (450-470 MHz) to the power amplifier circuitry. In addition to these functions, the exciter contains all of the filters which determine the bandwidth and spurious characteristics (exclusive of harmonics) of the transmitter.

The output of the oscillator and buffer stages is coupled to the input of the exciter via J151, which is connected to a tap on L201. This tap also supplies voltage to the buffer transistor Q153. L201 along with L202 selects the third harmonic of the oscillator (150 MHz) which is present at J151.

C206 and C207 match the output of this two pole filter to the base of Q201, which provides approximately 10 dB of gain. C213 and C214 match the collector of this transistor to the input of another two pole filter, consisting of L204 and L205. The emitter voltage on Q201 (AMPL-1) can be monitored at TP201, and is typically +0.3 volts.

C216 and C217 match the output of L205 to the base of the tripler transistor, C202. The base voltage on Q202 can be read at TP202, and is typically -1.2 volts. The tripler has approximately 3 dB of gain.

A matching network consisting of L206 and C222 matches the 450 MHz output of the tripler to the first two-pole helical filter, L207 and L208. The output of this filter is then matched by C223 and L209 to a two stage, broadbanded 450 MHz amplifier consisting of Q203 and Q204. C227, C228, L210 and L211 provide proper matching from the collector of Q203 to the base of Q204, providing the necessary bandwidth as well. Although this amplifier is capable of providing 12-15 dP of gain, both stages are biased to provide adequate saturation to ensure no AM components are present at the exciter output. Typical actual gain is 7-9 dP, and typical power output is 150 mW.

The collector of Q204 is matched to the input of the second two pole helical filter (L214 and L215) by C233-C235, L212 and L213. An RF "sniffing" circuit consisting of C236, C237, D201, and R221 allow relative power available at the input of this filter to be monitored at TP203. +0.6 volts is typically present at this point after tuning the exciter.

There is no test point that indicates relative power coming out of this filter. TP251 in the PA section indicates relative power coming out of Q251 (Ampl 4), and final tuning for L214 and L215 should be done while monitoring this test point. No test points require the use of special RF detector probes.

— SERVICE NOTE —

There are 4 points in the exciter which are approximately 50 ohms. They are W201, W204, W205 and W251 (which interface the 2 helical filters to the other exciter circuitry). These points can conveniently be used to monitor or inject signals for troubleshooting and testing using 50 ohm sources and terminations.

POWER AMPLIFIER

The three stage power amplifier consists of Amplifier Q251, driver Q252 and power amplifier Q253 and associated circuitry. Collector voltage for driver Q252 is applied from A+ through power control transistor Q257 and L256, L257 and R256. The collector voltage for Q252 is a result of the output power setting and voltage variations at any given time. The output of driver Q252 is coupled to the base of Power Amplifier Q253 through an impedance matching network consisting of W254, C292, C267, C268 and C269.

Collector voltage for Q253 is provided from A+ through L261, L262 and R258.

The 20 watt output of the PA is connected to the low-pass filter by W256 and then to antenna relay K601.

RF POWER ADJUST CIRCUIT

The output power adjust circuit allows the transmitter to be set to rated output power. The power adjustment is attained by controlling the DC collector voltage to driver Q252 through pass transistor Q257. The pass transistor is controlled by a feedback loop consisting of Q254 through Q256. The power is set by potentiometer R260.

A change in output power is sensed by D252 causing the base voltage of Q254 to change accordingly. For example, if the output power increases, the base of Q254 goes more positive, causing it to increase conduction which lowers its collector voltage. Q254 controls Q255, therefore as Q254 increases conduction, Q255 decreases conduction. This raises the voltage applied to the base of Q256. The conduction of Q256 decreases proportionally, lowering the base voltage of pass transistor Q257. The resulting decrease in conduction of Q257 lowers the collector voltage of driver Q252, thereby lowering the output power in proportion to the excessive power originally sensed by the base circuit of Q254.

RECFIVER

The receivers are dual conversion, superheterodyne FM receivers designed for one-frequency operation in the 450-470 MHz frequency range. A regulated 8.5 volts is used for all receiver stages except for the audio PA IC, which operates from the A+supply.

The receiver has intermediate frequencies of 21.4 MHz and 455 kHz. Adjacent channel selectivity is obtained by using two band-pass filters: a 21.4 MHz crystal filter and a 455 kHz ceramic filter.

All of the receiver circuitry except the oscillator is mounted on the transmitter/receiver (Tx/Rx) board. The receiver consists of:

- Receiver Front End
- 21.4 MFz 1st IF circuitry
- 1st and 2nd Oscillators
- 455 kHz 2nd IF circuitry with FM Detector
- Audio PA Circuitry
- Squelch Circuitry

RECEIVER FRONT END

An PF signal from the antenna is coupled through antenna relay K601 and two helical resonators (L401 and L402) to the base of PF amplifier Q401. The output of Q401 is coupled through three more helical resonators consisting of L405-L407 to the gate of 1st Mixer C402. The front end selectivity is provided by the five helical resonators.

OSCILLATOR & MULTIPLIER

 $$\rm O301\,,\ Y301\ and\ associated\ circuitry\ make\ up\ a\ Colpitts\ oscillator.\ The$

frequency is controlled by a third mode crystal operated at one ninth of the required injection frequency. Voltage-variable capacitor D301, L301 and Y301 are connected in series to provide compensation capability. The compensation voltage used to control the transmitter oscillators is applied to D301 to maintain stability. L301 is adjustable to set the oscillator frequency. R301 is in parallel with Y301 to insure operation on the third overtone of the crystal.

The output of Q301 is coupled through C304 to the emitter of buffer Q302. The output of Q302 is coupled through P301 to two tuned circuits (L351 and L352) on the Tx/Rx board. L351 and L352 are tuned to the third harmonic of the oscillator frequency which is applied to the base of Q351. The output of tripler Q351 is coupled to the source input of mixer Q402 through helical resonators L354 and L355. L354 and L355 are tuned to the operating frequency minus 21.4 MHz which is the ninth multiple of the crystal frequency.

The DC level of the oscillator/multiplier chain can be monitored at TP351. The meter reading at this point is typically 0.8 VDC. The RF frequency from the oscillator/multiplier chain and input level to the mixer can be measured at TP401. The meter reading at TP401 is typically 0.5 to 1 volts as measured using the Rx RF Detector Probe.

1ST MIXER

The 1st mixer uses a FET (Q402) as the active device. The FET mixer provides a high input impedance, high power gain and an output relatively free of intermodulation products).

In the mixer stage, RF from the front end helical filter is applied to the gate of the mixer. Injection voltage from the multiplier stages is applied to the source of the mixer. The 21.4 MHz mixer 1st IF output signal is coupled from the drain of Q402 through an impedance matching network (L409 and C410-C413) to crystal filter Z501.

The highly-selective crystal filter provides the first portion of the receiver IF selectivity. The output of the filter is coupled through impedance-matching network L501 to the 1st IF amplifier.

IST & 2ND IF & DETECTOR STAGES

1st IF Amplifier Q501 is dual-gate MOSFET. The crystal filter output is applied to Gate 1 of the amplifier, and the amplified signal is taken from the drain. The biasing on Gate 2 and the drain load determines the gain of the stage. The

amplifier provides approximately 20 dB of JF gain. The output of Q501 is coupled through an impedance matching network (I.502) that matches the amplifier output to the input of IC U501.

U501 and associated circuitry consists of the 2nd oscillator, mixer and 2nd IF amplifier. The crystal for the oscillator is Y501, and the oscillator operates at 20.945 MHz for low side injection of the 2nd IF (standard), or 21.855 MHz for high side injection with (Structured Option FT) for those radios determined to be operating on a tweet frequency. This frequency is mixed with the 21.4 MHz input. The output of the mixer is limited by D501 and D502. L503 is tuned for the 455 kHz 2nd IF frequency.

The output of U501 is coupled through ceramic filter 7502 which provides the 455 kHz selectivity, and applied to U502. Test Point TP501 is used in aligning the receiver, and can be used to check the output of U501.

 $$\rm U502$ and associated circuitry consists of a 455 kHz limiter, a quadrature type FM detector and an audio preamplifier. L504 is the quadrature detector coil. Audio Level potentiometer R521 is used to set the audio output level to the audio amplifier.

AUDIO AND SQUELCH CIRCUITS

Audio

Audio is applied to the Channel Guard tone reject filter through P903-3 and back to the de-emphasis network through P903-7. The audio passes through the de-emphasis network (R633, C608 and C609) to Volume Control R634.

Audio amplifier IC U601 drives the speaker at the desired audio level (up to three watts). The feedback loop containing R637, R638 and C611 determines the amplifiers closed loop gain. R636 and C613 provide the high audio frequency roll-off above $6~\rm kHz$.

The audio amplifier can be muted by a PC voltage from 8.5V Tx or from the receiver mute gate (Q605). The two logic inputs for Q605 are a squelch signal and Rx MUTE. The Rx MUTF function from the Channel Guard circuit is applied through P903-4.

Equelch

The squelch circuit operates on the noise components contained in the FM detector output. The output of U502 is applied to frequency selective noise amplifier C601 that has a resonant circuit (L601, R604 and C602) as the collector load. The output is noise in a band around $7~\rm kHz$.

The noise output is coupled through Squelch control R607 to expander amplifier Q602 which improves the level discrimination characteristics of the circuit. The output of Q602 is applied to a passive voltage doubler circuit (D603 and D604). This circuit has a high source impedance and operates as an average value rectifier.

Following the voltage doubler is a Schmitt trigger (Q603-Q604). The Schmitt trigger provides the necessary hysteresis and a well-defined output signal for Rx MUTE gate Q605 .

With no RF signal present, the detected noise at the voltage doubler output turns on Q603, turning off Q604. This causes Q605 to turn on, applying +1.7 volts to pin 2 of audio amplifier U601. This voltage turns off U601 and mutes the receiver.

When an RF signal is received, the noise at the output of Q601 decreases and drive to Q603 is removed. This turns off Q603 and allows Q604 to turn on. With Q604 turned on, Rx MUTE gate Q605 turns off. This turns on U601 so that audio is heard at the speaker.

The squelch sensitivity is adjusted by R607 in the base circuit of expander amplifier Q602.

Pressing in the MONITOR pushbutton on the front of the radio opens the Rx MUTE to disable the Channel Guard. It also grounds the base of Q601 and disables the squelch function.

CHANNEL GUARD

Channel Guard is a continuous tone encoder/decoder for operation on tone frequencies in the 71.9 Hz to 210.7 Hz range. The encoder provides tone-coded modulation to the transmitter. The decoder operates in conjunction with the receiver to inhibit all calls that are not tone coded with the proper Channel Guard frequency.

The Channel Guard circuitry consists of discrete components for the Encode disable, PTT switch, and receiver mute switch; four thick-film integrated circuit modules consisting of Decode Module U1001, Fncode Module U1002, Frequency Switchable Selective Amplifier (FSSA) U1003, plug-in Versatone Network Z1001 and monolytic IC U1004 in the tone reject filter.

For a functional diagram of the Channel Guard Encoder/Decoder, refer to the troubleshooting procedures.

References to symbol numbers mentioned in the following text are found on the Schematic Diagram, Outline Diagram and Parts List.

FSSA

Frequency Switchable Selective Amplifier (FSSA) U1003 is a highly stable active bandpass filter for the 71.9 Hz to 210.7 Hz frequency range. The selectivity of the filter is shifted across the bandpass frequency range by switching Versatone Networks in the filter circuit.

The gain of the FSSA is a function of the tone frequency. The Tone Frequency is determined by the Tone Network connected in the FSSA circuit. Versatone Network Z1001 is a precision resistor network.

FNCODE

When PTT switch is operated, the Channel Guard encode tone is generated by coupling the output of FSSA bandpass filter U1003 back to its input through a phase inverting amplifier circuit and a limiter circuit. The output of the FSSA is coupled from U1003 to the input of the phase inverting amplifier at U1002-9.

An amplifier provides 180° phase shift of the tone frequency at the output. The output of the phase inverting amplifier circuit is coupled from U1002-6 to the input of the limiter circuit at U1002-5.

A limiting network sets the tone output coupled from U1002-4 to the input of the FSSA (U1003-12) at 53 millivolts peak to peak.

The limiter circuit is also used as an encode switch. Keying the transmitter applies +5.4 Volts to U1002-2. This starts the circuit oscillating. The tone frequency is determined by the tone network connected in the FSSA circuit.

The tone output of the encoder circuit is taken from U1002-7 and coupled through tone output amplifier Q1002 and modulation adjustment R1010 to the audio processor on the JCC board.

DFCODE

Audio from Volume/Squelch high that contains the correct frequency is coupled to pin 1 of Decode Module U1001. Pin 1 of U1001 is the input of an active, three stage, low pass filter. The low pass filter attenuates frequencies over 210.7 Hz. The output of the low pass filter at U1001-15 is applied to U1001-14. U1001-14 is the input of a limiter circuit, limiting the output at U1001-13 to 55 millivolts peak to peak.

The output from the limiter is coupled to Pin 12 of FSSA U1003. Since the tone is the proper frequency, the FSSA will allow it to pass. The output of the FSSA is coupled to U1001-3. U1001-3 is the input to an amplifier circuit. The output of the amplifier at U1001-4 is coupled to the input of a threshold detector at U1001-6.

In the mute mode, when the tone decoder in U1001 detects the Channel Guard frequency, Q1005 turns Q1006 off. This unmutes the receiver audio. In the squelch mode, Q1006 is operating, grounding the Rx MUTE lead and muting the receiver audio.

Audio from VOL/SQ HI is applied to the tone reject filter. The tone reject filter is an active filter consisting of U1004 and associated circuitry. All frequencies from 70 to 210.7 Hz are rejected by the filter, while passing all other audio frequencies back to the receiver audio circuits (filtered VOL/SQ HI).

| STA | NDARD T | ONE FRE | QUENCIES | (Hz) |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| 71.9 74.4 77.0 79.7 82.5 85.4 | 88.5 91.5 94.8 97.4 100.0 103.5 | 107.2 110.9 114.8 118.8 123.0 127.3 | 131.8 136.5 141.3 146.2 151.4 156.7 203.5 210.7 | 162.2 167.9 173.8 179.9 186.2 192.8 |

Encode Disable

- SERVICE HINT -

The Encode Disable circuit has been incorporated as a maintenance aid for the serviceman. This circuit disables the Channel Guard encode circuit and allows the serviceman to make transmitter distortion and modulation checks without removing the cover from the radio.

The Encode Disable circuit consists of Q1003 and Q1004. To disable the encode circuit, a positive voltage (+8.5 to 14 VDC) is applied to Molex connector P910-9 at the rear of the radio. This is accomplished by temporarily jumpering P910-9 (CG DISABLE) to P910-11 (A+). This positive voltage is applied to the base of Q1003, turning on both Q1003 and Q1004.

When turned on, Q1004 applies +8.5 VDC to the base of PTT Switch Q1001, forcing it off. With Q1001 off, the operating voltage for the encoder IC U1002 and Encode Tone Output Stage transistor Q1002 is removed, preventing any tone output.

- CAUTION -

When using the Encode Disable circuit, do not remove the microphone from the optional hookswitch (if present) or place the monitor switch on the hookswitch in the "up" position. In station applications, do not place the CG MON Switch on the desk microphone in MON position. This will short the supply voltage to ground, resulting in possible damage to the equipment.

POWER DISTRIBUTION

The battery voltage (A+) connects to the radio through J910-1 and J910-11 at the rear system connector to the IOC board. Both inputs are connected to reverse polarity protection diodes D901 and D902. The ground lead is coupled through the same connector and is connected to chassis ground through a fusable printed wiring run which will open if the ground wire is accidently connected to A+ (see Figure 2).

One battery input goes directly from the IOC board through a feed-through capacitor in FL907 to the transmitter PA stages. The other input feeds through P903-6 to the main board for two functions. One branch for the audio amplifier passes through an RC-ripple filter (R642 and C619) and one of the sections of POWER On/Off switch S602. The other section of the POWER On/Off switch controls the A+ to voltage regulator U602. The regulator output is fixed at 8.5 volts by means of selected resistor R640. Refer to the Receiver Schematic Diagram for resistor selection instructions.

Regulated 8.5 volts is switched to either the receiver or the transmitter and Tx indicator by the antenna relay. The antenna relay is also powered by the 8.5 volt regulated supply. The non-latching relay is operated by the PTT switch on the microphone, completing the path to A-.

The squelch circuit, the audio processor and parts of the IF amplifier U502 are supplied directly from the continuous 8.5 volt supply.

The receiver front-end, the receiver oscillator, the 21.4 MHz IF stages and the second oscillator are supplied from 8.5 V Rx. The transmitter oscillator and the exciter are supplied from 8.5 V Tx.

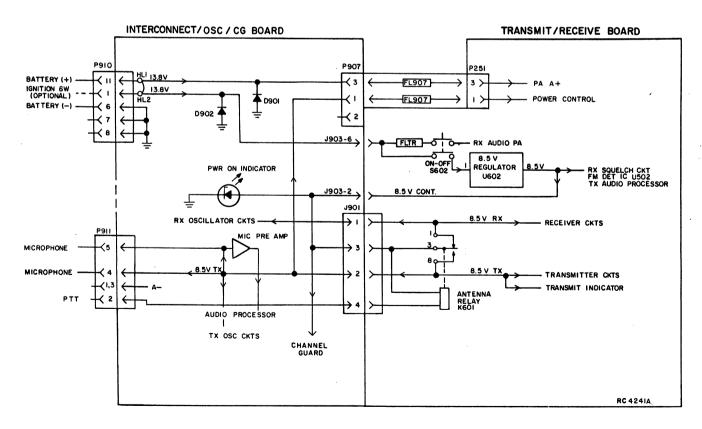


Figure 2 - Power Distribution

MAINTENANCE

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

To insure high operating efficiency and to prevent mechanical and electrical failures from interrupting system operations, routine checks should be made of all mechanical and electrical parts at regular intervals. This preventive maintenance should include the checks as listed in the table of Maintenance Checks.

| | | 1NTERVAL | |
|---|-------------|----------------|--|
| MAINTENANCE CHECKS | 6 Months | As Required | |
| CONNECTIONS - Ground connections and connections to the voltage source should be periodically checked for tightness. Loose or poor connections to the power source will cause excessive voltage drops and faulty operation. When ground connections are not made directly to the battery, the connection from the battery to vehicle chassis must be checked for low impedance. A high impedance may cause excessive voltage drops and alternator noise problems. | Х | | |
| ELECTRICAL SYSTEM - Check the voltage regulator and alternator or generator periodically to keep the electrical system within safe and economical operating limits. Over-voltage is indicated when the battery loses water rapidly. Usage of 1 or 2 ounces of water per cell per week is acceptable for batteries in continuous operation. A weak battery will often cause excessive noise or faulty operation. | | Х | |
| MECHANICAL INSPECTION - Since mobile units are subject to constant shock and vibration, check for loose plugs, nuts, screws and parts to make sure that nothing is working loose. | Х | | |
| ANTENNA - The antenna, antenna base and all contacts should be kept clean and free from dirt or corrosion. If the antennas or its base should become coated or poorly grounded, loss of radiation and a weak signal will result. | Х | | |
| ALIGNMENT - The transmitter and receiver meter readings should be checked periodically, and the alignment "touched up" when necessary. Refer to the applicable ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE and troubleshooting sheet for typical voltage readings. | | х | |
| FREQUENCY CHECK - Check transmitter frequency and deviation as required by FCC. Normally, these checks are made when the unit is first put into operation, after the first six months and once a year thereafter. | | Х | |

DISASSEMBLY

- To service the transmitter/
 receiver (Tx-Rx) board, loosen the
 two screws securing the bottom
 cover at the rear of the radio.
 Then slide the cover out from
 under the edge of the front
 control panel and lift off.
- To service the IOC board, loosen the two screws at the rear of the radio and slide the cover out from the edge of the front control panel and lift off.

