

**MAINTENANCE MANUAL  
FOR  
70.2 MHz RECEIVER IF MODULE  
25 kHz CHANNEL SPACING  
19D902783G5**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<b>Page</b>
DESCRIPTION . . . . .	Front Cover
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS . . . . .	1
BLOCK DIAGRAM . . . . .	1
CIRCUIT ANALYSIS . . . . .	1
INPUT MATCHING NETWORK . . . . .	1
CRYSTAL FILTERS, IF AMPLIFIERS . . . . .	1
OSCILLATOR/MIXER/DETECTOR . . . . .	1
AUDIO AMPLIFIER . . . . .	1
SQUELCH . . . . .	2
Buffer Amplifier . . . . .	2
Bandpass Filter . . . . .	2
Noise Detector . . . . .	2
DC Amplifier . . . . .	2
Schmitt Trigger . . . . .	2
FAULT DETECTOR . . . . .	2
VOLTAGE REGULATOR . . . . .	2
MAINTENANCE . . . . .	2
RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT . . . . .	2
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE . . . . .	2
TROUBLESHOOTING . . . . .	3
ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM . . . . .	3
OUTLINE DIAGRAM . . . . .	4
IC DATA . . . . .	4
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM . . . . .	5
PARTS LIST . . . . .	7

**DESCRIPTION**

The MASTR III Receiver IF Module provides amplification and demodulation of the 70.2 MHz Intermediate Frequency signal. The IF Module also includes the receiver squelch circuitry. However, it does not include de-emphasis or squelch audio gating circuits. Figure 1 is a block diagram showing the functional operation of the IF Module.

The IF Module circuitry contains the following:

- A 50 ohm input impedance IF Amplifier
- A chain of two crystal filters and an integrated circuit IF amplifier
- An integrated circuit containing a crystal oscillator, mixer, limiter, and quadrature detector
- A variable gain AF amplifier
- A squelch circuit
- A fault detector circuit
- An integrated circuit voltage regulator

**TABLE 1 - GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
I.F. frequency	70.2 MHz
Input Impedance	50 ohm
12 dB SINAD	-124 dBm
Adj. CH SEL (25 kHz)	-103 dB
Image	-100 dB
3rd order Intercept Pt	14 dBm
Variation of Sensitivity with Signal Frequency	2 kHz
2nd I.F. frequency	455 kHz
2nd L.O. frequency	69.745 MHz
AF output (J2 pin 31C)	1 Vrms adjustable (with standard input signal)
AF output impedance	1k ohm
AF distortion	5%
<u>AF response</u>	
10 Hz	-3 dB
300 Hz	±1 dB
1000 Hz	0 dB reference
3 kHz	±1 dB
Hum & Noise	-55 dB
RSSI output (J2 pin 20C)	0.7 to 2.7 Vdc prop to log (sig level)
RSSI time constant	5 ms
SQ Threshold Sensitivity	-119 dBm
SQ Maximum Sensitivity	-102 dBm
SQ Clipping	3 kHz
SQ Attack	150 ms
SQ Close	250 ms
SQ output (J2 pin 26C)	5V logic (low = squelched)
Fault output (J2 pin IIC)	5V logic (low = fault)
DC Supply	1 Vrms (adjustable)

## CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

### INPUT AMPLIFIER NETWORK

The input amplifier, consisting of Q2 and T1, provides a 50 ohm load for the receiver RF module.

Capacitor C1 provides AC coupling and a DC block on the input line (J1). This DC block protects the module in the event of a failure in a preceding module.

### CRYSTAL FILTERS, IF AMPLIFIERS

Y1, Y2, U1, and associated circuitry provide IF filtering and amplification at 70.2 MHz. Filters Y1 and Y2 are both 4-pole bandpass filters with a center frequency of 70.2 MHz and a bandwidth of ±6.5 kHz. Amplifier U1 is an integrated-circuit amplifier. U1 provides 30 dB of gain. The amplifier and filters have terminal impedances of 50 ohms. In-circuit gain measurements can be made using a high impedance probe.

Inductors L3, L5 and associated resistors and capacitors provide power supply decoupling. R3 provides a path to the input of the Fault Detector circuit. This input enables the Fault Detector circuit to monitor the DC voltage of U1.

The RF level detector consists of transistor Q1 along with associated resistors and capacitors. This detector plays no role in the normal operation of the IF Module, but aids in unit testing and module troubleshooting.

### OSCILLATOR/MIXER/DETECTOR

Integrated circuit U3 provides several functions including 2nd mixer, if amplifier and limiter, and quadrature detector.

The 69.745 MHz crystal oscillator provides local oscillator injection to the mixer in U3. This mixer converts the 70.2 MHz IF signal to 455 kHz. C20 and C21 are oscillator feedback capacitors and have been chosen to provide the proper capacitance for crystal Y3. The proper oscillator output level is difficult to measure directly without affecting the oscillation.

A preferable measurement is at TP3 which should read about 10 mV pk. (Measured using a 10 megohm 11 pF oscilloscope probe.)

The mixer is internally connected to the crystal oscillator. Pins 1 and 20 of U3 are the mixer input and output respectively. Typical mixer conversion loss is about 2 dB. The output of the mixer drives the IF amplifier via the 2 pole ceramic bandpass filter FL1.

The IF amplifier output drives the limiter via the 6-pole ceramic filter FL2.

