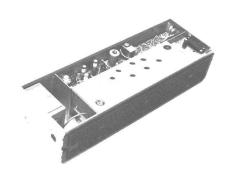
150.8 - 174 MHz, 30/35 - WATT TRANSMITTER MODEL 4KT24A10



SPECIFICATIONS *

FCC Filing Designation

FREQUENCY RANGE

Power Output

Crystal Multiplication Factor

Frequency Stability

Spurious and Harmonic Radiation

Modulation

Modulation Sensitivity

Audio Frequency Characteristics

Distortion

Deviation Symmetry

Maximum Frequency Spacing

Duty Cycle

KT-24-A

150.8-174 MHz

35 Watts (150.8-162 MHz) 30 Watts (162-174 MHz) (Adjustable from 10 to 30 or 35 Watts)

12

 $\pm .0002\%$ (-30°C to +60°C)

At least 70 dB below full rated power output

Adjustable from 0 to ±5 kHz swing with instantaneous modulation limiting.

· 50-100 Millivolts

Within +1 dB to -3 dB of a 6-dB/octave pre-emphasis from 300 to 3000 Hz per EIA standards. Post limiter filter per FCC and EIA.

Less than 3%

0.5 kHz maximum

±0.2%

EIA 20% Intermittent

^{*}These specifications are intended primarily for the use of the serviceman. Refer to the appropriate Specification Sheet for the complete specifications.

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--WARNING---

No one should be permitted to handle any portion of the equipment that is supplied with voltage or RF power; or to connect any external apparatus to the units while the units are supplied with power. KEEP AWAY FROM LIVE CIRCUITS.

DESCRIPTION

Transmitter Type KT-24-A is a crystal controlled, frequency modulated transmitter designed for one-, two- or four-frequency operation in the 150.8 - 174 megahertz band. The transmitter consists of the following assemblies:

- Transistorized Exciter Board
 - Audio, modulator, amplifier and multiplier stages.
- Integrated Circuit Oscillator Module (ICOM)
 - Oscillator and buffer stages
- Transistorized PA Assembly
 - Multiplier, amplifiers, driver, power amplifier, high-pass filter, and low-pass filter.
- Optional Channel Guard Board
 - Encoder and tone network

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

The transmitter provides a maximum power output of 35 Watts in the 150.8 to 162 MHz range, and 30 Watts in the 162 to 174 MHz range. The frequency of the plugin ICOM modules ranges from approximately 12.5 to 14.5 megahertz, and the ICOM frequency is multiplied 12 times.

A centralized metering jack (J102) is provided for use with GE Test Set Models 4EX3A10 (Rev. A or later) or 4EX8K11. The test set meters the amplifiers, multipliers, driver, PA stage, and PA supply voltages. The metering jack also provides access to receiver audio, microphone and push-to-talk leads.

All input leads to the transmitter are individually filtered by the 20-pin feed-through by-pass connector J101. Supply voltage, metering and control functions for the exciter board are connected from the PA assembly to jacks J1 through J8 on the exciter board.

EXCITER

ICOM MODULE

ICOM module Model 4EG25All consists of a crystal-controlled Colpitts oscillator, a voltage regulator, a Channel Guard tone modulator and a buffer output stage. The entire module (including crystal) is enclosed in a dust-proof aluminum can, with the ICOM frequency and the transmitter operating frequency printed on the top. Access to the oscillator trimmer is obtained

by prying off the plastic GE decal on the top of the can.

The oscillator frequency is temperature-compensated at both ends of the temperature range to provide instant frequency compensation, with a frequency stability of $\pm.0002\%$.

In single-frequency transmitters, a keying jumper (from R38 on the exciter board) connects the ICOM to ground. Keying the transmitter applies +10 Volts to the ICOM, turning it on. With the ICOM operating, diode CR1 is forward biased and the oscillator output is applied to the modulator stage.

In multi-frequency transmitters, up to three additional ICOM modules can be plugged into the exciter board. The single-frequency keying jumper is removed, and the proper frequency is selected by switching the ICOM keying lead to ground by means of a frequency selector switch on the control unit.

— CAUTION ——

All ICOM modules are individually compensated at the factory, and cannot be repaired in the field. Any attempt to remove the ICOM cover will void the warranty.

For radios equipped with Channel Guard, tone from the encoder-decoder board (on the receiver) is applied to the ICOM through Channel Guard Mod Adjust R25. The oscillator output is frequency modulated by the Channel Guard tone.

- NOTE -

If Channel Guard decode only is desired, disconnect the CHAN GD. TONE HI lead from J8 of the transmitter exciter board.

AUDIO AMPLIFIERS AND LIMITER.

The audio section of the transmitter consists of direct-coupled feedback amplifiers Q1, Q2 and Q3. Q3 also acts as a limiter at high audio input levels. Audio from the microphone is coupled through an input network (C2 and R1) to the audio stages. The input network, in conjunction with the feedback circuit, provides the audio gain and a 6-dB/octave pre-emphasis.

The output of limiter Q3 is connected through Modulation Adjust potentiometer R8 to a de-emphasis network for 6-dB/octave de-emphasis and post limiter roll-off. The network consists of C7, C8, C9, R15, R16

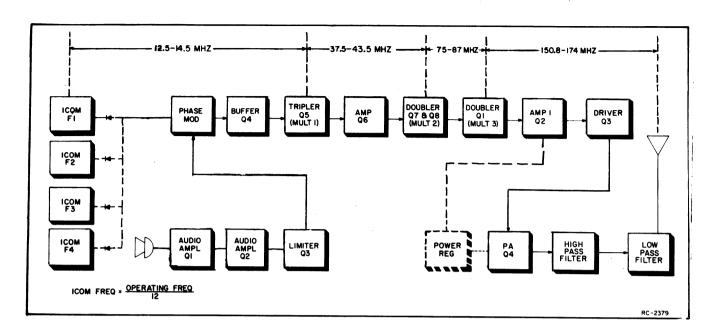


Figure 1 - Transmitter Block Diagram

and R17. Modulation adjust R8 determines the maximum signal level applied to the modulator circuit, and is normally set for ± 4.5 kHz (narrow band).