- NOTE -

Be careful when removing the top cover as the speaker leads are connected to the board.

- To remove the Tx-Rx board:
 - 1. Remove the top and bottom covers.
 - 2. Remove the four screws securing the front panel to the "H" frame and remove the front panel.

- 3. Remove the eight screws securing the RF shield.
- 4. Unsolder the antenna connector and remove the three retaining screws.
- 5. Remove the two screws in the PA transistor Q253.
- 6. Turn the radio over and remove the hex nut and washer from the stud of Driver transistor Q252. (Note the location of the copper spacer when replacing the hardware.)
- 7. Remove the 9 screws securing the Tx-Rx board and carefully lift up the board off of the interconnections pins.
- To remove the IOC board:
- 1. Remove the top cover.
- Remove the four screws in the front cover and remove cover.
- 3. Remove the 12 screws securing the board and carefully lift the board up to disconnect the interconnection pins.

PRIVER AND PA TRANSISTOR REPLACEMENT

WARNING -

The PF Power Transistors used in the transmitter contain Beryllium Oxide, a TOXIC substance. If the ceramic or other encapsulation is opened, crushed, broken or abraded, the dust may be hazardous if inhaled. Use care in replacing transistors of this type.

To replace PA RF transistors Q252 and $\ensuremath{\text{C253}}\xspace$:

- 1. Remove the transistor mounting hardware.
- 2. Unsolder one lead at a time with a 50 watt soldering iron. Use a scribe or X-actro® knife to hold the lead away from the printed circuit board until the solder cools.
- 3. Lift out the transistor, and remove the old solder from the printed circuit board with a desoldering tool such as a SOLDA PULLTO. Special care should be

taken to prevent damage to the printed circuit board runs because part of the matching network is included in the base and collector runs.

- 4. Trim the new transistor leads (if required) to the lead length of the removed transistor. The letter "C" on the top of the transistor also indicates the collector (see Figure 3 for transistor lead identification).
- 5. Apply a coat of silicon grease between the mounting surface of Q252 or Q253, being careful not to lose the washer on Q252. Place the transistor in the mounting hole. Align the leads as shown on the Outline Diagram. Then hold the body of the transistor and replace the transistor mounting hardware, using a moderate torque of 0.5 Newton meters (Nom).61 or 4.5 inch pounds for M2.5 screw size and 1.0 Nom (9 inch pounds) for the hex screw post. A torque wrench must be used for this adjustment since transistor damage can result if too little or too much torque is used.
- 6. Solder the leads to the printed circuit pattern. Start at the inner edge of mounting hold and solder the remaining length of transistor lead to the board. Use care not to use excessive heat that causes the printed wire board runs to lift up from the board. Check for shorts and solder bridges.

- CAUTION -

Failure to solder the transistor leads as directed may result in the generation of RF loops that could damage the transistor or may cause low power output.

REMOVING IC'S

Removing IC's (and all other soldered-in components) can be easily accomplished by using a de-soldering tool such as a SOLDA PULLT® or equivalent. To remove an IC, heat each lead separately on the solder side and remove the old solder with the de-soldering tool.

An alternate method is to use a special soldering tip that heats all of the pins simultaneously.

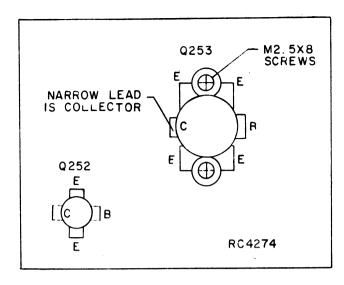


Figure 3 - Q251 Lead Identification

TEST AND TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES

Maintenance of radio is facilitated by use of the Troubleshooting Charts and servicing techniques unique to this radio. The Troubleshooting Chart is designed to lead you rapidly to the defective component or circuit. Typical voltage readings are provided on the Schematic Diagram for your reference when troubleshooting.

 the Transmitter/Receiver section of the radio.

SERVICING TECHNIQUES

The high density plug-in design of the modular radio lends itself well to rapid isolation of malfunctions in the voltage and signal paths. A majority of the signals and voltages pass through the connectors on the IOC board.

To isolate a signal or voltage path to determine loading effects, locate short circuits, etc. carefully insert an insulator (plastic wand, toothpick) between the appropriate pins of the related Molex connector to create an open circuit. Signals paths that may be isolated include: Volume SQ HI, filtered volume squelch HI, PTT, Rx MUTE, and SPKR HI.

TEST POINTS

RF Detector probes for the receiver section are available for alignment purposes and to monitor the 1st receiver injection at TP401 and the 2nd IF at TP501. An RF signal probe also is available to monitor the transmitter frequency.

Seven test points are provided at critical circuit locations to monitor operation.

They are as follows:

| | TRANSMITTER | | RECEIVER |
|-------|-------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| TP201 | AMPL 1 (Q201) Fmitter Voltage | TP351 | Tripler Output - Q351 |
| TP202 | TRIPLFR (Q202) Rase Voltage | TP401 | Receiver 1st oscillator injection |
| TP203 | AMPL 3 (Q204) Relative Output | TP501 | 455 kHz IF |
| TP251 | AMPL 4 (Q251) Relative Output | | |

MAINTENANCE LB131072

- CAUTION -

Before bench testing the radio, be sure of the output voltage characteristics of your bench power supply.

To protect the transmitter power output transistors from possible instant destruction, the following input voltages must not be exceeded:

Transmitter unkeyed: 20 Volts

Transmitter keyed (50 ohm resistive load): 18 Volts

Transmitter keyed (no load or non-resistive load): 15.5 Volts

These voltages are specified at the normal vehicle battery terminals of the radio and take the voltage drop of standard cables into account. The voltage limits shown for a non-optimum load is for "worst case" conditions. For antenna mismatches likely to be encountered in practice, the actual limit will approach the 18 Volt figure.

Routine transmitter tests should be performed at EIA Standard Test Voltages (13.8 VDC for loads of 0 to 6 amperes: Input voltages must not exceed the limits shown, even for transient peaks of short duration.

Many commonly used bench power supplies cannot meet these requirements for load regulation and transient voltage suppression. Bench supplies which employ "brute force" regulation and filtering may be usable when operated in parallel with a 12 Volt automotive storage battery.

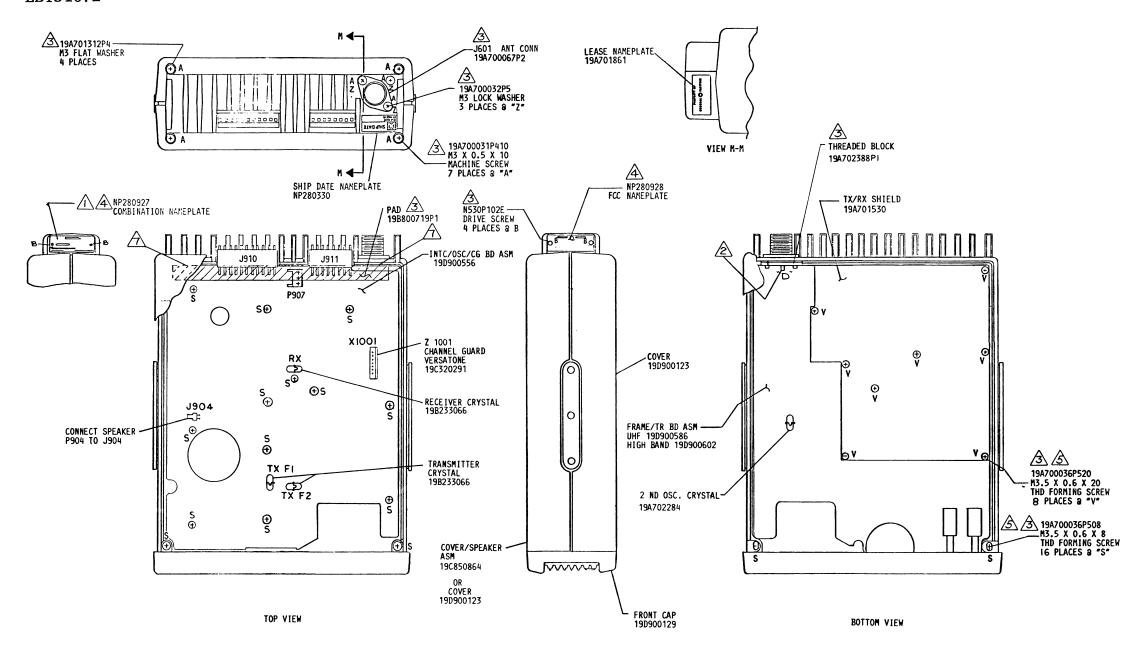
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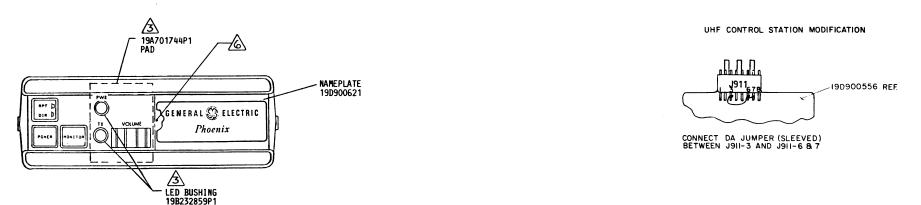


Figure 4 - Mechanical Layout

(19D900640, Sh. 1, Rev. 3)

| PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | PHOENIX/HIGH BAND & UHF | | | |
| 2 | HOOKSWITCH APPLICATION | | | |
| 3 | EXTERNAL SPEAKER APPLICATION | | | |
| 4 | DESK MICROPHONE WITH CHANNEL GUARD | | | |
| 5 | UHF CONTROL STATION MODIFICATION | | | |

(I)

NOTES:

1. MARK AND APPLY PER 19A122529.

SOLDER ANT CONNECTOR ONE PLACE & "D"

3. PART OF KIT PL 19A701522.

BEND NAMEPLATE SLIGHTLY TO ACCOUNT FOR TAPER IN CASTING.

DIP ENDS OF THD FORMING SCREWS INTO

DIP ENDS OF THD FORMING SCREWS INTO
 LUBRICANT 19A115204P1 BEFORE INSTALLING
 IN CASTING.

REMOVE FLASH LEFT BY GATE OF TOOL FLUSH TO SURFACE OF FRONT CAP IF NECESSARY.

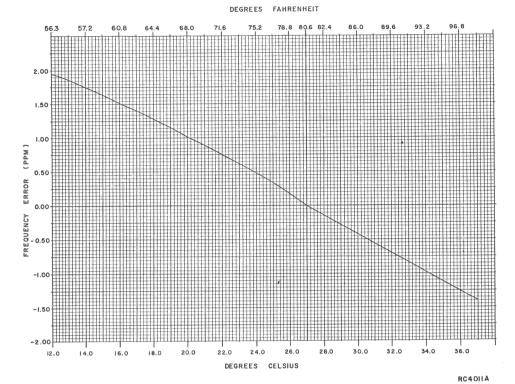
APPLY 19A134084P1 OR P2 TAPE TO BOTH ENDS OF 19B800719 PAD.

1. Connect audio oscillator output across J911-4 (Mic Hi) and J911-3 (Mic Lo)

| | | U101-7 | C111 (+) |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|
| SCOPE | HORIZONTAL | 200 U SEC/DIV | 200 U SEC/DIV |
| SETTING | VERTICAL | 2 VOLTS/DIV | 2 VOLTS/DIV |
| AT 1000 H OF 1.0 VR JUSTED FO VIATION. NOTE: AN READING V | OSCILLATOR Z WITH OUTPUT MS. R155 AD- R 3.75 KHz DE- RMS OR PEAK OLT METER WILL TO 1/3 OF PEAK- EADINGS. | | |

AUDIO SENSITIVITY

- 1. Connect audio oscillator output across J911-4 (Mic Hi) and J911-3 Mic Lo). Adjust output for 1000 Hz at 1.0 VRMS
- 2. Reduce generator output until deviation falls to 2.25 kHz. Voltage should be less than 100 millivolts.



Frequency Offset Chart

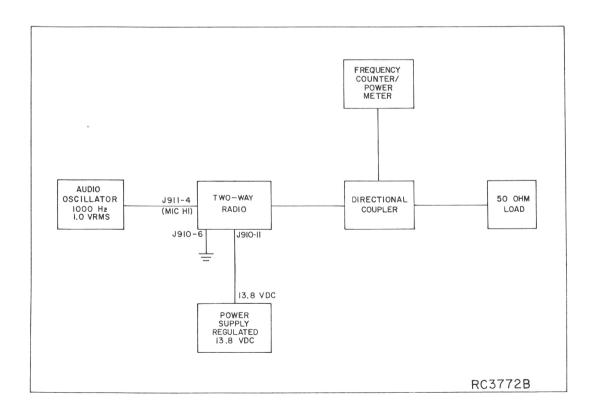


Figure 5 - Test Equipment Set Up

CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT

First, check the frequency to determine if any adjustment is required. The frequency should be set with a frequency meter or counter with an absolute accuracy that is 5 to 10 times better than the tolerance to be maintained, and with the entire radio as near as possible to an ambient temperature of 27.0°C (80.6°F).

The oscillator should be reset only when the frequency shows deviation in excess of the following limits:

- ±0.5 PPM, when the radio is at 27.0°C (80.6°F).
- The specification limit of ±5 PPM at any temperature within the ranges of -30°C (-22°F) to +60°C (+140°F).

 $\frac{\text{If the radio is at an ambient temperature }}{\text{of } 27.0\,^{\circ}\text{C }(80.6\,^{\circ}\text{F}), \text{ set the oscillator}}}$ for the correct operating frequency.

If the radio is not at an ambient temperature of 27.0°C, offset the oscillator, as a function of actual temperature, by the amount shown in the Frequency Off-set

For example: Assume the ambient temperature of the radio is 22°C (71.6°F). At that temperature, the curve shows a correction factor of +0.75 PPM. (At 450 MHz, 1 PPM is 450 Hz. At 470 MHz, 1 PPM is 470 Hz.)

With an operating frequency of 450 MHz, set the oscillator for a reading of 337.5 Hz (0.75 x 450 Hz) higher than the licensed operating frequency. If a negative correction factor is obtained (at temperatures above 27.0°C), set the oscillator for the indicated PPM lower than the licensed operating frequency.

TRANSMIT FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT

When setting the transmitter oscillator frequency, adjust L151 OR L152 to the assigned operating frequency. Always set the lower frequency first.

FREQUENCY AND MODULATION ADJUSTMENT

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- Audio Oscillator
- Deviation Monitor
- AC Voltmeter
- Wattmeter, 50 ohm, 50 Watts Frequency Counter

FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT

Set the transmitter oscillator frequency by adjusting L151 (RPT) and L152 (DIR) to the assigned operating frequency.

Always set the frequency $\frac{\text{first}}{\text{before setting the modulation.}}$

MODULATION LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

- CAUTION -

DO NOT remove microphone from the optional hookswitch (if present). DAMAGE to equipment will result.

A Channel Guard Encode Disable circuit has been incorporated as a maintenance aid to allow the service technician to make transmitter distortion and modulation checks without removing the cover from the radio.

The CG encode circuit can be easily disabled by temporarily connecting a jumper from J910-11 (A+) to J910-9 (CG DISABLE

MOD ADJUST Controls R155 and R156 have been adjusted to the proper setting before shipment and normally do not require readjustment. This setting permits approximately 75% modulation for the average-voice

NOTE

The Channel Guard modulation level adjustment should be checked each time the tone frequency is changed.

PROCEDURE

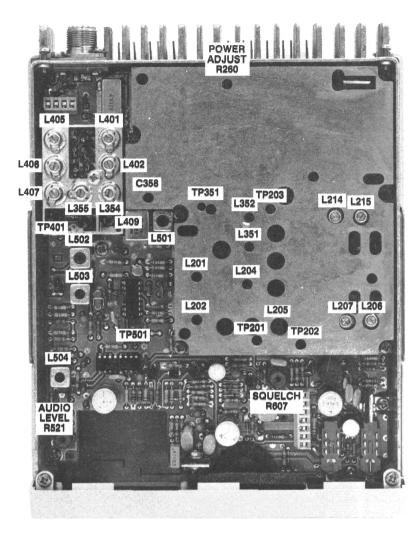
- Connect the audio oscillator and the AC voltmeter across audio input terminals J911-4 (Hi) and J911-3 (Lo) on the IOC board.
- Adjust the audio oscillator for 1 Volt RMS at 1000 Hz.
- 3. Connect RF Wattmeter to antenna jack.

Set CHANNEL GUARD MOD ADJUST R1010 for zero tone deviation. Next, with the 1 Volt signal at 1000 Hz applied, set MOD ADJUST R155 (F1) for 3.75 kHz deviation. Switch to F2 and adjust R156 for the same deviation. Then remove the signal from the audio oscillator and set Channel Guard MOD ADJUST R1010 for 0.75 kHz tone deviation.

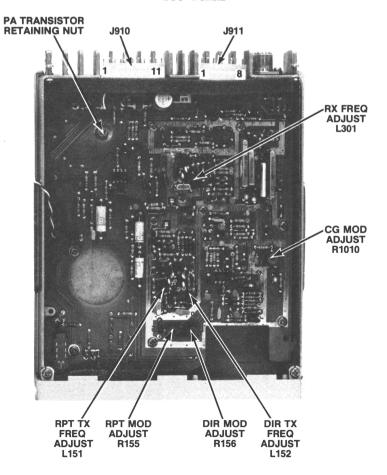
- NOTE -

If the deviation reading plus (+) or minus (-) differs more than 0.5 kHz, recheck Step 1 as shown in the Transmitter Alignment Chart.

RX/TX BOARD



IOC BOARD



TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURES

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TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

TEST EQUIPMENT

- 1. 50-ohm Wattmeter
- 2. 50-ohm Load
- 3. DC Probe (19C330165G1)
- 4. Voltmeter (20,000 ohms-per-volt)
- 5. 13.8 V Regulated Power Supply
- 6. Audio Signal Generator
- 7. Frequency Counter

PRELIMINARY CHECK AND ADJUSTMENTS

Refer to 'photographs to locate CONTROLS, TEST POINTS and CRY-STALS.'

- 1. Install the transmit crystals in the appropriate sockets.
- 2. Set the tuning cores in L201, L202, L204, and L205, so that the tops of these cores are flush with the tops of the plastic coil forms. Then, turn the core in L201 2 turns clockwise and turn the core in L202 4 turns clockwise.

Preset L207, L208, L214, and L215 so that the tops of the tuning screws are 1/8 inch (3MM) above the tops of the bushings on the castings. Set RPT/DIR frequency switch to the lower frequency used (typically

- 3. Set power adjust control R260 to maximum (fully clockwise).
- 4. All adjustments are made with transmitter keyed. Unkey the transmitter between steps to avoid overheating.
- 5. The DC probe and voltmeter set on the 1 Volt DC scale is used to monitor TP201-TP203 when aligning the transmitter.
- 6. Transmit Frequency is set by L151 and
- 7. Check P903-2 for 8.5 volts ±0.15 volt before starting the alignment.