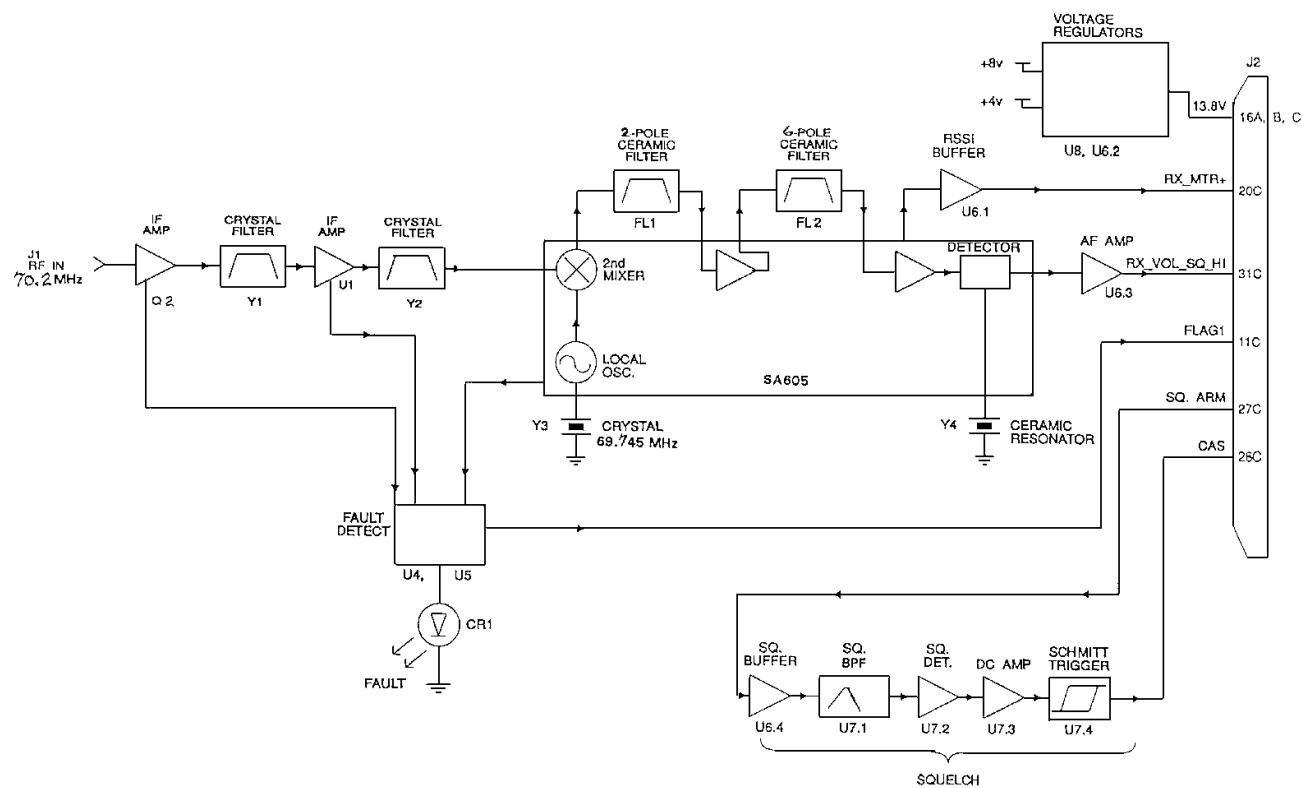
A received signal strength indicator (RSSI) is provided at U3 Pin 7. This indicator signal is generated within the limiter circuitry and provides an output current proportional to the logarithm of the input signal strength. This current develops a voltage across R18. The voltage varies from about 1 Vdc for noise input, to about 1.4 Vdc for a 12 dB SINAD signal, to a maximum of about 4.8 Vdc for a high signal level (70 dB stronger than that required for 12 dB SINAD).

The quadrature detector provides a demodulated audio frequency output. The input to the detector is internally connected to the limiter and is not externally available. The output of the detector is U3 pin 9. C28 provides low-pass filtering to remove 455 kHz feedthrough. Ceramic resonator Y4 provides the frequency selective component needed for FM demodulation. Y4 replaces the typical LC resonant circuit found in most quadrature detectors. In contrast to the typical LC network, Y4 requires no adjustment.

The DC supply to U3 is provided through voltage dropping resistor R11 to U3 pin 6. R12 provides a path to the input of the Fault Detection circuit. This enables the Fault Detector to monitor the DC voltage on U3.

### AUDIO AMPLIFIER

Operational amplifier U6.3 provides audio frequency amplification. Its gain is set by its associated resistors, including variable resistor VR1. VR1 allows for adjusting the AF output level to 1 Vrms with a standard input signal to the module (1 kHz AF, 3 kHz peak deviation). U6.2 is used as a voltage regulator to provide 4 Vdc for biasing the Operational amplifier.



70.2 MHZ IF MODULE - BLOCK DIAGRAM

## SQUELCH

### Buffer Amplifier

Integrated circuit U6.4 is configured as a unity gain buffer amplifier. It provides a high input impedance to minimize loading of the previous circuits.

