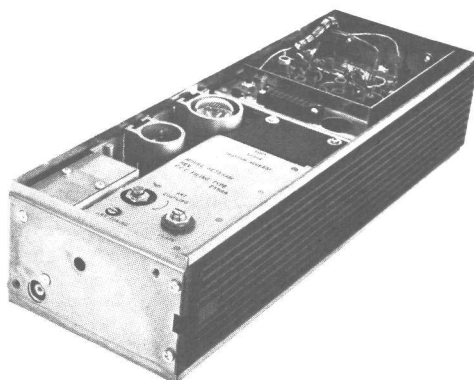


MASTR **PROGRESS LINE**

**132-174 MHz, 90-WATT TRANSMITTER MODEL 4ET58H10-17
(ICOM OPTIONS 7301-7316)**



SPECIFICATIONS *

FCC Filing Designation:

ET-58-H (Narrow Band)

Frequency Range:	132—174 MHz
Power Output:	90 watts minimum
Crystal Multiplication Factor:	12
Frequency Stability:	$\pm 0.0002\%$ (-30°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$)
Spurious & Harmonic Radiation:	At least 85 dB below rated power output
Modulation:	Adjustable from 0 to ± 5 kHz (narrow Band) swing with instantaneous modulation limiting
Audio Frequency Characteristics:	Within ± 1 dB to -3 dB of a 6 dB/octave pre-emphasis from 300 to 3000 Hz per EIA standards. Post limiter filter per FCC and EIA
Distortion:	Less than 5%
Deviation Symmetry:	0.5 kHz maximum
Tubes & Transistors:	90-watt Transmitter with no Options: 3 tubes 6 transistors 4 diodes
Maximum Frequency Spacing:	$\pm 0.2\%$
Duty Cycle:	Mobile - 20% transmit (one minute transmit, four minutes off) Station - Continuous

*These specifications are intended primarily for the use of the serviceman. Refer to the appropriate Specification Sheet for the complete specifications.

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WARNING

No one should be permitted to handle any portion of the equipment that is supplied with high voltage; or to connect any external apparatus to the units while the units are supplied with power. KEEP AWAY FROM LIVE CIRCUITS.

DESCRIPTION

The MASTR Progress Line FM Transmitter Type ET-58-H is a crystal-controlled, phase-modulated transmitter designed for one-, two-, or four-frequency operation within the 132-174 megahertz band. The transmitter consists of the following modules:

- Transistorized Exciter Board, with audio, oscillator, modulator, amplifier and multiplier stages,
- Integrated Circuit Oscillator Module (ICOM),
- Tubed multipliers and power amplifier stages,
- Optional transistorized Channel Guard Board.

All input leads to the transmitter are individually filtered by the 20-pin feed-through by-pass connector J101. The output passes through a four-section, low-pass filter that features good shielding between sections, and Teflon® capacitors for fail-free operation with an open or shorted antenna.

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

Eight silicon transistors and only three tubes are used in the transmitter. The frequency of the plug-in ICOM modules ranges from 11 to 14.5 megahertz, and the crystal frequency is multiplied twelve times.

A centralized metering jack (J102) is provided for use with General Electric Test Set 4EX3A10 or 4EX8K10, 11. The Test Set meters the multiplier, amplifier and PA stages as well as filament and regulated supply voltages. The metering jack also provides access to receiver audio, microphone and push-to-talk leads.

POWER INPUTS

The following supply voltages are connected from the power supply to the transmitter through the 20-pin by-pass connector J101:

- Pin 3 — Filament voltage
- Pin 4 — +300 volts MULT B+
- Pin 5 — +650 volts PA B+
- Pin 8 — -45 volts bias

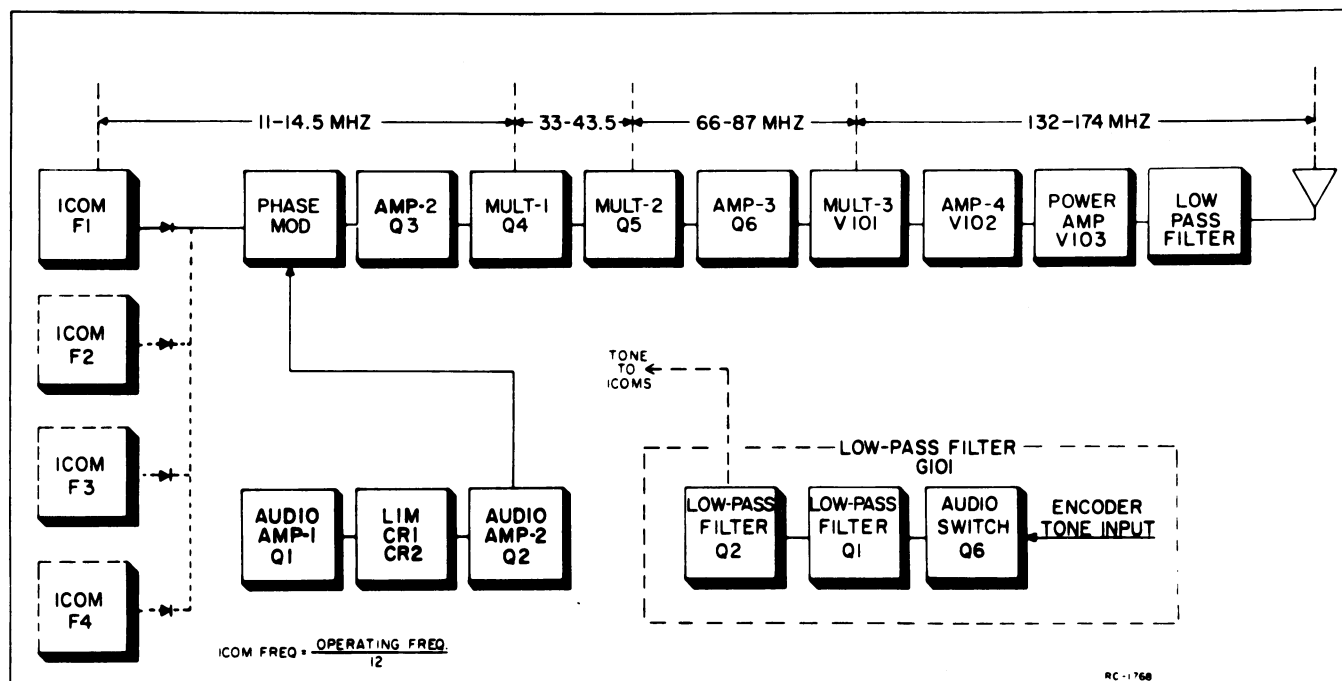


Figure 1 - Transmitter Block Diagram

- Pin 14 -- +10 volts for Channel Guard option
- Pin 15 -- -20 volts for Exciter Board and ICOM module

ICOM MODULE

ICOM module Model 4EG25A11 consists of a crystal-controlled Colpitts oscillator, a voltage regulator, a Channel Guard tone modulator and a buffer output stage. The entire module (including crystal) is enclosed in a dust-proof aluminum can, with the ICOM frequency and the transmitter operating frequency printed on the top. Access to the oscillator trimmer is obtained by prying off the plastic GE decal on the top of the can.

The oscillator frequency is temperature-compensated at both ends of the temperature range to provide instant frequency compensation, with a frequency stability of $\pm 0.0002\%$.

In single-frequency transmitters, a keying jumper from H1 to H2 (on the exciter board) connects the ICOM to ground. This drops the -20 volts exciter supply through voltage dividers R19 and R20 to provide -10 volts to operate the ICOM. With the ICOM operating, diode CR3 is forward biased and the oscillator output is applied to the modulator stage.

In multi-frequency transmitters, up to three additional ICOM modules can be plugged into the exciter board. The single-frequency keying jumper is removed, and the proper frequency is selected by switching the ICOM keying lead to ground by means of a frequency selector switch on the control unit.

For transmitters equipped with Channel Guard, tone from the encoder is applied to the ICOM through Channel Guard Mod Adjust R1002. The oscillator output is frequency modulated by the Channel Guard tone.

CAUTION

All ICOM modules are individually compensated at the factory, and cannot be repaired in the field. Any attempt to remove the ICOM cover will void the warranty.

AUDIO AMPLIFIERS AND LIMITER

An audio signal from the microphone is coupled through C1 to the base of Class A audio amplifier Q1. The design of the microphone, in conjunction with C2 and R3, produces a 6-dB audio pre-emphasis. RF decoupling is provided by C45.

The amplified audio signal is RC coupled to the diode limiters, CR1 and CR2. These diodes operate in series and are normally in a forward conducting state. An audio signal of sufficient amplitude to cause limiting takes the diodes out of conduction, so that one diode conducts only on positive cycles and the other conducts only on negative cycles.

Following the limiter stage is a second Class A amplifier, Q2. The output of Q2 is coupled through MOD ADJUST potentiometer R12 to a combined post-limiter filter and de-emphasis network. This network consists of C4, C7, C8, C9, R13, R14, R15 and R18. The output of the filter and de-emphasis network is applied directly to the phase modulator.

PHASE MODULATOR

The phase modulator uses varactor CV1 (voltage variable capacitor) in series with tunable coil L1/L2. This network appears as a series-resonant circuit to the RF output of the oscillator. An audio signal applied to the modulator varies the bias of CV1, resulting in a phase-modulated output. The output of the modulator is coupled through blocking capacitor C14 to the base of the second amplifier.

AMPLIFIERS AND 1ST AND 2ND MULTIPLIERS

The second amplifier (Q3) isolates the modulator from the loading effects of the first multiplier and provides amplification. The output is coupled through T6 to the first multiplier.

Following Q3 are two inductively-coupled Class C, common-emitter multiplier stages (Q4 and Q5). Q4 is a tripler, with collector tank T1 tuned to three times the crystal frequency. Metering resistors R31 and R42 are for metering the MULT-1 stage at centralized metering jack J102.

Q5 operates as a doubler stage, with collector tank T3 tuned to six times the crystal frequency. Resistors R33 and R40 are for metering the MULT-2 stage at J102. The output of Q5 is inductively coupled through T3 and T4 to amplifier Q6. In 450-470 megahertz transmitters, capacitor C29 provides some high-side capacitive coupling.

Third amplifier Q6 is a neutralized straight-through amplifier. Feedback through C35 from the output link on T5 provides neutralization. This stage is metered at J102-3 across R37. The output is coupled to the grid tank of multiplier V101.

3RD MULTIPLIER

The output of the transistorized Exciter is coupled by a short length of RF cable to the grid tank (Z101/Z102) of beam pentode V101. This stage operates as a doubler with the plate tank tuned to twelve times the crystal frequency. The plate tank is tuned by C113.

The grid of V101 is metered through metering resistor R102 at J102-4. R101 drops the bias voltage to approximately -18 volts to protect V101 against loss of drive. Plate voltage is supplied through L101.

When measuring grid current to V101, there will be a residual reading of approximately 0.18 volts without any drive. This is caused by the presence of fixed bias voltage to the grid of the tube.

AMPLIFIER 4

The output of the MULT-3 stage is coupled to the grid of amplifier (V102) by C103, L103/L104, and C113. The grid is metered at J102-5 through metering resistor R108. Bias voltage is supplied through R109 and L103/L104.

When measuring the grid voltage, there will be a residual reading of approximately 0.3 volt without any drive to the stage. The plate tank is series-tuned by C116.

POWER AMPLIFIER

Drive from 4th amplifier V102 is inductively coupled to the grid of power amplifier V103 through L106 and L108. R113 adjusts the grid drive to V103 by controlling the screen grid voltage of V101 and V102.

The PA grid is metered at J102-6 across metering resistor R116. Bias voltage is applied to the control grids through R115 and R116.

Power amplifier V103 is a dual tetrode operating in a push-pull circuit. The PA plate is slug-tuned by L111/L112. High B-plus is applied through L118 to a center tap on the plate tank coil L111/L112. C122 is a mechanical high-voltage by-pass capacitor.