- NOTE -

Always tune the exciter on the lower of the two frequencies used. This is typically the "DIR" Channel. After the alignment is completed, both channels are set to frequency by "touching up" L151 and L152.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

| STEP | TEST PROBE | TUNING CONTROLS | METER READING | PROCEDURE |
|------|----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 1. | TP201 | L151,L152 L201,L202 | Maximum (+0.35V Typ.) | Adjust L151, L152 L201 and L202 in that order for maximum meter reading. Do $\frac{\text{NOT}}{\text{has}}$ adjust L151/L152 if the transmitter $\frac{1}{\text{has}}$ previously been set on frequency. |
| 2. | TP201 | L204 | Minimum (+0.15V Typ.) | Adjust L204 for minimum meter reading. |
| 3. | TP201 | L205 | Maximum (+0.30V Typ.) | Adjust L205 for maximum meter reading. |
| 4. | TP202 | L201,L202 L204,L205 | Maximum (-1.10V Typ.) | Readjust L201, L202, L204 and L205 in that order for maximum meter reading. |
| 5. | TP202 | L207 | Minimum (-1.0V Typ.) | Adjust L207 for minimum meter reading. |
| 6. | TP203 | L20 | Maximum (-1.25V Typ.) | Adjust L208 for maximum meter reading. |
| 7. | TP203 | L205,L207 L208, | Maximum (+1.00V Typ.) | Readjust L205, L207, and L208 in that order for maximum meter reading. |
| 8. | TP203 | L214 | Minimum (+0.10V Typ.) | Adjust L214 for minimum meter reading. |
| 9. | TP203 | L215 | Maximum (+0.65V Typ.) | Adjust L215 for maximum meter reading. |
| 10. | Watt- meter | L214, L215 | Maximum (20 to 25 watts) | Readjust L214 and L215 for maximum, in that sequence. Wattmeter should indicate at least 20 watts. |
| 11. | TP201 | L151 | Maximum (20-25 Watts) | Switch the radio to the higher frequency used, and adjust L151 for maximum frequency reading. |
| 12. | | | Rated Power | Wattmeter should indicate at least 20 watts on this channel also. If not, slight readjustments of L207, L208, L214, and/or L215 may be necessary. Switch back and forth between both channels to ensure each channel delivers at least 20 watts after adjustments are completed. |
| 13. | Watt- meter | R260 | Rated Power (20 Watts) | If necessary, readjust R260 for rated power output. |

RECEIVER ALIGNMENT

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- 1. RF Signal Generator (450-470 MHz)
- 2. PC Voltmeter
- 3. AC Voltmeter
- 4. Receiver RF Detector Probe 19C330130G2
- 5. PF Signal Probe 19C330129G1
- 6. DC Probe 19C330165G1
- 7. Power Supply, 13.8 V Regulated
- 8. VOM (20K ohms/volt)
- 9. 4 ohm, 5 watt resistor

PRELIMINARY CHECKS

- 1. Plug crystal Y301 into oscillator socket X301.
- 2. Disable Channel Guard by removing microphone from the optional Channel Guard hookswitch (if present), or by connecting ground to J910-9.
- 3. Disconnect internal speaker from J904 on IOC board. Terminate either J910-3 or J904 with a 4 ohm, 5 Watt resistor.

- NOTE -

Refer to photographs to locate CONTROLS, TEST POINTS AND CRY-

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

| STEP | MFTERING TEST POINT | PROBE | TUNING CONTROL (s) | PROCEDURE | | |
|------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 1ST OSCILLATOR MULTIPLIER | | | | | |
| 1. | TP351 | DC Probe | L301 | With voltmeter on lowest range adjust L301 for maximum meter reading. | | |
| - | | | , | NOTE - | | |
| | | | | If no meter indication is observed at TP351, connect positive lead of RF Detector probe (red dot) to J301 using a short piece of DA jumper wire (AWG #18 or smaller - 1.024 mm). See photograph for access to J301. Adjust L3Q1 for maximum meter reading then reconnect DC Probe to TP351. | | |
| 2. | TP351 | DC Probe | L351,L352 | Alternately adjust L351 and L352 for maximum meter reading. | | |
| 3. | TP351 | DC Probe | C358,L354 L355 | Adjust C358 for dip then peak L354 and dip L355. | | |
| 4. | TP401 | RX RF Detector | L355,L354 C358 | Adjust L355 then L354 and C358 for maximum meter reading. Continue peaking these controls until no further improvement is recorded. (Typically 0.6 volts.) | | |
| 5. | TP401 | RF Signal | L301 | Connect a frequency counter to TP401 using RF signal Probe. Adjust L301 for channel operating frequency. | | |
| | | | · I | F ALIGNMENT | | |
| 6. | TP401, TP501 | RF Signal RF DETECTOR | L409,L503 L502,L501 | Connect RF signal generator to TP401 using RF Signal Probe. Connect RF DETECTOR Probe and VOM to TP501. Use 0.5 to 1.0 V scale. Set RF signal generator output to channel frequency at the minimum level sufficient to provide a mid scale meter indication. | | |
| | | | | Reduce the output of the signal generator as required to keep the detected RF level within the 0.5 to 1.0 volt range. Adjust L409 first, then L503, L502 and L501 respectively for maximum indication on meter. Alternately adjust L409 and L501 to obtain maximum meter reading. Disconnect RF Signal Generator from TP401. | | |

LBI31072

| STEP | METERING TEST POINT | PROBE | TUNING CONTROL (s) | PROCEDURE |
|------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|
| | | 4 | FRONT | END ALIGNMENT |
| 7. | TP501 | Rx RF DETECTOR | | Connect signal generator to Antenna input jack J601. Verify Rx RF Detector Probe is connected to TP501 and VOM. Adjust signal generator to RF channel frequency. Adjust output level of signal generator for a VOM reading between 0.5 and 1.0 Volts. |
| 8. | TP501 | Rx RF DETECTOR | L405,L406 L407 | Detune L405 and L407 as much as possible. Tune L406 through entire range while noticing peak readings on VOM. Adjust L406 for maximum meter reading, reducing the output level of signal generator as required. DO NOT Readjust L406 after peaking. Alternately readjust L407 and L405 for maximum VOM reading. |
| 9. | TP501 | Rx RF DETECTOR | L402,L401 | Alternately adjust L402 and L401 for maximum VOM reading. Reduce generator output to maintain a VOM reading of 0.5 to 1.0 Volts. |
| 10. | TP501 | Rx RF DETECTOR | L355 | Carefully adjust L355 no more than $\pm 1/4$ turn for maximum meter reading. |
| 11. | TP501 | Rx RF DETECTOR | L409,L407 L405 | Alternately adjust L409, L407 and L405 for maximum meter reading. |
| 12. | | | | Remove all test equipment. |
| | | | DETEC | TOR/AUDIO ALIGNMENT |
| 13. | Audio Output | | L504 | Apply a 1000 uV RF signal modulated with 1000 Hz to antenna input jack J601. Connect external speaker leads J910-3, J910-7 to a four-ohm resistive load. Set audio level control R521 and volume control R634 to mid position. Connect AC voltmeter/distortion analyzer across four ohm load. Adjust L504 for maximum meter reading. Reduce volume control as necessary to keep output voltage from exceeding 2.0 VRMS. |
| 14. | | | L501,L409 | Adjust volume control for a level of 2.0 VRMS on AC voltmeter. Note the position of tuning slugs in L501 and L409. Slowly adjust L501 and L409 +1/4 turn for minimum distortion on distortion analyzer. If no improvement is noted return slugs to original position. |
| 15. | P903-3 | | R521 | Connect AC voltmeter having a minimum input impedance of 1 megohm to P903-3. Adjust audio level control R521 fcr a meter reading of 300 mV RMS +5 mV. |
| 16. | | | | Reconnect AC voltmeter across external speaker leads, J910-3 (SPKR HI) and J910-7 (SPEAKER LO). Adjust volume control for 3 Watts (3.46 VRMS across 4 ohm load). |
| 17. | | | | Measure audio distortion using Distortion Analyzer. Distortion should be less than 5%. Disconnect all test equipment. |

FIXED SQUELCH ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Connect a signal generator to antenna jack J601.
- 2. Press in and hold in the MONITOR pushbutton and adjust the signal generator for a nominal 9 dB SINAD signal.
- 3. Set SQUELCH CONTROL pushbutton to its "out" position.
- 4. Adjust squelch control R607 to maximum squelch. Receiver must be muted.
- 5. Adjust squelch control R607 slowly until receiver unmutes.
- 6. Check that the squelch opens at an input signal level corresponding to 8 dB SINAD (± 1 dBs).

RECEIVER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURES

Issue 2

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TEST PROCEDURES

These Test Procedures are designed to help you to service a receiver that is operating---but not properly. The problems encountered could be low power, poor sensitivity, distortion, limiter not operating properly, and low gain. By following the sequence of test steps starting with Step 1, the defect can be quickly localized. Once the defective stage is pin-pointed, refer to the "Service Check" listed to correct the problem. Additional corrective measures are included in the Troubleshooting Procedure. Before starting with the Receiver Test Procedures, be sure the receiver is tuned and aligned to the proper operating frequency.

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- Distortion Analyzer
- Signal Generator
- 6 dB attenuation pad, and 4.0 ohm,5 Watt resistor

PRELIMINARY ADJUSTMENTS

NOTE

These procedures are written around the Heathkit Distortion Analyzer. If a Distortion Analyzer other than the Heath IM-12 is used, measure the sensitivity and modulation acceptance bandwidth in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

 Disable the squelch by adjusting squelch control R607.

NOTE -

Be sure to reset the squelch control after completing the Test Procedures.

STEP 1

AUDIO POWER OUTPUT AND DISTORTION

TEST PROCEDURE

Measure Audio Power Output as follows:

- A. Apply a 1000 microvolt, on-frequency test signal modulated by 1,000 hertz with ±3.0 kHz deviation to antenna jack J601.
- B. With 3 Watt Speaker

Disconnect speaker J904.

Connect a 4.0 ohm, 5 Watt load resistor across J904-1 & 2.

Connect the Distortion Analyzer input across the resistor as shown.

- C. Adjust the VOLUME control for 3 Watt output 3.46 VRMS using the Distortion Analyzer as a voltmeter.
- D. Make distortion measurements according to manufacturer's instructions. Reading should be less than 5%. If the receiver sensitivity is to be measured, leave all controls and equipment as they are.

SERVICE CHECK

If the distortion is more than 5%, or maximum audio output is less than 3 Watts, make the following checks:

- E. Battery and regulator voltage---low voltage will cause distortion. (Refer to Receiver Schematic Diagram for voltages.)
- F. Audio Gain (Refer to Receiver Trouble-shooting Procedure).
- G. FM Detector Alignment (Refer to Receiver Alignment).

STEP 2

USABLE SENSITIVITY (12 DB SINAD)

If STEP 1 checks out properly, measure the receiver sensitivity as follows:

- A. Apply a 1000 microvolt, on-frequency signal modulated by 1000 Hz with 3.0 kHz deviation to J601.
- B. Place the RANGE switch on the Distortion Analyzer in the 200 to 2000 Hz distortion range position (1000 Hz filter in the circuit). Tune the filter for minimum reading or null on the lowest possible scale (100%, 30%, etc.)
- C. Place the RANGE switch to the SET LEVEL position (filter out of the circuit) and adjust the input LEVEL control for a +2 dB reading on a mid range (30%).
- D. Set signal generator output to 0.4 μV . Switch the RANGE control from SET LEVEL to the distortion range. Readjust Distortion Analyzer SET LEVEL as required until a 12 dB difference (+2 dB to -10 dB) is obtained between the SET LEVEL and distortion range positions (filter out and filter in).
- E. The 12 dB difference (Signal plus Noise and Distortion to noise plus distortion ratio) is the "usable" sensitivity level. The sensitivity should be less than rated 12 dB SINAD specifications with an audio output of at least 1.5 Watts (0.56 Volts RMS across the 4.0 ohm receiver load using the Distortion Analyzer as a Voltmeter).
- F. Leave all controls as they are and all equipment connected if the Modulation Acceptance Bandwidth test is to be performed.

SERVICE CHECK

If the sensitivity level is more than rated 12 dB SINAD, check the alignment of the RF stages as directed in the Alignment Procedure.

STEP 3

MODULATION ACCEPTANCE BANDWIDTH (IF BANDWIDTH)

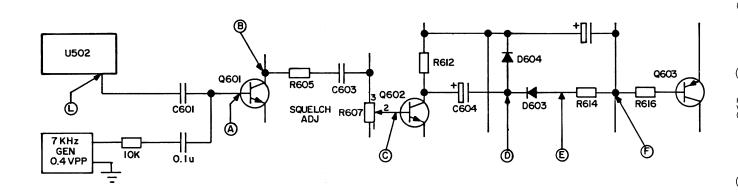
If STEPS 1 and 2 check out properly, measure the bandwidth as follows:

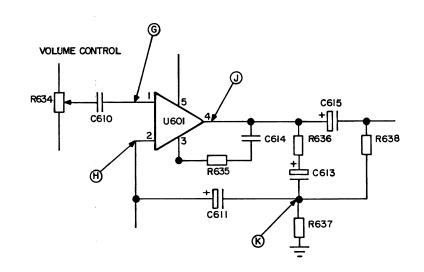
- A. Set the Signal Generator output for twice the microvolt reading obtained in the 12 dB SINAD measurement.
- B. Set the RANGE control on the Distortion Analyzer in the SET LEVEL position (1000 Hz filter out of the circuit), and adjust the input LEVEL control for a +2 dB reading on the 30% range.
- C. While increasing the deviation of the Signal Generator, switch the RANGE control from SET LEVEL to distortion range until a 12 dB difference is obtained between the SET LEVEL and distortion range readings (from +2 dB to -10 dB).
- D. The deviation control reading for the 12 dB difference is the Modulation Acceptance Bandwidth of the receiver. It should be more than ±7 kHz.

SERVICE CHECK

If the Modulation Acceptance Bandwidth test does not indicate the proper width, refer to the Receiver Troubleshooting Procedure.

AUDIO AND SQUELCH WAVEFORMS

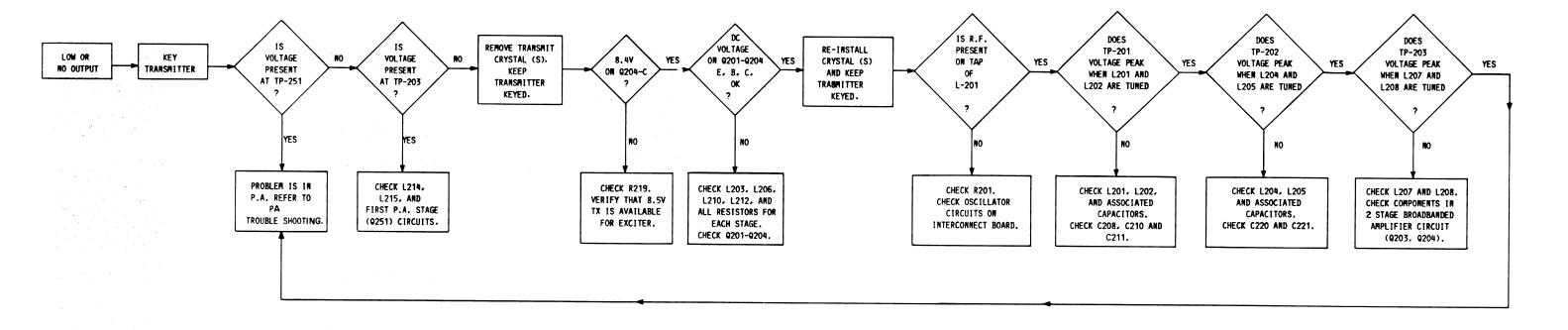




RC- 4260A

SQUELCH CIRCUIT TEST WITH 7 kHz SIGNAL SQUELCH CIRCUIT CHECKS WITH NOISE **AUDIO CIRCUIT CHECKS** PRELIMINARY STEPS PRELIMINARY STEPS PRELIMINARY STEPS 1. Quiet receiver with 1000 uv unmodulated signal No input signal applied. Squelch Adjust at maximum squelch. 2. Squelch Adjust at maximum squelch 2. Monitor pushbutton "IN". Monitor pushbutton in OUT position. 3. Monitor pushbutton in OUT position. 3. Output set for 3-Watts (3.46 VRMS) into 4 ohm load. Use 10 megohm probe 4. Use 10 megohm probe. 4. Use 1 megohm probe. HOR. 1 MS/DIV VERT. 0.5 V/DIV (≈2 V P-P) HOR. 0.2 MS/DIV VERT. 20 MV/DIV (84 MV P-P) HOR. 50 µSEC/DIV VERT. 2 V/DIV (10 V P-P) . HOR. 1 MS/DIV VERT. 5 V/DIV (≈ 20 V P-P) **C**-SEC/DIV P-P) SEC/DIV P-P) HOR. 1 MS/DIV VERT. 2 V/DIV (6.8 V P-P) HOR. 0.2 MS/DIV VERT. 2 V/DIV (9.8 V P-P) **D**-HOR. 50 µSEC/DIV VERT. 2 V/DIV (6.2 V P-P) HOR. 1 MS/DIV VERT. 2 V/DIV (6.2 V P-P) HOR. 0.2 MS/DIV VERT. 20 MV/DIV (86 MV P-P) **L**)-SEC/DIV پا SEC/DIV VERT. 1 V/DIV (2.5 V P-P) HOR. 1 MS/DIV VERT 1 V/DIV (2.6 V P-P) HOR. 0.2 MS/DIV VERT. 0.2 V/DIV (0.92 V P-P) SEC/DIV SEC/DIV VERT. 1 V/DIV (5.5 VDC) HOR. 1 MS/DIV VERT. 1 V/DIV (5.6 VDC)

RECEIVER AUDIO AND SQUELCH WAVEFORM CHECKS



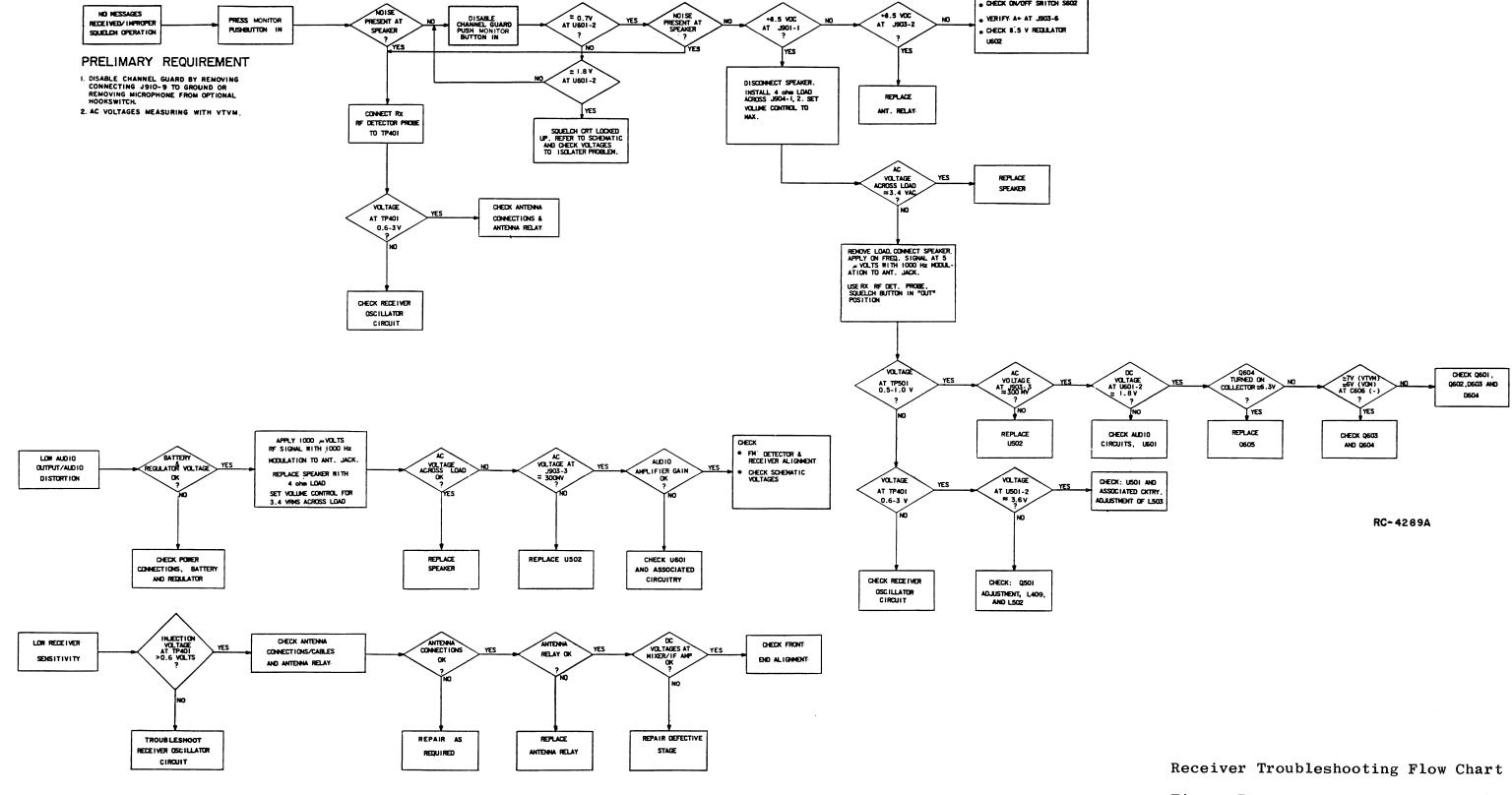
EXCITER VOLTAGE READINGS

VOLTAGE READINGS ARE TYPICAL READINGS MADE WITH THE TRANSMITTER KEYED, AND MEASURED WITH A 20,000 OHMS-PER-VOLT VOM. AN RF CHOKE (10 MICROHENRYS) IS USED IN SERIES WITH THE HOT METER LEAD TO AVOID DETUNING RF CIRCUITS.