### Bandpass Filter

The audio frequency bandpass filter consists of U7.1 and its associated circuitry. The purpose of this filter is to reject all voice frequencies and allow only demodulated noise to pass. The functioning of the squelch circuit depends upon the presence or absence of this noise. (When a signal is being received, i.e. the receiver is quiet, the squelch circuit senses the absence of noise and unsquelches the radio.)

### Noise Detector

U7.2 along with associated components act as a noise detector. The rectified output of U7.2 charges C11/C44 to a nearly constant DC voltage.

### DC Amplifier

U7.3 is configured as a basic amplifier with a gain of 3.

### Schmitt Trigger

U7.4 is configured as an amplifier with positive feedback. This arrangement provides hysteresis in the output versus input characteristic. This eliminates the possibility of the squelch circuit repeatedly cutting in and out when the input signal is near a threshold. R56 and R57 act as a voltage divider to provide a 5 volt logic level output. (Logic High = unsquelched)

## FAULT DETECTOR

U4 and U5 are voltage comparators. These are configured into four "window detectors" which sense the presence of voltages within specified ranges (windows).

The four window detector circuits are U4.1 & U4.2, U4.4 & U4.3, U5.1 & U5.2, and U5.4 & U5.3. These monitor DC operating voltages on U6.2, U1, Q2, and U3 respectively. R29 and R30 comprise a voltage divider to provide a 5 volt logic level output. A fault is indicated when the output drops to zero.

Diode D1 and transistor Q3 monitor the output of the 8V regulator. D1 is a 8.2 volt breakdown diode. If the regulator

output voltage should rise above 8.9 V (8.2 + 0.7 base-emitter drop) Q1 will turn on and a fault will be indicated.

Transistors Q4 and Q5 are drivers for the front panel LED CRI. These are powered from the +13.8 Vdc line before the 8V regulator. Therefore, if the regulator opens, a fault will still be indicated.

## VOLTAGE REGULATOR

U8 is a monolithic integrated-circuit voltage regulator providing 8 Vdc. This powers all circuitry in the module with the exception of Q2, the front panel LED and its drivers.

## MAINTENANCE

### RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

The following test equipment is required to test the IF Module.

1. FM Signal Generator; HP 8640B, HP 8657A, or equivalent
2. AF Generator or Function Generator
3. Audio Analyzer; HP 8903B, HP 339A, or equivalent
4. Oscilloscope
5. Frequency Counter; Racal-Dana 9919 or equivalent
6. DC Meter for troubleshooting
7. Power Supply; 13.8 Vdc @ 150 mA
8. Power Supply; 12 Vdc @ 20 mA

### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Apply 13.8 Vdc and 12 Vdc supplies to module.
2. Verify 13.8 V DC current consumption is between 90 and 150 mA, and 12 Vdc current is between 12 and 18 mA.
3. Verify fault output is 0 to 0.5 Vdc and front panel LED is off.
4. Apply a standard input signal to the module input. (-60 dBm, 70.2 MHz signal modulated with 1 kHz AF, 3 kHz peak deviation)

5. Monitor TP5 with a high-impedance probe connected to the frequency counter. Adjust L10 for a reading of 455 kHz  $\pm$  100 Hz.
6. Set VRI for 1 Vrms  $\pm$  3% at module output (pin 31C on 96 pin connector J2).

The following four test points are provided on the PWB for additional test capability:

TP1: 60 mV pk @ 70.2 MHz with -30 dBm input signal

TP3: 10 mV pk @ 69.745 MHz independent of input signal

TP4: 20 mV pk @ 455 kHz with -60 dBm input signal

TP5: 750 mV pk @ 455 kHz with -60 dbm input signal

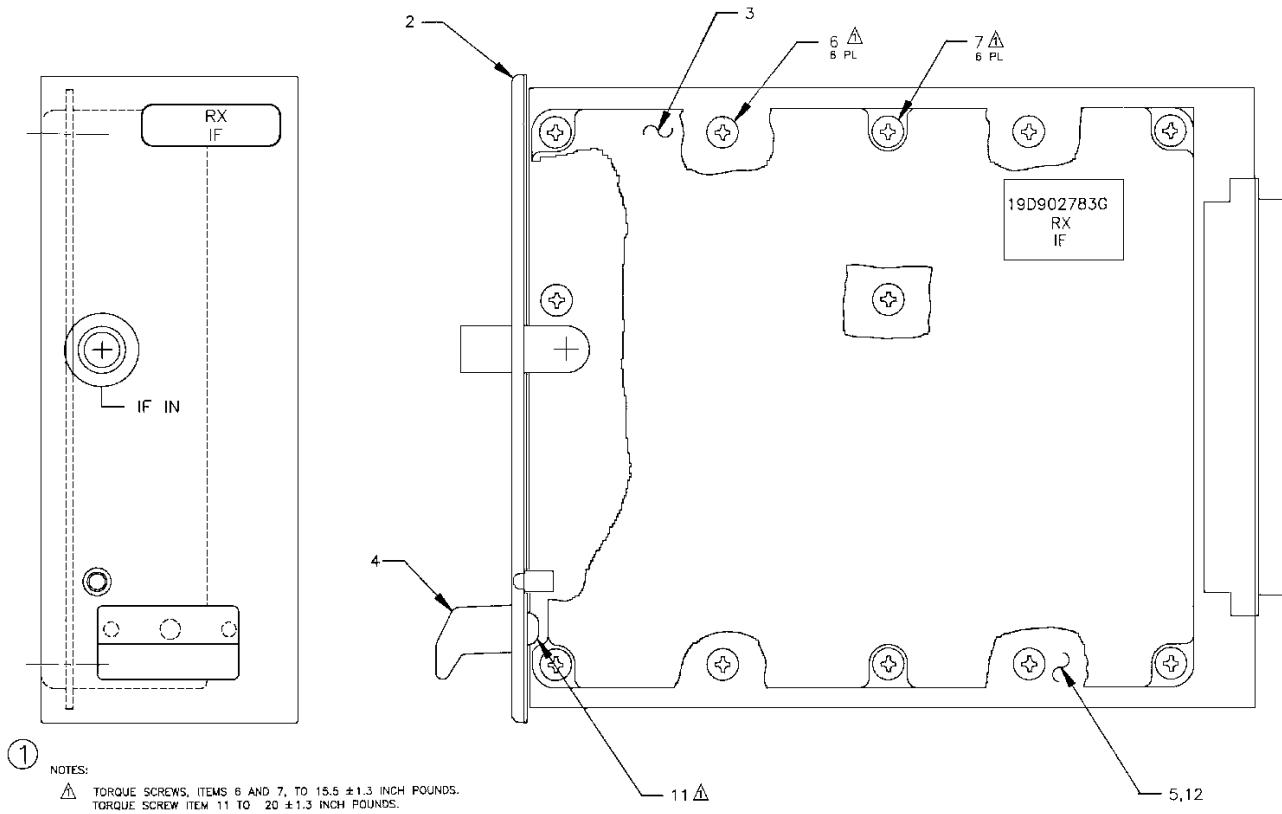
All RF voltages measured with 10 Megohm, 11 pF probe.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

