

MAINTENANCE MANUAL

FOR
GENERAL ELECTRIC
450-512 MHz

Beacon™ Monitor Pager

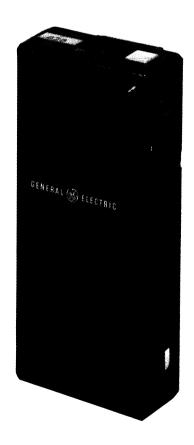




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DESCRIPTION

The General Electric Beacon™ Monitor Pager is a highly reliable, extremely compact receiver for tone and voice paging and channel monitor applications.

The Pager is equipped with a builtin speaker, earphone jack and antenna, and is shipped with two nickel-cadmium rechargeable batteries and an external earphone.

The receiver is housed in a ruggedly-constructed case, with all operating controls conveniently mounted on the top and side of the case. An accessory jack on the bottom of the radio is provided for an external earphone.

Power for the Pager is normally supplied by two rechargeable nickel-cadmium batteries that fit in a separate battery compartment in the bottom section of the case. The batteries can be recharged either in or out of the receiver.

If desired, the Pager can also be operated by mercury, zinc-carbon, or alkaline batteries. However, these batteries are not rechargeable.

The spring clip on the Pager may be used to clip the radio to a pocket or belt.

OPERATION

Turn the receiver on by placing the Power/Volume switch to Volume HI position (See Figure 1). Several short bursts of tone should be heard. The receiver is now ready to receive messages.

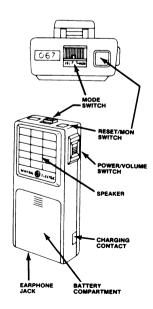


Figure 1 - Operating Controls

Before a message is received, a short, interrupted burst of tone will be heard, followed by a voice message. As soon as the message is completed, press the Reset/Monitor button to reset the receiver.

--- NOTE -

Failure to press the Reset button after receiving a message may shorten battery life. Do not press the Reset button while receiving a message or an alert tone. Doing so will prevent you from receiving the message.

The Pager operates in either the SELECTIVE or MONITOR mode.

In the SELECTIVE mode, the Pager operates as a tone and voice receiver, and allows only those calls that are tone coded for the Pager to be heard. After the call has been received, the Pager switches automatically to the MONITOR mode. The Pager will remain in the MONITOR mode, receiving all calls on the channel until the RESET switch is pressed.

Placing the mode switch in the MONITOR position allows all calls on the channel to be heard whether they are tone coded or not. The Pager will squelch when no calls are being received.

An earphone is available for use in high-noise areas, or for receiving messages in private. Plugging the earphone into the earphone jack disables the Pager speaker so that messages can only be heard through the earphone.

After receiving the first message, it may be desirable to reduce the volume by placing the OFF-HI switch in the LO position.

CHARGERS

A single-unit desk-top charger and a multi-unit charger are available for recharging the nickel-cadmium batteries in the radio as well as spare nickel-cadmium batteries.

— NOTE -

Temperature characteristics of nickel cadmium batteries prevent a full charge at temperature extremes. For maximum capacity, recharge the batteries at room temperatures between 65° to 85° Fahrenheit.

---- WARNING ---

Do not attempt to charge mercury, alkaline or zinc-carbon batteries. To do so may cause the batteries to explode.

To use the charger, connect the power cable to an appropriate power source. Place the Pager into the charger. The red light will turn on, indicating that the Pager is being charged. To charge spare nickel-cadmium batteries, place them into the battery insert. A second red light will come on to indicate that the batteries are being charged.

BATTERY INFORMATION

Two different types of batteries are normally used in the Pager. The type and battery life for each battery is shown in the following chart.

Battery Type	Part Number	Typi Bati Li	ery
Nickel-Cadmium (Rechargeable)	19A703502P1	25	Hours
Mercury (Not Rechargeable)	19A701300P1 Mallory MP401, Eveready EP401E	115	Hours

—— NOTE —

Nickel-cadmium batteries should be fully re-charged before using.

BATTERY REPLACEMENT

The Pager is shipped from the factory ready for immediate operation upon installation of two fully charged batteries.

To install or replace the batteries:

- 1. Slide the Pager OFF-HI switch to the OFF position.
- Press in the battery cover on the ridges at the top of the cover and slide cover down as shown.
- 3. Replace batteries according to the (+) and (-) signs in the battery compartment.
- 4. Slide battery cover back into place.

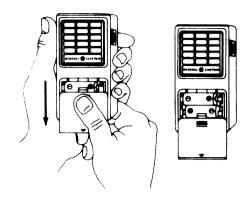


Figure 2 - Battery Replacement

— WARNING ———

Do not dispose of either the rechargeable battery or the Mercury battery by burning. To do so may cause a battery to explode.

— NOTE —

There is no way to dispose of mercury batteries without possible polution except by returning them to the manufacturer for recycling.

Mallory Battery Company will buy all used mercury batteries at the current market price. Batteries are to be shipped prepaid, enclosing a packing slip indicating who is to receive payment for the batteries to:

Mallory Battery Company Plant #2 Lexington, North Carolina 27292

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

RECEIVER

Paging receiver Type ER-147-A1, B1 is a double-conversion, superheterodyne receiver for tone and voice paging in the 450-512 MHz range. One circuit board contains both tone and voice circuits, and utilizes both discrete components and Thick Film Integrated Circuit Modules (IC's).

The receiver has intermediate frequencies of 21.6 MHz and 455 kHz. Adjacent channel selectivity is provided by using two, 2-pole ceramic filters.

References to symbol numbers mentioned in the following text are found in the Outline Diagram, Schematic Diagram and Parts List (See Table of Contents). A block diagram of the receiver is shown in Figure 3.

Receiver Front End

An RF signal from the antenna is coupled through the antenna circuit to the base of RF amplifier Q1. The antenna circuit consists of L1, L2, CV1 and C1. The circuit is tuned by CV1.

The output of Q1 is coupled through two tuned circuits that provide most of the front end selectivity. The tuned circuits are L3, L4 and associated circuitry. The output of L4 is coupled through C12 to the base of the first mixer.

1st Oscillator

O2, X1, L5, L6, L7 and associated circuitry make up a Colpitts oscillator. The frequency is controlled by a third mode crystal operated at one third of the required injection frequency. L5 is used to set the oscillator on frequency. R7 is in parallel with X1 to ensure operation on the third overtone of the crystal.

The third overtone (X3) oscillator output is coupled through two tuned circuits (L6 and L7) and applied to multiplier Q3. The multiplier output is tuned by CV4 for 9 times the crystal frequency. The injection frequency (operating frequency (-) 21.6 MHz) is applied to the 1st mixer. The injection level at TP1 (Q3 collector) is 30-50 millivolts RMS. The 1st oscillator crystal frequency is:

operating freq. - 21.6 MHz 9 MHz

1st Mixer and IF Filter

RF from the Pager front end is applied to the base of first mixer Q4, along with injection voltage from multiplier C3. The first IF frequency is coupled through 21.6 MHz filter FL1. L9 is used to match the mixer output to the input of FL1.

The highly-selective filter provides the first portion of the receiver IF selectivity. The 21.6 MHz output of FL1 is applied to the second mixer IC (A1) through matching coil L10.

