# MAINTENANCE MANUAL

BATTERY CHARGER MODEL 4EP73A10 (Option 4440)



Fast Charger

## SPECIFICATIONS \*

Used With:

PE Model Two-Way FM Radios

Input Voltage: 4EP73A10 4EP73A11

120 VAC  $\pm 10\%$ , 50/60 Hz 220 VAC  $\pm 10\%$ , 50/60 Hz

Input Power:

Not Charging Trickle Charge Fast Charge

7 Watts 10 Watts 30 Watts

Charging Times (approximate):

For 70% Charge For 100% Charge

15 minutes 8 hours

Charging Current (approximate):

Trickle Charge Fast Charge 25 milliamperes 1.4 amperes

Temperature Range:

 $+5^{\circ}$ C to  $+45^{\circ}$ C ( $+41^{\circ}$ F to  $113^{\circ}$ F)

Dimensions (H x W x D):

5-1/4" x 9-1/2" x 8-1/4"

Weight:

14-1/2 pounds

<sup>\*</sup>These specifications are intended primarily for the use of the serviceman. Refer to the appropriate Specification Sheet for the complete specifications.

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## - WARNING -

Under no circumstances should any person be permitted to handle any portion of the equipment that is supplied with high voltage, or to connect any external apparatus to the units while the units are supplied with power. KEEP AWAY FROM LIVE CIRCUITS.

#### **DESCRIPTION**

General Electric Fast Charger Models 4EP73AlO and 4EP73All provide a 70% charge in 15 minutes for the Standard nickel-cadmium battery pack used with MASTR PE Model two-way radios. The fast charger will fully recharge the battery in eight hours.

The fast charger can recharge one battery pack in or out of the radio, and is designed for continuous-duty operation. The charger is equipped with a special circuit to prevent overcharging the nickel-cadmium batteries. When the battery pack is charged to 70% of capacity, the charging circuit automatically switches to trickle charge for the remainder of the charging time. The battery pack may be left on trickle charge indefinitely without damage to the batteries.

#### **OPERATION**

Due to the temperature characteristics of nickel-cadmium batteries and safety precautions built into the charger, the fast charge cycle will terminate early at temperature extremes, providing less than 70% charge. For maximum capacity, recharge the battery pack at a room temperature of from 65° to 85° Fahrenheit whenever possible.

#### ---WARNING--

Fast Charger Models 4EP72A10, 11 are designed for charging GE Battery Pack 19D413522Gl only. Use of any other battery pack or batteries may result in leakage or explosion.

To use the Fast Charger, plug the power cable into a 120 or 220-Volt AC,  $50/60~\mathrm{Hz}$  source. Next, turn the OFF-ON switch to the ON position. Then place the radio into the charging insert with the speaker facing up, or place the battery pack into the insert with the flat side facing up. The red FAST CHARGE light will glow when the battery is charging.

The battery is charged to approximately 70% of capacity when the FAST CHARGE light turns OFF and the amber Trickle Charge light turns ON.

The fast charge circuit will not start if the radio (or battery pack) is placed into the charging insert before the power is turned on, or if the power source goes off while the unit is charging. If this should occur, start the charger by lifting the radio or battery pack up off of the bottom of the charging insert for a moment.

#### -CAUTION-

If the fast charger will not start charging, the battery pack has been excessively discharged, has a defective cell, or the charger has a blown thermal fuse. A battery pack that has an excessive discharge or a defective cell will cause only the trickle-charge light to turn on. Leave the battery pack on trickle charge until the fast charge cycle starts. If the fast charge cycle does not start within 10 minutes, remove the battery from the fast charger.

#### **CIRCUIT ANALYSIS**

References to symbol number mentioned in the following text can be found on the Schematic Diagram, Outline Diagram or Parts List (see Table of Contents).

#### POWER SUPPLY

Placing OFF-ON switch S501 in the ON position applies 120 or 220 Volts to the primary of step-down transformer T501/T502. The transformer primary is protected by F501/F502.

The AC voltage developed across the Green-Green secondary windings of T501/T502 provides two different outputs. The output of rectifiers CR501 and CR502 is filtered by L501 and C501, and provides the low voltage (high current) battery charging supply. The output of rectifiers CR504 and CR505 is filtered by R501 and C502, and provides the high voltage (low current) transistor supply.

Thermal fuse TF501 mounted on the charging insert is designed to blow at 168°F. The fuse protects the batteries from damage due to overheating while recharging, or from heating up due to a defective cell.

If it becomes necessary to replace the fuse, solder in the new fuse while heatsinking the fuse lead between the fuse and solder terminal with a pair of long nose pliers. Keep the fuse heatsinked until the solder cools.