IF amplifier Q2 has a nominal 8 dB gain. U1 has a nominal gain of 30 dB. The mixer has about 2 dB loss with proper LO injection. The proper crystal oscillator level is 10 mV pk measured at TP3.

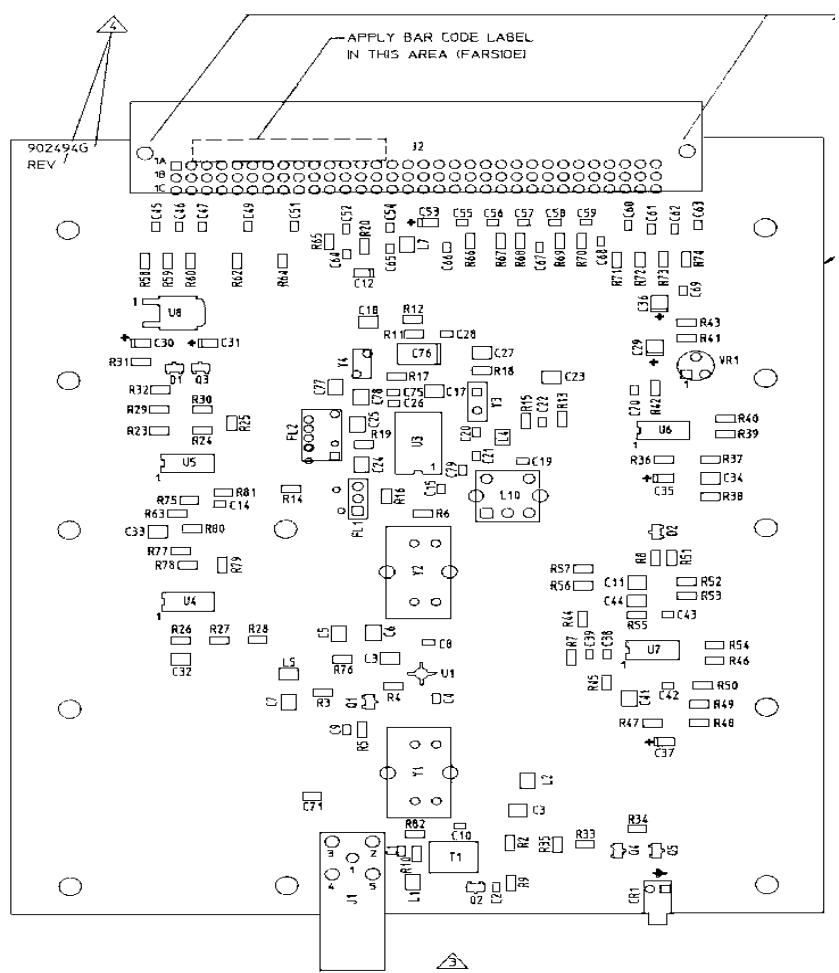
### TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