The screen grid dropping resistors are R117 and R116. Plate current is metered from J102-1 to J102-9 across metering resistor R120.

WARNING

The meter leads are at plate potential (high B-plus) when metering the PA plate.

Placing the TUNE-OPERATE switch (S102) in the OPERATE position applies 300 volts to TB3-5 and TB3-7. The 300 volts appearing on each side of R117 effectively shorts the resistor out of the circuit, and the screen voltage is applied through R118 for normal operation of V102. With S102 in the TUNE position, the screen voltage is applied to TB3-7 only. Now, dropping resistors R117 and R118 are in series, to reduce the screen voltage. This reduces the plate dissipation of V103 while tuning the power amplifier stage.

Antenna coupling is achieved by varying the coupling between L111/L112 and L113/L114. C123 tunes the antenna circuit.

The RF output from the antenna coil is fed to low-pass filter FL101. This filter has a low insertion loss and a harmonic attenuation of at least -50 dB through all harmonics. The filter output is fed to the antenna changeover relay located on the front of the system frame.

CHANNEL GUARD

Low Pass Filter G101

In encode-decode combinations, low-pass filter G101 is assembled on a printed wiring board that mounts on the underside of the MASTR transmitters. The filter is supplied by a regulated +10 volts and a regulated -20 volts. The +10 volts is applied continuously (even in the STANDBY position), and the -20 volts is applied only when the transmitter is keyed.

Keying the transmitter applies the encoder tone (from the receiver) to low-pass filter G101. Transistors Q1 and Q2 form a two-section, active low-pass filter that reduces tone distortion and power supply ripple. Q6 operates as a tone switch, applying the tone input to the filter whenever +10 volts is applied to J1 (Q6 base). Thermistor RT1 keeps the output constant over wide variations in temperature. The filter output is coupled to the tone modulator on the transmitter exciter board through Channel Guard MOD ADJUST R34. Instructions for setting R34 are contained in the Modulation Adjustment section of the Transmitter Alignment Procedure.

The channel can be monitored before transmitting a message by moving the CG-OFF switch on the Control Unit to the OFF position, or by removing the microphone or handset from the operational hang-up bracket.

Encoder Model 4EH17A10 (Optional)

In encode only combinations, encoder Model 4EH17A10 mounts on the underside of the MASTR transmitter. The encoder is supplied by a regulated +10 volts and a

regulated -20 volts. The +10 volts is applied to Q3, Q4 and Q5 continuously (even in the STANDBY position). The -20 volts is applied to Q1 and Q2 only when the transmitter is keyed.

The encoder tone is provided by selective oscillators Q3 and Q4, which oscillate continuously at a frequency determined by the tone network (FL1). Negative feedback, applied through the tone network to the base of Q3, prevents any gain in the stage except at the desired encode frequency.

Thermistor-resistor combination R14 and RT2 provides temperature compensation for the oscillator output. Limiter diodes CR1 and CR2 keep the tone amplitude constant.

Keying the transmitter applies -20 volts to the two-stage, active low-pass filter (Q1 and Q2) turning them on. The oscillator output is then coupled through emitter-follower Q5 to the low-pass filter. Thermistor RT1 keeps the filter output constant over wide variations in temperatures.

The output of the filter is applied to the tone modulator on the transmitter exciter board through Channel Guard MOD ADJUST R34. Instructions for setting R34 are contained in the Modulation Adjustment section of the Transmitter Alignment Procedure.

The channel can be monitored before transmitting a message by moving the CG-OFF switch on the Control Unit to the OFF position, or by removing the microphone or handset from the operational hang-up bracket.

REDUCED POWER OPERATION

STATION APPLICATIONS

NOTE: In IMTS Station applications, refer to the applicable instruction book.

Station power supply Model 4EP38A10 may be modified to operate at reduced power. Select one of the modifications ("A" thru "D") shown in the chart that meets the desired power limitations.

	PA POWER OUTPUT LIMIT	TYPICAL PA PLATE VOLTAGE	MAX. PA PLATE POWER INPUT	MAX. EFFICIENCY
A*	65 Watts	467 VDC	109 Watts	60%
B	40-58 Watts	415-435 VDC	101 Watts	60%
C	35-40 Watts	297-300 VDC	70 Watts	60%
D	30-38 Watts	275-280 VDC	65 Watts	60%

*Modification "A" is required for operation under Part 93 (Land Transportation Radio Services) of FCC rules. If Option 7044 is ordered, the power supply will be modified before shipment from the factory.

MOBILE APPLICATIONS

The mobile transmitter with power supply Model 4EP37A10 power supply may be operated at reduced power (120-watt plate input limitation) as required by Part 93 (Land Transportation Radio Services) and Part 21 (Domestic Public Radio Services) of FCC rules by using the following procedure.

Power Supply Modification

Move the jumper in the secondary of

transformer T501 from T501-23 to T501-22. This modification provides a typical plate voltage of 550 volts.

Transmitter Alignment Procedure

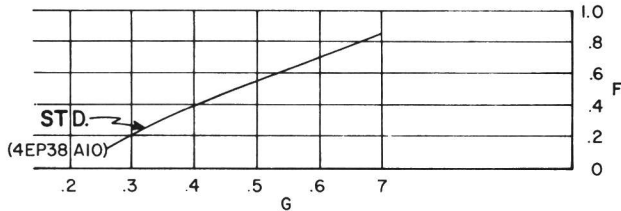
Tune the transmitter according to the standard Alignment Procedure. Instead of loading the power amplifier to 0.7 volts, the maximum loading voltage will be given by the following formula:

$$V \text{ load} = \frac{381.6}{V_p}$$

V_p = measured voltage on the PA plate when loaded.

V_{load} = metered voltage with the GE Test Set Model 4EX3A10 set at position "G". Under no conditions should the reading exceed 0.7 volts.

Whenever operation at reduced power results in a test meter reading of less than 0.7 volts, R113 should be adjusted to reduce the meter reading with the Test Set at position "F" according to the following curve.



RC-2165

MAINTENANCE

DISASSEMBLY

To service the transmitter from the top--

1. Pull locking handle down and pull radio about one inch out of mounting frame.
2. Pry up cover at rear of transmitter.
3. Slide cover back and lift off.

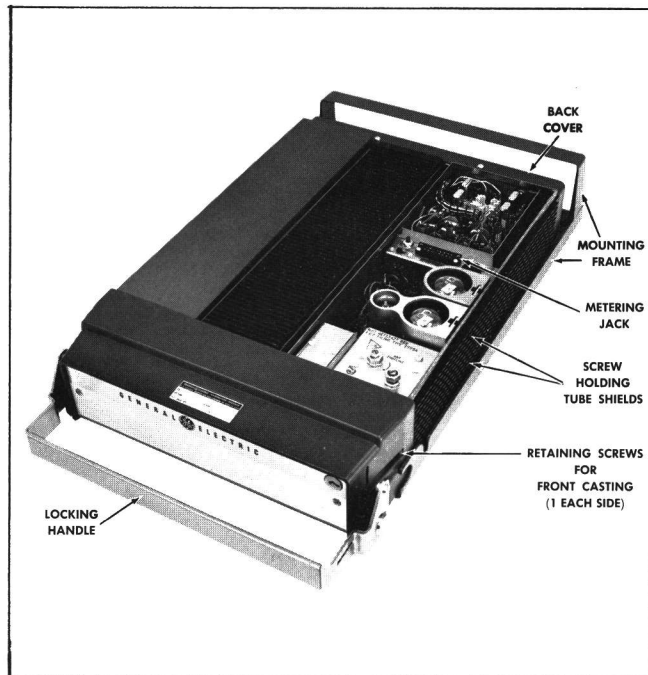


Figure 2 - Top Cover Removed

To service the transmitter from the bottom--

1. Pull locking handle down and pull radio out of mounting frame.
2. Remove the two screws in bottom cover, and pry up at back of transmitter.
3. Slide cover back and lift off.

NOTE

The tube shields for the 90-watt transmitter are spring-loaded, and can be pulled off of the tube.

To remove transmitter from system frame --

1. Loosen the two retaining screws in the front casting (see Figure 2) and pull casting away from the system frame.
2. Remove the four screws in the back cover.
3. Remove the two screws holding the transmitter at each end of the system frame.
4. Disconnect the antenna jack in front of the transmitter and the 20-pin feed-thru connector at the back of the transmitter, and slide the unit out of the system frame.

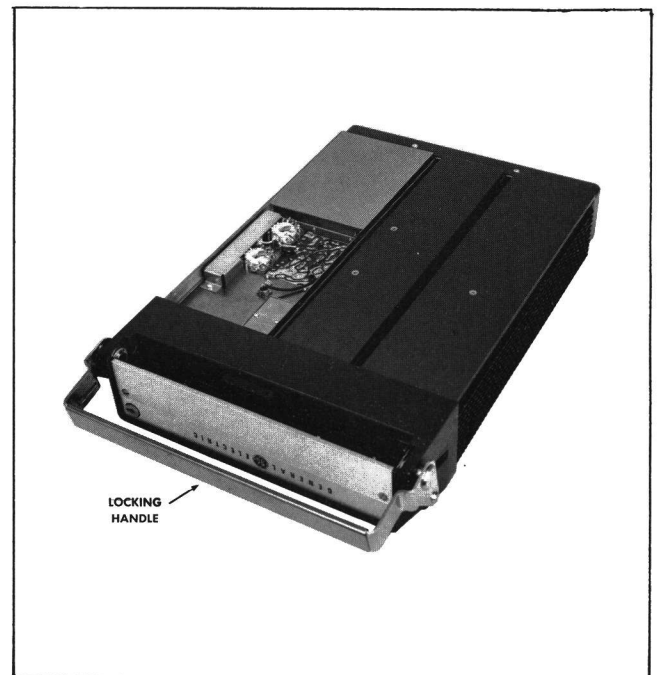


Figure 3 - Bottom Cover Removed

*If Option 7040 is ordered, the power supply will be modified before shipment from the factory.

MODULATION LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

The MOD ADJUST (R12) was adjusted to the proper setting before shipment and should not normally require readjustment. This setting permits approximately 75% modulation for the average voice level. The audio peaks which would cause overmodulation are clipped by the modulation limiter. The limiter, in conjunction with the de-emphasis network, instantaneously limits the slope of the audio wave to the modulator, thereby preventing overmodulation while preserving intelligibility.

TEST EQUIPMENT

1. An audio oscillator Model 4EX6A10
2. A frequency modulation monitor
3. An output meter or a VTVM
4. GE Test Set Models 4EX3A10 or 4EX8K10, 11

PROCEDURE

1. Connect the audio oscillator and the meter across audio input terminals J5 (Green-Hi) and J6 (Black-Lo) on GE Test Set or across J1 (Mike High) and J2 (Mike Low) on the Exciter Board.
2. Apply a 1.0-volt signal at 1000 Hz to Test Set or across J1 and J2 on Exciter Board.
3. For transmitters without Channel Guard, set the MOD ADJUST (R12) for a 4.5-kilohertz swing with the deviation polarity which gives the highest reading as indicated on the frequency modulation monitor.
4. For transmitters with Channel Guard, set the Channel Guard MOD ADJUST (R1002) for 0.75 KHz tone deviation. Then repeak L1/L2 and L3/L4 as shown in Step 1 of Transmitter Alignment Procedure. Reset tone deviation to 0.75 KHz deviation. Remove the tone to the transmitter by unplugging leads to J7 and J8 on Exciter Board, or by switching to a non-Channel Guard frequency in multifrequency units. Next, apply a 1.0 volt signal at 1000 Hz and set MOD ADJUST (R12) for 3.75 KHz deviation (4.5 KHz minus 0.75-KHz tone deviation).
5. For multi-frequency transmitters, set the deviation as described in Steps 3 or 4 on the channel producing the largest amount of deviation.