#### CHARGING CIRCUITS

The fast charger consists of the following charging circuits:

- Astable (free-running) multivibrator Q4 and Q5.
- Bistable (flip-flop) multivibrator Q10 and Q11.

- High voltage detector Q12.
- Sensor switch Q2 and DC switch Q3.
- Fast charge shut-off sensing circuit Q6 through Q9 -- includes differential amplifier Q6 and Q7, emitter follower Q8 and DC amplifier Q9.
- Compound-connected current amplifiers Q1, Q502, Q501.

#### High Voltage Detector

High voltage detector Q12 resets the charging circuits so that the fast charge cycle can start whenever a battery pack or radio is placed in the charger.

When the battery pack is removed from the charger, the voltage applied to the charging terminals through trickle charge light DS501 rises to approximately +15 Volts. The +15 Volts breaks down zener diode VR3 and turns on high voltage detector Q12. When turned on, the collector of Q12 drops to near ground potential which forward biases diodes CR4, CR5 and CR6. This grounds the base of Q10, resetting the flip-flop (Q10 off, Q11 on), and also grounds the base of Q6 in the sensing circuit and Q5 in the free-running multivibrator, keeping these stages turned off.

Trickle charge light DS501 will glow faintly as long as Q12 remains on, completing the current path to ground.

#### Fast Charge

Placing a radio or battery pack into the charger turns off Q12, removing the ground to Q5, Q6 through Q9, and Q10. Removing the ground starts the free-running multivibrator (Q4 and Q5) and enables the sensing circuit (Q6 - Q9). The flip-flop remains in the reset condition (Q10 off and Q11 on).

The 300 Hz, square-wave output of the free-running multivibrator alternately turns switching transistor Q3 on and off. This applies a square wave to the base of current amplifier Q1 and to sensing switch Q2.

The positive half-cycles of the square-wave output of Q3 turn on compound-connected current amplifiers Q1, Q502 and Q501, and the negative - going half-cycles turn the amplifiers off. In the sensing switch circuit, the positive half cycles turn PNP transistor Q2 off, while the negative-going half cycles turn the Q2 on.

The charging and sensing cycles are controlled by the actions of the battery, diode CR503, reactor L502 and Q501. A simplified diagram of the charging circuit as well as the charging and sensing waveforms are shown in Figure 1.

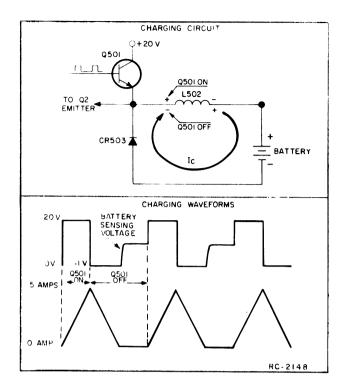


Figure 1 - Charging Circuit and Waveforms

Q501 conducts during the positive portion of the square wave output of Q3, lighting the red charge light and applying current to the charging circuit. The charging current is stored as energy in L502. When Q501 turns off during the negativegoing portion of the square wave, the voltage across L502 is reversed in polarity and the energy stored in L502 is applied to the battery through CR503. When all of the energy is released, the voltage across L502 and the current in the circuit drop to zero.

Sensing switch Q2 conducts during the entire "off" cycle of Q501. When the current flow in the charging circuit stops, the battery voltage appears at TB2-4 and is applied through Q2 to the sensing circuit. The charging and sensing cycles are repeated until the battery voltage reaches 70% of capacity.

#### Trickle Charge

When the voltage at the battery terminals reaches 8.88 Volts (at 77°F) during the sensing cycle, the voltage developed across voltage divider network R10, R12, R13 and thermistor RT501 turns on Q6. This turns off Q7, allowing Q8 and Q9 to turn on. When turned on, the collector of Q9 drops to near ground potential and switches the flipflop (Q10 on and Q11 off). Turning on Q10 forward biases CR3 and grounds the base of Q5, stopping the free-running multivibrator.

Stopping the multivibrator disables the high current charging circuit and turns off the red Fast charge light. The trickle charge current is applied to the battery through Trickle charge light DS501. The circuit will remain on trickle charge until the battery is removed from the charger.

The setting of potentiometer R12 is critical as it determines the voltage level that turns on Q6 and switches the circuit from fast charge to trickle charge. Instructions for setting R12 are contained in the Adjustment section of this manual. (see Table of Contents).

#### Low Voltage Detector

The low voltage detector (Q13 and Q14) prevents a battery pack with a shorted cell or one that has been over-discharged from being recharged at the fast charge rate.