| TRANSISTOR | XTAL IN SOCKET | NO XTAL IN SOCKET |
|------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Q201-E | +0.17V | +0.13V |
| -B | +0.65V | +0.80V |
| -C | +6.3V | +6.7V |
| Q202-E | -0- | -0- |
| -B | -0.40V | -0- |
| -C | +7.5V | +8.5V |
| Q203-E | -0- | -0- |
| -B | +0.42V | +0.51V |
| -C | +7.4V | +8.4V |
| Q204-E | -0- | -0- |
| -B | 05V | +0.42V |
| -C | +5.7V | +8.4V |

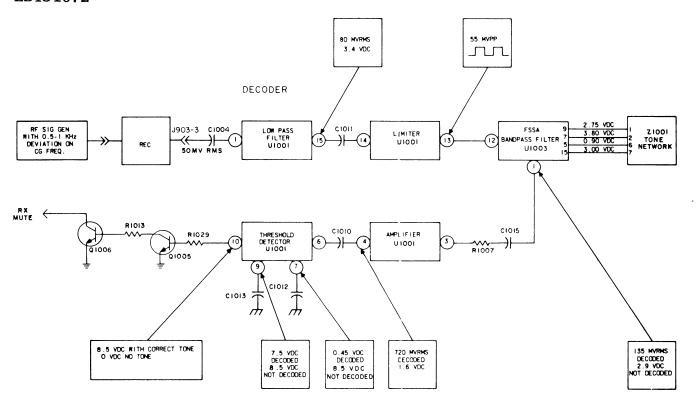
RC4296

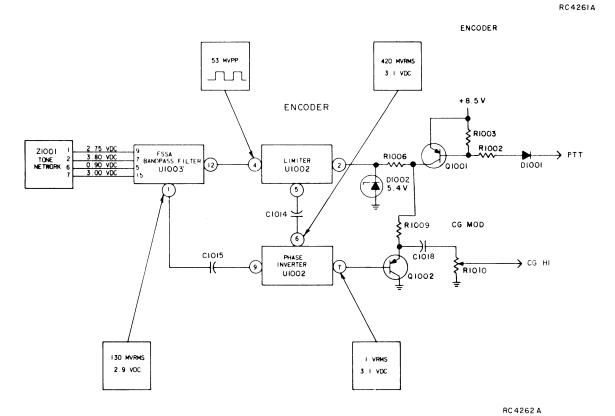
EXCITER TROUBLESHOOTING FLOWCHART



CHECK ON/OFF SHITCH S602

LBI31072





PA TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

| SYMPTOM | TYPICAL VOLTAGE/SIGNAL | PROBABLE CAUSE | TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE |
|-----------|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| No power | 0 volts at TP203 | No exciter output. | Repair exciter. |
| No power | 0.65 volts at TP203 but 0 volts at TP251. | Q251 stage inoperative. | Check for A+ at collector of Q251 and check associated circuitry. |
| No power | 0.8 volts at TP251 but 0 volts on collector Q252. | Power control circuitry faulty. | Repair power control circuit. (See circuit analysis for operation). |
| No power | Radio draws 4 to to 5 amps. | Open circuit after Q253 output. | Check U256, filter, relay, etc. for open circuit. |
| No power | Radio current less than 2 amps, but 0.8 volts on TP251 and 12 volts collector Q251. | Q252 or Q253 stages inoperative. | If Q252 draws around 0.75 amps, problem is Q253 or associated circuitry. If Q252 draws zero current, problem is Q253 or associated circuitry. |
| Low power | Significantly less than 0.65 volts at TP203. | Low exciter output. | Repair exciter. |
| Low power | Significantly less than 0.8 volts at TP251. | Low output from Q251 stage. | Problem is Q251 or associated circuitry. |
| Low power | Less than 11 volts on collector Q252. | Power control. | Adjust, then if necessary repair power control. |
| Low power | 12 volts on collector Q252, radio draws approx. 5 amps. | Antenna filter. | Tune filter. |
| Low power | Radio current less than 4 amps. | Q252 or Q253 stages faulty. | If Q252 draws around 0.75 amps, problem is Q253 or associated circuitry. If Q252 draws significantly less than 0.75 amps, problem is Q252 or associated circuitry. |

CHANNEL GUARD TROUBLESHOOTING

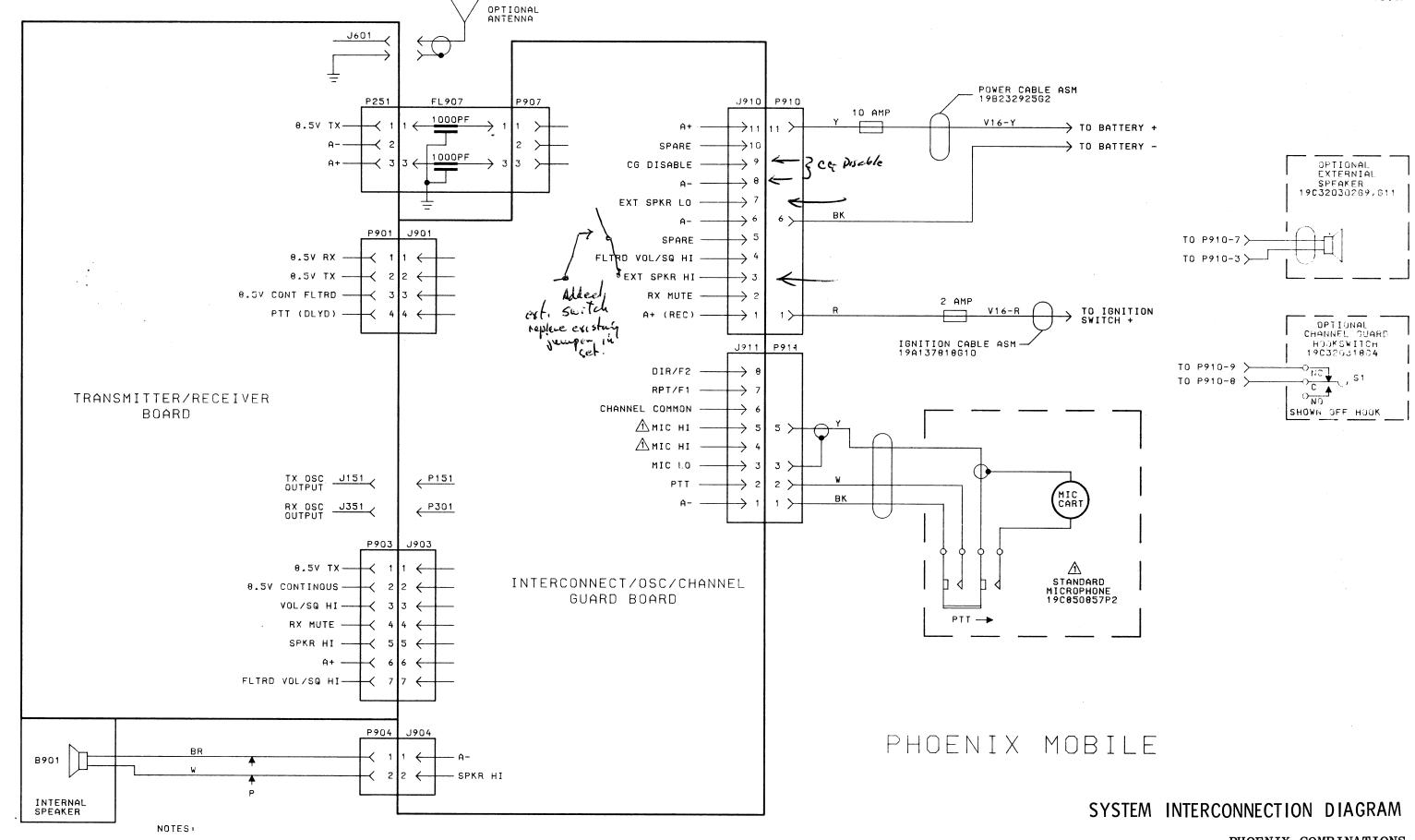
| SYMPTOM | PROCEDURE |
|-----------------------|--|
| Unit does not decode. | Push in the MONITOR pushbutton and check for proper receiver operation. |
| | 2. If the receiver operates properly, apply the proper Channel Guard tone to the radio and check for 8.5 VDC at position U1001-10. |
| | 3. If reading is not correct, check voltage readings on connections between the tone network Z1001 and U1003. |
| | 4. If the readings between the tone network and U1003 are incorrect, insure good contact between the tone network and the network socket |
| | 5. If readings are correct, check voltage readings at all other points indentified. |

CHANNEL GUARD TROUBLESHOOTING

| 1 | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| SYMPTOM | PROCEDURE | | | |
| | ļ | | | |
| Unit does not | 1. | Check for 3.1 VDC at U1002-7. | | |
| | 2. | If reading is correct, check Mod. Adj. R1010 then check the transmitter oscillator module. | | |
| | 3. | If reading is not correct, check voltage readings on connections between the tone network Z1001 and U1003. | | |
| | 4. | If the readings between the tone network and U1003 are incorrect, insure good contact between the tone network and the network socket. | | |
| | 5. | If readings are correct, check voltage readings at all other points identified. | | |

TROUBLESHOOTING

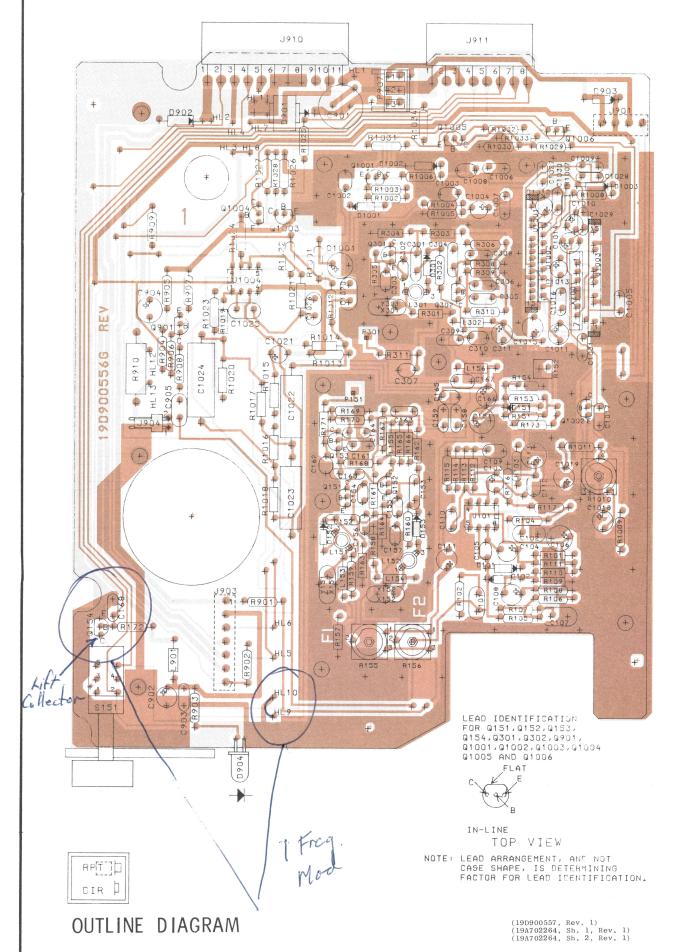
450-470 MHz POWER AMPLIFIER AND CHANNEL GUARD



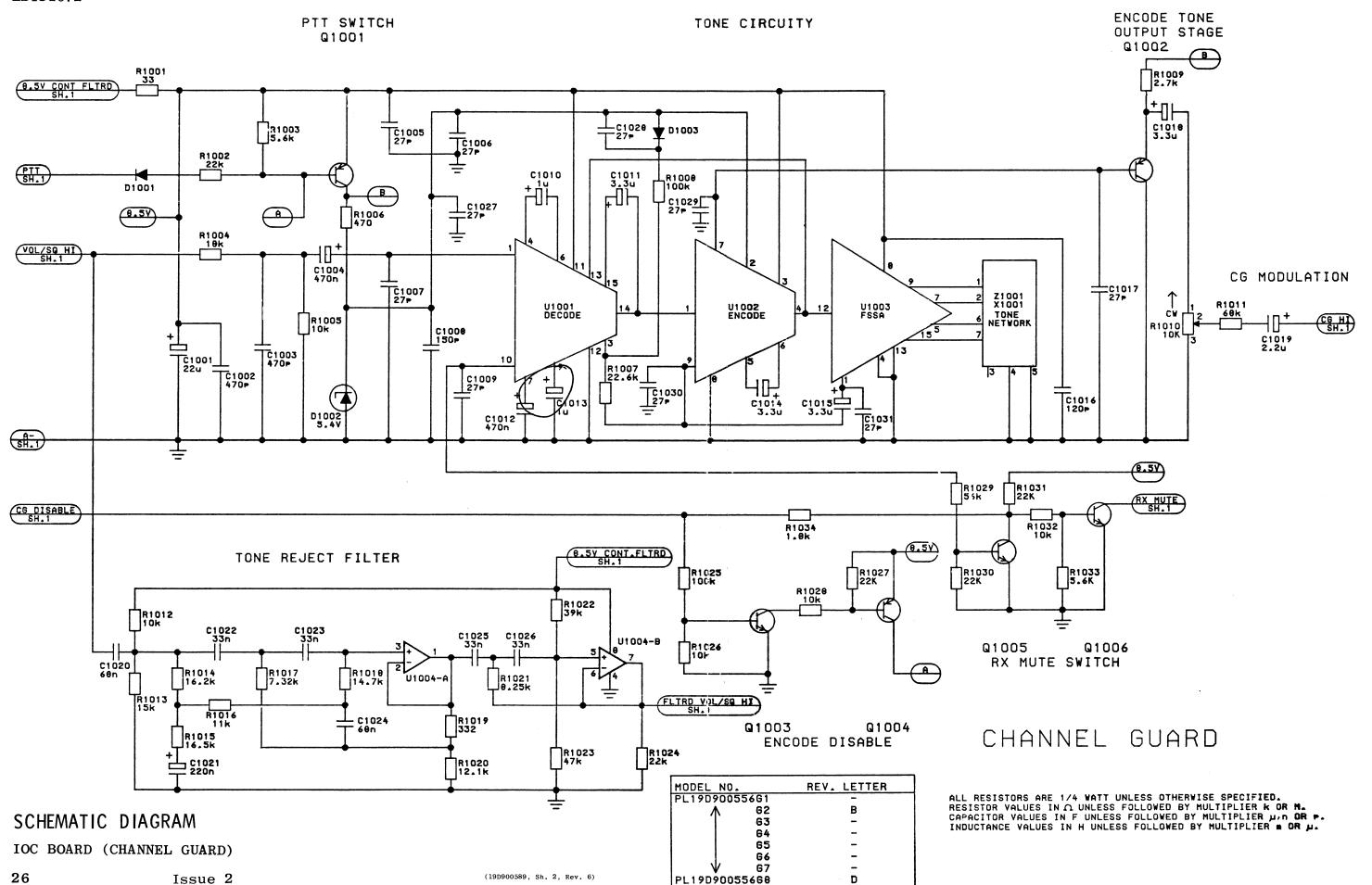
PHOENIX COMBINATIONS

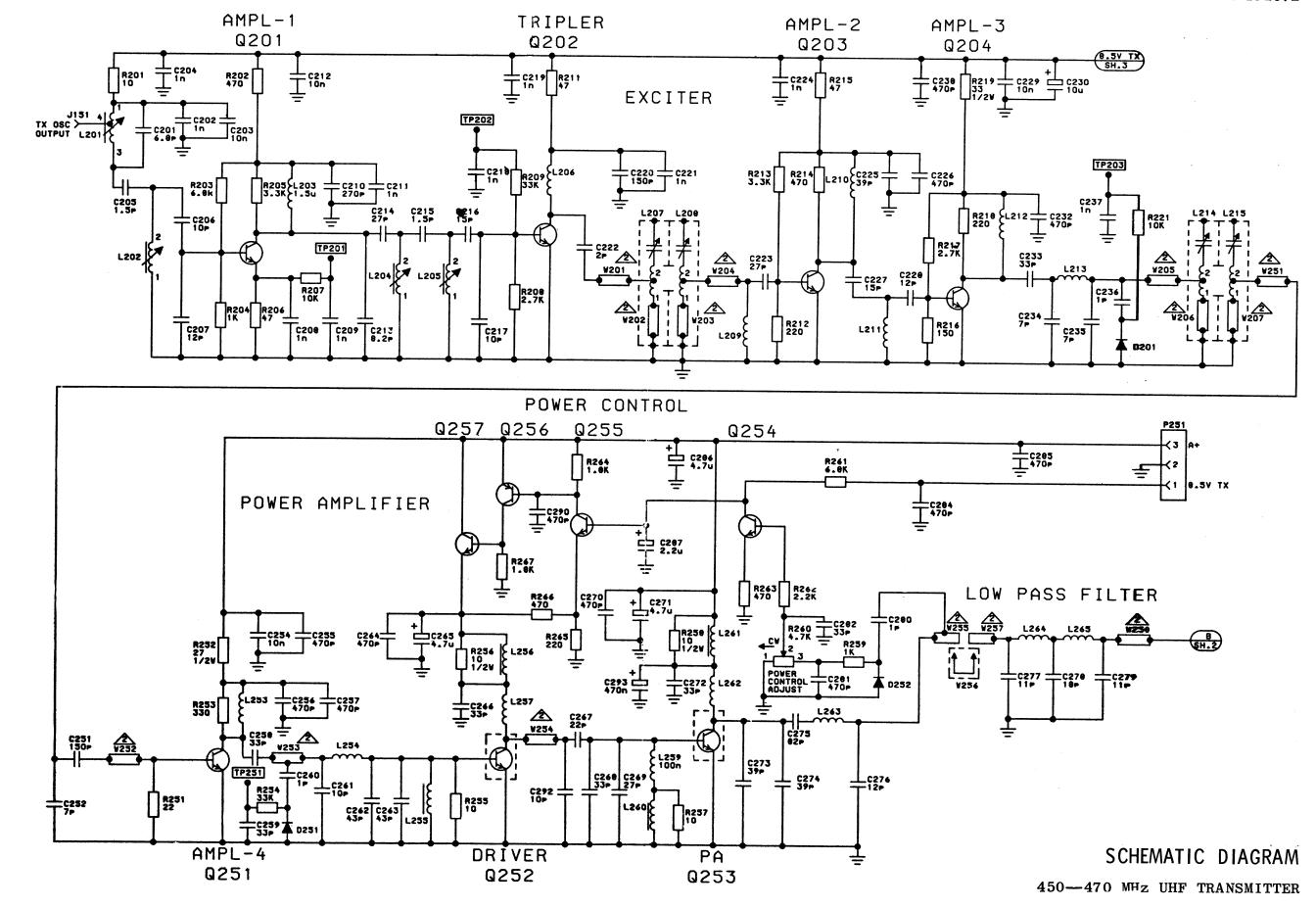
STANDARD MICROPHONE MIC HI CONNECTS TO J911-5 AS SHOWN. FOR OPTIONAL MICROPHONES WITH BUILT IN PRE AMPLIFIER,

MIC HI CONNECTS TO J911-4.