PA PLATE POWER INPUT

For FCC purposes, the PA Plate power input can be determined by measuring the PA Plate voltage and the plate current indication, and using the following formula:

P_i = $\frac{\text{Plate Voltage} \times \text{Plate Current Indication}}{3.0}$

Where:

P_i is the power input in watts.

Plate voltage is measured with GE Test Set in Position G, using the 1000-volt scale (or measured from J102-1 to -16 with multimeter).

Plate current indication is measured with GE Test Set in Position G, using the TEST 1 scale (or measured from J102-1 to -9 with multimeter).

3.0 is the value of the plate current metering resistor in ohms.

TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

1. GE Test Set Models 4EX3A10, 4EX8K10 or 11, Station Metering Panel, or a 20,000 ohms-per-volt multimeter with a 1-volt scale.

PRELIMINARY CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

1. Place ICOM(s) (operating frequency ÷ 12) into proper socket. Do not adjust ICOM trimmer. If multi-frequency transmitter, tune transmitter on channel with the highest frequency (except for Steps 12 thru 14).
2. Place the TUNE-OPERATE switch (S102) in the TUNE position.
3. Connect GE Test Set to the Transmitter Centralized Metering Jack J102. If using Multimeter, connect the positive lead to J102-16 (Ground) except for Steps 7 through 14.
4. For a large change in frequency or a badly misaligned transmitter, set the slugs in the Exciter coils at the bottom of the coil form, and the slug of MULT-3 GRID (Z101/Z102) at the top of the coil form.
5. All adjustments are made with the transmitter keyed.

STEP	METERING GE TEST SET	POSITION MULTIMETER - at J102	TUNING CONTROL	TYPICAL METER READING	PROCEDURE
EXCITER BOARD					
1.	A (MULT-1)	Pin 10	T6 and L1/L2	0.55 v (0.4 v Minimum)	Tuning the modulator is a critical adjustment. Carefully tune T6 and L1/L2 alternately for maximum meter reading. If no peak is obtained when tuning T6, set the slug in L1/L2 to a different position and re-tune T6.
2.	A (MULT-1)	Pin 10	T1	See Pro- cedure	Tune T1 for a small dip in meter reading (not required unless changing frequency).
3.	B (MULT-2)	Pin 2	T2, T1 and T3	0.65 v (0.5 v Minimum)	Tune T2 and then T1 for a maximum meter reading. Then tune T3 for minimum meter reading (not required unless changing frequency).
4.	C (AMPL-3)	Pin 3	T4, T3 and T5	0.6 v (0.5 v Minimum)	Tune T4 and then T3 for a maximum meter reading. Then tune T5 for minimum meter reading (not required unless changing frequency).
MULT-3 AND POWER AMPLIFIER					
5.	D (MULT-3)	Pin 4	MULT-3 GRID (Z101/Z102)	0.6 v (0.45 v Minimum)	Tune MULT-3 GRID for maximum meter reading.
6.	E (AMPL-4)	Pin 5	MULT-3 PLATE (R113, C116)	0.55 v (0.45 v Minimum)	Tune MULT-3 PLATE for maximum meter reading. Tune C116 for minimum meter reading. Set R113 to center of range.
7.	F (PA GRID)	Pin 14(+) and Pin 6 (-)	AMPL-4 PLATE (C116) PA GRID (L108)	0.65 v	Alternately tune AMPL-4 PLATE and PA GRID (C116/L108) for maximum meter reading. Adjust R113 for highest reading consistent with max. power output. Typical readings 0.4 v minimum to 0.85 Volts maximum. <div>NOTE</div> The tuning slug in L108 should not be adjusted below the top of the coil and should not touch L106.
8.					Rotate ANT COUPLING fully clockwise.
9.	G (PA PLATE)		WARNING High B-plus on Pins 1 and 9. Pin 1(+) and Pin 9(-) PA PLATE (L112, C111)	Minimum	Carefully tune PA PLATE for minimum meter reading. <div>NOTE</div> Do not turn adjusting screw too far because the slug assembly may drop out of the holder.
10.					Place S102 (TUNE-OPERATE) switch in OPERATE position.
11.	G (PA PLATE)	Pin 1(+) and Pin 9(-)	ANT COUPLING	Minimum	Adjust ANT COUPLING for minimum meter reading.

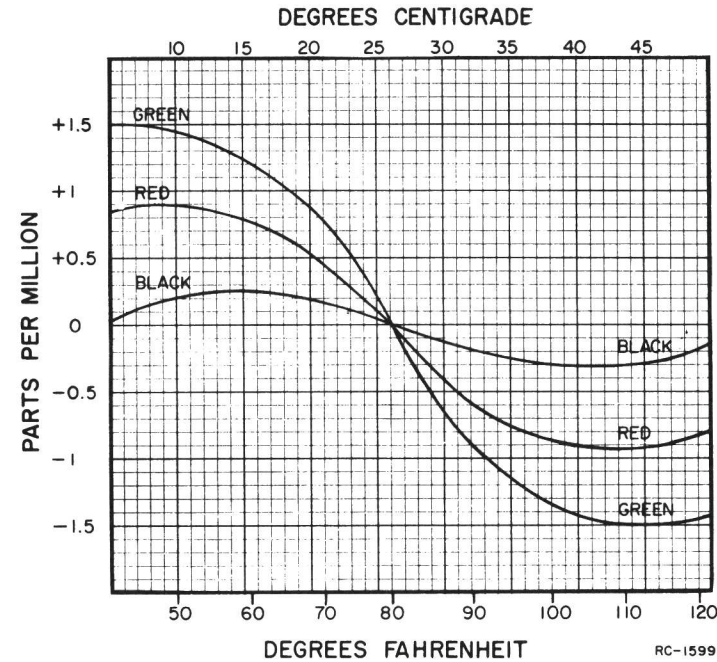
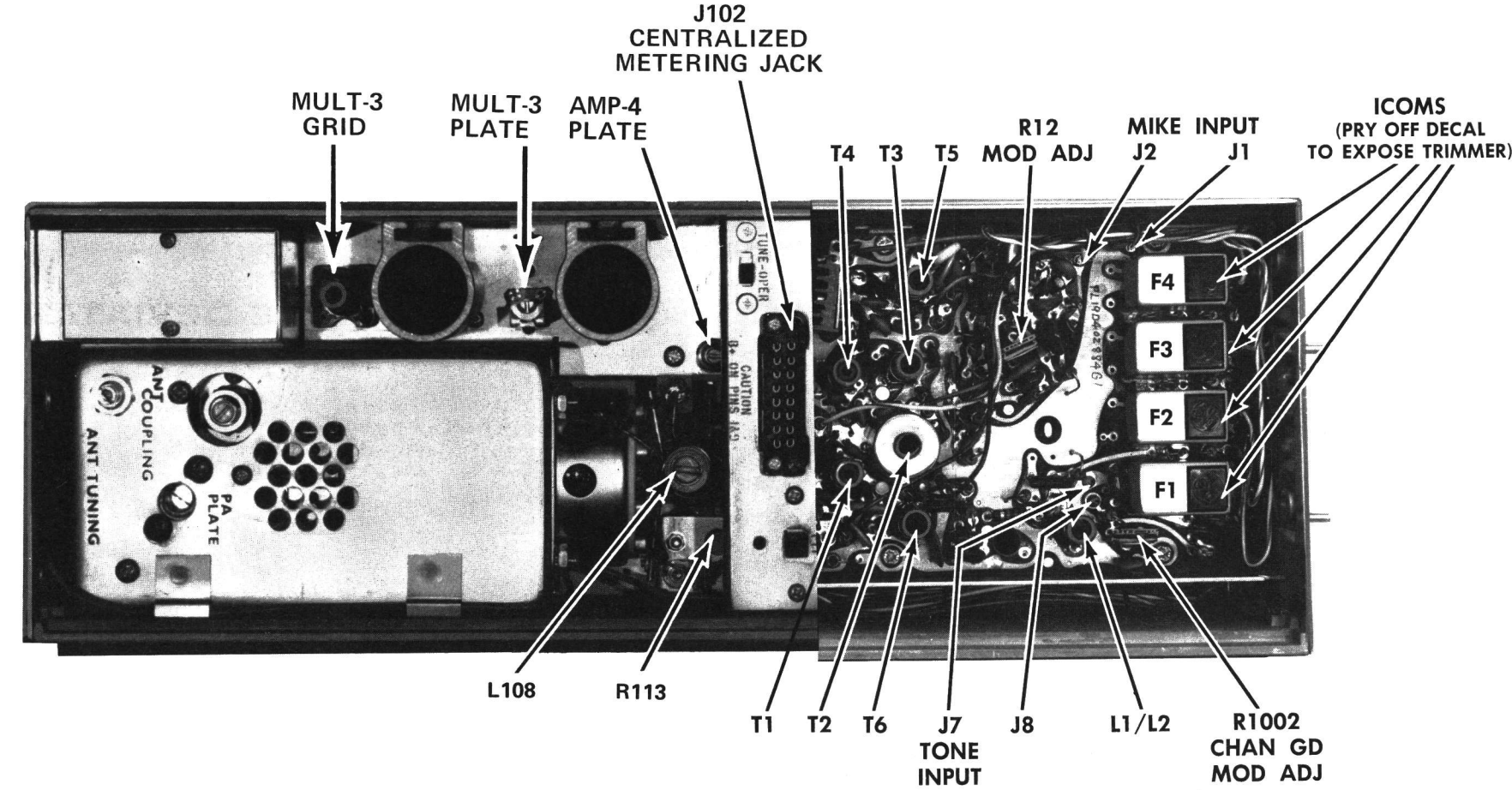


Figure 4 - ICOM Frequency Correction Curve



ICOM FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT

First, check the transmitter frequency to determine if any adjustment is required. The frequency should be checked with a frequency meter or counter having an accuracy of 0.4 part-per-million (PPM), and with the ICOM module at 80°F (±4°F) or 26.5°C (±2°C) when possible. The ICOM temperature can be determined by tapping a mercury thermometer to the side of the ICOM.

NOTE
The ICOM case is at -20 volts DC. Be careful not to short the case to ground.

If an adjustment is required, use one of the following procedures:

If the ICOM is stabilized at 80°F, pry off the GE emblem and adjust the ICOM trimmer for correct transmitter operating frequency.

If the ICOM is not stabilized at 80°F, pry off the GE emblem and check for a color dot on the top of the can. This color dot indicates which correction curve to use in setting the unit on frequency (see Figure 4). Next, tape a thermometer to the ICOM and check the temperature when the thermometer is stabilized. Then proceed as shown in the following example:

1. Assume that the ICOM is marked with a green color dot and the temperature reading is 50°F. At that temperature, the green curve shows a correction factor of approximately +1.5 PPM. (At 132 MHz, 1 PPM is 132 Hz. At 174 MHz, 1 PPM is 174 Hz.)
2. With a transmitter operating frequency of 150 MHz, adjust the ICOM trimmer for a reading of +225 Hz (+1.5 x 150) higher than the licensed operating frequency.
3. If a negative correction factor is obtained (at temperatures above 80°F), adjust the ICOM trimmer for the indicated PPM lower than the operating frequency.

FOR SINGLE - FREQUENCY TRANSMITTERS

STEP	METERING GE TEST SET	POSITION MULTIMETER - at J102	TUNING CONTROL	TYPICAL METER READING	PROCEDURE
12.	G (PA PLATE)	Pin 1 (+) and Pin 9 (-)	PA PLATE (L111/L112)	Minimum	Tune (L111/L112) (PA PLATE) for minimum meter reading.
13.	"	"	ANT TUNING and ANT COUPLING	0.70 v	Alternately tune ANT TUNING for maximum meter reading, and adjust ANT COUPLING counterclockwise for a meter reading of 0.70 volts.
14.					Repeat Steps 7 and 13.