In normal operations, Q13 is off and Q14 is on. Placing a battery pack of less than 7.1 Volts into the charger turns off Q14, turning on Q13. When conducting, Q13 grounds the base of Q1 and prevents it from turning on even though the free-running multivibrator is operating. If the battery potential reaches 7.1 Volts, zener diode VR4 breaks down and Q14 turns on (Q13 turns off). This releases the ground on Q1, permitting the fast charge circuit to operate.

If a battery pack has a shorted cell, or if for any reason, the battery pack voltage does not reach 7.1 Volts, the fast charge circuit will not operate.

#### **MAINTENANCE**

#### DISASSEMBLY

The charger is shipped from the factory with a spare indicator lamp, thermal fuse and line fuse.

To gain access to the charger circuitry for changing the indicator light, thermal fuse or servicing, remove the two Phillipshead screws at the top of the front panel and swing the panel open. If desired, the right side panel of the charger can be removed to provide better access to the charging circuitry. To remove the right side panel:

- 1. Open the front panel as described above.
- 2. Remove the two 1/4-inch nuts on the inside of the back cover (see Figure 2).
- Remove the two Phillips-head screws on the bottom as shown and lift off the side panel.

To remove printed wiring board A501:

- 1. Open the front panel as directed.
- 2. Remove the two 1/4-inch nuts as shown and lift out the circuit board.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

The Troubleshooting Procedure as listed in the Table of Contents is provided to assist the serviceman should a difficult service problem arise. The procedure includes

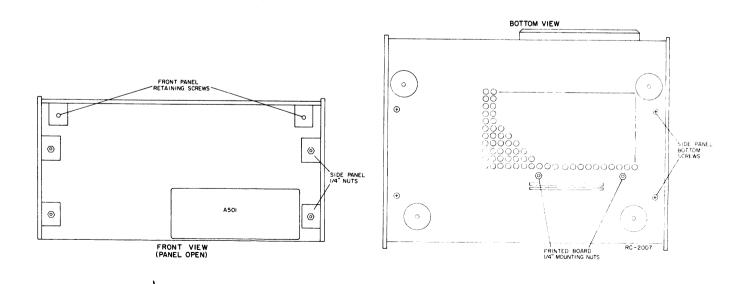


Figure 2 - Disassembly Procedure

DC voltage readings for each of the charging cycles, and waveforms for the charging circuits and free-running multivibrator.

#### **ADJUSTMENT**

Potentiometer  ${\tt Rl2}$  is set at the factory and will normally require no further adjustment. However, if R10, R12, R13, RT501 or Q6 are replaced, it will be necessary to adjust R12.

#### PREFERRED METHOD

Calibrator Model 4EX10AlO is designed for use in setting Rl2 on fast charger.

--- WARNING ---

Do not use calibrator Model 4EX10A10 for adjusting R12 on the fast charger when the room temperature exceeds the range of  $73^{\circ}F$  to  $81^{\circ}F$ . For temperatures outside of this range, use the Alternate Procedure.

#### Equipment Required

- 1. Calibrator Model 4EX10A10.
- GE Test Set Model 4EX3AlO, 11 or equivalent 20,000 ohms-per-Volt meter.

#### Procedure

 Unplug the charger power cable. Then open the front panel of the charger as directed in the Disassembly Procedure.

- 2. Remove the White wire jumper connected between A501-J5 and -J6, and connect this jumper from A501-J8 to -J9. This will ensure that the fast charging circuit is disabled.
- 3. Connect Test Set Model 4EX3AlO from A501-J5 to ground (-J4).
- 4. Connect a clip lead from the red jack on the calibrator to positive charger terminal E2. Next, connect a clip lead from the black jack on the calibrator to negative charger terminal E1. Then place the calibrator switch in Position E.
- Connect the power cable and turn on the charger. Next, adjust R12 for a meter reading of 4.5 Volts DC, ±1.5 Volts.
- 6. Remove the test equipment and re-connect the White jumper from A501-J5 to -J6.

#### ALTERNATE METHOD

This procedure must be used if calibrator Model 4EX10AlO is not used.

#### Equipment Required

- 1. A 500-ohm potentiometer, a 50-ohm potentiometer and a DC voltmeter accurate to ±.01 Volt. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 3.
- 2. GE Test Set Model 4EX3AlO or equivalent 20,000 ohms-per-volt meter.

#### Procedure

 Turn the charger off. Then open the front panel of the charger as directed in the Disassembly Procedure.