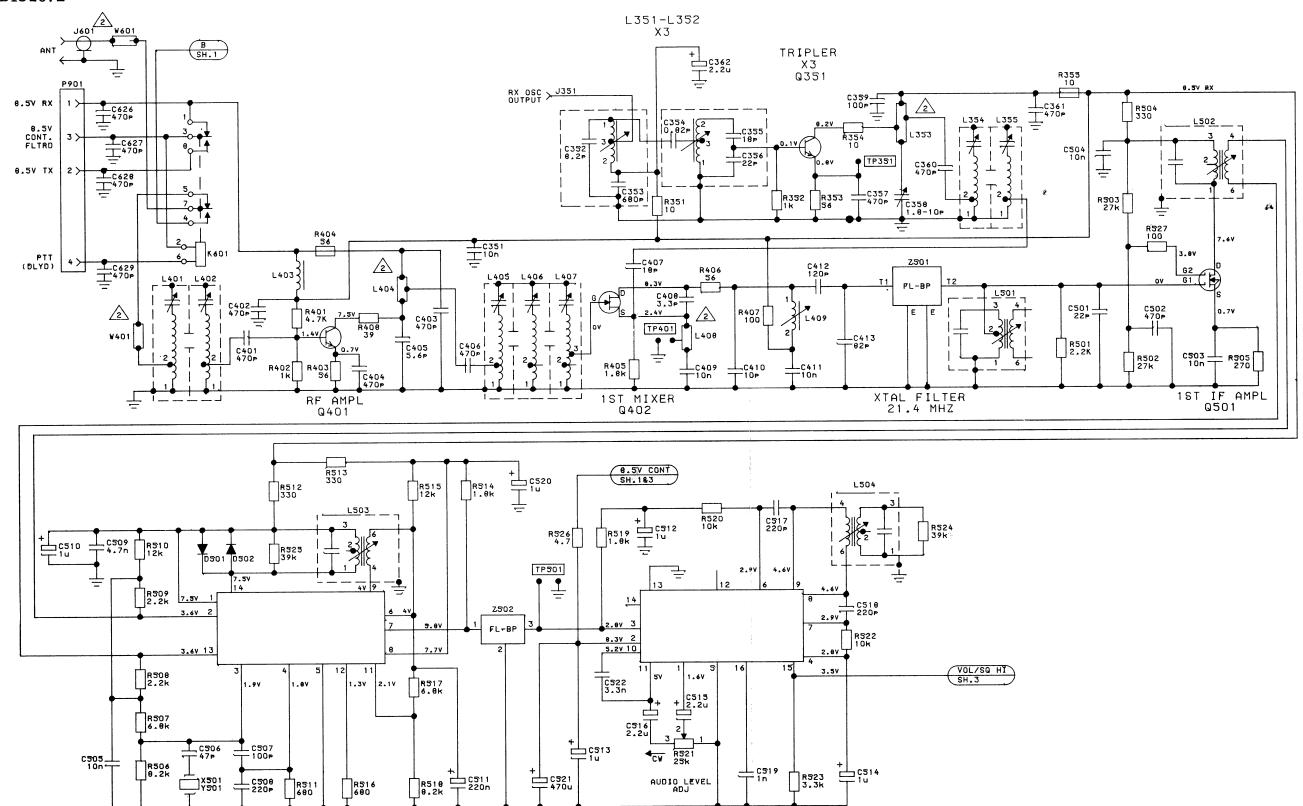


INTERCONNECT/OSCILLATOR/CHANNEL GUARD BOARD





LBI31072



IF LIMITER/FM DETECTOR/AUDIO PRE AMPL U502

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

450-470 MHz UHF RECEIVER

(19D900597, Sh. 2, Rev. 2)

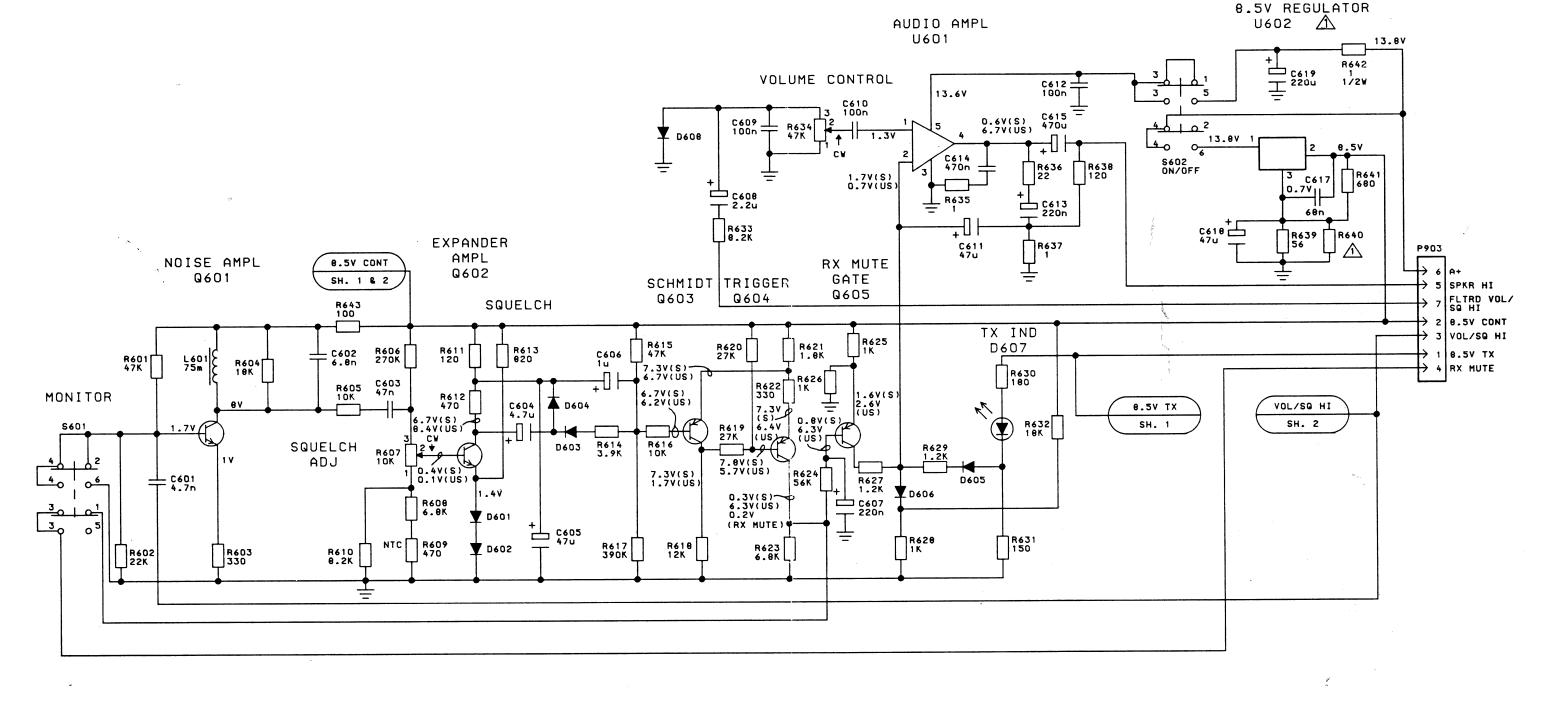
÷

FILTER 455 KHZ

28

Issue 1

2ND OSC./MIXER/IF AMPL U501



⚠ VALUE OF R640 DEPENDS ON COLOR CODE ON U602.

| R640 VALUE | |
|------------|--|
| OMIT R640 | |
| 270 | |
| 100 | |
| 47 | |
| 22 | |
| 6.8 | |
| | |

A PART OF PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD.

VOLTAGE READINGS VOLTAGE READINGS ARE TYPICAL READINGS MESURED TO SYSTEM NEGATIVE WITH A 20,000 OHM-PER-VOLT DC VOLT METER UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:
1. NO SIGNAL INPUT

2. VOLUME CONTROL (R634) SET TO MINIMUM 3. MONITOR SWITCH (S601) IN OUT POSITION

4. UNSQUELCHED (US)- SQUELCH ADJUST (R607) SET TO MINIMUM (CW)

5. SQUELCHED (S)- SQUELCH ADJUST (R607) SET TO MAXIMUM (CCW)

ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/4 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. RESISTOR VALUES IN A UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER & OR M. CAPACITOR VALUES IN F UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER HAN OR P. INDUCTANCE VALUES IN H UNLESS FOLLOWED BY MULTIPLIER m OR H.

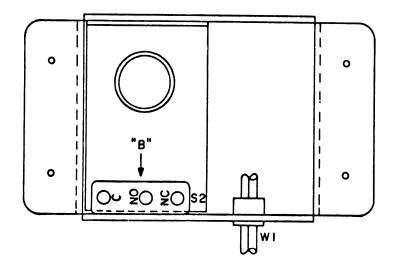
| MODEL NO. | REV. LETTER | DESCRIPTION |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| PL19D900553G1 PL19D900586G1 | В | TX/RX BD ASM CHASSIS ASM |
| | | |

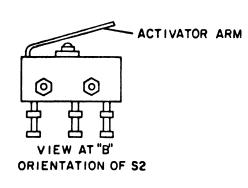
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

450-470 MHz UHF RECEIVER

29

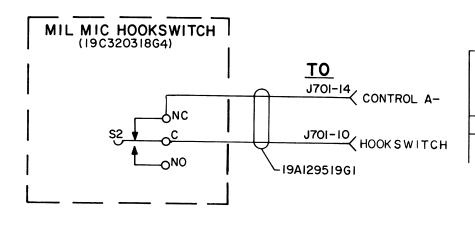
OUTLINE DIAGRAM





(19B233291, Rev. 0)

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



SEE APPLICABLE PRODUCTION CHANGE SHEETS IN INSTRUCTION BOOK SECTION DEALING WITH THIS UNIT, FOR DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES UNDER EACH REVISION LETTER.

THIS ELEM DIAG APPLIES TO MODEL NO REV LETTER

S2 - SHOWN OFF HOOK

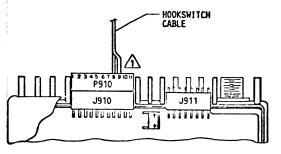
(19A142554, Rev. 0)

SERVICE SHEET

HOOKSWITCH 19C320318G3

30

Issue 2

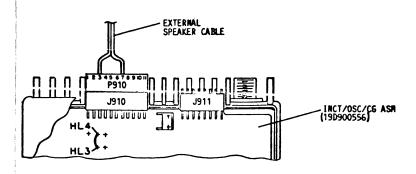


TOP VIEW

HOOKSWITCH APPLICATION (MOBILE MICROPHONE)

NOTES:

CONNECT HOOKSWITCH TO P910-8 AND P910-9 FOR CHANNEL GUARD.

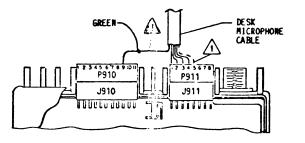


TOP VIEW

EXTERNAL SPEAKER APPLICATION

NOTES:

- CONNECT SPEAKER LEADS TO P910-3 AND P910-7. TO DISCONNECT INTERNAL SPEAKER (FIELD ONLY) REMOVE JUMPER BETWEEN HL3 AND HL4.
- 2. FOR EXTERNAL SPEAKER WITH THE AC POWER SUPPLY, REMOVE JUMPER IN POWER CABLE BETWEEN P910-3 & P910-10 AND CONNECT PER NOTE 1.



TOP VIEW

DESK MICROPHONE WITH CHANNEL CHAND (WATHOUT DO REMOTE)

NOTES:

FOR CHANNEL GUARD FROM P911-5 TO P910-9

NOVE GREEN WIRE

(19D900640, Sh. 2, Rev. 0)

| PARTS | LIST |
|--------------|------|

| | | | C254 | 19A70023 |
|-------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------|----------|
| | 450-4 | 70 MHz TRANSMIT/RECEIVE ASSEMBLY 19D900586G1 1SSUE 2 | C255 thru C257 | 19A70160 |
| | | | C258 | 19A7016 |
| | | | C259 | 19A7002 |
| | | | C260 | 19A7002 |
| SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | C261 | 19A7000 |
| | | | C262 and C263 | 19A7000 |
| Al | | TRANSMIT/RECEIVE BOARD 19D900553G1 | C264 | 19A7016 |
| | | | C265 | 19A7005 |
| | | CAPACITORS | C266 | 19A7002 |
| C201 | 19A700235P11 | Ceramic: 6.8 pf ±2.5 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | C267 | 19A7014 |
| C202 | 19A700233P7 | Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | C268 | 19A7000 |
| C203 | 19A700234P7 | Polyester: 0.01 μf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | C269 | 19A7000 |
| C204 | 19A700233P7 | Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | C270 | 19A7016 |
| C205 | 19A700013P15 | Fhenolic: 1.5 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW. | C271 | 19A7015 |
| C206 | 19A700235P13 | Ceramic: 10 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | C272 | 19A7002 |
| C207 | 19A700235P14 | Ceramic: 12 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | C273 | 19A7000 |
| C208 | 19A700233P7 | Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | and C274 | 10 |
| and | 1587002551 | Column 1000 pr 220%, 00 120% | C275 | 19A7014 |
| C209 | 19A700235P30 | Ceramic: 270 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. | | 19A7000 |
| C210 | 19A700233P30 19A700233P7 | Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | C276 | 19A7000 |
| C211 | | Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | C277 | |
| C212 | 19A700234P7 | Ceramic: 8.2 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp | C278 | 19A7001 |
| C213 | 19A700235P12 | coef. | C279 | 19A7001 |
| C214 | 19A700235P18 | Ceramic: 27 pf, ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | C280 | 19A7002 |
| 9015 | 19A700013P15 | Phenolic: 1.5 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW. | C281 | 19A7016 |
| C215 | 19A701624P12 | Ceramic: 13 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. | C282 | 19A7002 |
| C216 | 19A701624P12 | Ceramic: 10 pf ±.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. | C284 | 19A7016 |
| C217 | | Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, | and C285 | |
| C218 and | 19A700233P7 | Ceramic. 1000 pr 120%, 50 v20%, | C286 | 19A7015 |
| C219 | 19A701602P8 | Ceramic: 150 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | C287 | 19A7015 |
| C220 | 19A701602P20 | Ceramic: 1000 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | C290 | 19A7016 |
| C221 | | Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. | C292 | 19A7000 |
| C222 | 19A701624P24 | | C293 | 19A7013 |
| C223 | 19A701624P18 | | C351 | 19A7002 |
| C224 | 19A701602P20 | 1 | C352 | 19A7002 |
| C225 | 19A701624P22 | | | |
| C226 | 19A701602P14 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | C353 | 19A7002 |
| C227 | 19A701624P12 | Ceramic: 15 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 12 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. | C354 | 19A7000 |
| C228 | 19A701624P10 | l l | C355 | 19A7002 |
| C229 | 19A700234P7 | Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | C356 | 19A700 |
| C230 | 19A701534P7 | Tantalum: 10 µf ±20%, 16 VDCW. | C357 | 19A700 |
| C232 | 19A701602P14 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | C358 | 19A702 |
| C233 | 19A701624P20 | Ceramic: 33 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. | C359 | 19A700 |
| C234 and | 19A701624P5 | Ceramic: 7 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. | C360 | 19A700 |
| C235 | | - 1 TELOS ES SOUTOW O DDM temp coef | C361 | 19A700 |
| C236 | 19A700235P1 | Ceramic: 1 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. | C362 | 19A701 |
| C237 | 19A700233P7 | Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | C401 | 19A700 |
| C238 | 19A701602P14 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | thru C404 | |
| C251 | 19A701602P8 | Ceramic: 150 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCw. Ceramic: 7 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCw, 0 PPM temp coef. | C405 | 19A700 |
| C252 | 19A701624P5 | Ceramic: 7 pr ro.5 pr, 500 vacu, 0 112 tomp coort | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | 1 | 1 |

| SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | SYMBOL |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|
| C254 | 19A700234P7 | Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | C406 |
| C255 | 19A701602P14 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | C407 |
| thru C257 | | | C408 |
| C258 | 19A701624P20 | Ceramic: 33 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. | C409 |
| C259 | 19A700235P19 | Ceramic: 33 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | C410 |
| C260 | 19A700235P1 | Ceramic: 1 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. | C411 |
| C261 | 19A700006P6 | Mica: 10 pf ±5%, 100 VDCW. | C412 |
| C262 and | 19A700006P24 | Mica: 43 pf ±5%, 100 VDCW. | C413 |
| C263 | 104701000014 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | C501 |
| C264 | 19A701602P14 19A700534P6 | Tantalum: 4.7 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | C502 |
| C265 C266 | 19A700235P19 | Ceramic: 33 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | C503 |
| C267 | 19A701413P17 | Mica: 22 pf ±5%, 100 VDCW. | thru C505 |
| C268 | 19A700006P21 | Mica: 33 pf ±5%, 100 VDCW. | C506 |
| C269 | 19A700006P19 | Mica: 27 pf ±5%, 100 VDCW. | C507 |
| C270 | 19A701602P14 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | C508 |
| C271 | 19A701534P6 | Tantalum: 4.7 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | C509 |
| C272 | 19A700235P19 | Ceramic: 33 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | C510 |
| C273 | 19A700006P23 | Mica: 39 pf ±5%, 100 VDCW. | C511 |
| and C274 | | 1 | C512 thru |
| C275 | 19A701413P32 | Mica: 82 pf ±5%, 100 VDCW. | C514 |
| C276 | 19A700006P8 | Mica: 12 pf ±5%, 100 VDCW. | C515 and |
| C277 | 19A700131P11 | Teflon/Mica: 11 pf ±0.5 pf, 250 VDCW. | C516 C517 |
| C278 | 19A700131P18 | Teflon/Mica: 18 pf ±0.5 pf, 250 VDCW. | and C518 |
| C279 | 19A700131P11 | Teflon/Mica: 11 pf ±0.5 pf, 250 VDCW. | C519 |
| C280 | 19A700235P1 | Ceramic: 1 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, 0 PPM temp coef. | |
| C281 | 19A701602P14 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | C520 |
| C282 | 19A700235P19 | Ceramic: 33 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | C521 |
| C284 and | 19A701602P14 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | C522 |
| C285 | | | C601 |
| C286 | 19A701534P6 | Tantalum: 4.7μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | C602 |
| C287 | 19A701534P5 | Tantalum: 2.2 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | C603 |
| C290 | 19A701602P14 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW. | C604 |
| C292 | 19A700006P6 | Mica: 10 pf ±5%, 100 VDCW. | C605 |
| C293 | 19A701352P5 | Aluminum: 0.47 µf ±20%, 25 VDCW. | C606 |
| C351 | 19A700234P7 | Polyester: 0.01 \(\mu f \pm 10\hat{\hat{n}} \), 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 8.2 pf \(\pm .25 \) pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp | C607 |
| C352 | 19A700235P12 | coef. | C608 |
| C353 | 19A700233P6 | Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | C609 and |
| C354 | 19A700013P12 | Phenolic: 0.82 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW. | C610 |
| C355 | 19A700235P16 | Ceramic: 18 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | C611 C612 |
| C356 | 19A700235P17 | Ceramic: 22 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | C612 |
| C357 | 19A700233P5 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | C614 |
| C358 | 19A702168P2 | Variable: 3 to 11 pf, 100 VDCW; sim to JFD DV2SN11C. | C615 |
| C359 | 19A700233P1 | Ceramic: 100 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | C616 |
| C360 | 19A700001P5 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCw. | and C617 |
| C361 | 19A700233P5 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | C618 |
| C362 | 19A701534P5 | Tantalum: 2.2 μf ±20%, 35 VDCw. | C619 |
| C401 thru C404 | 19A700001P5 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | C326 thru C629 |
| C405 | 19A700002P10 | Ceramic: 5.6 pf ±0.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | |
| | | | |

GE PART NO.