FOR TWO-FREQUENCY OPERATION

12.					For channel spacings less than 0.2% of operating frequency, follow Steps 1-14 (single-frequency transmitter) using the highest frequency.
13.	E (AMPL-4)	Pin 5	MULT-3 PLATE C113	Equal Reading on both Channels	For channel spacings greater than 0.2%, and up to a maximum of 0.4% of operating frequency, follow steps 1-14 (single frequency transmitter) using the highest frequency, then set test meter to "F" and tune C113 for equal reading on both channels.
14.	F (PA GRID)	Pin 14(+) and Pin 6 (-)	AMP-4 Plate C116	Equal Reading on both Channels	Set test meter selector switch to "F". Tune C116 for equal reading on both channels. Adjust R113 for highest reading consistent with max. power output. Typical reading 0.4 Volts minimum to 0.85 Volts maximum.
15.	G (PA PLATE)	Pin 1 (+) and pin 9 (-)		0.7 V	Rotate ANT COUPLING for minimum meter reading. Adjust PA PLATE for equal reading on each channel. Adjust ANT COUPLING for a reading of 0.70 volts maximum on the highest reading channel. Readings between channels should not differ by more than .02 volts.

FOR THREE or FOUR FREQUENCY OPERATION

12.					Follow steps 1-14 (single-frequency transmitter) using the channel nearest the center frequency.
13.	F (PA GRID)	Pin 14(+) and Pin 6 (-)	AMP-4 PLATE C116	0.65 v on highest Reading Channel	Tune C116 for equal readings on highest and lowest frequency. Set R113 for highest reading consistent with maximum power output, using the frequency showing the highest reading.
14.	G (PA PLATE)	Pin 1 (+) and Pin 9 (-)		0.7 volts	Adjust ANT COUPLING for a maximum reading of 0.7 volts on the highest reading channel.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

132—174 MHZ, 90-WATT MASTR TRANSMITTER
MODELS 4ET58H10-17

TEST PROCEDURES

These Test Procedures are designed to assist you in servicing a transmitter that is operating--but not properly. Problems encountered could be low power output, low B plus, tone and voice deviation, defective audio sensitivity and modulation adjust control set too high. By following the sequence of test steps starting with Step 1, the defect can be quickly

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

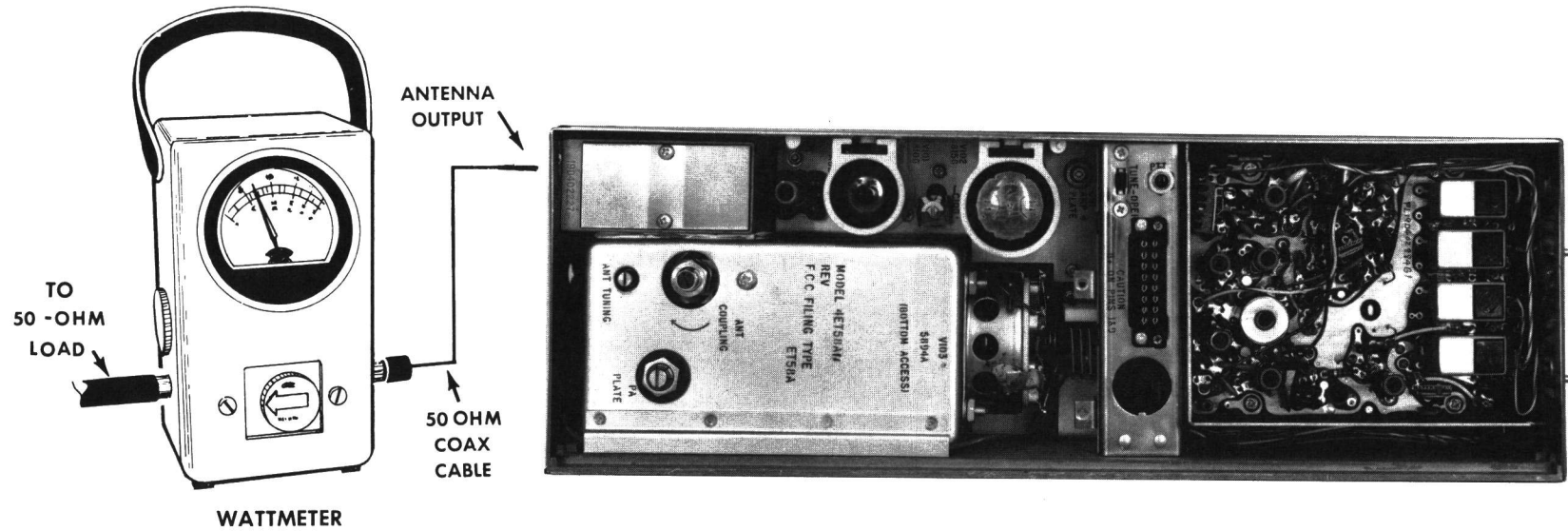
for test hookup as shown:

1. Wattmeter similar to:
 2. VTVM similar to:
 3. Audio Generator similar to:
 4. Deviation Meter (with a .75 KHz scale) similar to:
- Bird #43
 Jones #711N
- Triplet #850
 Heath #1M-21
- GE Model 4EX6A10 or
 Heath #1G-72
- Measurements #140
 Lampkin #205A
5. Multipmeter similar to:
- GE METERING TEST SET MODEL 4EX3A10 or
 Triplet #631 or
 20,000 ohms-per-volt voltmeter

STEP 1

POWER MEASUREMENT
TEST PROCEDURE

1. Connect transmitter output to wattmeter as shown below:



2. Key transmitter and check wattmeter for minimum reading of 80 watts.

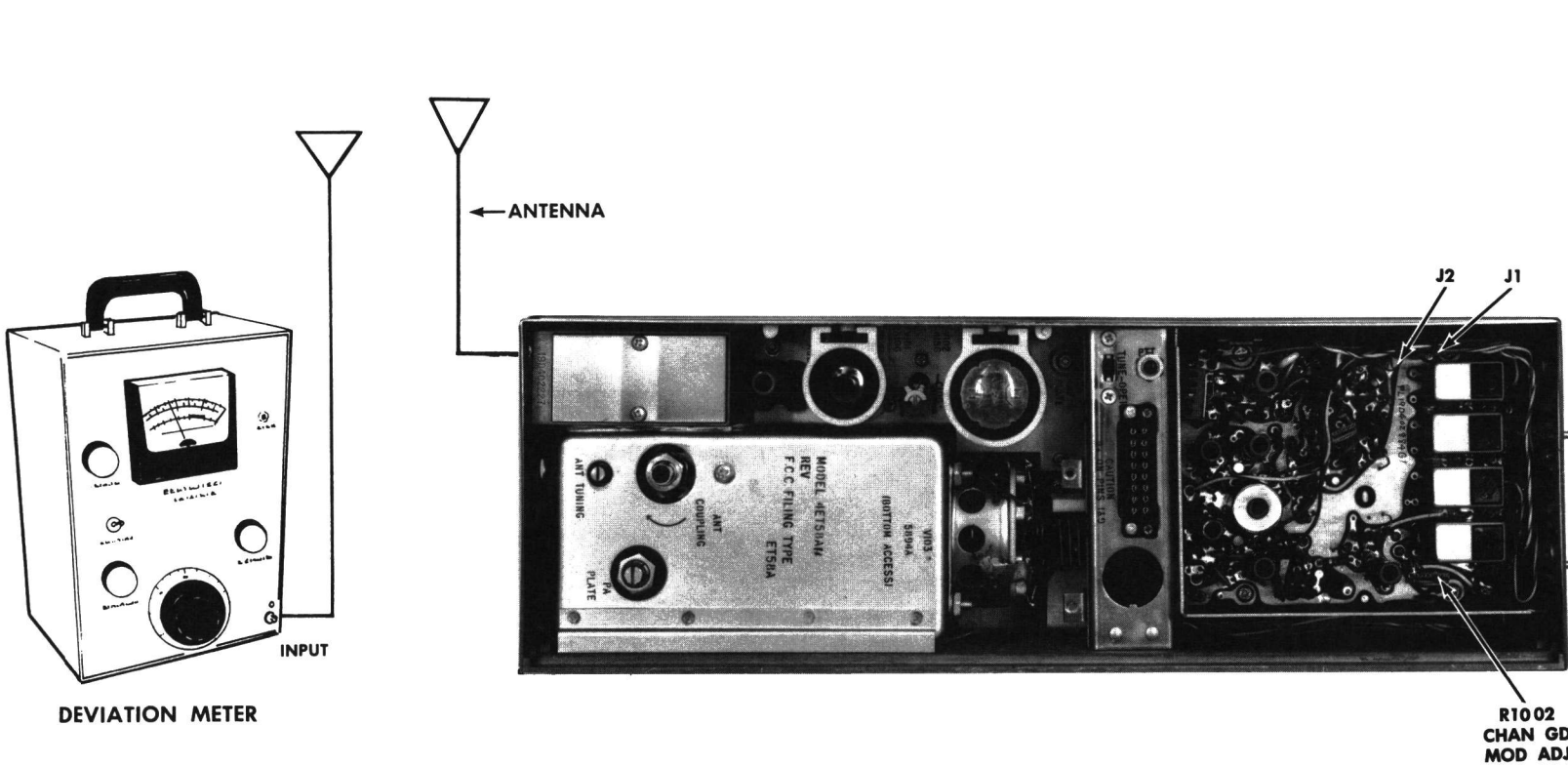
SERVICE CHECK

Refer to Service Hints on Transmitter Troubleshooting Procedure.

STEP 2

TONE DEVIATION WITH CHANNEL GUARD
TEST PROCEDURE

1. Setup Deviation Meter and monitor output of transmitter as shown below:



2. Unplug the MIC HI terminal from J1 on Transmitter Exciter Board.

3. Key transmitter and check for 0.75 KHz deviation. If reading is low or high, adjust Channel Guard MOD ADJUST (R34) for a reading of 0.75 KHz.

NOTES:

The Channel Guard MOD ADJUST (R34) may be adjusted for deviations up to 0.80 KHz for tone frequencies from 71.9 Hz to 82.5 Hz and deviations up to 1.0 KHz for all tone frequencies above 82.5 Hz.



NOTES:

1. On units supplied with Channel Guard, the Phase Modulator Tuning should be peaked carefully to insure proper performance. (Refer to Steps 1 and 2 in the Transmitter Alignment Chart).
2. The tone Deviation Test Procedures should be repeated everytime the Tone Frequency is changed.

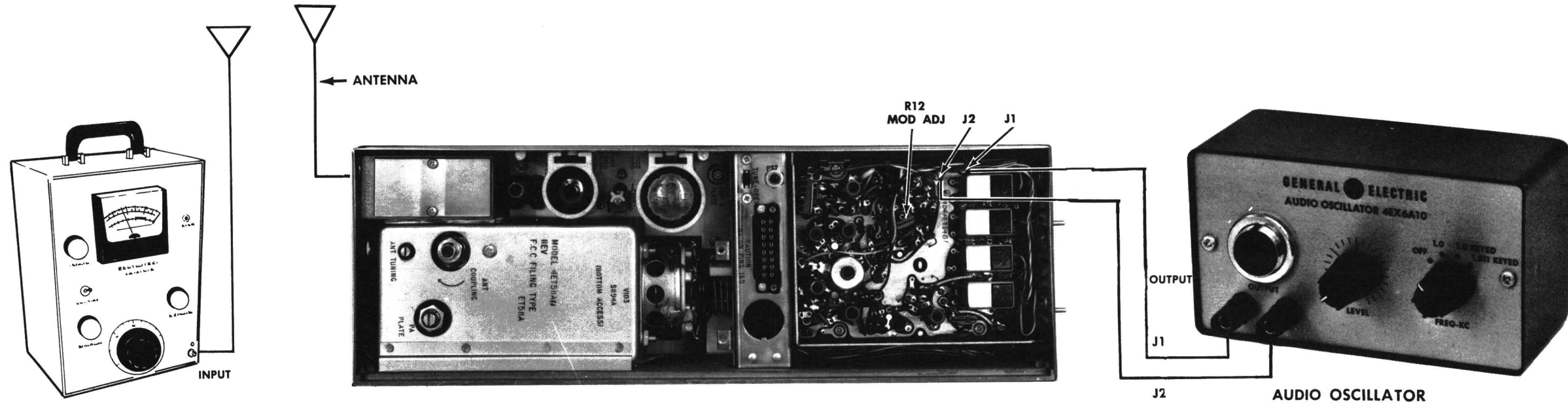
SERVICE CHECK

If the 0.75 KHz deviation is not obtainable when adjusting R34, replace the Tone Transmitter reed.