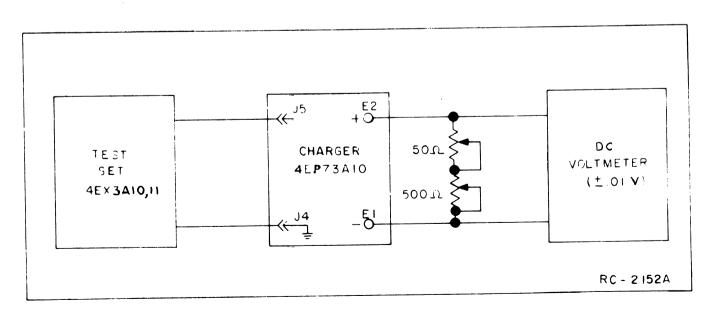
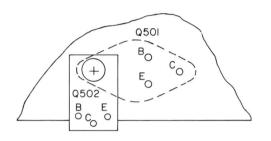


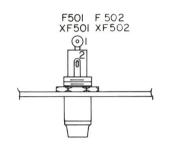
Figure 3 - Test Set-Up

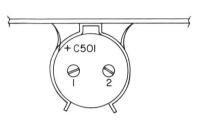
## FRONT VIEW

(INSIDE CHASSIS) C50I L501 T50I T502 L502 TB4



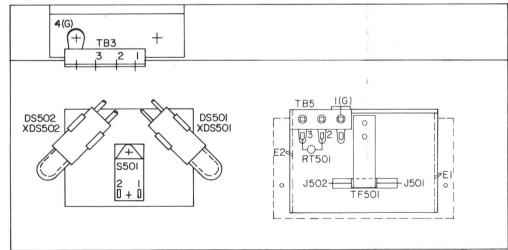
## TERMINAL VIEWS

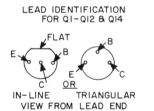


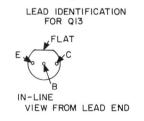


## FRONT PANEL

(SHOWN OPEN)



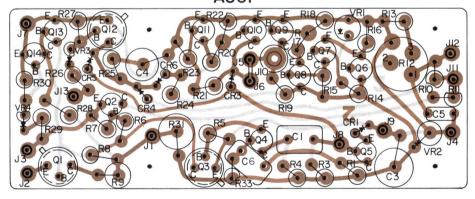


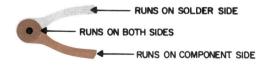


NOTE: LEAD ARRANGEMENT, AND NOT CASE SHAPE, IS DETERMING FACTOR FOR LEAD IDENTIFICATION.

(19D416271, Rev. 1) (19B216787, Sh. 1, Rev. 2) (19B216787, Sh. 2, Rev. 2)