SYMPTOM	CHECK (CORRECT READING SHOWN)	INCORRECT READING INDICATES DEFECTIVE COMPONENT
Fault indicator on	Check DC voltages +8V at U8 Pin 1 +4v at U6 Pin 7 5.5V at U1 output pin 6V at U3 Pin 5	If DC voltages not correct U8 or associated components U6 or associated components U1 or associated components U3 or associated components If DC voltages correct U4, U5, U6, DI, Q3, Q4, Q5
No audio - no noise	With no signal applied to module IF input Check for AF noise @ C29 ; 200mV Check for AF noise @ U6 Pin 14:1 V	U3 or associated components U6 or associated components
Noise only - no demodulated audio	Check crystal oscillator: TP3 10 mVpk 69.745 MHz Apply-30 dBm 70.2 MHz input, check TP1 60 mVpk Apply-60 dBm 70.2 MHz input, check TP4 20 mVpk	U3, Y3 or associated components Q2, Y1, U1 or associated components U3, FL1 or associated components
Poor 12 dB SINAD	Check crystal oscillator: TP3 10 mVpk 69.745 MHz Apply-30 dBm 70.2 MHz input, check TP1 60 mVpk Apply-60 dBm 70.2 MHz input, check TP4 20 mVpk	U3, Y3 or associated components Q6, Y1, U1 or associated components U3, FL1 or associated components
No squelch function	With squelch pot maximum, or with module AUDIO/SQUELCH/HI connected to SQUELCH/ARM input and with no signal to module IF input: Check Presence of 1 Vpk noise at U6 Pin 14  Check presence of 1 Vpk noise U7 at Pin 1 Check DC voltage U7 at Pin 8: 7V Check DC voltage U7 at Pin 14: 0.5V	U6 or associated components  U7 or associated components

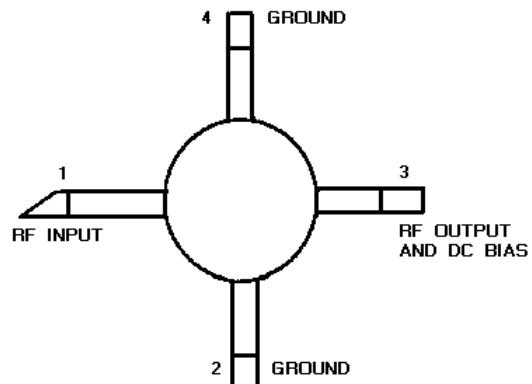


RECEIVER IF MODULE  
19D902783G5

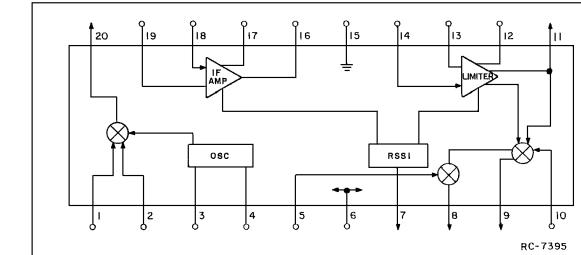
(19D902783, Sh. 1, Rev. 2)



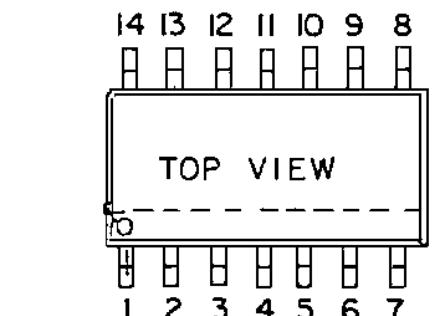
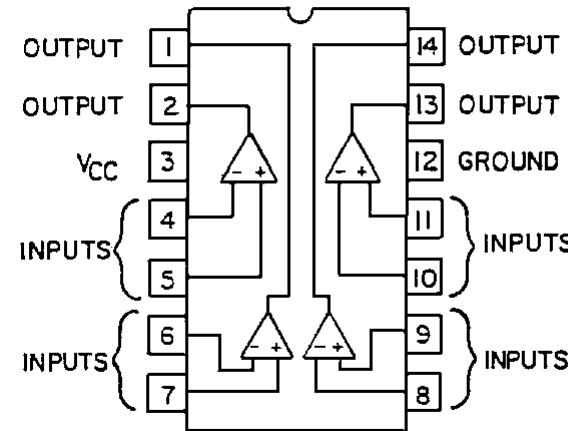
**U1**  
344A3740P1  
Silicon Bipolar IC



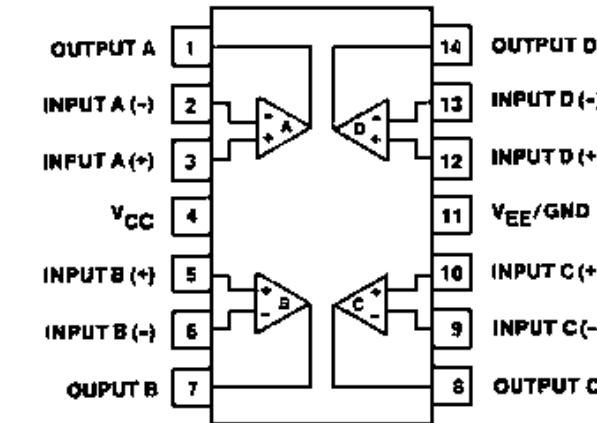
**U3**  
19A705535P3  
FM Receiver



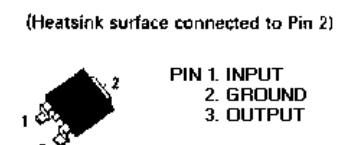
**U4 & U5**  
19A704125P1  
Quad Comparator