2nd Oscillator, Mixer and IF Filter

Al and associated circuitry make up the 2nd oscillator and mixer. The crystal for the oscillator is X2. The oscillator operates at 21.145 MHz for low side injection of the 2nd IF (standard). The 2nd oscillator can also operate at 22.055 MHz for high side injection for those radios determined to be operating on a tweet frequency. This frequency is mixed with the 21.6 MHz input to provide the 455 kHz 2nd IF frequency.

The output of A1 is coupled through ceramic filter FL2 which provides the 455 kHz selectivity. The filter output is applied to IF amplifier A2.

IF Amplifier and Detector

A2 and associated circuitry make up the IF amplifier. The amplifier IC also provides the 455 kHz limiting. The output of A2 is applied to the discriminator.

The discriminator demodulates the $455~\mathrm{kHz}$ signal. This type of detector provides a high degree of AM rejection. The recovered audio, tone and noise is applied to audio amplifier IC A51.

Audio Stages

The discriminator output is applied to buffer/pre-amp A51. One output at A51-4 is coupled through high-pass filter A56 which filters out frequencies under 200 Hz to eliminate any Channel Guard (CTCSS) tone. The filter output is applied to squelch circuit A55, and to the decoder circuitry.

Applying the proper sequential tones to the receiver activates the decoder circuitry and audio stages, causing the second alert tone to be heard at the speaker.

After the alert tone is heard, the output of A51 is applied to push-pull audio amplifiers Q51 and Q52, and then to the speaker.

Squelch

Squelch control IC A55 monitors noise in the 30-40 kHz range on A55-1. When there is no carrier present, the noise is above a squelch threshold set by RV52. This condition makes A55-7 high, shutting off the audio amp at A51-9. When a carrier is present, the noise level drops below the threshold driving A55-7 and A51-9 low. This turns the audio amp on allowing transmissions on the channel to be monitored.

SEQUENTIAL TONE DECODER

The decoder is a two-reed, sequential tone decoder for operation with any two-tone sequential encoder in individual call applications.

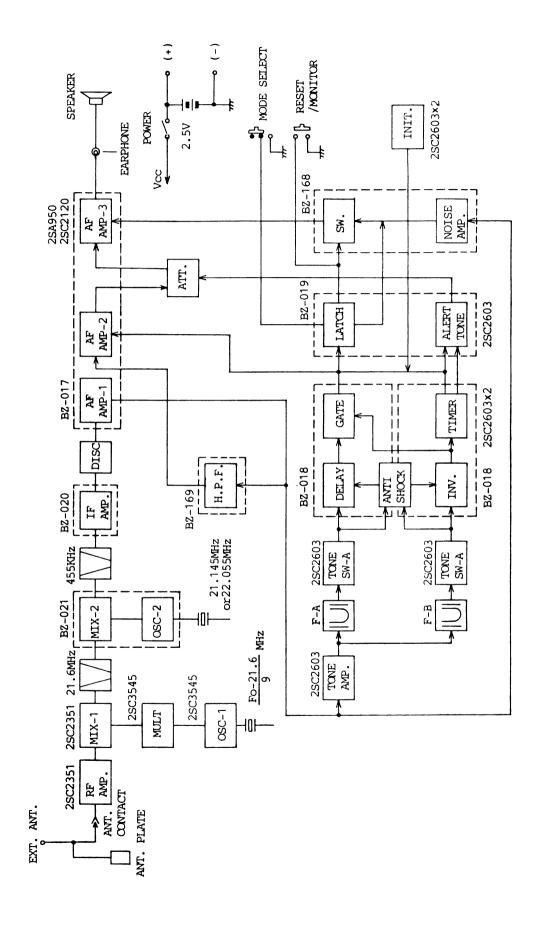


Figure 3 - Pager Block Diagram

The two reeds mount at the bottom of the circuit board, and are available for operation on tone frequencies in the 288.5 to 2000 Hz range.

The pager is also compatible with Cuik-Call II two-tone paging systems, and operates in both individual call and group call applications.

Timing waveforms for the decoder circuitry are shown in Figures 4-1, 4-2 and 5-1, 5-2. It is recommended that these waveforms be studied in conjunction with the circuit analysis for a better understanding of the decoder operation.

Tone Amplifiers & Reeds

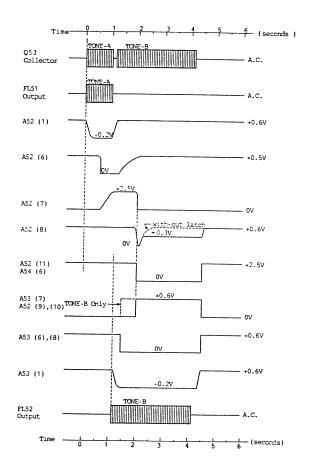
When the proper tone sequence is applied to the Pager, the discriminator output is applied to buffer/amplifier A51-1.

Tone A

When an RF signal containing Tone A is applied to the Pager for approximately one second, the output at A51-2 is applied to limiter-amplifier Q53. The square wave output of Q53 drives reed FL51 into mechanical resonance. The reed output is applied to tone amplifier Q54 which provides a gain of approximately 20 dB. The amplifier output is rectified by D52, and the resulting low (-0.2 VDC) is applied to A52-1.

Tone B

After Tone A has been received, Tone B is applied to the receiver for approximately three seconds. The tone is amplified by Q53 and applied to reed FL52. The reed output is amplified by Q55 (approximately 20 dB gain) and rectified by D53. The low output (-0.2 VDC) is applied to A53-1.



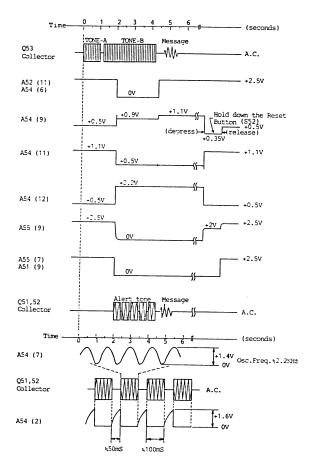


Figure 4-1 Individual Call Timing Diagram

Figure 4-2 Individual Call Timing Diagram

Individual Call

The one-second low output from Q54 and D52 applied to A52-1 causes A52-6 to go low for approximately one second after a delay of 0.6 second (See Figures 4-1 and 4-2). A52-6 then returns to a high state controlled by delay timer C68 and R69. The high at A52-6 causes A52-8 to go low momentarily, and then go high.

After Tone A is received, Tone B causes a low to be applied to A53-1. The lows applied to A52-1 and A53-1 activate an "AND" gate in A52, causing the output at A52-11 to go low for approximately 2.5 seconds. The low at A52-11 is applied to A54-6, activating the alert tone oscillator.

The continuous tone output at A54-7 is shunted to ground for 50 milliseconds at 100 millisecond intervals by Q59 to provide the interrupted alert tone. The alert tone is then applied to A51-5.

The same time the tone alert oscillator starts, A55-5 and A55-7 go low. The low at A55-7 is applied to amplifier A51-9, turning the amplifier on so that messages can be heard.