19A700001P5

19A700235P16

19A700002P7

19A700234P7

19A700002P13

19A700234P7

19A700002P26

19A700235P24

L9A700235P17

19A700233P5

19A700234P7

19A700235P21

19A700235P25

19A7U0235P29

19A700234P5

19A701534P4

19A701534P2

19A701534P4

19A701534P5

19A700233P3

19A700233P7

19A701534P4

19A134730P3

19A700234P4

19A700234P5

19A700234P6

19A700234P11

19A701534P6

19A134730P1

19A701534P4

19A701534P2

19A701534P5

19A700234P13

19A701534P9

19A700234P13

19A701534P2

19A700004P6

19A134730P3

19A700234P12

19A134730P1

19A134730P2

19A700233P5

| DESCRIPTION | | SYMBOL | GE PAR |
|---|---|----------------------|-----------|
| Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | | | |
| Ceramic: 18 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | - | D201 | 19A700028 |
| Ceramic: 3.3 pf ±0.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | | D251 and | 19A700028 |
| Polyester: 0.01 μf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | ١ | D252 | 19A700028 |
| Ceramic: 10 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | | D501 and D502 | 194700028 |
| Ceramic: 120 pf $\pm 5\%$, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 82 pf $\pm 5\%$, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | | D601 thru D606 | 19A700028 |
| Ceramic: 22 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | | D607 | 19A134738 |
| Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | | D608 | 19A700028 |
| Ceramic: 47 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | | J151 | 19A701883 |
| Ceramic: 100 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. | | J351 | 19A701883 |
| Ceramic: 220 pf $\pm 5\%$, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. | | | |
| Polyester: 4700 pf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | | K601 | 19A700061 |
| . Tantalum: 1 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | | ROOI | 15870000 |
| Tantalum: 0.22 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | | | |
| Tantalum: 1 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | | L201 | 19J706258 |
| | | L202 | 19J706213 |
| Tantalum: 2.2 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | | L203 | 19A700024 |
| Ceramic: 220 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | | L204 and L205 | 19J706213 |
| | | L206 | 19A702028 |
| Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | | L207 and L208 | 19J706154 |
| Tantalum: 1 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | | L209 | 19A702028 |
| Electrolytic: 470 µf +100-10%, 16 VDCW. | | L210 | 19A702028 |
| Polyester: 3300 pf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | | L211 | 19A70202 |
| Polyester: 4700 pf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | | L212 | 19J70608 |
| Polyester: 6800 pf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | | | |
| Polyester: 0.047 μf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | | L213 | 19J70608 |
| Tantalum: 4.7 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | | L214 | 19J706154 |
| Electrolytic: 47 µf +100-10%, 16 VDCW. Tantalum: 1 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | | and L215 | |
| Tantalum: 0.22 \(\text{pf } \frac{\pmax}{20\%, 35 \text{ VDCW}} \) | | L253 | 19A70202 |
| Tantalum: 2.2 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | | L254 | 19A70100 |
| Polyester: 0.1 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | | L255 and L256 | 19A70109 |
| Tantalum: 47 µf ±20%, 6.3 VDCW. | | L257 | 19A70123 |
| Polyester: 0.1 μf ±10%, 5.5 VDCW. | ١ | L259 | 19A70002 |
| Tantalum: 0.22 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | | L260 and L261 | 19A70109 |
| Metallized polyester: 0.47 μf ±10%, 63 VDCW. | | L262 | 19A70123 |
| Electrolytic: 470 µf +100-10%, 16 VDCW. | | L263 | 19A70100 |
| Polyester: 0.068 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. | l | L264 | 19B23313 |
| Electrolytic: 47 µf +100-10%, 16 VDCW. | | and L265 | |
| Electrolytic: 220 µf +100-10%, 25 VDCW. | | L351 | 19A13472 |
| Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCw. | | L352 | 19A13472 |
| | | L353 | |
| | | L354 and L355 | 19J70615 |
| | | | |

| | SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | SY |
|----------|---------------------|--------------|--|--------|
| | | | DIODES | LA |
| coef. | 2003 | 10470000001 | Silicon, fast recovery: 75 mA fwd current. | I.A |
| м | D201 | 19A700028P1 | | L |
| | D251 and D252 | 19A700028P1 | Silicon, fast recovery: 75 mA fwd current. | L |
| coef. | D501 and D502 | 19A700028P1 | Silicon, fast recovery: 75 mA fwd current. | L a |
| np coef. | D601 thru | 19A700028P1 | Silicon, fast recovery: 75 mA fwd current. | L L |
| coef. | D606 D607 | 19A134738P1 | Diode, optoelectronic: red; sim to Siemans | L |
| | D608 | 19A700028P1 | LD41/11. Silicon, fast recovery: 75 ma fwd current. | a L |
| | | | | L |
| | ,,,, | 10470199204 | JACKS AND RECEPTACLES Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 86444-1. | a L |
| coef. | J151 | 19A701883P4 | 1 | L |
| mp coef. | J351 | 19A701883P4 | Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 86444-1. | |
| mp coer. | | | RELAYS | |
| | K601 | 19A700061P1 | Hermetic sealed: 8-16.3 VDC operating, DPDT contact arrangement. | P |
| | | | INDUCTORS | P |
| | L201 | 19J706258P15 | Coil, RF: fixed | P |
| i | L202 | 19J706213P6 | Coil, RF: fixed | ' |
| | L203 | 19A700024P15 | Coil, RF: 1.5 µH, 100 VRMS operating. | |
| | L204 | 19J706213P6 | Coil, RF: fixed | |
| | and L205 | | | |
| | L206 | 19A702028P4 | Jumper. | 4 |
| | L207 and L208 | 19J706154P17 | Coil, RF: fixed, sim to Paul Smith SK802-1. | |
| | L209 | 19A702028P7 | Jumper. | |
| | L210 | 19A702028P4 | Jumper. | ' |
| | L211 | 19A702028P6 | Jumper. | |
| i | L212 | 19J706085P3 | Coil, choke: 0.031 µH ±5%, sim to Paul Smith LM-2. | ' |
| | L213 | 19J706085P7 | Coil, choke: 0.018 µH ±5%, sim to Paul Smith | |
| | | 10.000154017 | LM-2. Coil, RF: fixed, sim to Paul Smith SK802-1. | |
| | L214 and L215 | 19J706154P17 | Coll, RF: Tixed, Sim to Faul Smith Saco221. | |
| | L215 L253 | 19A702028P6 | Jumper. | |
| | L254 | 19A701006P5 | Strap. | 1 |
| | L255 and | 19A701091G1 | Coil, torridal: sim to Stackpole Carbon 88-31959. | |
| | L256 L257 | 19A701237P1 | Coil. | |
| | L259 | 19A700024P1 | Coil, RF: 100 nH, 100 VRMS operating. | 1 |
| | L260 and L261 | 19A701091G1 | Coil, torridal: sim to Stackpole Carbon 88-31959. | |
| DCW. | L262 | 19A701237P1 | Coil. | |
| | L263 | 19A701006P3 | Strap. | 1 |
| | L264 | 19B233135P1 | Coil. | |
| | and L265 | | | 1 |
| | L351 | 19A134727P8 | Coil. | |
| | L352 | 19A134727P7 | Coil. | |
| | L353 | | Part of printed board 19D900552Pl. | 1 |
| | L354 | 19J706154P2 | Coil, RF: fixed, sim to Paul Smith SK802-1. | |
| | and | | 1 | 1 |
| | L355 | i | | 1 |

| DESCRIPTION | SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|---|---------------------|--------------|--|
| Coil, RF: fixed, sim to Paul Smith SK802-1. | R213 | 19A700019P43 | Deposited carbon: 3.3K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| , | R214 | 19A700106P55 | Composition: 470 ohms $\pm 5\%$, $1/4$ w. |
| Coil. | R215 | 19A700019P21 | Deposited carbon: 47 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Part of printed board 19D900552P1. | R216 | 19A700106P43 | Composition: 150 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Coil, RF: fixed, sim to Paul Smith SK802-1. | R217 | 19A700019P42 | Deposited carbon: 2.7K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| | R218 | 19A700106P47 | Composition: 220 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Coil. | R219 | 19A700113P27 | Composition: 33 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w. |
| Part of printed board 19D900552P1. | R221 | 19A700019P49 | Deposited carbon: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Coil. | R251 | 19A700106P23 | Composition: 22 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Intermediate freq: 21.4 MHz ±3% res. freq. | R252 | 19A700113P25 | Composition: 27 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w. |
| Sim to TOKO, Inc KXM-K350lN. | R253 | 19A700106P51 | Composition: 330 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Intermediate freq: 455 KHz res, freq. Sim to | R254 | 19A700019P55 | Deposited carbon: 33K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| TOKO, Inc. RMC 45225-2NO. | R255 | 19A700106P15 | Composition: 10 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Reactor, audio freq: 75 MHz ±10%, sim to | R256 | 19A700113P15 | Composition: 10 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w. |
| Festinduktivetaten DR 270/5-GL. | R257 | 19A700106P15 | Composition: 10 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| | R258 | 19A700113P15 | Composition: 10 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w. |
| W-1-W-1-W-2-2022 | R259 | 19A700019P37 | Deposited carbon: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Printed wire: 3 contacts, sim to Molex 09-52-3032. | R260 | 19A700185P3 | Variable: 94 to 4700 ohms ±20%, 1/3 w. |
| Connector, printed wiring: 4 contacts; sim to Molex 09-52-3042. | R261 | 19A7U0019P47 | Deposited carbon: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Connector, printed wiring: 7 contacts; sim to | R262 | 19A700019P41 | Deposited carbon: 2.2K ohms ±5%,1/4 w. |
| Molex 09-52-3072 (Special). | R263 | 19A700019P33 | Deposited carbon: 470 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| TRANSISTORS | R264 | 19A700019P40 | Deposited carbon: 1.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, NPN. | R265 | 19A7U0019P29 | Deposited carbon: 220 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, NPN. | R266 | 19A700019P33 | Deposited carbon: 470 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, NPN. | R267 | 19A700019P40 | Deposited carbon: 1.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| | | | |
| Silicon, NPN. | R351 | 19A700019P13 | Deposited carbon: 10 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, NPN, sim to 2N3904. | R352 | 19A700019P37 | Deposited carbon: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N3904. | R353 | 19A700019P22 | Deposited carbon: 56 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, PNP. | R354 and R355 | 19A700019P13 | Deposited carbon: 10 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, NPN. | R401 | 19A700019P45 | Deposited carbon: 4.7K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, NPN. | R402 | 19A700019P37 | Deposited carbon: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, NPN, sim to Siemans PFR34A. | R403 | 19A700019P22 | Deposited carbon: 56 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| N Type, field effect. | and R404 | 1 | |
| N-Channel, field effect. | R405 | 19A700019P40 | Deposited carbon: 1.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, NPN, sim to 2N5210. | R406 | 19A700019P22 | Deposited carbon: 56 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| | R407 | 19A700019P25 | Deposited carbon: 100 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Silicon, PNP, sim to 2N5087. | R408 | 19A700019P20 | Deposited carbon: 39 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| , , | R501 | 19A700019P41 | Deposited carbon: 2.2K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| RESISTORS | R502 | 19A700019P54 | Deposited carbon: 27K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Deposited carbon: 10 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | and R503 | | |
| Deposited carbon: 470 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | R504 | 19A700019P31 | Deposited carbon: 330 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Deposited carbon: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | R505 | 19A700019P30 | Deposited carbon: 270 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Composition: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | R506 | 19A700019P48 | Deposited carbon: 8.2K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Composition: 3.3K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | R507 | 19A700019P47 | Deposited carbon: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Deposited carbon: 47 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | R508 | 19A700019P41 | Deposited carbon: 2.2K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Deposited carbon: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | and R509 | | |
| Composition: 2.7K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | R510 | 19A700019P50 | Deposited carbon: 12K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Deposited carbon: 33K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | R511 | 19A700019P35 | Deposited carbon: 680 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| Deposited carbon: 47 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | R512 | 19A700019P31 | Deposited carbon: 330 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. |
| 1 | and | 1 | 1 |

GE PART NO.

9J706154P2

19A138400G1

19B209728P5

19A134729P2

19A134747P3

19A134747P1

19A702322P1

19A700102P10

19Al16659P15

19A116659P83

19A702084P1

19A134670P1

19A701808P1

19A701940P1

19A134237P1

19A700023P1

19A700020P1

19A700054P1

J706514P1

19A134775P1

19J706038P1

19A700075P1

19A116774Pl

19A134749P1

19A700019P13

19A700019P33

19A700019P47

19A700106P63

19A700106P75

19A700019P21

19A700106P73

19A700019P55

19A700019P21

19A700106P47

19A700019P49

Composition: 220 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

SYMBOL | GE PART NO.

R515

R517

R518

R519

R520

R526

R604

R605

R60a

R609

R612

R614

R618

R619 and

R622

R623

R624

R625

R627

R628

R629

R630

R631

R632

R633

R634

R635

R636

19A700019P40

19A700019P50

9A700019P35

19A700019P47

19A700019P48

19A700019P40

19A700019P49

19A700185P5

19A700019P49

19A700019P43

19A700019P56

19A700019P6

19A700019P25

L9A700019P57

L9A700019P53

19A700019P31

19A700019P52

9A700019P49

19A700019P66

19A700185P4

19A700019P47

19A134732P2

19A700019P48

19A700019P26

19A700019P33

9A700019P36

19A700019P44

19A700019P57

19A700019P49

19A700019P68

19A700019P50

19A700019P54

19A700019P40

19A700019P31

19A700019P47

19A700019P58

19A700019P37

19A700019P38

19A700019P37

19A700019P38

19A700019P28

19A700019P27

19A700019P52

19A700019P48

19A134753P1

19A700019P1

19A700019P17

19A700019P1

| DESCRIPTION | ГЪ |
|---|----|
| Deposited carbon: 1.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | |

Deposited carbon: 12K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 680 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 8.2K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 1.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Variable: 440 to 25K ohms $\pm 20\%$, 1/3 w.

Deposited carbon: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 3.3K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 39K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 4.7 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 100 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 47K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 22K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 330 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Preposited carbon: 18K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 0.27M ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Variable: 200 to 10K ohms $\pm 20\%$, 1/3 w.

Deposited carbon: 6.8K ohms $\pm 5\%$, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 8.2K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 120 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 470 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 820 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 3.9K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 47K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 12K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 27K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 1.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 330 ohms $\pm 5\%$, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 56K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Variable: 47K ohms, .1 w.

Deposited carbon: 1 ohm ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 0.39M ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Thermistor: $470 \text{ ohms } \pm 20\%$; sim to Phillips 2322-642-11471.

LBI31072

Deposited carbon: 1.2K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. Deposited carbon: 1K ohms $\pm 5\%$, 1/4 w. Deposited carbon: 1.2K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. Deposited carbon: 180 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. Deposited carbon: 150 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. Deposited carbon: 18K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. Deposited carbon: 8.2K ohms ±5%, 1/4 w.

Deposited carbon: 22 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. Deposited carbon: 1 ohm ±5%, 1/4 w.

(Cont'd on Page 32

| LBI3 | 1 | 07 | 2 |
|------|---|----|---|
|------|---|----|---|

| SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--|--------|----------------------------|---|
| R638 | 19A700019P26 | Deposited carbon: 120 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | | | ASSOCIATED PARTS |
| R639 | 19A700019P22 | Deposited carbon: 56 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | | | ASSOCIATED TAKE |
| R640A | 19A700019P30 | Deposited carbon: 270 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | | | |
| R64 0B | 19A700019P25 | Deposited carbon: 100 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | Y501 | 19A702284G3 | Crystal, Quartz: 20945.000 kHz. (STANDARD). |
| R640C | 19A700019P21 | Deposited carbon: 47 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | | 19A702284G4 | Crystal, Quartz: 21855.000 kHz. (TWEET FREQ). |
| R64 0D | 19A700019P17 | Deposited carbon: 22 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | | | MISCELLANEOUS |
| R640E | 19A700019P11 | Deposited carbon: 6.8 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | | 19A700036P508 | Screw, thread forming: No. M3.56 x 8. |
| R641 | 19A700019P35 | Deposited carbon: 680 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | | | (Secures Al). |
| R642 | 19A700018P1 | Deposited carbon: 1 ohms ±5%, 350 VDCW, 1/3 w. | | 19A130465P1 | Spacer. (Used with Q252). |
| R643 | 19A700019P25 | Deposited carbon: 100 ohms ±5%, 1/4 w. | | 5492178P2 | washer, spring tension. (Used with Q252). |
| | | | | 7142162P137 | Nut, spacer. 8-32. (Used with Q252). |
| S601 | 19B800563P3 | Push: DPDT, contacts rated 15 mA at 130 VAC; sim to IEE/SCHADOW 51203. | | 19A138451P1 19A701886P1 | Tuning slug. (Used with L207, L208, L214, L215, L354, L355, L401, L402, L405 - L407). Spring. (Used with L207, L208, L214, L215, |
| S602 | 19B8005d3P1 | Push: DPDT, contacts rated at 15 mA at 130 VAC; sim to IEEE/SCHADOW 51281. | | 19B232901P1 | L354, L355, L401, L402, L405 - L407.) Support. (U601, U602, U257). |
| | | TEST POINTS | | 19A700068P1 | Insulator, bushing. (Used with U602 & U257). |
| TP201 | 19A700152P1 | Contact, electrical. | | 19A700115P3 | Insulator, plate. (Used with U602 & U257). |
| thru TP203 | 1500,0010201 | 000.000, 0100.0110 | | 19A700069P1 | Can. (Used with L351 & L352). |
| TP251 | 19A700152P1 | Contact, electrical. | | 19A138274P1 | Insulator. (Used with L351 & L352). |
| TP351 | 19A700152P1 | Contact, electrical. | | NP280878P1 | Nameplate. (POWER). |
| TP401 | 19A700152P1 | Contact, electrical. | | NP280878P13 | Nameplate. (MONITOR). |
| TP501 | 19A700152P1 | Contact, electrical. | | 19C328587P1 | Pushbutton. (Used with S601 & S602). |
| | | · | | 19A134753P5 | Machine screw. (Used with R634). |
| | | INTEGRATED CIRCUITS | | 19J706076P1 | Washer, spring. (Used with Ro34). |
| U501 | 19A134759P1 | Linear. (DUAL DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER). | | 19A134753P2 | Washer. (Used with R634). |
| U502 | 19A134766P1 | Linear. (IF AMPLIFIER & DETECTOR). | | 19D429826P1 | Knob. (Used with R634). |
| | | | | 19A701743P1 | Pad. (Used with R634). |
| | | | | 19A700114P1 | Terminal, stud. (Used with C277-C279). |
| U601 | 19A701830P1 | Linear. (AUDIO AMPLIFIER). | | 19A701332P4 | Disk. (Used with Q251). |
| U602 | 19A138414G1 | Regulator. 8.5 v. | | 19A701887P1 | Heat sink. (Q251). |
| | | | | 19A701900P2 | Clip, compression. (Used with Q251). |
| w201 thru | | Part of printed board 19D900552P1 | | | |
| w207 w251 thru | | Part of printed board 19D900552P1. | | | |
| W255 W257 and | | Part of printed board 19D900552P1. | | | |
| W258 | | | | | |
| W401 | | Part of printed board 19D900552P1. | | | |
| W601 | | Part of printed board 19D900552P1. | | | |
| | | SOCKETS | | | |
| X501 | | Connector, Includes: | | | |
| | 19A13480dP1 | Jack. | | | |
| | 19B232322P1 | Spring. | | | |
| Z 501 | 19a134797P2 | Bandpass. 21.4 Ref. Freq. 20 kHz channel spacing. | | | |
| 4 502 | 19A702171P1 | sim to TOYO 21J3E5. Bandpass. 455 kHz ±1.5, sim to Murata CFU455D2. | | | |
| | | TRANSISTORS | 1 | | 1 |
| 0252 | 19A134164P2 | Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N5945. | | | |
| Q252 Q253 | 19A134164P2 19A134239P3 | Silicon, NPN. | | | |
| Q 255 | 19819423973 | | | | |
| w256 | 19A701093P1 | Strap. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| i | | | 1 | | |

PARTS LIST

ASSOCIATED PARTS AND ASSEMBLIES

ISSUE 2

Y151

Y301

19B233066G1

19B233066G2

19A702284G1

19A702284G3

2nd Oscillator Crystal. 10,245.000 kHz. (HB Std).