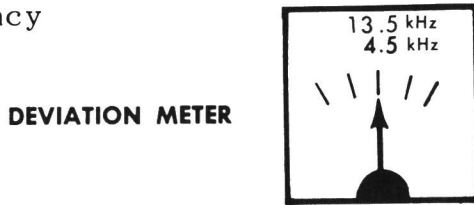
STEP 3

VOICE DEVIATION AND SYMMETRY
TEST PROCEDURE

1. Unplug the High and Low Mike leads from the Exciter Board Jacks J1 and J2.
2. Connect test equipment to transmitter as shown below:



3. Set the generator output to 1.0 VOLTS RMS and frequency to 1 KHz.
4. Key the transmitter and adjust Deviation Meter to carrier frequency
5. Deviation reading should be ± 4.5 KHz. (± 13.5 KHz wide band).
6. Adjust "Modulation Adjust Control" R12 until deviation reads 4.5 KHz (13.5 KHz wide band) on plus (+) or minus (-) deviation, whichever is greater. This adjustment should be made with the correct level of tone applied on Channel Guard transmitters.

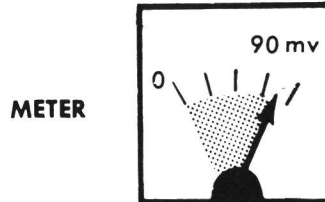


NOTES:

--MASTR transmitters are adjusted for 4.5 KHz (13.5 KHz wide band) deviation at the factory. The factory adjustment will prevent the transmitter from deviating more than 5.0 KHz (15 KHz wide band) under the worst conditions of frequency, voltage and temperature.

If the deviation reading plus (+) and minus (-) differs by more than 0.5 KHz, (1.5 KHz wide band) check the following:

1. Recheck Step 1 as shown in the Transmitter Alignment Chart.
2. Check Audio Sensitivity by reducing generator output until deviation falls to 3.3 KHz (10 KHz wide band). Voltage should be LESS than 90 millivolts.



STEP 1 - QUICK CHECKS

POWER OUTPUT	CHECK VOLTAGES AT CENTRALIZED METERING JACK J102							PROBABLE DEFECT
	Multimeter = pin numbers GE Test Set = A-G positions							
	Pins 10 & 16 A	Pins 2 & 16 B	Pins 3 & 16 C	Pins 4 & 16 D	Pins 5 & 16 E	Pins 6 & 14 F	Pins 1 & 9 G	
Low	0.8 V	0.65 V	0.6 V	0.6V	0.55 V	Low	0.7 V	Weak 5894A or Loose Hardware in output tank circuit, or bad filter.
0	0.8 V	0.65 V	0.6 V	0.6 V	0.55 V	.37 v	0	Open 5894A
0	0.8 V	0.65 V	Low	.18 V	.37 V	.37 V	0	Open Filament on 8106
0	0.8 V	0.65 V	0 or over 1.0 V	.18 V	.37 V	.37 V	0	Defective Q8
0	0.8 V	0 or over 1.0 V	0	.18 V	.77 V	.37 V	0	Defective Q7
0	Over 1.2 V	0	0	.18 V	.37 V	.37 V	0	Shorted Q6 or Open Q5
0	0	0	0	.18 V	.37 V	.37 V	0	Defective Q3-Q6 or Modulator (see Note A)
NOTE A --- Localize trouble by checking: --								
1.	-20 volt DC supply at J102-12-16.							
2.	Measure 12.1 VDC across Q4 emitter resistor R31 (1500 ohms), then:							
(a)	Remove crystal- a slight variation in R31 voltage reading indicates Q3 and Q4 stages operating properly.							
(b)	If no voltage is measured, check keying leads CR3-CR6, Q3, Q4.							
(c)	With crystal removed, short Q5 base to emitter. A voltage reading above 1.0 volt indicates Q5 and Q6 are operating properly. Defect may be in Modulator.							
(d)	If modulator is defective, check voltage variable diodes CV1 and CV2.							

STEP 2
CHECK TYPICAL DC VOLTAGES

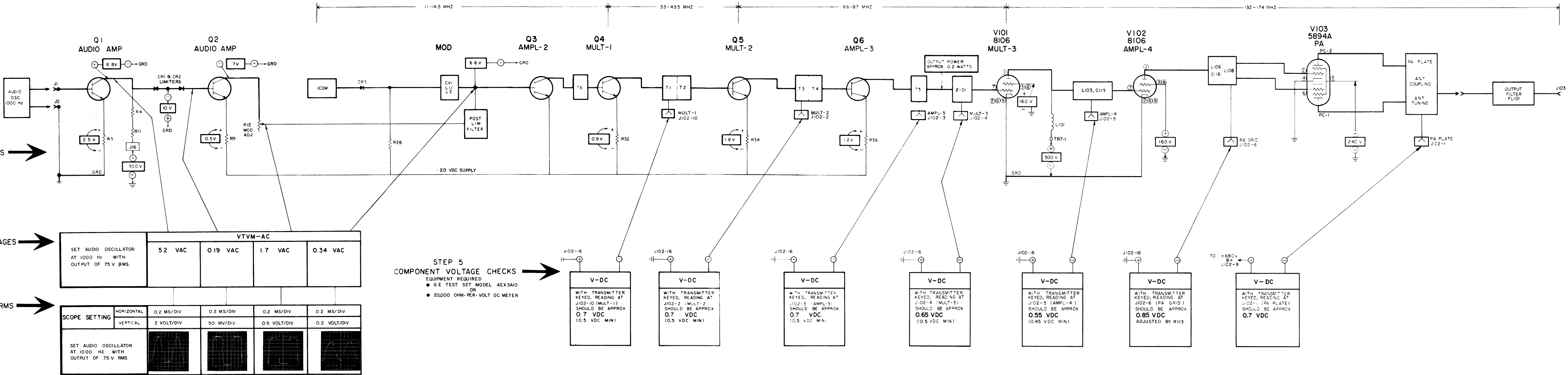
EQUIPMENT REQUIRED
• G E TEST MODEL 4EX3A10
OR
• 20,000 OHM-PER-VOLT METER

STEP 3
CHECK AUDIO AC VOLTAGES

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED
• AUDIO OSCILLATOR
• AC VTVM

STEP 4
AUDIO & OSC WAVEFORMS

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED
• AUDIO OSCILLATOR
• OSCILLOSCOPE



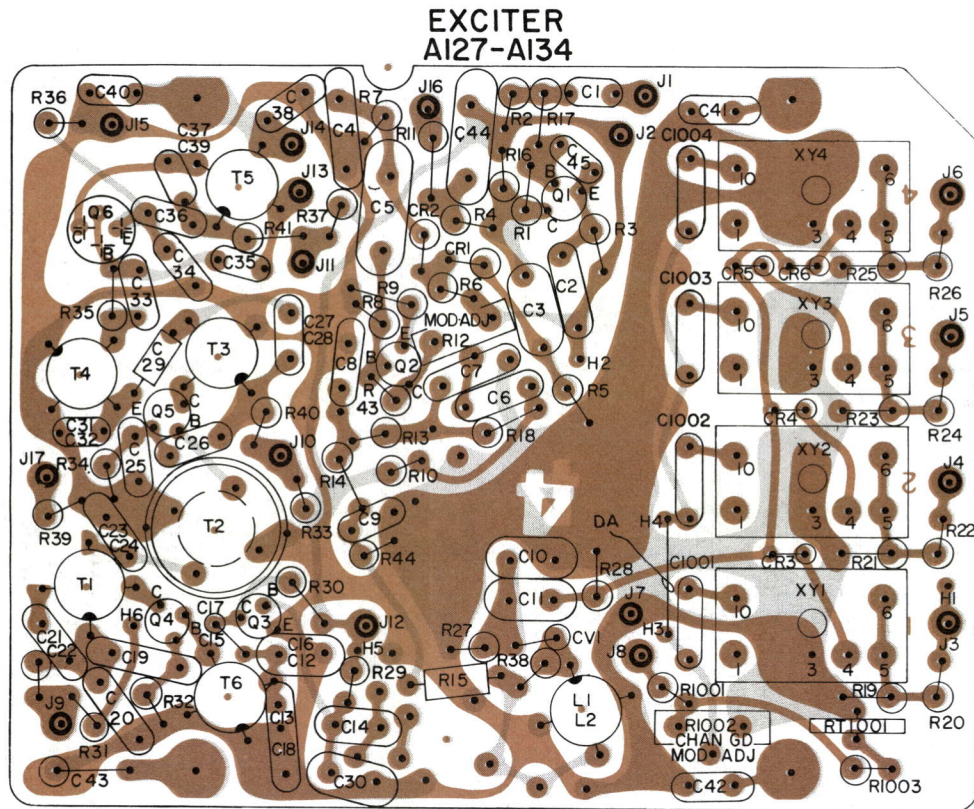
STEP 5
COMPONENT VOLTAGE CHECKS

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED
• G E TEST SET MODEL 4EX3A10
OR
• 20,000 OHM-PER-VOLT DC METER

RC-2161

TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

132-174 MHZ, 90-WATT MASTR TRANSMITTER
MODELS 4ET58H10-17



(19C311379, Sh. 1, Rev. 4)
(19C311379, Sh. 2, Rev. 4)

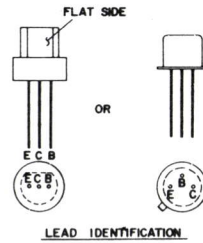
EXCITER READINGS TAKEN TO CHASSIS GROUND						
TRANSISTOR	EMITTER		BASE		COLLECTOR	
	-	+	-	+	-	+
Q1	5.8K	5.9K	140K	11K	60K	30K
Q2	4.1K	2.8K	70K	7.5K	8.7K	9.5K
Q3	3.4K	1.15	62K	5.7K	3.7K	3.8K
Q4	3.6K	2.3K	3.4K	2.1K	165	165
Q5	3.6K	2.3K	3.4K	1.15	200	210
Q6	3.5K	2.1K	3.5K	2.2K	70	70

EXCITER READINGS TAKEN TO 20 VOLT LINE (J15 BLUE LEAD)						
TRANSISTOR	EMITTER		BASE		COLLECTOR	
	-	+	-	+	-	+
Q1	9.5K	10K	145K	17.2K	63K	45K
Q2	450	450	68K	3.5K	11.5K	13.5K
Q3	0	0	68K	3.2K	7K	8K
Q4	13	120	0	0	2.2K	3.7K
Q5	94	120	0	0	52	3.7K
Q6	22	25	47	45	2.2K	3.5K

RESISTANCE READINGS

ALL READINGS ARE TYPICAL READINGS
MEASURED WITH A 20,000 OHM PER
VOLT METER AND J101 DISCONNECTED
+ OR - SIGNS SHOW METER LEAD
GROUNDED.