--- (seconds) Q53 Collector +0.5V ASS (6),(8) A53 (9) oν A53 (10) A53 (11) A52 (11) A54 (6) MANUAL +2.5V A55 (7) A51 (9) (S52) (release) 051.52 Collector -(seconds)

GROUP CALL

In group call applications, only Tone B is applied to the receiver. The tone is applied for approximately 8 seconds. This applies a low to A53-1, causing A53-6 to go low after a 0.3 second delay caused by C72. After a 5-second delay by delay timer circuit R72, R73, and C73, A53-11 goes low and turns off Q56. This allows Q57 to turn on, applying a low to A54-6 and a high to A54-3. This causes a continuous, interrupted 3.5 second alert tone to be heard, followed by the voice message.

ANTI-SHOCK CIRCUIT

When the Pager is subjected to a mechanical shock, both reeds will vibrate and apply a low to pin 1 of A52 and A53. This causes a high at pin 2 of decoders A52 and A53 which disables the decoders to prevent falsing.

RESET/MONITOR CIRCUIT

Pressing momentary reset button S52 at any time applies a negative pulse to A54-9. This drives A54-12 and squelch control IC A55-13 low. A55-7 then

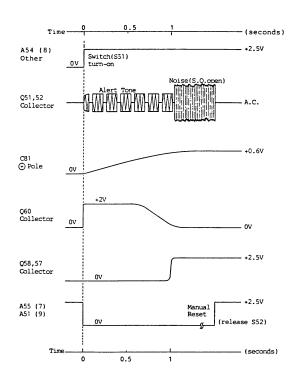


Figure 5-1 - Group Call Timing Diagram

Figure 5-2 - Group Call Timing Diagram

applies a low to audio amp A51-9 and turns it on. While the reset button is depressed, noise or any transmission on the Pager frequency will be heard. Releasing the reset button causes A54-9, A54-12, A55-13, A55-7 and A51-9 to all go high shutting off the audio amp and resetting the Pager.

MODE SELECT

When mode select switch S53 is in the SEL (SELECT) position, A54-11 is high and the Pager operates in the tone and voice paging mode. Placing S53 in the MON (MONITOR) position applies a low to A54-11, causing A54-6 to go low and A54-12 to go high. This causes the Pager to switch to the monitor mode so that all transmissions on the Pager frequency can be monitored.

DETERMINATION OF TONE FREQUENCIES

The Pager can receive and decode two-tone sequential signals coded in the GE Type 99 format or the Motorola format.

The GE tone frequencies range from 517.5 Hz to 967.5 Hz. Motorola tone frequencies range from 288.5 Hz to 1433.4 Hz. The Pager is capable of both Individual and Group Call. However, the Group Call will operate only with the Quik-Call II signaling format.

GE FORMAT

INDIVIDUAL CALL

Tables I and II enable the technician to determine the tone frequencies without opening the radio to examine the reed networks.

For example, assume the paging number to be 123. The first digit of the paging number is a 1. Look in Table I, and read down the column labeled "100's Digit" to a 1. Read horizontally across to the column labeled "10's Digit". The tone group is B. The second digit of the paging number is a 2. The tone number is B2. Look in Table II and down the column labeled "Tone Designator" to find B2. Read horizontally across to the column labeled "Tone Frequency". The first tone frequency is 787.5 Hz.

To determine the second tone frequency look in Table I and as before, find the first digit of the paging number 1. Read horizontally across to the column labeled "1's Digit".

The second tone group is A. The third digit of the paging number is a 3 and the Tone Designator is A3. In Table II read down the column labeled "Tone Designator" and find A3. Read hori-

zontally across the column labeled "Tone Frequency". The second tone frequency is 802.5 Hz.

For different paging numbers, locate the first digit in the "100's Digit" column and determine the tone frequencies as described in the example. For a complete description of tone applications see DATAFILE BULLETIN DF-5000-3A.

100's Digit	10's Digit	l's Digit
	For 1st Tone	For 2nd Tone
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A B B A C C C A B Not Used	A A B C A B C C

TABLE I - Tone Groups

TONE	TONE	TONE
GROUP	DESIGNATOR	FREQUENCY
	AO	682.5 Hz
	A1	592.5 Hz
	A2	757.5 Hz
	A3	802.5 Hz
	A4	847.5 Hz
	A5	892.5 Hz
	A6	937.5 Hz
	A7	547.5 Hz
	A8	727.5 Hz
	A9	637.5 Hz
	ВО	652.5 Hz
	B1	607.5 Hz
	B2	787.5 Hz
	В3	832.5 Hz
	B4	877.5 Hz
	B5	922.5 Hz
	В6	967.5 Hz
	B7	517.5 Hz
	B8	562.5 Hz
	B9	697.5 Hz
	C0	667.5 Hz
	C1	712.5 Hz
	C2	772.5 Hz
	C3	817.5 Hz
	C4	862.5 Hz
	C5	907.5 Hz
	C6	952.5 Hz
	C7	532.5 Hz
	C8	577.5 Hz
	C9	622.5 Hz
Diagonal	742.5 Hz	

TABLE II - Tone Generator Frequencies

QUIK-CALL II FORMAT

INDIVIDUAL CALL

Tables III and IV are used to determine the Quik-Call II tone frequencies.

The first digit of the code determines the tone groups used in the code (See Table III). Then Table IV is used to determine the actual tone frequencies.

First Digit of Code	Group from Which Tone A is Selected	Group from Which Tone B is Selected
1	1	1
2	2	2
3	1	2
4	4	4
5	5	5
6	2	1
7	4	5
8	5	4
9	2	4
0	4	2
A	3	3

TABLE III - Quik-Call II Code Numbers

For a code of 124, the tone groups used are shown in Table III. (Tone A and

Tone B are both located in Tone Group 1.) Tone A is tone number 2 in Tone Group 1, and Tone B is tone number 4. Refer to the following examples for additional information.

EXAMPLE 1 - Code 098:

The digit "0" in Table III (First Digit of Code) shows that Tone A is in Tone Group 4, and Tone B is in Tone Group 2 as shown in Table IV.

Tone number 9 in Tone Group 4 is 524.6 Hz.

Tone number 8 in Tone Group 2 is 879.0 Hz.

EXAMPLE 2 - Code 265:

The digit "2" in Table III shows that both Tone A and Tone B are both in Tone Group 2.

Tone number 6 is 788.5 Hz. Tone number 5 is 746.8 Hz.

GROUP CALL

In Group Call application, the Tone Group is determined by Table V, while the frequency is determined by Table IV. Refer to the following examples.

---- NOTE ----

Group Call code numbers range from 00 to 99. However, there are several Group Calls with the same Tone B frequency. This limits the total number of Group Calls to 40.