## CHARGER BOARD **A501**





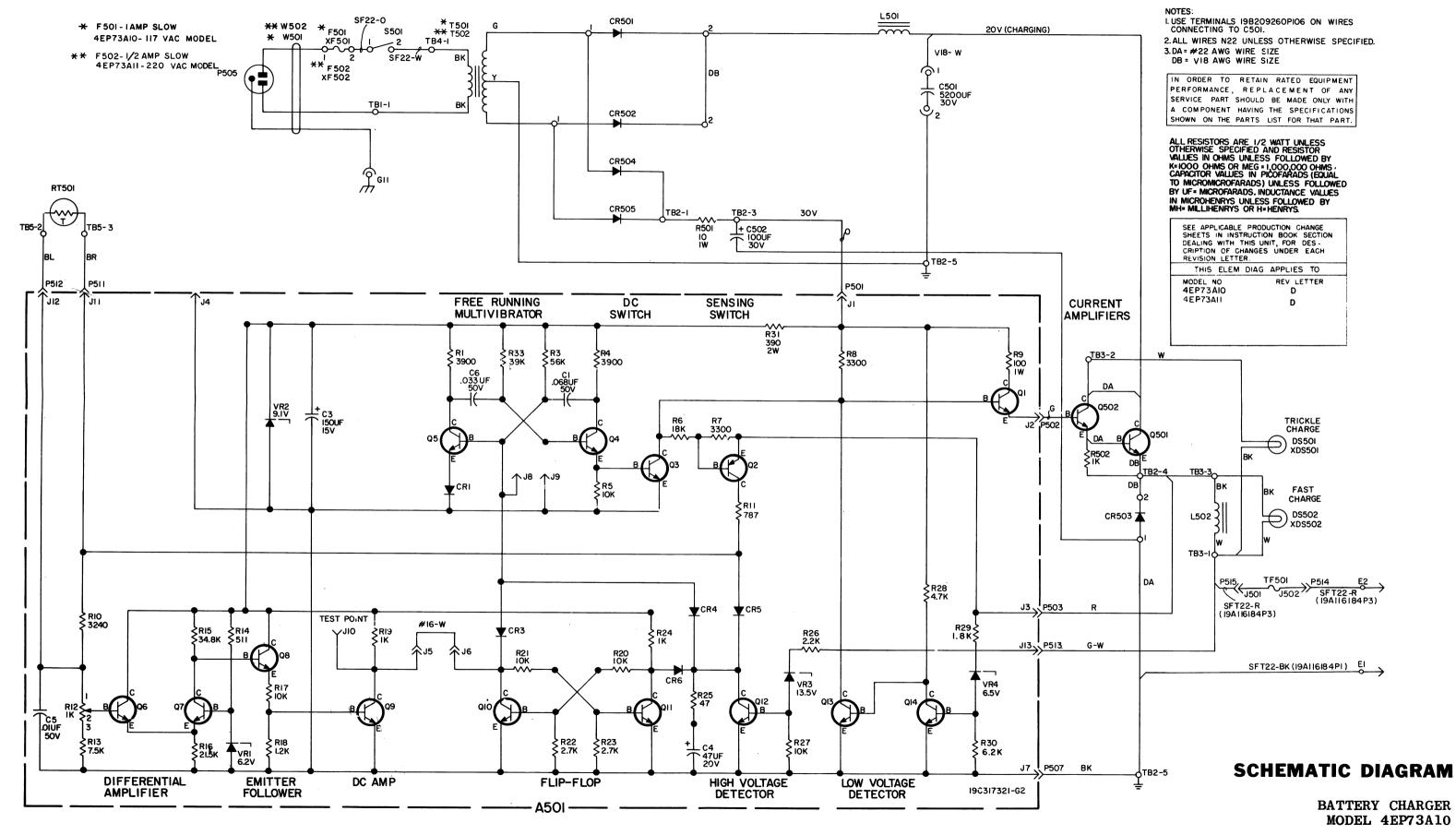
## **OUTLINE DIAGRAM**

BATTERY CHARGER MODEL 4EP73A10

- 2. Remove the White wire jumper connected between A501-J5 and -J6, and connect this jumper from A501-J8 to -J9. This will ensure that the fast charging circuit is disabled.
- 3. Connect Test Set Model 4EX3AlO from A501-J5 to ground (-J4).
- 4. Turn on the charger and adjust the potentiometers for the correct voltage according to the room temperature as shown in Figure 4.
- Next, adjust R12 for a reading on Test Set Model 4EX3A10, 11 of 4.5 Volts DC, ±1.5 Volts.
- 6. Remove the test equipment and re-connect the White jumper from A501-J5 to -J6.

Room Te	Correct Voltage	
17°C	63°	9.07
19°C	66°	9.03
21°C	70°	8.98
23°C	73°	8.93
25°C	77°	8.88
27°C	81°	8.83
29°C	84°	8.78
31°C	88°	8.73
33°C	91°	8.69
	₹	-

Figure 4 - Correct Voltage Vs. Temperature



## LBI-4255

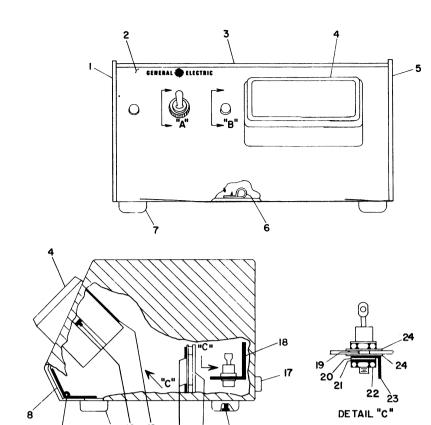
## LBI-4254B FAST CHARGER 4EP73A10 120 V 4EP73A11 220 V