**U6 & U7**  
19A701789P5  
Quad Op-Amp



**U8**  
19A704971P10  
Voltage Regulator

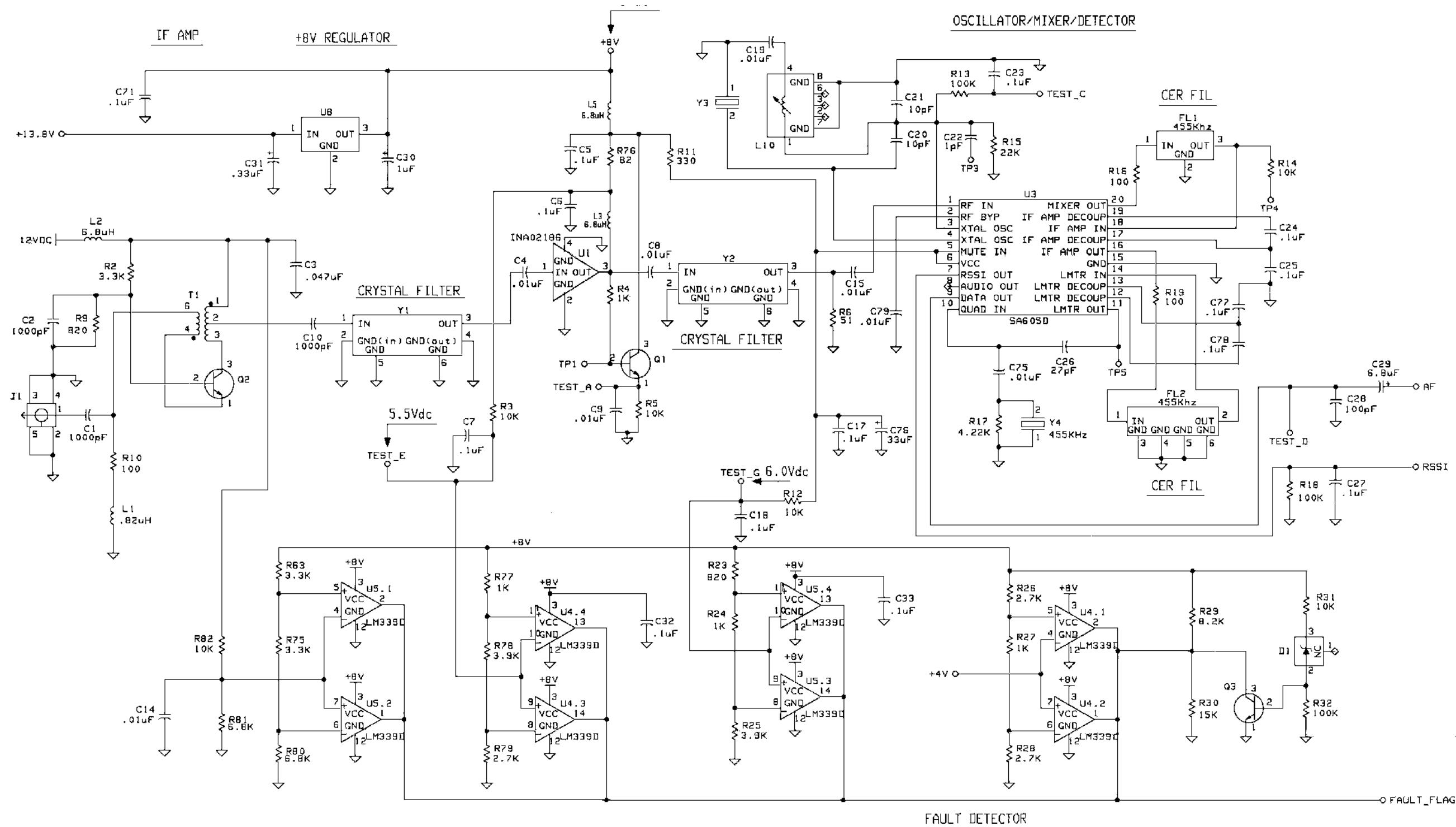


**RECEIVER IF MODULE**  
19D902494G5

(19D902494, Sh. 2, Rev. 1)



**CAUTION**  
OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS  
FOR HANDLING  
ELECTROSTATIC  
SENSITIVE  
DEVICES