Tone No.	Tone Group 1	Tone Group 2	Tone Group 3	Tone Group 4	Tone Group 5	Tone Group 6
1	349.0 Hz	600.9 Hz	288.5 Hz	339.6 Hz	584.8 Hz	1153.4 Hz
2	368.5 Hz	634.5 Hz	296.5 Hz	358.6 Hz	617.4 Hz	1185.2 Hz
3	389.0 Hz	669.9 Hz	304.7 Hz	378.6 Hz	651.9 Hz	1217.8 Hz
4	410.8 Hz	707.3 Hz	313.0 Hz	399.8 Hz	688.3 Hz	1251.4 Hz
5	433.7 Hz	746.8 Hz	953.7 Hz	422.1 Hz	726.8 Hz	1285.8 Hz
6	457.9 Hz	788.5 Hz	979.9 Hz	445.7 Hz	767.4 Hz	1321.2 Hz
7	483.5 Hz	832.5 Hz	1006.9 Hz	470.5 Hz	810.2 Hz	1357.6 Hz
8	510.5 Hz	879.0 Hz	1034.7 Hz	496.8 Hz	855.5 Hz	1395.0 Hz
9	539.0 Hz	928.1 Hz	1063.2 Hz	524.6 Hz	903.2 Hz	1433.4 Hz
0	330.5 Hz	569.1 Hz	1092.4 Hz	321.7 Hz	553.9 Hz	1122.5 Hz

TABLE IV - Quik-Call II Tone Frequencies and Groups

EXAMPLE 1 - Group Call Code 07 (also code 27 and 37):

The digit "O" in Table V shows that Tone B is in Tone Group 2 along with 20 to 29 and 30 to 39. Tone number 7 in Tone Group 2 is 832.5 Hz (See Table IV).

EXAMPLE 2 - Group Call Code 98 (also code 48 and 88):

The digit "9" in Table V shows that Tone B is in Tone Group 4 along with 40 to 49 and 80 to 89. Tone number 8 in Tone Group 4 is 496.8 Hz.

GROUP CALL CODE NUMBER	TONE GROUP (Tone B)
00 - 09	TG2
10 - 19	TG1
20 - 29	TG2
30 - 39	TG2
40 - 49	TG4
50 - 59	TG5
60 - 69	TG1
70 - 79	TG5
80 - 89	TG4
90 - 99	TG4

TABLE V - Group Call Tone Groups (TG)

DISASSEMBLY

To gain access to the receiver board for servicing:

- 1. Loosen the two screws in the back cover and while applying pressure to the lower portion of the front cover, lift off cover.
- 2. With the speaker facing down, carefully loosen the board in the front cover, starting with the bottom of the printed board first.
- 3. Carefully turn the Pager over in the palm of the hand (speaker facing up) and lift off the front cover.

When replacing the board in the case, hold the case with the speaker grill facing down and insert the Mode Select switch, Reset switch and the Power/Volume switch into their appropriate positions in the top of the case first. Make sure the speaker is properly located. Then gently press the board up into the case. Snap the back cover back into place and tighten the two securing screws.

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY • MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION WORLD HEADQUARTERS • LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA 24502 U.S.A.



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ALIGNMENT PROCEDURES (406-512 MHz)

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

- 1. Multimeter.
- 2. SINAD Meter or Distortion Analyzer (with floating instrument circuit ground).
- 3. RF Signal Generator (two required).
- 4. 2-Tone Generator.

- NOTE -

Use short, direct cabling and wiring to keep RF interference to a minimum.

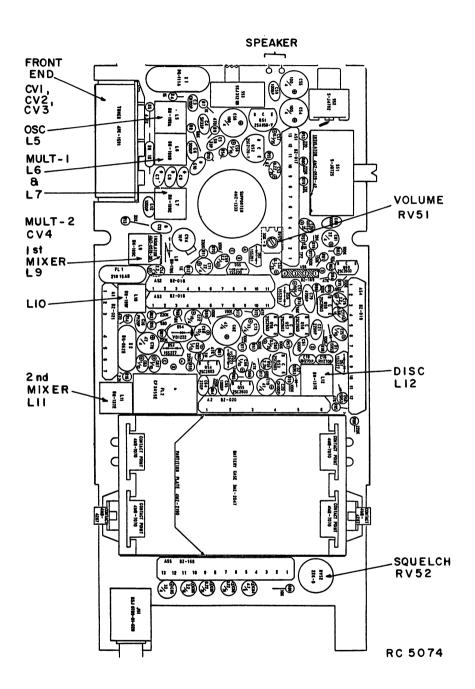
STEP	PROCEDURE
1.	Construct a 50 ohm coaxial cable (RG58-type) with a BNC connector on one end and clip leads on the other end.
2.	Remove printed board assembly from case and insert fully charged batteries.
3.	Connect the shield clip lead of the coaxial cable to the negative battery terminal. (This terminal connects directly to chassis ground.)
4.	Place the center conductor lead of the coaxial cable beneath the pager and lay pager flat on work bench. (Cable lead should be insulated from radio circuitry.)
5.	Connect BNC end of cable to the RF Signal Generator.
6.	Turn on the Pager and adjust RV52 until the pager is fully un-squelched.
7.	Set unmodulated RF signal generator to desired pager operating frequency. Keeping the RF generator exactly on frequency, slowly turn up the RF output of the generator until the pager starts to quiet.
8.	Set another unmodulated RF generator to 21.6 MHz. Loosely couple this 21.6 MHz signal into coil form of L6.
9.	Adjust L5 for desired frequency by tuning until a zero beat between the two signals is heard in the speaker.
10.	Carefully connect a shielded cable across the speaker and connect the other end of the cable to the distortion analyzer (or SINAD meter).
11.	Modulate RF generator with 1 kHz at 3 kHz deviation and set output level to measure 12 dB SINAD on distortion analyzer (or SINAD meter).
12.	Adjust L6, L7, L9, CV4, CV3, CV2, CV1 in that order for best SINAD. Re-tune CV3, CV2, CV1, and CV4 for best SINAD.
	Perform steps 13 and 14 only if deemed necessary.
13.	Discriminator: Apply a strong RF signal (approximately 1 millivolt carrier with 1 kHz, modulation at 3 kHz deviation) and adjust discriminator coil L12 for maximum audio output level.
	Service Note: If there are two output peaks, set the coil to the higher peak.

STEP	PROCEDURE
	Audio Output Level
14.	Apply a strong RF signal (approximately 1 millivolt carrier with 1 kHz modulation, but now at 2 KHz deviation). Set the power/volume switch to HI, and adjust the audio gain potentiometer (RV51) for rated audio output (150 milliwatts or 0.775 volts RMS across the 4-ohm speaker). Set the Power/Volume switch to IO. The audio output level should drop 10 dB ±2 dB.
15.	Set up as in step 11 above. Adjust squelch control (RV52) for a 12 dB SINAD squelch opening level.
16.	Slide S53 to SEL position and push S52 to reset program.
17.	Modulate the RF generator with the proper tone sequence from the 2-Tone Generator. Verify the alignment and performance by successfully decoding several pages.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURES (WITH TQ0602 TEST FIXTURE)