FOR READINGS OF	USE SCALE
1-100Ω	X 10
100-1KΩ	X 100
1K-50KΩ	X 1,000
50-∞Ω	X 100,000

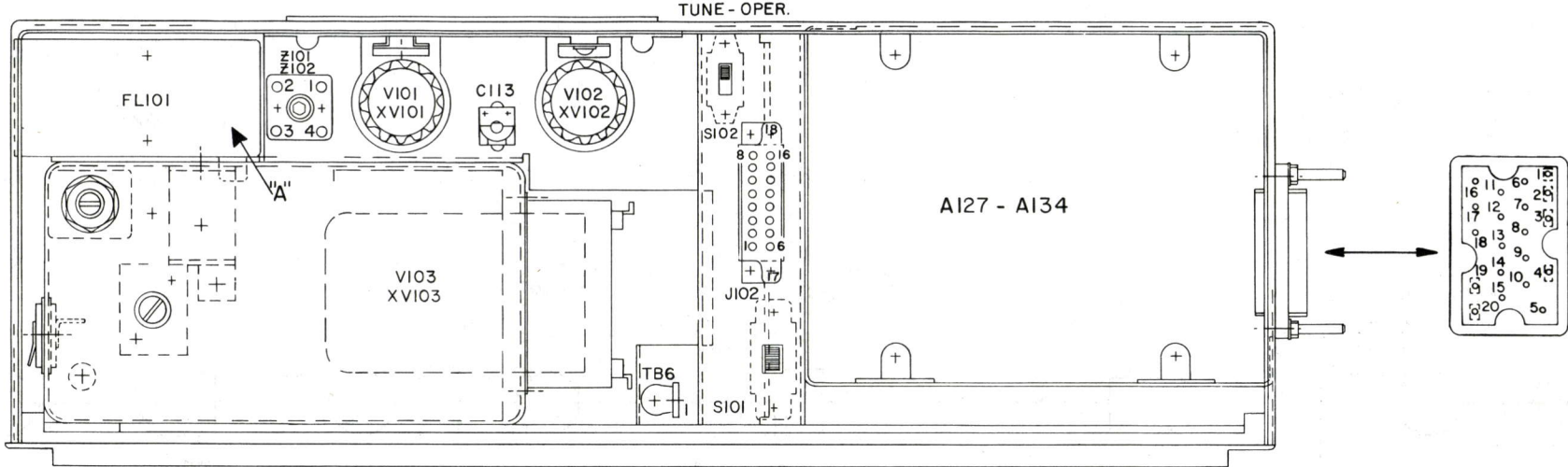


LOW-PASS FILTER
G101

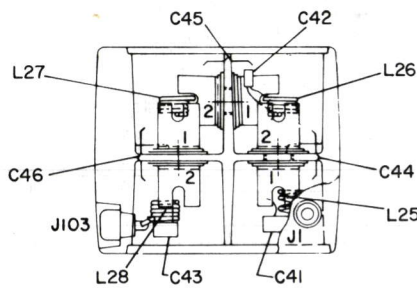
(19C311800, Sh. 1, Rev. 2)
(19C311800, Sh. 2, Rev. 2)

"B" →

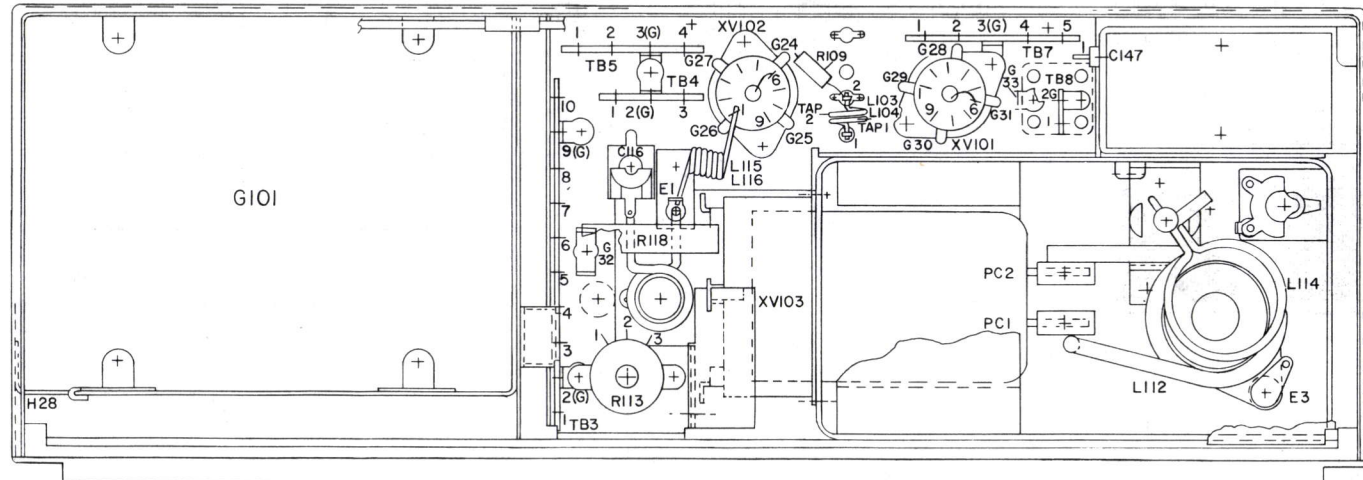
TOP VIEW



VIEW AT "A"



BOTTOM VIEW



READINGS TAKEN FROM TUBE SOCKET PINS TO CHASSIS GROUND

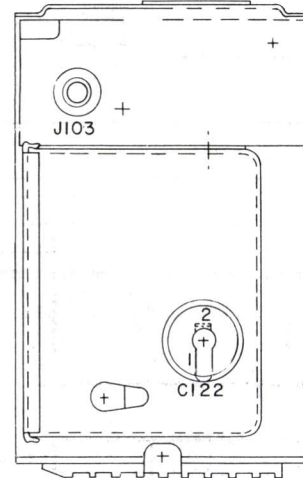
PIN	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
V101	550K	0	583K	0	1.4Ω	0	30K	583K	0	60K	83K	1.4Ω
V102	0	0	550K	550K	550K	0	83K	0	0	0	0	0
V103	1.4Ω	50K	550K	0	0.9Ω	50K	0	0	0	0	0	0

READINGS AT J101 TAKEN
TO CHASSIS GROUND.

PIN	-	+
1	0	0
2	∞	∞
3	1.3Ω	1.3Ω
4	26K	26K
5	∞	∞
6	∞	∞
7	∞	∞
8	26K	26K
9	∞	∞
10	∞	∞
11	∞	∞
* 12	0/14K	0/9.5K
13	∞	∞
14	∞	∞
15	7K	2.8K
* 16	∞/14K	∞/9.5K
* 17	∞/14K	∞/9.5K
* 18	∞/14K	∞/9.5K
19	0	0
20	∞	∞

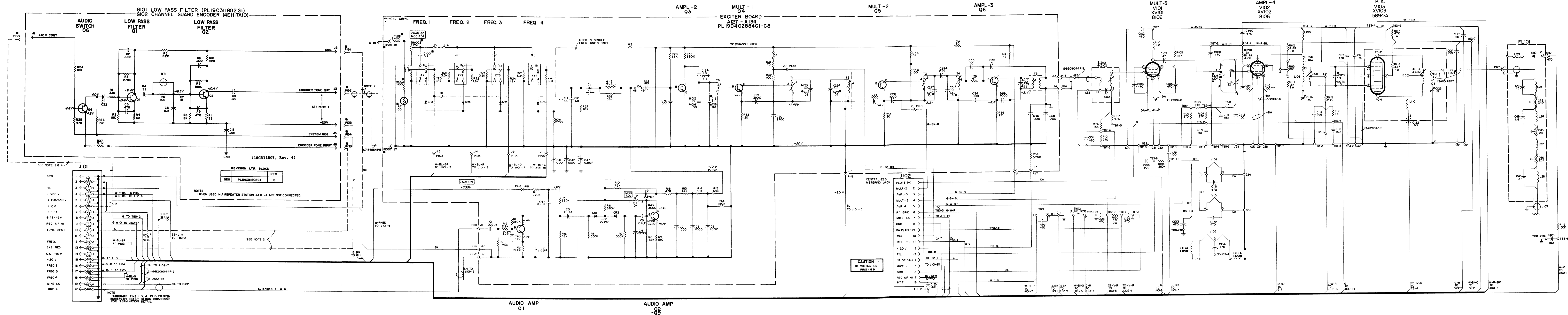
* 1ST READING FOR SINGLE FREQ.
2ND READING FOR MULTI-FREQ.

VIEW AT "B"



OUTLINE DIAGRAM

132—174 MHZ, 90-WATT MASTR TRANSMITTER
MODELS 4ET58H10-17



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

132—174 MHZ, 90-WATT MASTR TRANSMITTER
MODELS 4ET58H10-17

PARTS LIST		
LBI-4265		
132-174 MIC TRANSMITTER MODELS 4ET58H10-4ET58H17		
SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
A127 thru A134		EXCITER BOARD A127 19D402884G1 4ET58H10 A128 19D402884G2 4ET58H11 A129 19D402884G3 4ET58H12 A130 19D402884G4 4ET58H13 A131 19D402884G5 4ET58H14 A132 19D402884G6 4ET58H15 A133 19D402884G7 4ET58H16 A134 19D402884G8 4ET58H17
----- CAPACITORS -----		
C1	19A116080P3	Polyester: .022 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C2	19A116080P4	Polyester: .033 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C3	19A116080P7	Polyester: 0.1 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C4	7491395P114	Ceramic disc: .0022 μ f \pm 10%, 500 VDCW; sim to RMC Type J.L.
C5	19A116080P7	Polyester: 0.1 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C6	19A116080P5	Polyester: .047 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C7	7491395P111	Ceramic disc: 1500 pf \pm 10%, 500 VDCW; sim to RMC Type J.L.
C8 and C9	7491395P109	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf \pm 10%, 500 VDCW; sim to RMC Type J.L.
C10	5496219P359	Ceramic disc: 68 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -150 PPM.
C11	5493366P100J	Mica: 100 pf \pm 5%, 100 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C12	5493366P150J	Mica: 150 pf \pm 5%, 100 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C13	5496219P564	Ceramic disc: 110 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -330 PPM.
C14	593366P180K	Mica: 180 pf \pm 10%, 100 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C15	5491601P24	Phenolic: 1.8 pf \pm 10%, 500 VDCW; sim to Quality Components Type MC.
C16	5493366P100J	Mica: 100 pf \pm 5%, 100 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C17	5491601P32	Phenolic: 4.7 pf \pm 10%, 500 VDCW; sim to Quality Components Type MC.
C18	5496219P561	Ceramic disc: 82 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -330 PPM.
C19	5494481P129	Ceramic disc: 3900 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C20	5494481P128	Ceramic disc: 2700 pf \pm 10%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C21	5496219P253	Ceramic disc: 39 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C22	5496219P257	Ceramic disc: 56 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C23	5496219P253	Ceramic disc: 39 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C24	5496219P257	Ceramic disc: 56 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C25 and C26	5494481P111	Ceramic disc: .001 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C27	5496219P440	Ceramic disc: 9.0 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -220 PPM.
C28	5496219P343	Ceramic disc: 13 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -150 PPM.
C29	5491601P35	Phenolic: 0.15 pf \pm 10%, 500 VDCW; sim to Quality Components Type MC.