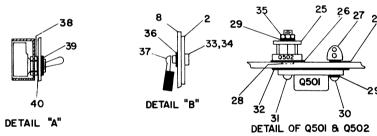
SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION					
A501		FAST CHARGER BOARD 19C317321G2					
C1	19A116080P106	Polyester: 0.068 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW.					
C3	5496267P12	Tantalum: 150 $\mu$ f $\pm 20\%$ , 15 VDCW; sim to Sprague Type 150D.					
C4	5496267P15	Tantalum: 47 µf ±20%, 20 VDCW; sim to Sprague Type 150D.					
C5	19A116080P1	Polyester: 0.01 µf ±20%, 50 VDCW.					
C6	19A116080P104	Polyester: 0.033 µf ±10%, 50 VDCW.					
CD1	104115050D1	DIODES AND RECTIFIERS					
CR1	19A115250P1	Silicon.					
CR3 thru CR6	19A115250P1	Silicon.					
		JACKS AND RECEPTACLES					
J1	4033513P4	Contact, electrical: sim to Bead Chain L93-3.					
thru J9							
J10	4029830P2	Jack, test: printed wiring, nylon; sim to Raytheon B8436401-166-G4-red.					
J11	4033513P4	Contact, electrical: sim to Bead Chain L93-3.					
thru J13							
Q1	19A115300P2	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N3053.					
Q2	19A115768P1	Silicon, PNP; sim to Type 2N3702.					
Q3	19A115300P2	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N3053.					
Q4 thru Q11	19A115362P1	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N2925.					
Q12	19A115300P2	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N3053.					
Q13*	19A116755Pl	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N3947.					
		Earlier than REV A:					
	19A115910P1	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N3904.					
Q14*	19A115720P1	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N2222.					
		In REV C and earlier:					
	19A115362P1	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N2925.					
R1	3R77P392K	Composition: 3900 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.					
R3	3R77P563K	Composition: 56,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.					
R4	3R77P392K	Composition: 3900 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.					
R5	3R77P103K	Composition: 10,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.					
R6	3R77P183K	Composition: 18,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.					
R7 and	3R77P332K	Composition: 3300 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.					
R8							
R9	3R78P101K	Composition: 100 ohms ±10%, 1 w.					
R10	19A116278P250	Metal film: 3240 ohms $\pm 2\%$ , $1/2$ w.					
R11	19A116278P187	Metal film: 787 ohms $\pm 2\%$ , $1/2$ w.					
R12	5492251P5	Variable, composition: 1000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ , .25 w; sim to Allen Bradley Type F.					
R13	19A116278P285	Metal film: 7500 ohms ±2%, 1/2 w.					

	SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	R14	19A116278P169	Metal film: 511 ohms $\pm 2\%$ , $1/2$ w.			INDUCTORS			MECHANICAL PARTS
	R15	19A116278P353	Metal film: 34,800 ohms $\pm 2\%$ , $1/2$ w.	L501	19B209080P1	Reactor: 12 mh min, 0.3 ohm DC res max, 18 VDC			(SEE RC-2217)
	R16	19A116278P333	Metal film: 21,500 ohms ±2%, 1/2 w.			operating.	1	19C317435G1	Side panel. (left).
	R17	3R77P103K	Composition: 10,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	L502	19A116461P1	Reactor: 0.073 ohm DC res max.	2	NP270293	Nameplate.
٦l	R18	3R77P122K	Composition: 1200 ohms $\pm$ 10%, 1/2 w.				3	19C317441G2	Support.
11	R19	3R77P102K	Composition: 1000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	P501	4029840P2	Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 42827-2.	4	19C317410G2	Insert. (Includes charging contacts El and E2).
<b>┧</b> ┃	R20 and	3R77P103K	Composition: 10,000 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ w.	thru P503			5	19C317435G2	Side panel. (right).
	R21			P505		(Part of W501)	6	4029851P18	Cable clamp; sim to Weckesser 1/4-6.
	R22 and	3R77P272K	Composition: 2700 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	P507	4029840P2	Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 42827-2.	7	4029020P1	Bumper, rubber; sim to Atlantic India Rubber 253.
	R23			P511	4029840P2	Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 42827-2.	8	19 <b>B</b> 216994G1	Front panel.
	R24	3R77P102K	Composition: 1000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	thru P513			9	19B216619Gl	Hinge.
	R25	3R77P470K	Composition: 47 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	P514		Includes:	10		(Not Used).
	R26	3R77P222K	Composition: 2200 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	and P515			11		(Not Used).
	R27	3R77P103K	Composition: 10,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	1	19A116111P1	Contact, electrical.	12	19A127797P1	Strap.
	R28	3R77P472K	Composition: 4700 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.		4029840P2	Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 42827-2.	13	19B200525P2	Rivet.
	R29*	3R77P182J	Composition: 1800 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.			TRANSISTORS	14	4036555P1	Insulator, washer: nylon. (Used with Q1, Q3,
			In REV C:	Q501	19A115787P1	Silicon, NPN.	15	19A127832G1	and Q12 on A501). Support. (Mounts A501).
		3R77P432J	Composition: 4300 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	Q502	19A116118P1	Silicon, NPN.	16	19B201074P406	Tap screw, Phillips Pozidriv 3/8.
			In REV B and earlier:				17	19A115725P2	Strain relief. (Used with W501).
$\mathbf{I}$		3R77P102K	Composition: 1000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.			RESISTORS	18	19B216943P1	Support. (Mounts CR501-CR503).
	R30*	3R77P822J	Composition: 6200 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	R501	3R78P100K	Composition: 10 ohms ±10%, 1 w.	19	19A115275P1	Bushing, nylon. (Part of CR501-CR503).
			In REV B and C:	R502	3R77P102K	Composition: 1000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	20	N401P9C13	Flatwasher, brass, No. 10. (Part of CR501-CR503).
		3R77P432J	Composition: 4300 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.				21	N414P19C13	Lockwasher, No. 10. (Part of CR501-CR503).
			In REV A and earlier:	RT501	19C300048P7	Disc: 5000 ohms ±10%; sim to GE 1D.	22	N210P16C13	Nut: 10-32. (Part of CR501-CR503).
		3R77P103K	Composition: 10,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.				23	4033714P2	Terminal; sim to Zierick 110. (Part of CR501-
	R31	3R79P391K	Composition: 390 ohms ±10%, 2 w.	S501	5491899P5	i			CR503).
	R33	3R77P393J	Composition: 39,000 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	5501	349169923	Toggle: SPDT, 3 amps at 125 VAC/VDC; sim to Cutler-Hammer 8280K15.	24	19A115276P1	Insulator, mica. (Part of CR501-CR503).
			VOLTAGE REGULATORS			TRANSFORMERS	25	19A127515G1	Terminal board, (Used with Q502).
	VR1	19B200076P1	Silicon, Zener.	T501	19A116460P1	Power, step-down:	26	19A116023P1	Insulator, plate. (Used with Q502).
	VR2	19A115528P3	Silicon, Zener.	1501	15/11040071	Pri: 117 YRMS, 50/60 Hz, Sec: 19 VDC.	27	4036994P1	Terminal, solderless. (Used with Q501).
	VR3	4036887P10	Silicon, Zener.	T502	19A116460P2	Power, step-down:	28	19A115222P1	Bushing, insulator. (Used with Q501).
Ш	VR4	4036887P6	Silicon, Zener.			Pri: 220 VRMS, 50/60 Hz, Sec: 19 VDC.	29	N404P11C13	Lockwasher: No. 4. (Used with Q501 and Q502).
11							30	N84P9008C13	Screw: No. 4-40 x 1/2. (Used with Q501).
Ш	C501	5496520P16	Electrolytic: 5200 μf +100% -10%, 30 VDCW; sim			TERMINAL BOARDS	31	N84P9012C13	Screw: No. 4-40 x 3/4, (Used with Q502).
П			to GE 86F147M.	TB1	7775500P44	Phen: 2 terminals.	32	19A115221P4	Insulator, plate. (Used with Q502).
11	C502	19A115680P12	Electrolytic: 100 µf +150% -10%, 30 VDCW; sim to Mallory Type TT.	TB2	7775500P9	Phen: 5 terminals.	33	19B204949P3	Jewel, amber. (Used with DS501).
				TB3	7775500P6	Phen: 4 terminals.	34	19B204949P1 7141225P2	Jewel, red. (Used with DS502).
			DIODES AND RECTIFIERS	TB4	7775500P144	Phen: 2 terminals.	35 36	7141225P2 19C307038P6	Nut: 4-40. (Used with Q502).  Nut. push on: sim to Tinnerman C15226SS-010.
	CR501 thru	19A115202P1	Silicon.	TB5	7775500P5	Phen: 3 terminals.	37	196307038F0 19A116427P1	Reflector, light; sim to Amatom Electronic 3113.
11	CR503					FUSES	1 "	19811042771	(Used with DS501 and DS502).
1 1	CR504 and	4037822P1	Silicon.	TF501	19A116393P1	Fuse link, thermal: 1000 VAC, minimum	38	711519 <b>5P2</b>	Hexnut, brass, 15/32-32. (Used with S501).
	CR505					opening temp 60°C, 140°F at 4 amps; sim to Micro Devices 4146Al.	39	4033394P1	Nut, knurled. (Used with S501).
П			INDICATING DEVICES	1		C	40	7115130P11	Lockwasher, (Used with S501),
1 1	DS501	19C307037P6	Lamp, incandescent: 28 v; sim to GE 1819.	weo.	10001604761				
	DS502	19C307037P16	Lamp, incandescent: 14 v; sim to GE 1488.	W501 W502	19B216947G1	Power: 3 conductor, approx 7 feet long. Includes P505.			
				W502	19B226362G2	Power: 3 conductor, approx 7 feet long.			
	E1 and E2		(See RC-2217, item 4).			SOCKETS			
	B2			XDS501 and	4032220P1	Lampholder, miniature: sim to Drake N517.			
	F501	7487942P5	Slow blowing: 1 amp at 250 v; sim to Bussman	XDS502					
		. 10101220	MDL-1.	XF501 and	7115179P1	Fuseholder: 15 amps at 250 v; sim to Bussmann Type HKP.			
11	F502	7487942P3	Slow blowing: 1/2 amp at 250 v; sim to Bussman MDL-1/2,	XF502					
J L									$\gamma_{j}$

\*COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES.