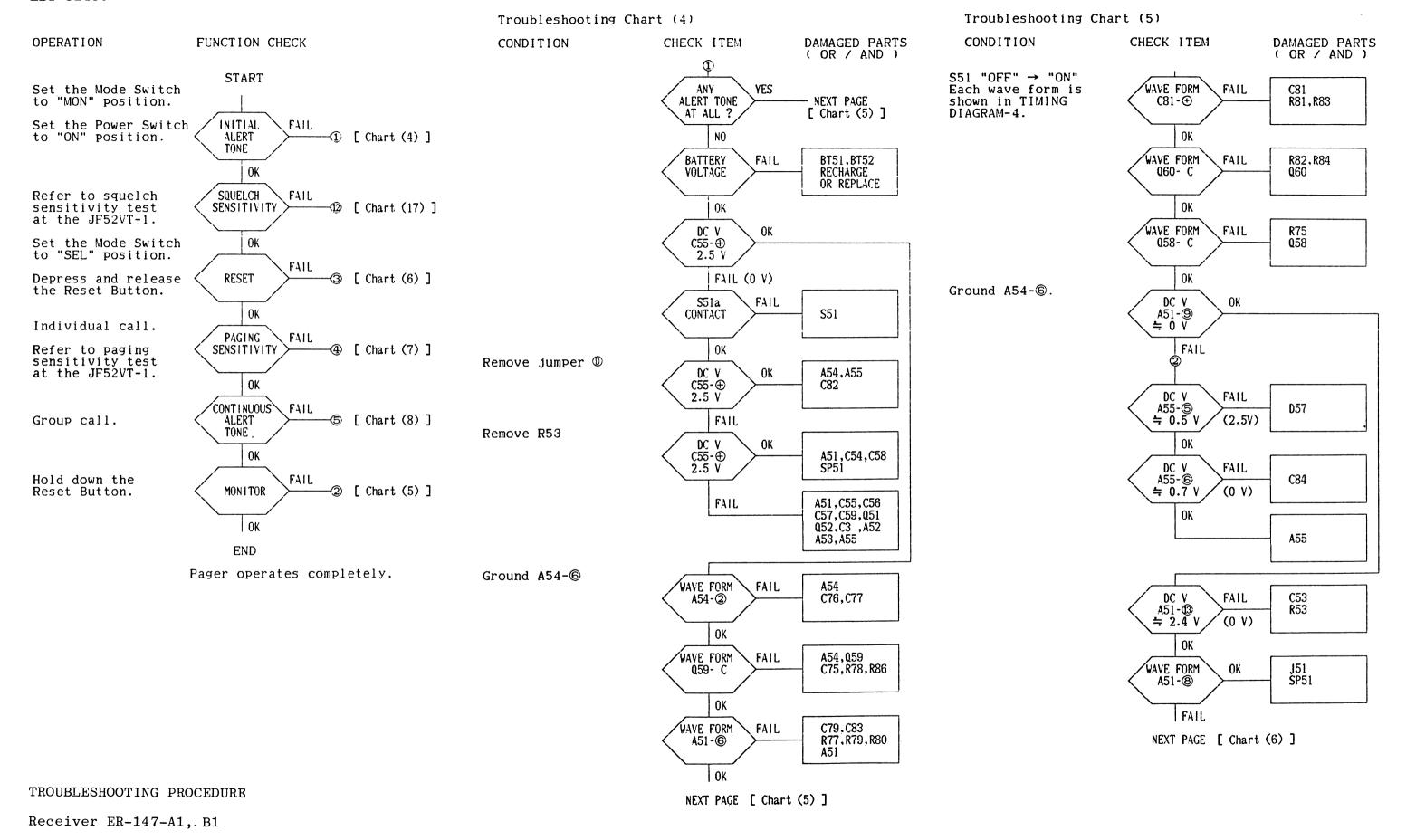
ALTERNATE TUNING PROCEDURE

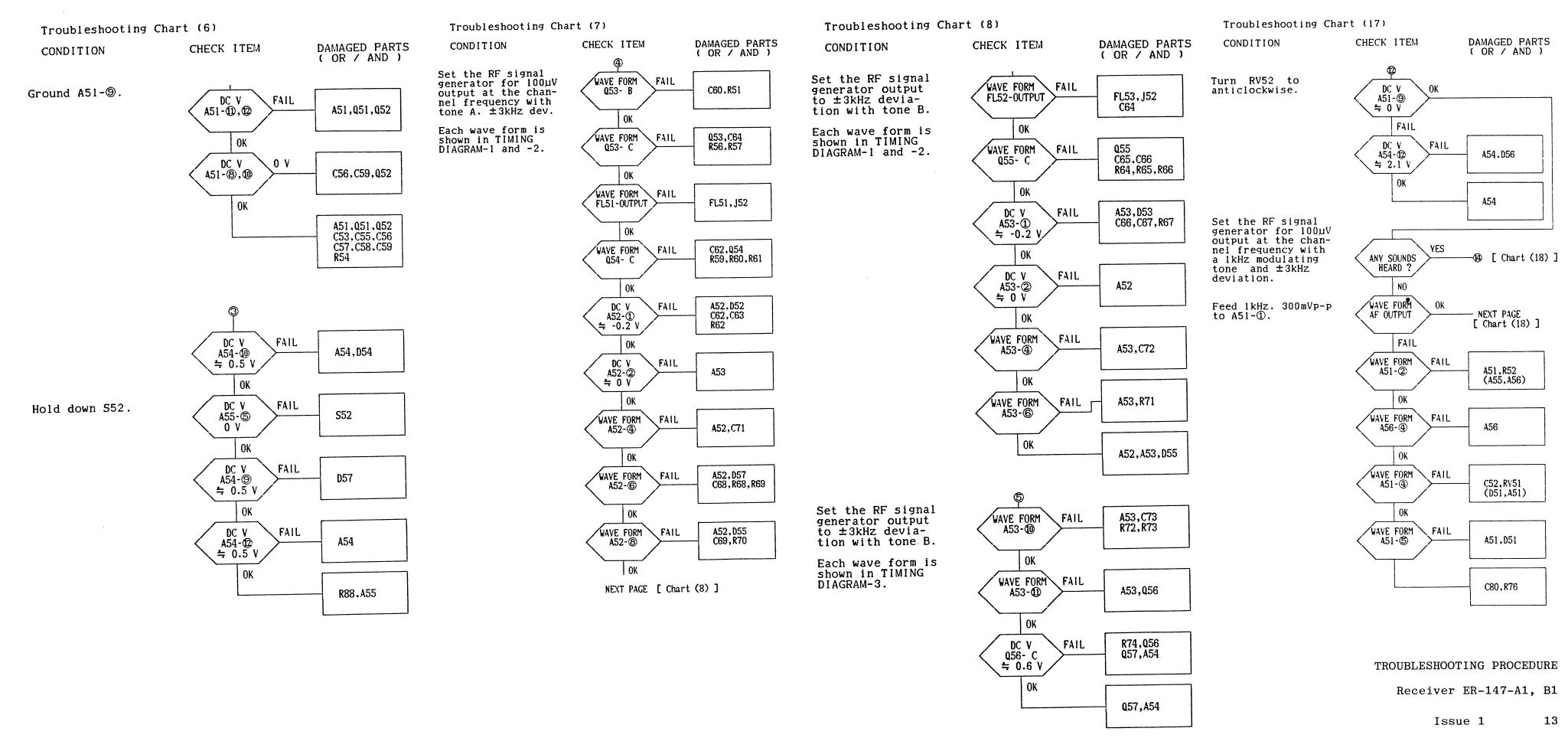
- 1. Remove Printed Board Assembly from case and insert fully charged batteries.
- 2. Place back cover of pager in fixture.
- 3. Place the pager on the cover.
- 4. Connect RF generator to RF input jack on fixture.
- 5. Go to step 6 of the main alignment procedure and continue through that procedure to complete the alignment.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Receiver ER-147-A1, B1