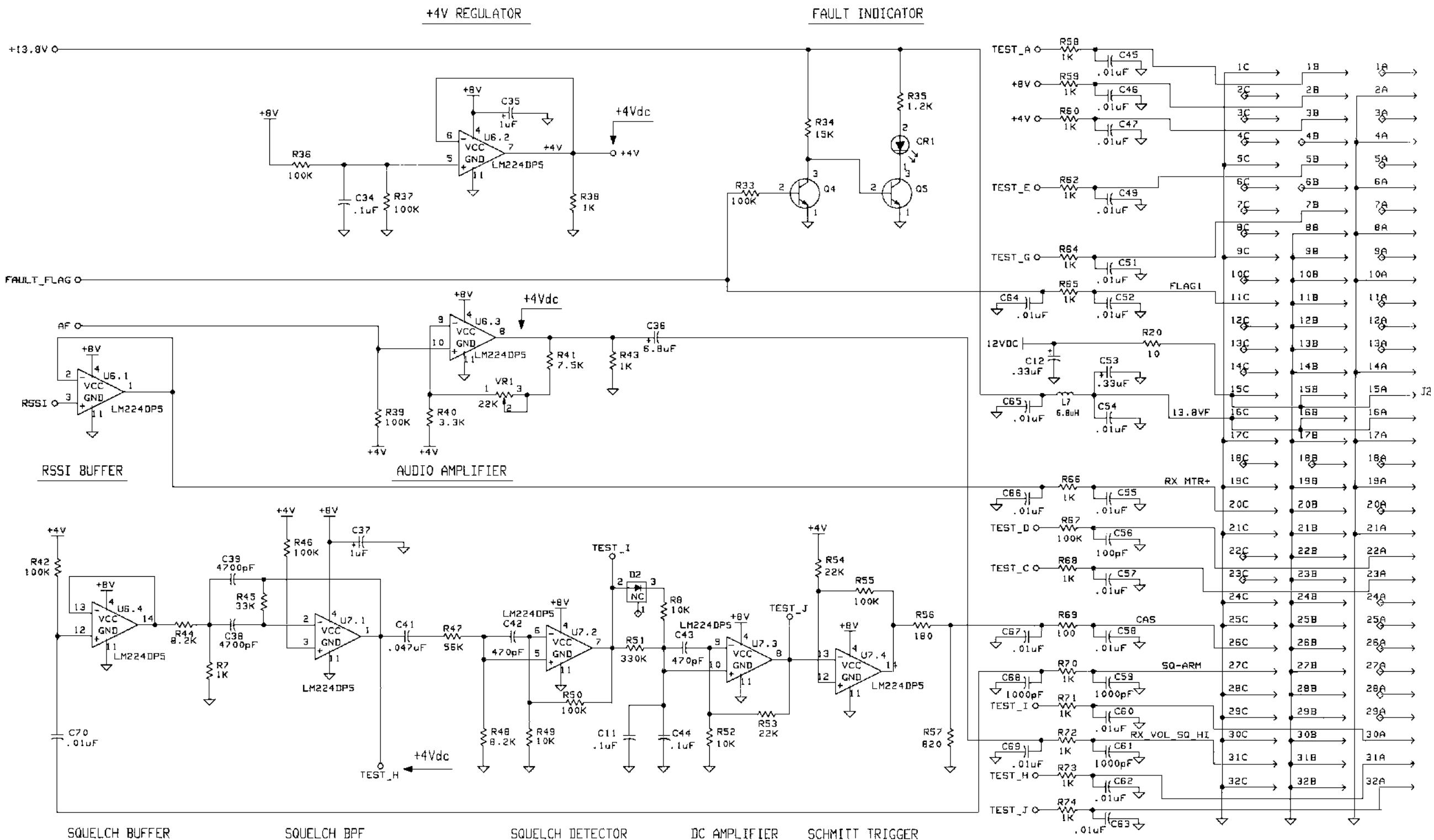


THIS SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM APPLIES TO  
MODEL NO. PL19D902494G5  
REV LETTER G5

All dc measurements +/-10%

RECEIVER IF MODULE  
19D902494G5

(19D904734, Sh. 1 Rev. 3))



**RECEIVER IF MODULE**  
19D90294G5

(19D904734, Sh. 2, Rev. 3)

All dc measurements +/-10%

PARTS LIST

LBI-39029

RECEIVER IF MODULE  
19D902783G5  
ISSUE 1

SYMBOL	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
<b>19D902783G5</b>		
		----- MISCELLANEOUS -----
2	19D902508P1	Chassis.
3	19D902509P1	Cover.
4	19D902555P1	Handle.
6	19A702381P506	Screw, thread forming: TORX, No. M3.5-6 x 6.
7	19A702381P513	Screw, thread forming: TORX, No. M3.5 - 0.6 X 13.
8	19B235310P1	Nameplate.
11	19A702381P508	Screw, thd. form: No. 3.5-0.6 x 8.
12	19D902494G5	25 KHz IF Receiver Module.
<b>19D902494G5</b>		
----- CAPACITORS -----		
C1 and C2	19A702052P5	Ceramic: 1000 pF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C3	19A702052P22	Ceramic: 0.047 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C4	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C5 thru C7	19A702052P26	Ceramic: 0.1+ or μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C8 and C9	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C10	19A702052P5	Ceramic: 1000 pF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C11	19A702052P26	Ceramic: 0.1μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C12	19A705205P12	Tantalum: .33 μF, 16 VDCW; sim to Sprague 293D.
C14 and C15	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C17 and C18	19A702052P26	Ceramic: 0.1μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C19	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C20 and C21	19A702236P25	Ceramic: 0.01 pF ±5% pF, 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 ±30 PPM/C.
C22	19A702061P1	Ceramic: 1 pF ±0.5% pF, 50 VDCW.
C23 thru C25	19A702052P26	Ceramic: 0.1μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C26	19A702061P33	Ceramic: 27 pF ±5%, 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 ±30 PPM/C.
C27	19A702052P26	Ceramic: 0.1μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C28	19A702236P50	Ceramic: 100 pF ±5%, 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 ±30 PPM/C.
C29	19A705205P5	Tantalum: 6.8 μF, 10 VDCW; sim to Sprague 293D.
C30	19A705205P2	Tantalum: 1 μF, 16 VDCW; sim to Sprague 293D.
C31	19A705205P12	Tantalum: .33 μF, 16 VDCW; sim to Sprague 293D.
C32 thru C34	19A702052P26	Ceramic: 0.1μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C35	19A705205P2	Tantalum: 1 μF, 16 VDCW; sim to Sprague 293D.
C36	19A705205P5	Tantalum: 6.8 μF, 10 VDCW; sim to Sprague 293D.