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C30	5493366P330K	Mica: 330 pf \pm 10%, 100 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C31	5496219P241	Ceramic disc: 10 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C32	5496219P244	Ceramic disc: 15 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C33	5496219P51	Ceramic disc: 33 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef 0 PPM.
C34	5494481P111	Ceramic disc: .001 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C35	5496219P35	Ceramic disc: 4.0 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef 0 PPM.
C36	5494481P111	Ceramic disc: .001 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C37	5496219P247	Ceramic disc: 22 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C38	5494481P111	Ceramic disc: .001 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C39	5496219P249	Ceramic disc: 27 pf \pm 5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C40 thru C42	5494481P111	Ceramic disc: .001 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C43	5496267P18	Tantalum: 6.8 μ f \pm 20%, 35 VDCW; sim to Sprague Type 150D.
C44	19A115414P13	Polyester: 0.1 μ f \pm 20%, 200 VDCW.
C45	5494481P107	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
CR1 and CR2	19A115331P1	Silicon.
CR3 thru CR6	19A115250P1	Silicon.
CV1	5495769P8	Silicon, capacitive.
J1 thru J17	4033513P4	Contact, electrical; sim to Bead Chain L93-3.
L1	19B204526G2	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P2.
L2	19B204526G1	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P2.
Q1 and Q2	19A115123P1	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N2712.
Q3 and Q4	19A115330P1	Silicon, NPN.
Q4 and Q5	19A115328P1	Silicon, NPN.
Q6	19A115329P1	Silicon, NPN.
----- RESISTORS -----		
R1	3R77P334K	Composition: 0.33 megohm \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R2	3R77P105K	Composition: 1 megohm \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R3	3R77P562K	Composition: 5600 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R4	3R77P224K	Composition: 0.22 megohm \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R5	3R77P334K	Composition: 0.33 megohm \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R6	3R77P684K	Composition: 0.68 megohm \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R7	3R77P334K	Composition: 0.33 megohm \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R8	3R77P823K	Composition: 82,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R9	3R77P511J	Composition: 510 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R10	3R77P753J	Composition: 75,000 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R11	3R77P274K	Composition: 0.27 megohm \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R12	19B209358P106	Variable, carbon film: approx 75 to 10,000 ohms \pm 10%, 0.25 w; sim to CTS Type X-201.
R13	3R77P473K	Composition: 47,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R14	3R77P563K	Composition: 56,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R15 and R16	3R77P683K	Composition: 68,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R17	3R77P222K	Composition: 2200 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R18	3R77P433J	Composition: 43,000 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R19	3R77P332J	Composition: 3300 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R20	3R77P162J	Composition: 1600 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R21	3R77P332J	Composition: 3300 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R22	3R77P162J	Composition: 1600 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R23	3R77P332J	Composition: 3300 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R24	3R77P162J	Composition: 1600 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R25	3R77P332J	Composition: 3300 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R26	3R77P162J	Composition: 1600 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R27	3R77P103K	Composition: 10,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R28	3R77P272K	Composition: 2700 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R29	3R77P683K	Composition: 68,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R30	3R77P392K	Composition: 3900 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R31	3R77P750J	Composition: 75 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R32	3R77P121J	Composition: 120 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R33	3R77P262J	Composition: 62 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R34	3R77P121J	Composition: 120 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R35	3R77P470K	Composition: 47 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R36	3R77P270K	Composition: 27 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R37	3R77P200J	Composition: 20 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R38	3R77P363J	Composition: 36,000 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R39	19A116278P474	Metal film: 0.576 megohm \pm 2%, 1/2 w.
R40	3R77P151K	Composition: 150 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R41	3R77P470K	Composition: 47 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R42	3R77P101K	Composition: 100 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R43	3R77P364J	Composition: 0.36 megohm \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R44	3R77P184K	Composition: 0.18 megohm \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
----- TRANSFORMERS -----		
T1	19B204534G1	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P4.
T2	19B204531G2	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P4.
T3	19B204535G1	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P4.
T4	19B204535G2	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P4.
T5	19B204537G1	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P4.
T6	19B216035G1	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P4.
----- SOCKETS -----		
XY1 thru XY4	19B216043G1	Socket assembly. Includes: Socket cavity. Contact, electrical.
----- OSCILLATORS -----		
Y1 thru Y4	4EG25A11	When reordering, specify ICOW Frequency. ICOW Frequency = operating frequency \times 12.
	19D413070P1	Integrated Circuit Oscillator Module (ICOW).
		Cap, decorative.

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		CHANNEL GUARD MODIFICATION KIT 19A127078G1 (Used with A131-A134)
----- CAPACITORS -----		
C1001 thru C1004	19B209243P7	Polyester: 0.1 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
	19B205480G2	Harness. Includes: Contact, electrical; sim to Amp 42827-2.
	4029840P2	
R1001	3R77P242J	Composition: 2400 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R1002	19B209358P107	Variable, carbon film: approx 75 to 25,000 ohms \pm 10%, 0.25 w; sim to CTS Type X-201.
R1003	3R77P512J	Composition: 5100 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
RT1001	19C300048P8	Disc: 2500 ohms \pm 10%, sim to GE 4D403.
----- THERMISTORS -----		
		LOW PASS FILTER 19C311802G1
----- CAPACITORS -----		
C1	19A116080P103	Polyester: .022 μ f \pm 10%, 50 VDCW.
C2	19A116080P3	Polyester: .022 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C3	5494481P107	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C4	19A116080P9	Polyester: 0.22 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C5	19A116080P8	Polyester: 0.15 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C6	19A116080P3	Polyester: .022 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C7	5494481P107	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C8	19B209243P14	Polyester: 0.33 μ f \pm 20%, 250 VDCW.
C13	5494481P111	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
J1 thru J6	4033513P4	Contact, electrical; sim to Bead Chain L93-3.
Q1 and Q2	19A115123P1	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N2712.
Q6	19A115123P1	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N2712.
----- RESISTORS -----		
R1	3R77P333K	Composition: 33,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R2	3R77P183K	Composition: 18,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R3	3R77P274K	Composition: 0.27 megohm \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R4	3R77P620J	Composition: 62 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R5	3R77P822K	Composition: 8200 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R6	3R77P153K	Composition: 15,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R7	3R77P102K	Composition: 1000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R8	3R77P183K	Composition: 18,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R9	3R77P184K	Composition: 0.18 megohm \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R10	3R77P622J	Composition: 6200 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R11	3R77P330K	Composition: 33 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R24	3R77P103K	Composition: 10,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R25	3R77P473K	Composition: 47,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R26	3R77P103K	Composition: 10,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R27	3R77P512K	Composition: 5100 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
----- THERMISTOR -----		
RT1	5490828P30	Thermistor: 0.33 megohm \pm 10%, color code black and grey; sim to Globar Type 783-3.

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		CHANNEL GUARD INSTALLATION KIT 19A127174G2
----- MISCELLANEOUS -----		
	19B201074P304	Tap screw, 6-32 x 1/4. (4)
	19B205480G2	Harness. Includes: Contact, electrical; sim to Amp 42827-2.
P130 thru P135	4029840P2	
R1001	3R77P242J	Composition: 2400 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R1002	19B209358P107	Variable, carbon film: approx 75 to 25,000 ohms \pm 10%, 0.25 w; sim to CTS Type X-201.
R1003	3R77P512J	Composition: 5100 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
C101 and C102	5494481P7	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C103		(Part of L103, L104).
C104 and C105	5494481P7	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C106 and C107	5494481P1	Ceramic disc: 150 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C108	5494481P7	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C109	5494481P1	Ceramic disc: 150 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C111 and C112	5494481P1	Ceramic disc: 150 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C113	19A116480P5	Variable: approx than 2.8 to 22 pf, 500 VDCW; sim to EF Johnson 189.
C114 and C115	5494481P1	Ceramic disc: 150 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C116	19B209328P10	Variable: approx 2.82 to 30.6 pf; sim to EF Johnson Type V 193-10-2.
C117 and C118	5494481P1	Ceramic disc: 150 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C119	5494481P7	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C120	5496218P235	Ceramic disc: 4.0 pf \pm 0.25 pf, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C121	5494481P1	Ceramic disc: 150 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C122		(Part of Mechanical Parts).
C123	7491398P5	Variable, air: approx 4.0-19 pf; sim to Teleradio T-9974-M.
C124 thru C126	5494481P1	Ceramic disc: 150 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C127 thru C129	5494481P7	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C131 thru C135	5494481P7	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C140	5494481P7	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
----- FILTERS -----		
FL101		LOW PASS FILTER ASSEMBLY 19D402233G10 Type 2 MCL.
The low pass filter is factory tuned. If it is found to be defective it is recommended that the entire filter assembly be replaced to maintain rated power output and spurious attenuation.		
----- TERMINALS -----		
E1	19A127909G1	Terminal.
E3	4036994P1	Terminal, solder: sim to Zierick Mfg Corp 505.

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
- - - - - JACKS AND RECEPTACLES - - - - -		
J101	19C303426G1	Connector: 20 pin contacts.
J102	19B205689G1	Connector: 18 contacts.
J103		(Part of FL101).
- - - - - INDUCTORS - - - - -		
L101	7488079P8	Choke, RF: 2.2 μ h \pm 10%, 1 ohm DC res; sim to Jeffers 4411-12K.
L103	19A128037G2	Coil.
L104	19A128037G1	Coil.
L106	19B219005P1	Coil.
L108	19B219341G1	Coil. (For slug see Mechanical Part).
L109 and L110	7488079P6	Choke, RF: 1.00 μ h \pm 10%, 0.30 ohms DC res max; sim to Jeffers 4411-8.
L111	19B219007G1	Coil.
L112	19B219009G1	Coil.
L113	19B219157G1	Coil.
L114	19B219028G1	Coil.
L115	19A128035P2	Coil.
L116	19A128035P1	Coil.
L117 and L118	19A128034P1	Coil.
L119 and L120	19A128034P2	Coil.
- - - - - PLUGS - - - - -		
P101	4029840P1	Contact, electrical; sim to Amp 42827-2.
P102	4029840P1	Contact, electrical; sim to Amp 41854.
P103 thru P106	4029840P2	Contact, electrical; sim to Amp 42827-2.
P109 thru P113	4029840P2	Contact, electrical; sim to Amp 42827-2.
P114	4029840P1	Contact, electrical; sim to Amp 41854.
P115 thru P117	4029840P2	Contact, electrical; sim to Amp 42827-2.
P123	4033513P21	Contact, electrical: sim to Bead Chain R125-22.
- - - - - RESISTORS - - - - -		
R101	3R77P271K	Composition: 270 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R102	3R77P153K	Composition: 15,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R103	3R77P473K	Composition: 47,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R104	19A116278P444	Metal film: 0.28 megohm \pm 2%, 1/2 w.
R105	3R77P183K	Composition: 18,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R106	3R77P271K	Composition: 270 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R107	3R77P273K	Composition: 27,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R108	3R77P153K	Composition: 15,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R109	3R77P102K	Composition: 1000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R111	3R77P472K	Composition: 4700 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R112	19A116479P 2332K	Metal film: 2200 ohms \pm 10%, 2 w; sim to Mallory Type 4 MCL.
R113	19B209114P7	Variable, wirewound: 10,000 ohms \pm 20%, 3 w; sim to CTS Series 117.
R114	3R79P123K	Composition: 12,000 ohms \pm 10%, 2 w.
R115		(Part of L108).
R116	3R77P101J	Composition: 100 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R117	3R78P473K	Composition: 47,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R118	19A116479P4412K	Metal film: 4100 ohms \pm 10%, 4 w; sim to Mallory Type 4 MCL.