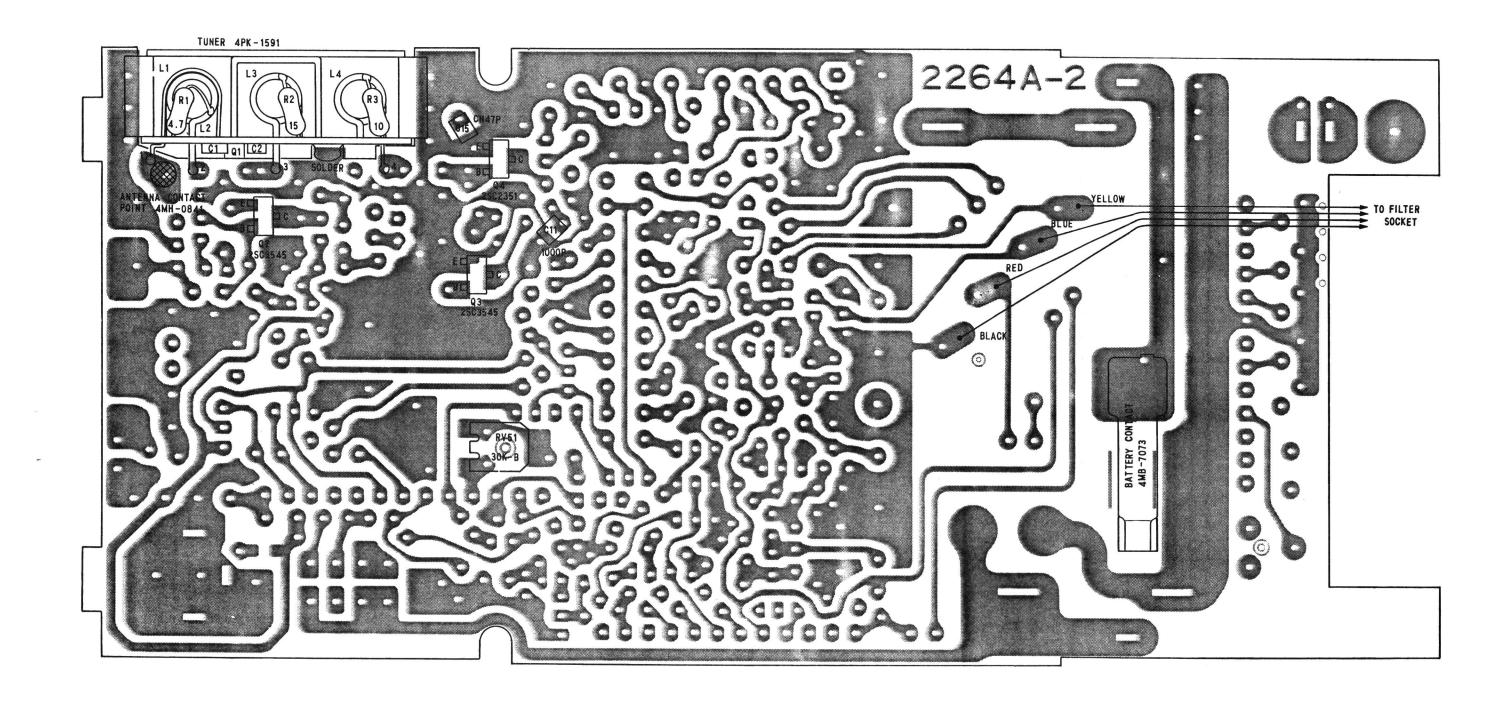


Troubleshooting Chart (18) Troubleshooting Chart (19) Troubleshooting Chart (20) DAMAGED PARTS (OR / AND) DAMAGED PARTS CHECK ITEM DAMAGED PARTS (OR / AND) CONDITION CHECK ITEM CHECK ITEM CONDITION CONDITION (OR / AND) Set the RF signal Set the RF signal generator for 100µV WAVE FORM C51-⊖ RF V TUNER-@ generator for 100µV C51 OK output at the chanoutput at the chan-TP 1 nel frequency with nel frequency. a 1kHz modulating tone and ±3kHz FAIL FAIL FAIL deviation. R4,R5,R6,C1 C2,R1,R2,Q1 CV1,CV2,L2,L3 DC V TUNER-20,3 R10,L6 C6, C7, C8 C17,R17 DC V Q2- C R8.C4,02,R9 **≒** 1.6 V >2.4 V L5 CV1,CV2 TUNING CV1,C1,L2 CV2,C2,L3 R12.Q3, C11 0 V RF V A2-€ CV4,L8 **A2** Q3- C CV3,L4,R3 R11,Q3 **≒** 2.0 \ C9, C10 >2.4 V 0K C18,C19,C20 C21,D1,D2 L12,R18,R19 X1, R7, C3 L5, C4, C5 C14,C15,Q4 A2, L9 Q2- C <0.4 V BC V A1-③ ≒ 1.1 V Refer to SINAD SINAD SENSITIVITY FAIL R13,Q4 C12 sensitivity test. 0K L6, L7, C7 C8, C9, C10 OK TUNING TUNING DC V A55-② Čĺ5,FL1 A55,C84 0K CV4, L8 OK C11 FL1,L10,A1 A1-① A55 RV52,R89 WAVE FORM A55-3 OK FREQUENCY FAIL X1, L5, C3 R7 RF V A1-⑦ TP 1 Al, FL2 A55,C86,C87 0K RF V A2-① NEXT PAGE [Chart (19)] A1-@ FL2,A2 FAIL OK DC V A1-© ≒ 2.0 V **A2** A2-3 R15, A1,L11 (3) [Chart (18)] A1, X2, C16 TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

NEXT PAGE [Chart (20)]

Reciever ER-147-A1, B1

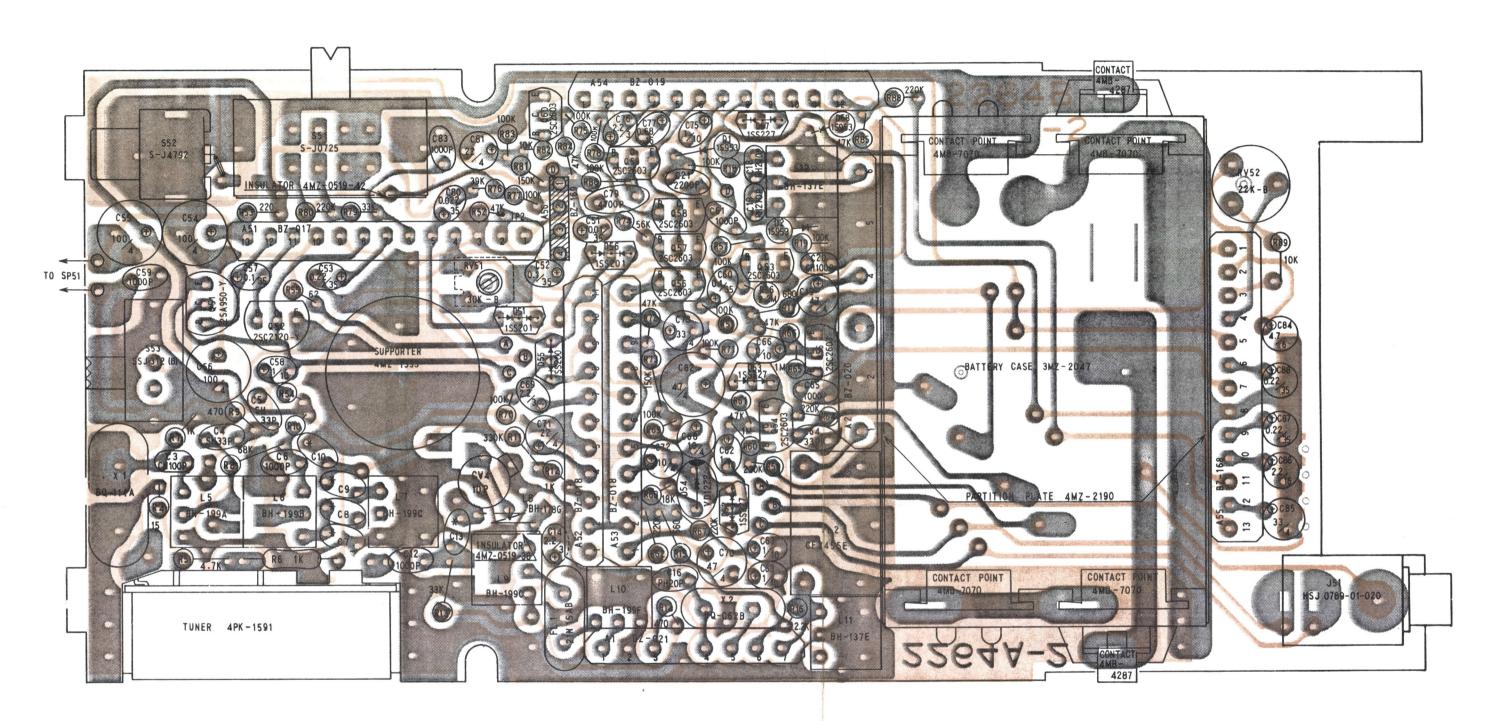
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(3PK-2264AE-2) (2264A-2)