\*COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES

SYMBOL	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
C37	19A705205P2	Tantalum: 1 μF, 16 VDCW; sim to Sprague 293D.
C38 and C39	19A702052P10	Ceramic: 4700 pF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C41	19A702052P22	Ceramic: 0.047 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C42 and C43	19A702061P77	Ceramic: 470 pF ±5%, 50 VDCW, temp coef 0 ±30 PPM.
C44	19A702052P26	Ceramic: 0.1μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C45 thru C47	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C49	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C51 and C52	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01μF±10%, 50 VDCW.
C53	19A705205P12	Tantalum: .33 μF, 16 VDCW; sim to Sprague 293D.
C54 and C55	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C56	19A702236P50	Ceramic: 100 pF ±5%, 50 VDCW, temp coef 0+ or -30 PPM/C.
C57 and C58	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF±10%, 50 VDCW.
C59	19A702052P5	Ceramic: 1000 pF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C60	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C61	19A702052P5	Ceramic: 1000 pF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C62 thru C67	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C68	19A702052P5	Ceramic: 1000 pF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C69 and C70	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C71	19A702052P33	Ceramic: 0.1 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C75	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C76	19A705205P15	Tantalum: 33 μF, 16 VDCW; sim to Sprague 293D.
C77 and C78	19A702052P26	Ceramic: 0.1μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
C79	19A702052P14	Ceramic: 0.01 μF ±10%, 50 VDCW.
----- DIODES -----		
CR1	19A703595P10	Optoelectric: Red LED; sim to HP HLMP-1301-010.
----- DIODES -----		
D1	19A700083P105	Silicon: Zener; 8.2 Volt.
D2	19A700155P2	Silicon: 100 mA, 35 PIV; sim to BAT 18.
----- FILTERS -----		
FL1	19B801021P6	Bandpass Filter: 455 ± 0.5 kHz, 3 dB BW ± 0.5 kHz, 9 dB BW ± 7 kHz; sim to TOKO SHCFM2-455D.
FL2	19B801021P5	Bandpass Filter: 455 ± 1.5 kHz, 3 dB BW ± 6 kHz min; sim to Murata CF2M-455E10.
----- JACKS -----		
J1	19A115938P24	Coaxial Connector.
J2	19B801587P7	Connector, DIN: 96 male contacts, right anglemounting; sim to AMP 650887-1.
----- INDUCTORS -----		
L1	19A705470P24	Coil: 6.8 μH.
L2 and L3	19A705470P35	Coil: 6.8 μH.

SYMBOL	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
L5	19A705470P35	Coil: 6.8 μH.
L7	19A705470P35	Coil: 6.8 μH.
L10	19A703311P1	Coil, RF: sim to TOKO American KON-K6572BA.
----- TRANSISTORS -----		
Q1 and Q2	19A704708P2	Silicon, NPN: sim to NEC 2SC3356.
Q3 thru Q5	19A700076P2	Silicon, NPN: sim to MMBT3904, low profile.
----- RESISTORS -----		
R2	19B800607P332	Metal film: 3.3K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R3	19B800607P103	Metal film: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R4	19B800607P102	Metal film: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R5	19B800607P103	Metal film: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R6	19B800607P510	Metal film: 51 ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R7	19B800607P102	Metal film: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R8	19B800607P103	Metal film: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R9	19B800607P821	Metal film: 820 ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R10	19B800607P101	Metal film: 100 ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R11	19B800607P331	Metal film: 330 ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R12	19B800607P103	Metal film: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R13	19B800607P104	Metal film: 100K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R14	19B800607P103	Metal film: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R15	19B800607P223	Metal film: 22K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R16	19B800607P101	Metal film: 100 ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R17	19A702931P261	Metal film: 4220 ohms ±1%, 200 VDCW, 1/8 w.
R18	19A702931P401	Metal film: 100K ohms ±1%, 200 VDCW, 1/8 w.
R19	19B800607P101	Metal film: 100 ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R20	19B800607P100	Metal film: 10 ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R23	19B800607P821	Metal film: 820 ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R24	19B800607P102	Metal film: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R25	19B800607P392	Metal film: 3.9K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R26	19B800607P272	Metal film: 2.7K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R27	19B800607P102	Metal film: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R28	19B800607P272	Metal film: 2.7K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R29	19B800607P822	Metal film: 8.2K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R30	19B800607P153	Metal film: 15K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R31	19B800607P103	Metal film: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R32 and R33	19B800607P104	Metal film: 100K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R34	19B800607P153	Metal film: 15K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R35	19B800607P122	Metal film: 1.2K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R36 and R37	19B800607P104	Metal film: 100K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R38	19B800607P102	Metal film: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R39	19B800607P104	Metal film: 100K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R40	19B800607P332	Metal film: 3.3K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R41	19A702931P285	Metal film: 7500 ohms ±1%, 200 VDCW, 1/8 w.
R42	19B800607P104	Metal film: 100K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R43	19B800607P102	Metal film: 1K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R44	19B800607P822	Metal film: 8.2K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R45	19B800607P333	Metal film: 33K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R46	19B800607P104	Metal film: 100K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R47	19B800607P563	Metal film: 56K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R48	19B800607P822	Metal film: 8.2K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R49	19B800607P103	Metal film: 10K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.
R50	19B800607P104	Metal film: 100K ohms ±5%, 1/8 w.