PARTS LIST

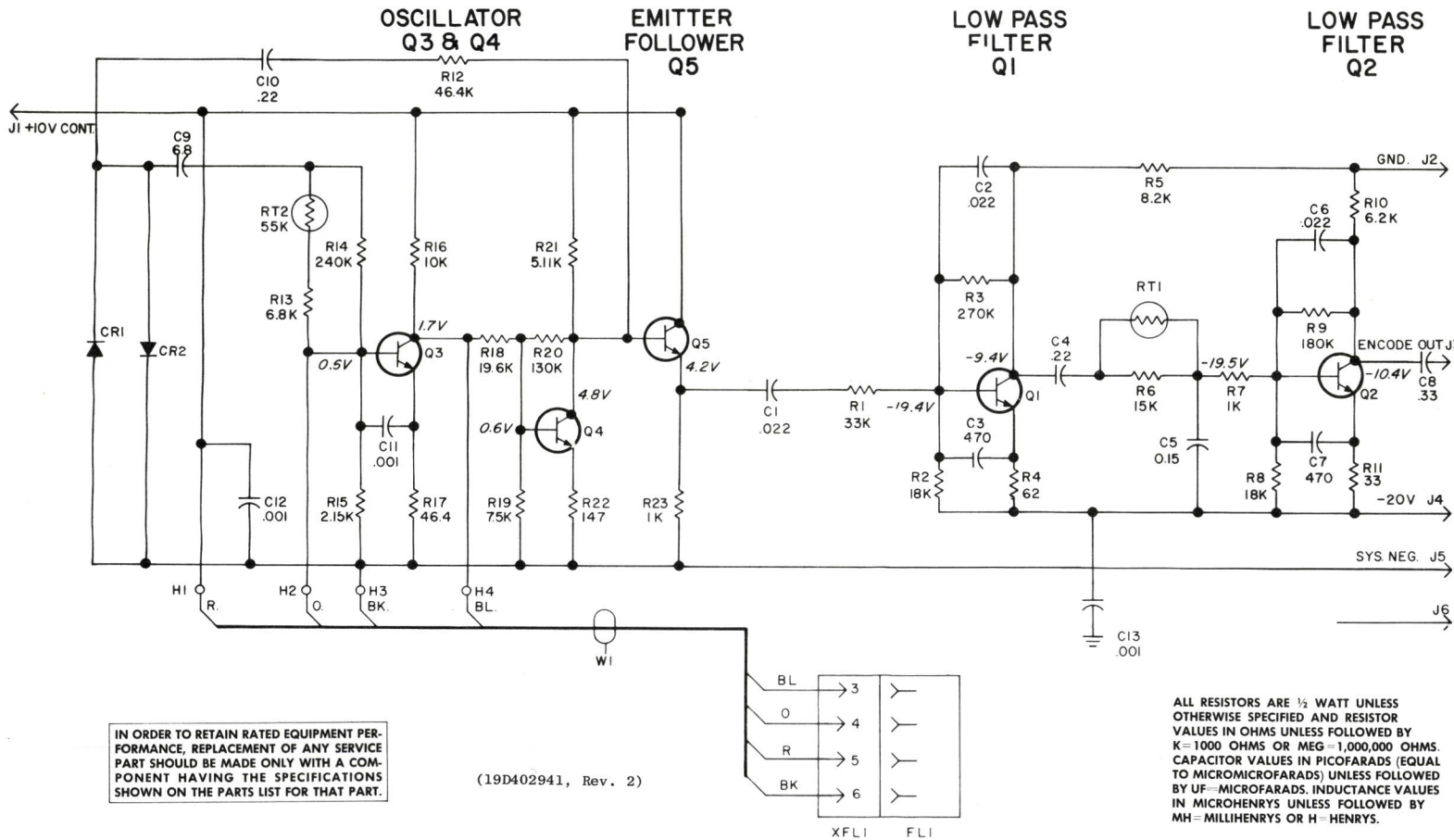
LB1-3936E
CHANNEL GUARD ENCODER G102
4EH17A10 19C311802-G2
REV A

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
----- CAPACITORS -----		
C1*	19A116080-P103	Polyester: 0.022 μ f \pm 10%, 50 VDCW. Earlier than REV A:
	19B209243-P2	Polyester: 0.015 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C2	19A116080-P3	Polyester: 0.022 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C3	5494481-P107	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C4	19A116080-P9	Polyester: 0.22 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C5	19A116080-P8	Polyester: 0.15 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C6	19A116080-P3	Polyester: 0.022 μ f \pm 20%, 50 VDCW.
C7	5494481-P107	Ceramic disc: 470 pf \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C8	19B209243-P14	Polyester: 0.33 μ f \pm 20%, 250 VDCW.
C9	5496267-P1	Tantalum: 6.8 μ f \pm 20%, 6 VDCW; sim to Sprague Type 150D.
C10	19A116080-P109	Polyester: 0.22 μ f \pm 10%, 50 VDCW.
C11 thru C13	5494481-P111	Ceramic disc: .001 μ f \pm 20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
----- DIODES AND RECTIFIERS -----		
CR1 and CR2	19A115250-P1	Silicon.
----- TONE NETWORKS -----		
FL1		TONE FREQUENCY NETWORK 19B205280
	19B205280-G1	71.9 Hz
	19B205280-G2	77.0 Hz
	19B205280-G3	82.5 Hz
	19B205280-G4	88.5 Hz
	19B205280-G5	94.8 Hz
	19B205280-G6	100.0 Hz
	19B205280-G7	103.5 Hz
	19B205280-G8	107.2 Hz
	19B205280-G9	110.9 Hz
	19B205280-G10	114.8 Hz
	19B205280-G11	118.8 Hz
	19B205280-G12	123.0 Hz
	19B205280-G13	127.3 Hz
	19B205280-G14	131.8 Hz
	19B205280-G15	136.5 Hz
	19B205280-G16	141.3 Hz
	19B205280-G17	146.2 Hz
	19B205280-G18	151.4 Hz
	19B205280-G19	156.7 Hz
	19B205280-G20	162.2 Hz
	19B205280-G21	167.9 Hz
	19B205280-G22	173.8 Hz
	19B205280-G23	179.9 Hz
	19B205280-G24	186.2 Hz
	19B205280-G25	192.8 Hz
	19B205280-G26	203.5 Hz
----- JACKS AND RECEPTACLES -----		
J1 thru J6	4033513-P4	Contact, electrical; sim to Bead Chain L93-3.
----- TRANSISTORS -----		
Q1 and Q2	19A115123-P1	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N2712.
Q3 thru Q5	19A115362-P1	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N2925.
----- RESISTORS -----		
R1	3R77-P333K	Composition: 33,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.

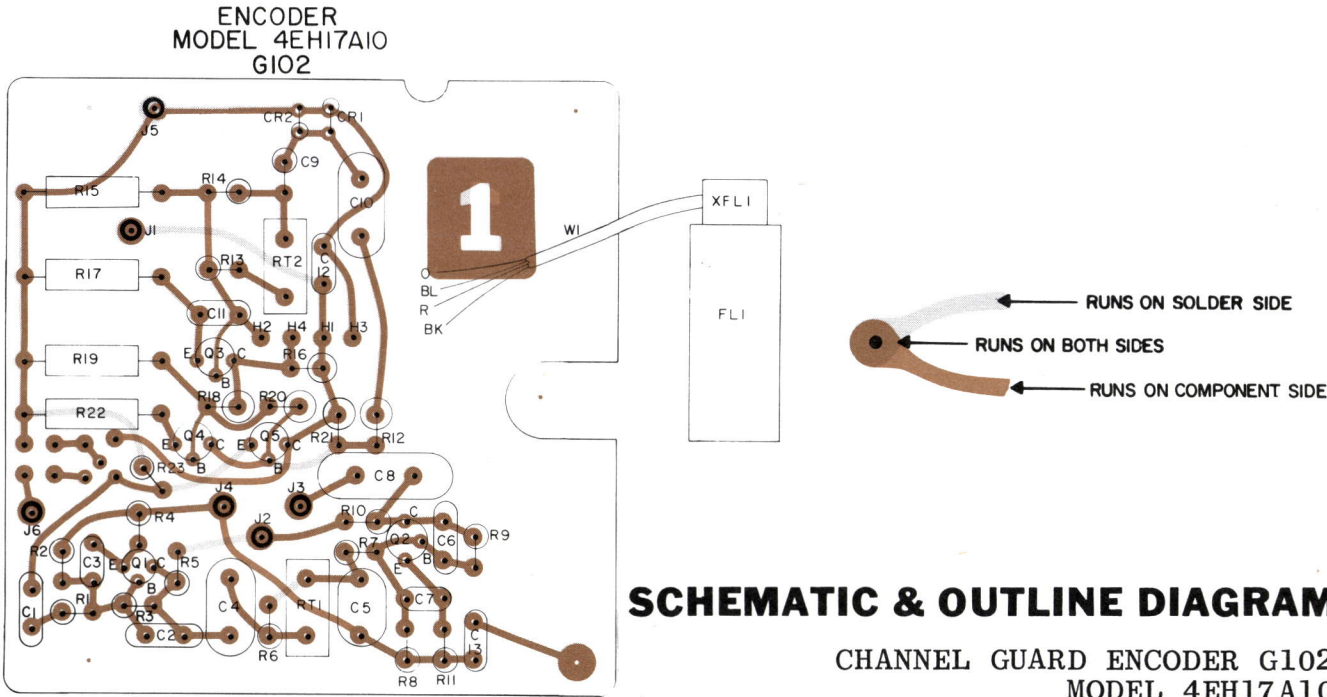
*COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R2	3R77-P183K	Composition: 18,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R3	3R77-P274K	Composition: 0.27 megohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R4	3R77-P620J	Composition: 62 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R5	3R77-P822K	Composition: 8200 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R6	3R77-P153K	Composition: 15,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R7	3R77-P102K	Composition: 1000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R8	3R77-P183K	Composition: 18,000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R9	3R77-P184K	Composition: 0.18 megohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R10	3R77-P622J	Composition: 6200 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R11	3R77-P330K	Composition: 33 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
R12	5495948-P365	Deposited carbon: 46,400 ohms \pm 1%, 1/2 w; sim to Texas Instrument CD1/2MR.
R13	3R77-P682J	Composition: 6800 ohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R14	3R77-P244J	Composition: 0.24 megohms \pm 5%, 1/2 w.
R15	19A116278-P233	Metal film: 2150 ohms \pm 2%, 1/2 w.
R16	19A116278-P301	Metal film: 10,000 ohms \pm 2%, 1/2 w.
R17	19A116278-P65	Metal film: 46.4 ohms \pm 2%, 1/2 w.
R18	19A116278-P329	Metal film: 19,600 ohms \pm 2%, 1/2 w.
R19	19A116278-P285	Metal film: 7500 ohms \pm 2%, 1/2 w.
R20	19A116278-P412	Metal film: 130,000 ohms \pm 2%, 1/2 w.
R21	19A116278-P269	Metal film: 5110 ohms \pm 2%, 1/2 w.
R22	19A116278-P117	Metal film: 147 ohms \pm 2%, 1/2 w.
R23	3R77-P102K	Composition: 1000 ohms \pm 10%, 1/2 w.
----- THERMISTORS -----		
RT1	5490828-P30	Thermistor: 330,000 ohms \pm 10%, color code black and gray; sim to Global Type 783H-3.
RT2	5490828-P36	Thermistor: 55,000 ohms \pm 10%, color code black and red; sim to Global Type 723B.
----- CABLES -----		
W1		(Part of XFL1).
----- SOCKETS -----		
XFL1	19A121920-G3	Reed, mica-filled phen: 7 pins rated at 1 amp at 500 VRMS with 4-1/4 inches of cable.
ENCODER INSTALLATION KIT 19A127174-G1		
----- MISCELLANEOUS -----		
	N404P13C13	Lockwasher, no. 6.
	N80P13005C13	Machine screw, no. 6-32 x 5/16.
	19B201074-P304	Tap screw, no. 6-32 x 1/4.
	N210P13C13	Nut, no. 6-32.
	19B205480-G2	Harness. Includes:
P130 thru P135	4029840-P2	Contact, electrical; sim to Amp 42827-2.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



OUTLINE DIAGRAM



SCHEMATIC & OUTLINE DIAGRAM

CHANNEL GUARD ENCODER G102
MODEL 4EH17A10

(19C311861, Rev. 3)
(19C311800, Sh. 1, Rev. 1)
(19C311800, Sh. 2, Rev. 1)

ORDERING SERVICE PARTS

Each component appearing on the schematic diagram is identified by a symbol number, to simplify locating it in the parts list. Each component is listed by symbol number, followed by its description and GE Part Number.

Service Parts may be obtained from Authorized GE Communication Equipment Service Stations or through any GE Radio Communication Equipment Sales Office. When ordering a part, be sure to give:

1. GE Part Number for component
2. Description of part
3. Model number of equipment
4. Revision letter stamped on unit

These instructions do not purport to cover all details or variation in equipment nor to provide for every possible contingency to be met in connection with installation, operation or maintenance.

Should further information be desired, or should particular problems arise which are not covered sufficiently for the purchaser's purposes, contact the nearest Radio Communication Equipment Sales Office of the General Electric Company.

MAINTENANCE MANUAL

LBI-4266

MOBILE RADIO DEPARTMENT
GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY • LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA 24502



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