OUTLINE DIAGRAM

Solder Side

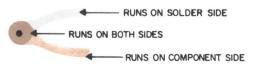


(3PK-2264BE-2) (2264B-2) (2264A-2)

OUTLINE DIAGRAM

Component Side

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PARTS LIST

		450-512 MHz		SYMBOL	DESCRI	PTION	PART NO.
	BEAC	CON MONITOR PAGER		<u>BIMBOE</u>	3330014		
		4DT-2050E		C74			
				C75	Tantalum Capacitor	10V, 1 uF	2014004501
				C76	Tantalum Capacitor	3V, 2.2 uF	2014005501
SYMBOL	DESCRI	[PTION	PART NO.	C77	Tantalum Capacitor	16V, 0.68 uF	2014006501
			<u> </u>	C78		,	
A1	Integrated Circuit		0800210000	C79	Ceramic Capacitor	25V, 4700 pF	2001902321
A2	Integrated Circuit		0800200000	C80	Tantalum Capacitor	35V, 0.022 uF	2014007501
A51	Integrated Circuit		0800170000	C81	Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 22 uF	2013043501
A52	Integrated Circuit		0800180000	C82	Aluminum Capacitor	4V, 47 uF	2029501803
A53	Integrated Circuit		0800180000	C83	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, 1000 pF	2001400321
A54	Integrated Circuit		0800190000	C84	Tantalum Capacitor	6.3V, 4.7 uF	2013032501
A55	Integrated Circuit		0801680000	C85	Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 33 uF	2013044501
A56	Integrated Circuit		0801690000	C86	Tantalum Capacitor	16V, 2.2 uF	2013023501
	111081110111		000200000	C87	Tantalum Capacitor	35V, 0.22 uF	2013005501
BT51	Nickel-Cadmium Batter	rv 1.2V/150 mAh	5300170818	C88	Tantalum Capacitor	35V, 0.22 uF	2013005501
BT52	Nickel-Cadmium Batter		5300170818	333	-un-out-un-oup-uot-ou	551, 5122 uz	201000001
2.02	11201101 OWALLIAM DAVOOL	1 1 1 2 1 / 1 0 0 min	00001.0010	CV1	Variable Capacitor	250V, 2 pF	2090006803
C1	Chip Capacitor	25V, 1000 pF	2004905061	CV2	Variable Capacitor	250V, 2 pF	2090006803
C2	Chip Capacitor	25V, 1000 pF	2004905061	CV3	Variable Capacitor	250V, 2 PF	2090006803
C3	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, CH100 pF	2004135321	CV4	Variable Capacitor	50V, 10 pF	2090016803
C4	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, SH33 pF	2001021321	011	variable capacitor	001, 10 pi	2000010000
C5	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, SH33 pF	2001021321	D1	Diode		0500017501
Č6	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, 1000 pF	2001400321	D2	Diode		0500017501
C7	Ceramic Capacitor	001, 1000 pr	2001400321	D51	Diode		0500017301
· ·	450 MHz - 470 MHz	50V, PH7 pF	2001206321	D52	Diode		0500051324
	470 MHz - 512 MHz	50V, PH6 pF	2001200321	D53	Diode		0500051324
C8	Ceramic Capacitor	bov, Fno pr	2001200021	D54	Diode, Varistor		0500031324
00	450 MHz - 470 MHz	_		D55	Diode, Valistoi		0500052324
	470 MHz - 512 MHz	_		D56	Diode		0500050324
C9	Ceramic Capacitor			D57	Diode		0500051324
00	450 MHz - 470 MHz	50V, PH12 pF	2001211321	D58	Diode		0500031324
	470 MHz - 512 MHz	50V, PH12 pF	2001211321	200	Diode		0500017501
C10	Ceramic Capacitor	SOV, PHIO pr	2001209321	FL1	Crystal Filter	21.6 MHz	5020003221
CIO	450 MHz - 470 MHz	50V, PH15 pF	2001213321	FL2	Ceramic Filter	455 kHz	5010003221
	470 MHz - 512 MHz	50V, PH13 pF	2001213321	FL51	Reed Filter	400 KHZ	5010003321
C11		-		FL52	Reed Filter		5010002803
C12	Chip Capacitor	25V, 1000 pF	2004905061 2001400321	FL32	Reed Filter		5010002803
C12	Ceramic Capacitor Ceramic Capacitor	50V, 1000 pF	2001400321	J51	Earphone Jack	2.5ø	3700110718
CIO	450 MHz - 470 MHz	50V, CK0.5 pF	2001100321	J52	Filter Socket	2.50	3700110718
	470 MHz - 512 MHz	50V, CK0.5 pF	2001100321	332	Filter Socket		3700130901
C14	Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 2.2 uF	201100321	L1	RF Coil		3002340101
C15	Chip Capacitor	50V, CH47 pF	2004906061	L2	RF Coil		3002340101
C16	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, PH20 pF	2004300001	L3	RF Coil		3002340201
C17	Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 47 uF	201210321	L4	RF Coil		3002340301
C18	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, RH270 pF	2013041301	L5	RF Coil		3001990101
C18			2004441321	L6	RF Coil		3001990201
C20	Ceramic Capacitor Ceramic Capacitor	50V, RH270 pF 50V, CH100 pF	2004441321	L7	RF Coil		3001990201
C21	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, 2200 pF	2001901321	L8	RF Coil		3001870701
C51	Tantalum Capacitor		2014001501	L9			3001870701
C52	Tantalum Capacitor Tantalum Capacitor	35V, 0.01 uF 35V, 0.1 uF	2014001501	L10	IF Coil		3001990601
C52				L11	IF Coil		
C54	Tantalum Capacitor Tantalum Capacitor	35V, 0.22 uF 4V, 100 uF	2014003501	L12	IF Coil IF Coil		3001370501 3001370501
C55	Tantalum Capacitor Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 100 uF	2013042501 2013042501	1112	IF COII		3001370301
C56			2013042501	01	Transistor (NPN)		0000510501
C57	Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 100 uF		Q1 Q2	Transistor (NPN) Transistor (NPN)		0223512501 0235451501
	Tantalum Capacitor	35V, 0.1 uF	2013004501		•		
C58	Tantalum Capacitor	10V, 1 uF	2014004501	Q3	Transistor (NPN)		0235452501
C59	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, 1000 pF	2001400321	Q4	Transistor (NPN)		0223512501
C60	Tantalum Capacitor	35V, 0.1 uF	2014002501	Q51	Transistor (PNP)		0009502324
C61	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, 1000 pF	2001400321	Q52	Transistor (NPN)		0221202324
C62	Tantalum Capacitor	10V, 1 uF	2014004501	Q53	Transistor (NPN)		0226033806
C63	Tantalum Capacitor	10V, 1 uF	2014004501	Q54	Transistor (NPN)		0226033806
C64	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, 330 pF	2001402321	Q55	Transistor (NPN)		0226033806
C65	Ceramic Capacitor	50V, 1000 pF	2001400321	Q56	Transistor (NPN)		0226033806
C66	Tantalum Capacitor	10V, 1 uF	2014004501	Q57	Transistor (NPN)		0226033806
C67	Tantalum Capacitor	10V, 1 uF	2014004501	Q58	Transistor (NPN)		0226033806
C68	Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 10 uF	2013040501	Q59	Transistor (NPN)		0226033806
C69	Tantalum Capacitor	3V, 2.2 uF	2014005501	Q60	Transistor (NPN)		0226033806
C70	Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 47 uF	2013041501		.	4.40 40	
C71	Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 22 uF	2013043501	R1	Carbon Film Resistor		1000016803
C72	Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 10 uF	2013040501	R2	Carbon Film Resistor		1000028803
C73	Tantalum Capacitor	4V, 33 uF	2013044501	R3	Carbon Film Resistor		1000024803
•				R4	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 15K32	1001097803