RC-2217

## PRODUCTION CHANGES

Changes in the equipment to improve performance or to simplify circuits are identified by a "Revision Letter", which is stamped after the model number of the unit. The revision stamped on the unit includes all previous revisions. Refer to the Parts List for descriptions of parts effected by these revisions.

Rev. A - To improve reliability. Changed Q13.

Rev. B - To improve reliability of the dead-cell protector circuit. Changed R30.

Rev. C - To improve sensing circuit. Changed R29.

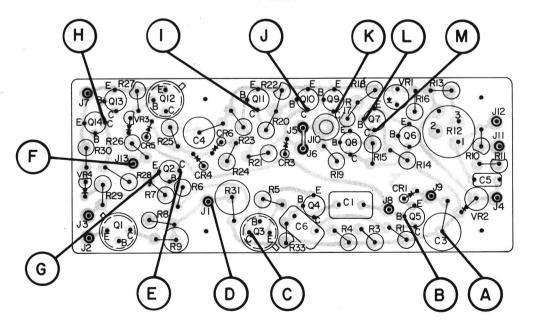
Rev. D - To improve operation. Changed Q14, R29 and R30.

## **VOLTAGE READINGS**

These voltage readings are DC readings measured with GE Type Set 4EX3A10 or equivalent 20,000 ohms-per-volt meter, and measured from the metering point shown to component board ground.

Metering Point	With No Battery	Fast Charge Rate (Red Charge Light On)	Trickle Charge (Amber Charge Light On)
A - C3 plus	9 V	8.9 V	9 V
B - Q5 base	0.6 V	-0.6 V	0.65 V
© - Q3 collector	.05 V	8.9 V	0 V
(D) - J1	30 V	28 V	30 V
E - Q2 collector	20 V	1.2 V	8.3 V
F - J13	9 V	8.8 V	1.2 V
G - Q2 emitter	20 V	8.8 V	8.2 V
(H) - Q14 collector	0.1 V	0.3 V	0.1 V
O - Q11 collector	0.2 V	0.15 V	8.2 V
J - Q10 collector	8.25 V	8 V	0.2 V
K - Q9 collector	8.25 V	8 V	0.2 V
L - Q7 base	6 V	6 V	6 V
M - Q7 collector	5.5 V	5.5 V	5.5 V
N Q501 emitter	30 V	20 V	30 V

## CHARGER BOARD A50I



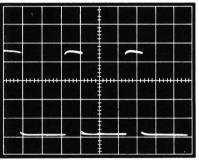
(19D416271, Rev. 0) (19B216787, Sh. 1, Rev. 2)

#### **WAVEFORMS**

These waveforms were taken with the charger in the fast charge cycle. Equipment required:

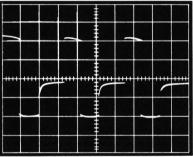
- Oscilloscope TLS54 or equivalent
- For current waveform only: Tektronic P6042 current probe or equivalent

#### VOLTAGE AT Q3-COLLECTOR



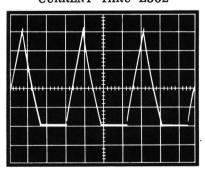
VERT - 5V/DIV HOR - 1MS/DIV

#### VOLTAGE AT Q501-EMITTER (TB3-3)



VERT - 5V/DIV HOR - 1MS/DIV

#### CUDDENT TUDU I 502



VERT - 1AMP/DIV HOR - 1MS/DIV

## TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

FAST CHARGER MODEL 4EP73A10

#### ORDERING SERVICE PARTS

Each component appearing on the schematic diagram is identified by a symbol number, to simplify locating it in the parts list. Each component is listed by symbol number, followed by its description and GE Part Number.

Service parts may be obtained from Authorized GE Communication Equipment Service Stations or through any GE Radio Communication Equipment Sales Office. When ordering a part, be sure to give:

- GE Part Number for component
   Description of part
   Model number of equipment

- 4. Revision letter stamped on unit

These instructions do not purport to cover all details or variations in equipment nor to provide for every possible contingency to be met in connection with installation, operation or maintenance.

Should further information be desired, or should particular problems arise which are not covered sufficiently for the purchaser's purposes, contact the nearest Radio Communication Equipment Sales Office of the General Electric Company.

MOBILE RADIO DEPARTMENT
GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY • LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA 24502