2nd Oscillator Crystal. 11,155.000 kHz. (HB Tweet Freq).

2nd Oscillator Crystal. 20,945.000 kHz. (UHF Std).

2nd Oscillator Crystal. 21,855.000 kHz. (UHF Tweet Freq).

PARTS LIST

ASSOCIATED ASSEMBLIES (LBI-31072) ISSUE 2

SPEAKER (PEBBLE) 19C320302G1 ISSUE 2

GE PART NO.

19A116910P1

19A129414G1

19B227593G2

19B219692G2

N187P16010C6

N402P39C6

N130P160110C6

19A116986P108

MIKE HANGER/HOOKSWITCH 19C320318G3 ISSUE 1

PARTS LIST

PARTS LIST

TRANSISTORIZED MICROPHONE 19B209670P1 ISSUE 2

SYMBOL GE PART NO.

| SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | SYM | MBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | SYMBO | DL |
|--------|---------------|--|------|------|----------------|---|-------|----------|
| | 19D900123P2 | Bottom cover. | | | | | | |
| | 19A701530G2 | Shield casting Tx/Rx. | | | | MICROPHONES | | |
| | 19D900129P2 | Front cap. | | | 19C850857P2 | Niconshauer Dheeniy Dunamia with Floringt | LS2 | 1 |
| | 19D900621P1 | Faceplate. (GENERAL ELECTRIC - Standard). | | | 19083083722 | Microphone: Phoenix Dynamic, with Electret cartridge EM-96, supplied with hang up bracket and screws. Connector consists of 19A116659P20 shell and (4) 19A116781P6 contacts. | | |
| | | TOP COVER AND SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 19C850864G1 | | | | STANDARD MOUNTING HARDWARE KIT 19A138051G5 BLACK 19A138051G6 PEBBLE | W1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | 19A138051G8 DESK TOP SUCTION TYPE | | |
| B901 | 19B800867P1 | Permanent magnet: 290 ±45 Hz Resonant freq, 3 w. | | | 19A134653P4008 | Bolt, machine, hex: Metric, 8MM. (Secures radio to mounting bracket). | | 1 |
| | | | 1 | İ | 19A700032P7 | Lockwasher, internal tooth: No. M2.2 (Metric) | | 1 |
| P904 | | Connector, Includes: | 1 | | | (Secures radio to mounting bracket). | | 1 |
| P304 | 19A700041P28 | Shell. | | | 19J706152P9 | Retaining strap: sim to Dennison BAR-LOK 08471. (Secures power leads under dash). | | |
| | 19A700041P26 | Contact, electrical. (Quantity 2). | | | N130P1610C6 | Screw, thread forming: No. 10-16 x 5/8. (Secures mounting bracket to mounting surface with thin mounting surface). | |] |
| | | MISCELLANEOUS | | | N130P1624C6 | Screw, thread forming: No. 10-16 x 1-1/2. | | - [, |
| | 19A702403P1 | Screen. (Used with B901 speaker). | | | | (Secures mounting bracket to mounting surface when thick carpet is on mounting surface). | | - 1 |
| | N84P13006C6 | Machine screw: Phillips head, No 6-32 x 3/8. (Secures B901 speaker). | | | 5490407P6 | Rubber grommet. (Located in fire wall). | | 1 |
| | | (300111 2001 57511117) | | | 19C850638P2 | Mounting bracket. Black | | , |
| | | HARDWARE KIT | | | 19C850638P3 | Mounting bracket. Pebble | | |
| | | 19A701522G4 | | | 19A702241G1 | Mounting bracket, desk top, suction type. | | - 1 |
| | | JACKS AND RECEPTACLES | | | | POWER CABLE | *COMP | ONE |
| J601B | 19A700067P2 | Receptacle: Coax., sim to Amphenal 83-876-1002. | | | | 19B232925G2 | | |
| | | MISCELLANEOUS | P910 | .0 | 19A116659P143 | Connector, printed wiring; sim to Molex 09-05-3111. | | |
| | 19A70003&P520 | Tap screw. M 3.5 x 0.6 x 20. (Secures Tx Rx shield). | | | | MISCELLANEOUS | | |
| | 19A700031P410 | Machine screw. M3 x 0.5 x 10. (Secures J601 and covers at rear). | | | 19A137818G3 | Lead, black. (Includes 19Al16781P5 contact). | | |
| | 19A700036P508 | Tap screw. M 3.5 x 0.6 x 8. (Secures Interconnect/Oscillator/Channel Guard Board). | | | | FUSED LEAD ASSEMBLY 19A137818G9 10 AMP 19A137818G10 2 AMP | | |
| | 19A700032P5 | Lockwasher. M 3. (Secures J601). | | | 19A116781P5 | Contact, electrical: wire range No. 18-24 AWG; | | Т |
| | 19B232859P1 | Bushing. (Used with LED's on faceplate). | | | | sim to Molex 08-50-0106. (Hung in wiring on red & yellow wires). | SYMB | OL |
| | 19A701744P1 | Pad. (Located behind volume switch). | | | 19A115776P3 | Contact, electric: sim to Littelfuse 904-88. | | \dashv |
| | 19B800719P1 | Dust Pad. (Located at J910 and J911). | l I | | | (Located in fuseholder - Quantity 2). | | |
| | 19A702388P1 | Block, Threaded. (Located behind J601). | | | 7484390P1 | Fuse cartridge, 10 amp. | LS2 | |
| | | | | | 1R16P5 | Fuse cartridge, 2 amp. Fuseholder: sim to Bussman 9835. (Mates with | | |
| | | NOTE: When reordering, give GE part number and specify exact operating frequency needed. | | | 19A115776P6 | 19A115776P5 knob). | | |
| | | specify exact operating frequency needed. | l | | 19A115776P7 | Spring: sim to Bussman 1A1853. (Used with | | - 1 |

| | | | | | 1 | | i |
|------|----|--------|---------------|--|--------|----------------------------|---|
| | | SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | |
| - | | LS2 | 19A116910P1 | Permanent magnet: 5 inch, 3.2 ohms ±15% imp, 5 w max operating; sim to Pioneer 002009. | S6 | 19A134398P1 | |
| | | Wl | 19A129414G1 | 2 conductor cable: approx 5 feet long, includes (2) 19All678IP5 contacts. | W1 | 19A129414G1 | |
| | | | | | S1 | 19B209261P18 | |
| io | | | 19B219692G4 | Grille. | | 19B219694P1 | |
| | | | 19B227593G4 | Housing. | | 19B219698G4 | |
| | | | 19C320016P3 | Mounting bracket. (Located between housing & retaining bracket). | | 19B219693P2 | |
| ne s | | | 19A116986P108 | Tap screw, with lockwasher: No. 7-19 x 1/2. (Secures speaker to housing). | | 19A116768P6 N193P1410C6 | |
| es | | | 19A116986P112 | Tap screw, with lockwasher: No. 7-19 x 3/4. (Secures grille to housing). | | 19A134398P101 | |
| | | | N187P16010C6 | Screw, hexhead, slotted: No. 10-32 x 5/8. (Quantity 2- Secures mounting bracket to housing). | | 194134398P101 | |
| | | | N403P19C6 | Lockwasher, external tooth: No. 10. (Quantity 2- Secures mounting bracket to housing). | | | |
| | | | N4 02P39C6 | Flatwasher: No. 10. (Quantity 2- Secures mount- ing bracket to housing). | | | i |
| | | | N130P1610C6 | Tap screw, thd. forming: No. 10-16 x 5/8. (Secures mounting bracket to mounting surface). | | | ı |
| | Ι' | 4 | | | 1 | | |

PARTS LIST

*COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANG

PARTS LIST

DESCRIPTION

Permanent magnet: 5 inch, 3.2 ohms $\pm 15\%$ imp, 5 w max operating; sim to Pioneer 002009.

2 conductor cable: approx 5 feet long, includes (2) 19All6781P3 contacts.

----- MISCELLANEOUS -----

Mounting bracket. (Mounts speaker to mounting surface).

Lockwasher, external tooth: No. 10. (Secures speaker to mounting bracket).

Flatwasher: No. 10. (Secures speaker to mounting bracket).

Tap screw, with lockwasher: No. 7-19 x 1/2. (Secures speaker to grille).

Tap screw, with lockwasher: No. 7-19 x 3/4. (Secures housing to grille).

Machine screw: No. $10-32 \times 5/8$. (Secures speaker to mounting bracket).

----- LOUDSPEAKERS -----

| | SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|--------|---------------|---|
| | | | |
| 5 w | S6 | 19A134398P1 | Push: sim to Chicago Switch S-1527-1. |
| | | | |
| les | Wl | 19A129414G1 | Cable: approx 5 feet. Includes (2) contacts 19All6781P5. |
| | | | MISCELLANEOUS |
| | S1 | 19B209261P18 | Switch, slide: 1 pole, 2 positions, 0.5 amp VDC or 3 amp VAC at 125 v; sim to Switchcraft 46202LH. |
| | | 19B219694P1 | Base plate. |
| | | 19B219698G4 | Housing. |
| - 1 | | 19B219693P2 | Spring. |
| | | 19A116768P6 | Strain relief. (Wl). |
| | | N193P1410C6 | Tap screw, phillip head: No. 8-18 x 5/8. (Secures assembly to mounting surface). |
| | | 19A134398P101 | Plate. (Located on S6). |
| ing). | | | |
| ty 2- | | | ASSOCIATED PARTS |
| int- | | | MIKE KIT 7141414G2 |
| . | | | |
| IGES | | | |
| | | 4031457P1 | Support. |
| | | 4031458P1 | Spring. |
| | | N193P1408C6 | Tap screw, phillip head: No. 8-18 x 1/2. |
| | | 19A116773P105 | Tap screw, Phillips POZIDRIV®: No. 7-19 x 5/16. |
| | Į į | ļ l | |

*COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES

PARTS LIST

ISSUE 2

| SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|--------|-------------|--|
| | | Whip assembly. Decibel Products 068110-001. Whip nut assembly. Decibel Products 068047-001. Base nut assembly. Decibel Products 068048-001. "O" Ring (LARGE). Decibel Products 007059-122. Stud assembly. Decibel Products 068046-001. RG58/U Cable, 15 feet. Decibel Products 068115-00 |

Tap screw, thread forming: No. $10-16 \times 5/8$. (Secures mounting bracket to mounting surface). *COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES.

| 19A116ö59P20 connector shell). Paceplate. (GENERAL ELECTRIC). 4033271G1 Strain relief. (Located on cable 10 inches from connector). MP101 Case, front & back with push to talk switch. MP102 Cartridge, with leads. | | 19A116659P20 | Cable connector shell; sim to Molex 09-50-3081. |
|---|-----------------|--------------|---|
| 4033271G1 Strain relief. (Located on cable 10 inches from connector). MP101 Case, front & back with push to talk switch. MP102 Cartridge, with leads. | err - maybe des | 19A116781P6 | sim to Molex 08-50-0107. (Quantity 4- Used with |
| connector). MP101 Case, front & back with push to talk switch. MP102 Cartridge, with leads. | 1000 | NP280575 | Faceplate. (GENERAL ELECTRIC). |
| MP102 Cartridge, with leads. | cas social de | 4033271G1 | Strain relief. (Located on cable 10 inches from connector). |
| ĵ . | | MP101 | Case, front & back with push to talk switch. |
| MD102 Coble accombly | 1 | MP102 | Cartridge, with leads. |
| mp103 Cable assembly. | engy waite | MP103 | Cable assembly. |
| | | | |

DESCRIPTION

*COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES

PARTS LIST

RUGGEDIZED MICROPHONE 19B233577P2 ISSUE 1

| SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|--|-------------|--|
| 1000 | RP117 | Cartridge. |
| 1 | RP128 | Switch. |
| a contract of | RP277 | Switch button, Pebble. |
| | RP275 | Case set, Pebble. |
| Total Vision | kP263 | Cable assembly. (Includes connector shell 19All6659P20 ∝ 4 contacts 19All6781P6). |
| de de la constituente de la cons | RP276 | Chassis assembly, inner module. |
| i de | <u> </u> | \ |
| - Managara | | |

*COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES

PRODUCTION CHANGES

Changes in the equipment to improve performance or to simplify circuits are identified by a "Revision Letter," which is stamped after the model number of the unit. The revision stamped on the unit includes all previous revisions. Refer to the Parts List for descriptions of parts affected by these revisions.

- REV. A Tx/Rx Board 19D900553G1
- Incorporated in initial shipment.
- REV. B Tx/Rx Board 19D900553G1

To reduce alternator whine. Removed C616. C616 was: 19A700234P12; polyester 0.068 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW.

19A115776P5

Spring: sim to Bussman 9953 1/2. (Used with

*COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES *COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES *COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES

PARTS LIST

INTERCONNECT/OSCILLATOR/CHANNEL GUARD BOARD
19D900556G2 150-174 MHz, 1 TX/1 RX W CHAN GD - REV B
19D900556G8 450-470 MHz, 2 TX/1 RX W CHAN GD - REV D
1SSUE 2

| Citi | | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|--|---------------------|---------------|--|
| 194702039P12 Polyester: 0.068 pf ±5%, 30 VDCW. 194701534P6 | | | |
| 19A701534P4 Tantalum: 1 \(\text{ \mu} \) \(\text{ \text{ Tantalum} \) \(\text{ \text{ 1} \text{ \text{ 20}} \text{ 35 VDCW} \) \(\text{ 19A701534P6} \) \(\text{ Tantalum} \) \(\text{ 0.47 \text{ \mu} \) \(\text{ 20} \text{ \text{ 35 VDCW}} \) \(\text{ 19A701534P8} \) \(\text{ Tantalum} \) \(\text{ 0.47 \text{ \mu} \) \(\text{ 20} \text{ \text{ 50 VDCW}} \) \(\text{ 19A701534P8} \) \(\text{ Tantalum} \) \(\text{ 0.47 \text{ \mu} \) \(\text{ 20} \text{ \text{ 50 VDCW}} \) \(\text{ 19A702059P1} \) \(\text{ 19A702059P6} \) \(\text{ Polyester: } \) \(\text{ 6800 pf } \) \(\text{ 15%, 50 VDCW} \) \(\text{ 19A70233P5} \) \(\text{ 19A70233P6} \) \(\text{ 19A701534P8} \) \(\text{ 1antalum: } \) \(\text{ 0.47 \text{ \mu} \) \(\text{ 120%, 16 VDCW} \) \\ \(\text{ 19A701534P8} \) \(\text{ 1antalum: } \) \(\text{ 247 \text{ \mu} \) \(\text{ 120%, 50 VDCW} \) \(\text{ 19A70233P5} \) \(\text{ 19A70233P5} \) \(\text{ 19A70233P5} \) \(\text{ 19A70233P5} \) \(\text{ 19A70233P7} \) \(\text{ 180 pf } \text{ \frac{15\%}{25}, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef.} \) \(\text{ 19A700233P7} \) \(19A70023 | C101 | 19A700234P9 | Polyester: 0.022 μf ±10%, 50 VDCW. |
| 19A701534P6 | C102 | 19A702059P12 | Polyester: 0.068 μf ±5%, 50 VDCW. |
| C105 194700235P13 Ceramic: 10 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 194701534P8 Tantalum: 22 µf ±20%, 16 VDCW. 194702059P1 Polyester: 0.047 µf ±5%, 50 VDCW. 194702059P6 Polyester: 1000 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. 194702059P1 Polyester: 1000 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. 19470233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf, ±20%, 55 VDCW. 194701534P8 Tantalum: 22 µf ±20%, 16 VDCW. 194701534P8 Tantalum: 22 µf ±20%, 16 VDCW. 194700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 194704235P3 Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/*C temp coef. 194704235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. 194704235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 194704235P3 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 194704235P3 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 194704235P3 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 194704233P5 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 194704233P7 Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. 194704233P7 Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. 194704233P7 Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. 194704233P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. 194704233P3 Ceramic | C103 | 19A701534P4 | Tantalum: 1 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| 19A701534P8 | C104 | 19A701534P6 | Tantalum: 0.47 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| 19A702059P11 | C105 | 19A700235P13 | Ceramic: 10 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. |
| 19A701534P6 | C106 | 19A701534P8 | Tantalum: 22 μf ±20%, 16 VDCW. |
| 19A70259P6 Polyester: 6800 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. | C107 | 19A702059P11 | Polyester: 0.047 μf ±5%, 50 VDCW. |
| 19A700239P1 Polyester: 1000 pf ±3%, 50 vDCW. | C108 | 19A701534P6 | Tantalum: 0.47 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| Cill 19A701534P6 | C109 | 19A702059P6 | Polyester: 6800 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. |
| CC112 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf, ±20%, 50 VDCW. CC151 19A701534P8 Tantalum: 22 µf ±20%, 16 VDCW. CC152 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC153 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/*C temp coef. CC154 19A701624P714 Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/*C temp coef. CC155 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC156 19A700235P2 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. CC161 19A700235P2 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. CC162 19A700235P5 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. CC163 19A700235P5 Ceramic: 2.2 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW. CC164 19A700235P6 Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. CC165 19A700235P5 Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. CC166 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. CC167 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. CC168 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. CC169 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. CC169 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. CC169 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDC | C110 | 19A702059P1 | Polyester: 1000 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. |
| 19A701534P8 | 2111 | 19A701534P6 | Tantalum: 0.47 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| C151 19A701534P8 Tantalum: 22 μf ±20%, 16 VDCW. C152 and c153 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. c155 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. c157 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. c156 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. c161 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. c162 19A70023P5 Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. C163 19A70023SP5 Ceramic: 2.2 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. c164 19A70023SP6 Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. C165 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 2.2 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW. C166 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. C167 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. C168 19A70023P7 Polyester: 0.01 μf ±10%, 50 VDCW. C169 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. C169 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. C160 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. C161 19A70023P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. C162 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C163 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C169 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C170 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. C180 19A70023P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. | 2112 | 19A700233P5 | Ceramic: 470 pf, ±20%, 50 VDCW. |
| Colisa and | 2113 | 19A701534P8 | Tantalum: 22 µf ±20%, 16 VDCW. |
| Coramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/°C temp coef. Coeramic: 68 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. | 2151 | 19A701534P8 | Tantalum: 22 µf ±20%, 16 VDCW. |
| 19A701624P714 | and | 19A700235P28 | Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. |
| coef. 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, ~750 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 2.2 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, ~150 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700234P7 Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 1000 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 1000 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, ~750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 68 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, ~750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, ~750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, ~750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, ~750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, ~750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, ~750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, ~750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, ~750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, ~1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | and | 19A701624P714 | |
| 2169 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 19A700235P5 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2162 19A700235P5 Ceramic: 2.2 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2163 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2164 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2165 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2166 19A701534P6 Tantalum: 4.7 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. 2167 19A700234P7 Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. 2168 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2169 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 2302 19A701624P714 Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/°C temp coef. 2303 19A700227P59 Ceramic: 68 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. 2304 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 2305 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 2306 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 2307 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 1.5 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 2308 19A700235P18 Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 2309 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2310 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | and 2157 2158 | | coef. |
| Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 2.2 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/°C temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | ind :159 | | • |
| Ceramic: 2.2 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P6 | | | , |
| 19A700233P6 | | | Ceramic: 2.2 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM |
| Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 4.7 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/°C temp coef. Ceramic: 68 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 1.5 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | 11.60 | 10470000000 | |
| Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700234P7 Polyester: 0.01 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2301 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 2302 19A701624P714 Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/*C temp coef. 2303 19A700227P59 Ceramic: 68 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. 2304 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 2305 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 2306 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 2307 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2308 19A700235P18 Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 2309 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | | | •, |
| Tantalum: 4.7 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. 19A700234P7 Polyester: 0.01 μf ±10%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 19A701624P714 Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/°C temp coef. 2303 19A700227P59 Ceramic: 68 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. 2304 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 2305 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 2306 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2307 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 2308 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 2309 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | | | "• |
| 19A700234P7 Polyester: 0.01 μf ±10%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 19A701624P714 Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/°C temp coef. 2303 19A700227P59 Ceramic: 68 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. 2304 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 2305 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 2306 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 1.5 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 2308 19A700235P18 Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 2309 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | | | - · · · · · |
| Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 19A701624P714 Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/°C temp coef. 19A700227P59 Ceramic: 68 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 1.5 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 19A700235P18 Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | | | · |
| 19A700235P28 | | | • |
| 19A701624P714 Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/°C temp coef. 19A700227P59 Ceramic: 68 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 1.5 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 19A700235P18 Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | | | • • |
| 19A700227P59 Ceramic: 68 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, -1500 PPM temp coef. 19A700235P28 Ceramic: 180 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 1.5 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 19A700235P18 Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | | | Ceramic: 2 pf ±0.5 pf, 500 VDCW, 0 PPM/°C temp |
| 19A700233P7 Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 1.5 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 308 19A700235P18 Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 309 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | 303 | 19A700227P59 | |
| Ind 1306 19A700235P3 Ceramic: 1.5 pf ±.25 pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 19A700235P18 Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. 19A700233P6 Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | 304 | 19A700235P28 | Ceramic: 180 pf $\pm 5\%$, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef. |
| coef. 19A700235P18 | nd | 19A700233P7 | Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. |
| 19A700233P6 | 307 | 19A700235P3 | |
| 310 19A700233P5 Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. | 308 | 19A700235P18 | Ceramic: 28 pf ±5% pf, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef |
| | 309 | 19A700233P6 | Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. |
| 311 19A701534P6 Tantalum: 0.47 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. | 310 | 19A700233P5 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. |
| | 311 | 19A701534P6 | Tantalum: 0.47 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |

| L | SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|---|------------------------|--------------|--|
| | C901 | 19a134730P2 | Electrolytic: 220 µf, -10 +100%, 25 VDCW. |
| | C902 | 19A701534P7 | Tantalum: 10µf ±20%, 16 VDCW. |
| | C903 | 19A700233P6 | Ceramic: 680 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. |
| | C904 | 19A701534P8 | Tantalum: 22 µf ±20%, 16 VDCW. |
| | C905 | 19A700234P9 | Polyester: 0.022 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW. |
| | C1001 | 19A701534P8 | Tantalum: 22 µf ±20%, 16 VDCW. |
| | C1002 | 19A700233P5 | Ceramic: 470 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. |
| | and C1003 | | overalle, the property of vaca. |
| | C1004 | 19A701534P3 | Tantalum: 0.47 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| | C1005 thru C1007 | 19A700235P18 | Ceramic: 28 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. |
| | C1008 | 19A700233P2 | Ceramic: 1000 pf ±20%, 50 VDCW. |
| | C1009 | 19A700235P18 | Ceramic: 28 pf ±5%, 50 VDCw, -150 PPM temp coef. |
| | C1010 | 19A701534P4 | Tantalum: 1 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| | C1011 | 19A701534P15 | Tantalum: 3.3 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| | C1012 | 19A701534P3 | Tantalum: 0.47 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| | C1013 | 19A701534P4 | Tantalum: 1 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| | C1014 | 19A701534P15 | Tantalum: 3.3 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| | and C1015 | | 2000, 00 10011. |
| | C1016 | 19A700235P26 | Ceramic: 120 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -750 PPM temp coef |
| | C1017 | 19A700235P18 | Ceramic: 28 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. |
| | C1018 | 19A701534P15 | Tantalum: 3.3 µf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| | C1019 | 19A701534P5 | Tantalum: 2.2 μf ±20%, 35 VDCW. |
| | C1020 | 19A702059P12 | Polyester: 0.068 µf ±5%, 50 VDCW. |
| | C1021 | 19A701534P2 | Tantalum: 0.22 μf ±20%, 35 VDCw. |
| | C1022 and C1023 | 19A701594P1 | Polyester: 0.033 μf ±2%, 100 VDCW. |
| | C1024 | 19A701594P2 | Polyester: 0.068 μ f $\pm 2\%$, 100 VDCW. |
| | C1025 and C1026 | 19A702059P10 | Polyester: 0.04 µf ±5%, 50 VDCW. |
| | C1027 thru C1031 | 19A700235P18 | Ceramic: 28 pf ±5%, 50 VDCW, -150 PPM temp coef. |
| | | | DIODES AND RECTIFIERS |
| | D101 and D102 | 19A702015P1 | Silicon. Sim to IN458A. |
| | D151 | 19A700028P1 | Silicon, fast recovery: 75 mA fwd. current. |
| | D152 and D153 | 19J706262P1 | Silicon. Sim to BB117 |
| | D301 | 19J706262P1 | Silicon. Sim to BB117. |
| | D901 | 19A700082P1 | Rectifier, silicon. |
| | D902 | 19J706100P1 | Rectifier, silicon. Sim to IN4001. |
| | D903 | 19A700028P1 | Silicon, fast recovery: 75 mA fwd. current. |
| | D904 | 19J706135P4 | Optoelectronic: Green, sim to Hewlett Packard |
| | D1001 | 19A700028P1 | 5082-4955. Silicon, fast recovery: 75 mA fwd. current. |
| | D1001 D1002 | 4036887P5 | Silicon, zener: 500 mW, 5.4 nom. |
| | D1002 | 19A700028P1 | |
| | | 20A1 00020F1 | Silicon, fast recovery: 75 mA fwd. current. |
| | J901 | 19A134734P1 | Connector, 4 contacts: sim to Molex A 2461(09-67-1042). |
| | J903 | 19A134735P1 | Connector, 7 contacts; sim to Molex A02461 (09-67-1072). |

| SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| J904 | 19A700072P132 | Printed wire; 2 contacts; sim to Molex 22-05-302] |
| J910 | 19A116659P151 | Printed wire: 11 contacts; sim to Molex 09-75-111 |
| J911 | 19A116659P145 | Printed wire: 8 contacts; sim to Molex 09-75-1081 |
| | | |
| L151A | 19J706029P1 | Coil, RF: Variable. |
| L151B | 19J706029P4 | Coil, RF: Variable. |
| L152B | 19J706029P4 | Coil, RF: Variable. |
| L153 and L154 | 19A700024P15 | Coil, RF: 1.5 µH, 100 VRMS operating. |
| L155 | 19A700024P13 | Coil, RF: 1.0 µH, 100 VRMS operating. |
| L156 | 19A700024P25 | Coil, RF: 10 µH, 100 VRMS operating. |
| L301 | 19J706029P4 | Coil, RF: Variable. |
| L302 | 19A700024P25 | Coil, RF: 10 µH, 100 VRMS operating. |
| L901 | 19A700024P14 | Coil, RF: 1.2 µH, 100 VRMS operating. |
| | | |
| P151 | 19A701785P3 | Contact, electrical. |
| P301 | 19A701785P3 | Contact, electrical. |
| P907 | 19A700102P10 | Printed wire: 3 contacts, sim to Molex 09-52-3032 |
| | | TRANSISTORS |
| Q151 thru Q153 | 19A701351P1 | Silicon; NPN. |
| Q154 | 19A700023P1 | Silicon: NPN, sim to 2N3904. |
| Q301 | 19A701351P1 | Silicon: NPN. |
| Q302 | - | |
| Q901 | 19A116774P1 | Silicon: NPN, sim to 2N5210. |
| Q1001 and Q1002 | 19A700022P1 | Silicon: PNP, sim to 2N3906 |
| Q1003 | 19A700023P1 | Silicon: NPN, sim to 2N3904. |
| Q1004 | 19A700022P1 | Silicon: PNP, sim to 2N3906. |
| Q1005 and Q1006 | 19A700023P1 | Silicon: NPN, sim to 2N3904. |
| R101 | 1947013500303 | Motel film, 10 FK obre +1% 250 MDCW 1/4 m |
| R101 | 19A701250P303 19A700019P54 | Metal film: 10.5K ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. Deposited Carbon: 27K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R103 | 19A700019P19 | Deposited Carbon: 33 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R104 | 19A143400P38 | Deposited Carbon: 1.3K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R105 | 19A700019P53 | Deposited Carbon: 1.3k ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R106 | 19A143400P57 | Deposited Carbon: 22k onms 15%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R107 | 19A700019P31 | Deposited Carbon: 330 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R107 | 19A700019P31 | Deposited Carbon: 350 onms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R109 | 19A701250P303 | Metal film: 10.5K ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R110 and R111 | 19A701250P278 | Metal film: 6340 ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R112 | 19A701250P330 | Metal film: 20.0K ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R113 | 19A701250P310 | Metal film: 12.4K ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R114 | 19A701250P310 | Metal film: 32.4K ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R115 | 19A701230F330 | Deposited Carbon: 2.2K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R116A | 19A700019P41 | Deposited Carbon: 2.2k ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. Deposited Carbon: 3.9k ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R116B | 19A700019P44 19A700019P39 | Deposited Carbon: 3.9K onms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
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LBI31072

| SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------|---------------|---|--------------|---------------|--|
| R117A | 19A700019P35 | Deposited Carbon: 680 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1008 | 19A700019P61 | Deposited Carbon: 0.1M ohms ±5%, 250 VDCw, 1/4 w |
| R117B | 19A700019P43 | Deposited Carbon: 3.3K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4.w. | R1009 | 19A700019P42 | Deposited Carbon: 2.7K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w |
| R151 | 19A700019P47 | Deposited Carbon: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1010 | 19A700185P4 | Variable: 200 ohms to 10K ohms ±20%, 500 VDCW, 1/3 w. |
| R152 | 19A701828P1 | Thermistor: 3300 ohms ±5%. | R1011 | 19A700019P59 | Deposited Carbon: 68K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R153 | 19A700019P47 | Deposited Carbon: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1012 | 19A700019P49 | Deposited Carbon: 10K olims ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R154 | 19A700019P51 | Deposited Carbon: 15K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1013 | 19A700019P51 | Deposited Carbon: 15K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R155 and | 19A700185P4 | Variable: 200 ohms to 10K ohms ±20%, 500 VDCW, 1/3 w. | R1014 | 19A701250P321 | Metal film: 16.2K ohms ±1%, 250 VDCw, 1/4 w. |
| R156 | | | R1015 | 19A701250P322 | Metal film: 16.5K ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R157 and | 19A700106P49 | Composition: 270 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1016 | 19A701250P305 | Metal film: llK ohms $\pm 1\%$, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R158 | | | R1017 | 19A701250P284 | Metal film: 7320 ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R159 and | 19A700019P57 | Deposited Carbon: 47K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1018 | 19A701250P317 | Metal film: 14.7K ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R160 | | 2 OF 1 - 150 OF 1/A W | R1019 | 19A701250P151 | Metal film: 332 ohms $\pm 1\%$, 250 VDCW, $1/4$ w. |
| R161 and | 19A700106P83 | Composition: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1020 | 19A701250P309 | Metal film: 12.1K ohms 11%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R162 | 10.50010505 | Grandstation, 9 of Oline 150 250 VDCW 1/4 W | R1021 | 19A701250P289 | Metal film: 8250 ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R163 and | 19A700106P85 | Composition: 8.2K OHMS ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1022 | 19A700019P56 | Deposited Carbon: 39K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R164 | | 250 MDCM 1/4 W | R1023 | 19A700019P57 | Deposited Carbon: 47K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R165 and | 19A700106P49 | Composition: 270 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1024 | 19A700019P53 | Deposited Carbon: 22K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R166 | | - 100 share 15% 050 MDOW 1/4 w | R1025 | 19A700019P61 | Deposited Carbon: 0.1M ohm ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R167 | 19A7Ö0019P25 | Deposited Carbon: 100 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1026 | 19A700019P49 | Deposited Carbon: 10K oums ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R168 | 19A700019P30 | Deposited Carbon: 270 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1027 | 19A700019P53 | Deposited Carbon: 22K oums ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R169 | 19A700019P43 | Deposited Carbon: 3.3K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1028 | 19A700019P49 | Deposited Carbon: 10K olums ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R170 | 19A700019P47 | Deposited Carbon: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1029 | 19A700019P58 | Deposited Carbon: 56K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R171 | 19A700106P29 | Composition: 39 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1030 | 19A700019P53 | Deposited Carbon: 22K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. |
| R172 | 19A700019P49 | Deposited Carbon: 10K ohms ±5% VDCW, 1/4 w. | and R1031 | | 5 |
| R173 | 19A700019P1 | Deposited Carbon: 1 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1032 | 19A700019P49 | Deposited Carbon: 10K ohms, ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w |
| R301 | 19A700106P59 | Composition: 680 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | | |
| R302 | 19A700019P57 | Deposited Carbon: 47K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1033 | 19A700019P46 | Deposited Carbon: 5.6K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w |
| R303 | 19A700106P83 | Composition: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | R1034 | 19A700019P40 | Deposited Carbon: 1.8K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 v |
| R304 | 19A700106P85 | Composition: 8.2K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | | switches |
| R305 | 19A70U106P51 | Composition: 330 ohms $\pm 5\%$, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | \$151 | 19B800563P1 | Push: DPDT, contacts rated 15 mA at 130 VAC. |
| R306 | 19A700019P25 | Deposited Carbon: 100 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | 3131 | 1520000001 | |
| R308 | 19A700019P30 | Deposited Carbon: 270 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | | INTEGRATED CIRCUITS |
| R309 | 19A700019P43 | Deposited Carbon: 3.3K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | U101 | 19A700086P4 | Linear. DUAL OR AMPµ |
| R310 | 19A700019P47 | Deposited Carbon: 6.8K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | U1001 | 19D417763G1 | Decoder. |
| R311 | 19A700106P19 | Composition: 15 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | U1002 | 19C321133G1 | Encoder. |
| R901 | 19A700019P34 | Deposited Carbon: 560 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | U1003 | 19D417833G1 | Selective Amplifier. |
| R902 | 19A700019P37 | Deposited Carbon: 1K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | U1004. | 19A134511P2 | Linear. DUAL OR AMP. |
| R903 | 19A700019P30 | Deposited Carbon: 270 ohms $\pm 5\%$, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | | SOCKETS |
| R904 | 19A700019P55 | Deposited Carbon: 33K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | X151 | | Socket. Includes: |
| R905 | 19A700019P56 | Deposited Carbon: 39K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | and X152 | | 4 |
| R906 | 19A700019P46 | Deposited Carbon: 5.6K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | """ | 19A134806P1 | Connector, (Quantity 2 each). |
| R907 | 19A700019P41 | Deposited Carbon: 2.2K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | 19B232322P1 | Spring. |
| R908 | 19A700019P53 | Deposited Carbon: 22K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | X301 | | Socket. Includes: |
| R909 | 19A700019P34 | Deposited Carbon: 560 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | 19A134806P1 | Connector. |
| R910 | 19A700050P17 | Wirewound: 2.2 ohms ±10%, 2 w. | | 19B232322P1 | Spring. |
| R1001 | 19A700019P19 | Deposited Carbon: 33 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | X1001 | 19C320299G1 | Connector. Includes: |
| R1002 | 19A700019P53 | Deposited Carbon: 22K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | 19D416714P1 | Shell. |
| R1003 | 19A700019P46 | Deposited Carbon: 5.6K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | 19B219681P1 | Contact, electrical. (Quantity 7). |
| R1004 | 19A700019P52 | Deposited Carbon: 18K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | | \$ |
| R1005 | 19A700019P49 | Deposited Carbon: 10K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | 1 | 1 |
| R1006 | 19A700019P33 | Deposited Carbon: 470 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | | 8 9 7 4 |
| R1007 | 19A701250P335 | Metal film: 22.6K ohms ±1%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 w. | | | |
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| SYMBOL | GE PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
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| | | , |
| | | MISCELLANEOUS |
| | 19A129811P2 | Insulator. (Used with U1002). |
| | 19C328587P1 | Pushbutton. (S151). |
| | 19A701743P1 | Pad. (Located at S151). |
| | | |
| | | ASSOCIATED ASSEMBLIES |
| | | WORMODWO. |
| | | NETWORKS |
| | | NOTE: When reordering give GE part number and specify exact frequency needed. |
| Z1001 | 19C320291G1 | Tone network. |

PRODUCTION CHANGES

Changes in the equipment to improve performance or to simplify circuits are identified by a "Revision Letter," which is stamped after the model number of the unit. The revision stamped on the unit includes all previous revisions. Refer to the Parts List for descriptions of parts affected by these revisions.

REV. A - IOC Board 19D900556G8

To increase transmitter oscillator output. Changed R171.
R171 was: 19A700106P35; composition, 68 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 Watt.

REV. B - IOC Board 19D900556G8

To prevent possible failure of Q1005 in Channel Guard circuit caused by a "sneak" path from A+ to ground through Q1005. Replaced D1004 with R1034.

REV. C - IOC Board 19D900556G8

To decrease microphone preamplifier gain to operate with the high output Phoenix microphone. Changed R905 and R907. Components were: R905 - 19A700019P49: Deposited Carbon: 10K ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 W. R907 - 19A700019P31: Deposited Carbon: 330 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 W.

REV. D - IOC Board 19D900556G8

To decrease the gain of the receiver fundamental oscillator. Changed R305. R305 was: 19A700106P49, Composition: 270 ohms ±5%, 250 VDCW, 1/4 W.

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