LBI-31480

SYMBOL	DESCRI	PTION	PART NO.
R5	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 4.7KΩ	1001085803
R6		1/8 W, 1KΩ	1000070803
R7	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 1KΩ	1001070803
R8	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 68KΩ	1001112803
R9	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 470Ω	1001062803
R10	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 1K Ω	1001070803
R11	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 330KΩ	1001128803
R12	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 1KΩ	1001070803
R13	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 33KΩ	1001105803
R14	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 470Ω	1001062803
R15	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 560Ω	1001064803 1001078803
R16 R17	Carbon Film Resistor Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 2.2KΩ 1/8 W, 680Ω	1001078803
R18	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R19	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R51	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R52	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 47KΩ [●]	1000108803
R53	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 220Ω	1001055803
R54	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 10Ω	1001024803
R55	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 62Ω	1001042803
R56	Carbon Film Resistor	$1/8$ W, 2.2 M Ω	1000346803
R57	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R58	Chip Resistor	1/16 W, 100KΩ	2004904061
R59		1/8 W, 220KΩ	1001124803
R60 R61	Carbon Film Resistor Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 1MΩ 1/8 W, 47KΩ	1001139803 1001108803
R62	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 220KΩ	1001108803
R63	Chip Resistor	1/16 W, 100KΩ	2004904061
R64	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 220KΩ	1001124803
R65	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 1MΩ	1001139803
R66	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 47KΩ	1001108803
R67	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 220KΩ	1001124803
R68	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 18KΩ	1001099803
R69	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R70	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R71	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R72 R73	Carbon Film Resistor Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 47KΩ 1/8 W, 150KΩ	1001108803 1001120803
R74	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 56KΩ	1001120803
R75	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R76	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 39KΩ	1001144803
R77	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R78	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R79	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 33KΩ	1001105803
R80	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 220KΩ	1001124803
R81	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 150KΩ	1001120803
R82	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 10KΩ	1001093803
R83 R84		1/8 W, 100KΩ 1/8 W, 47KΩ	1001116803 1001108803
R85	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 47K Ω	1001108803
R86		1/8 W, 100KΩ	1001116803
R87		1/0 ", 100110	
R88	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 220KΩ	1001124803
R89	Carbon Film Resistor	1/8 W, 10KΩ	1001093803
RV51	Variable Resistor	B-30K Ω	1049022803
RV52	Variable Resistor	B-22K Ω	1049002004
051	Olida Omik-1		4000001004
S51 S52	Slide Switch		4200001224 4100001224
S52 S53	Push Switch Slide Switch		4200029004
500	DIIGO DWITCH		1200020004
SP51	Speaker	40φ 4Ω/0.1 W	5210001370
	-	•	
X1	Crystal		4511101331
X2	Crystal	21.145 MHz	4506213221
	or	22.055 MHz	4506214221

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(3MK-2755E)

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QTY.

PART NO.

PARTS BREAKDOWN 450-512 MHz MONITOR PAGING RECEIVER 4DT-2152E

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	QTY.
1	FRONT CASE	8202111000	1
2	PUSH BUTTON (1)	8201760030	1
3	PUSH BUTTON (2)	8201761030	1
4	SWITCH PARTS (1)	8202128000	1
5	SWITCH PARTS (2)	8202129000	1
6	SWITCH PLATE	8202114000	1
7	SPEAKER NET	8701227000	1
8	CUSHION	8700489570	1
9	CHARGE CONTACT	8107098010	1
10	CHARGE CONTACT	8107098020	1
11	BATTERY COVER	8202113000	1
12	REAR COVER ASS.	8902752050	1
13	ANTI REMOVABLE SCREW	8400634000	2
14	ANTENNA CONTACT METAL	8106644000	1
15	CLIP	8201894000	1
16	NON. SLIDING PARTS	8201258000	1
17	ANTENNA PLATE	8106643000	1
18	SPRING	8605960000	1
19	CLIP PIN	8400829000	1
20	BATTERY CASE	8202047000	1
21	CONTACT	8104287000	2
22	CONTACT POINT	8107070000	. 4
23	CUSHION	8702085000	4
24	PARTITION PLATE	8702190000	2
25	BATTERY CONTACT	8107073000	1
26	INSULATOR	8701936000	1
27	ANTENNA CONTACT POINT	8400841000	1
28	TUNER CASE ASS.	8105783000	1
29	SUPPORTER	8701333000	1
30	INSULATOR	8702201000	1
31	CUSHION (PORON)	8701971010	1
32	CUSHION (PORON)	8701971020	1
33	CUSHION (PORON)	8701971030	1

	34	NAMEPLATE	8501770000	1
	35	SWITCH NAMEPLATE	8502132000	1
	36	CALL SEAL	8501771000	1
	37	SWITCH NAMEPLATE	8501741000	1
	38	NUMBER SEAL	8501883000	1
	39	DEALER LABEL	8502088000	1
	40	FACTORY MUTUAL LABEL	8502130000	1
	41	MAIN NAMEPLATE	85017720000	1
1	101	CYLINDER SCREW, M1.7 X 5	9806017050	1

DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL NO.

PARTS BREAKDOWN

Receiver ER-147-A1, B1