PHASE MODULATOR

The phase modulator uses varactor CVI (a voltage-variable capacitor) in a R-L-C network that includes R20 and L1. An audio signal applied to the modulator through L1 varies the capacitance of CVI, resulting in a phase modulated output. The modulator output is coupled through C13 to the base of buffer Q4.

BUFFER, AMPLIFIER AND MULTIPLIERS

Buffer stage Q4 isolates the modulator from the loading effects of the tripler stage, and provides some amplification. The output is direct-coupled to the base of Q5.

Q5 operates as a tripler (MULT-1) with the collector tank (T1) tuned to three times the ICOM frequency. The tripler is metered at J102 through R36. Following the tripler is amplifier Q6. This stage is metered at J102 through R35. The output of Q6 is capacitive-coupled from T1 to T3, and then to the base of Q7 and Q8.

Q7 and Q8 operate as a class C, push-pull doubler (MULT-2) with the collector tank (T4) tuned to six times the ICOM frequency. The doubler stage is metered at J102 through R34.

PA ASSEMBLY

MULTIPLIERS

The exciter output is coupled through a series-tuned circuit (tuned to 6 times the crystal frequency) to the base of 3rd doubler Al02-Ql (MULT-3 OUTPUT). This stage is metered at Jl02 across Al02-R4. The 3rd doubler output is coupled through a series-tuned circuit (tuned 12 times the crystal frequency) to the base of 1st amplifier Q2.

AMPLIFIERS, DRIVER AND PA

- WARNING -

The stud mounted RF Power Transistors used in the transmitter contain Beryllium Oxide, a TOXIC substance. If the ceramic or other encapsulation is opened, crushed, broken or abraded, the dust may be hazardous if inhaled. Use care in replacing transistors of this type.

Following the doubler is a common-emitter, series-tuned RF amplifier stage, Q2.

Driver Q3 follows the amplifier stage. Collector current for Q3 is metered across metering resistor R101 at J102-14 (Driver

Ic). The reading is taken on the 1-Volt scale (the actual current reading is 10 amperes full scale) with the GE Test Set in Position F. The Driver output is coupled through a series-tuned circuit to base of the power amplifier Q4.

Q4 operates as a common-emitter power amplifier to provide variable RF power output of 10-35 Watts. Collector current for the PA transistor is metered across metering resistor R102 at J102-1 (PA Ic). The reading is taken on the 1-Volt scale (the actual current reading is 10 amperes full scale) with the GE Test Set in Position G, and with the HIGH SENSITIVITY button pressed.

Meter shunt R102 also serves as a voltage and current sensing element in conjunction with the Power Regulator to provide protection for the PA transistors by reducing the supply voltage of the predriver amplifier Q2 when the collector current or the supply voltage of the PA amplifier Q4 rises. Reducing the supply voltage of Q2 causes the RF drive to the PA transistor Q4 to be reduced thus limiting the DC input power and holding the RF output power approximately constant.

The adjustable RF power output feature is accomplished by controlling the supply voltage of the pre-driver amplifier Q2. Potentiometer R13 on the Power Regulator board controls the RF power output by varying the supply voltage to the pre-driver amplifier Q2.

The Power Amplifier output is coupled through a series-tuned circuit to high-pass filter FL102, low-pass filter FL101 and then through antenna relay K901 to the antenna.

CHANNEL GUARD ENCODER OPTION

Channel Guard Encoder Model 4EH18A10 is a fully transistorized encoder for use with MASTR Imperial combinations in encode only applications, or where different encode and decode tones are desired. The tone frequencies are controlled by plug-in tone networks that are made with precision components for excellent stability and reliability. The tone frequencies range from 71.9 to 203.5 Hz.

The encoder board and tone network mount on the underside on the transmitter chassis. Power, ground and tone output connections are made to transmitter exciter board A101 by means of a cable (19B216186-G1).

The encoder tone is provided by selective oscillators Q1 and Q2, which oscillate continuously at a frequency determined by the tone network (FL1). Negative feedback, applied through the tone

network to the base of Ql, prevents any gain in the stage except at the desired encode frequency. The oscillator output is applied to the base of emitter-follower Q3.

Thermistor-resistor combination Rl and RT1 provides temperature compensation for the oscillator output. Limiter diodes CR1 and CR2 keep the tone amplitude constant.

The output of emitter-follower Q3 is applied to the ICOM module on the transmitter exciter board through Channel Guard MOD ADJUST R25. Instructions for setting R25 are contained in the Modulation Adjustment section of the Transmitter Alignment Procedure.

In encode-decode applications, the channel can be monitored before transmitting a message by moving the ON-OFF switch on the Control Unit to the OFF position, or by removing the microphone or handset from the optional hand-up bracket.

- NOTE -

If Channel Guard decode only is desired, disconnect the CHAN GD. TONE HI lead from J8 of the transmitter exciter board.

CARRIER CONTROL TIMER

The Carrier Control Timer option shuts off the transmitter on each transmission after a one-minute timing cycle, and alerts the operator that the transmitter is off by means of an alarm tone in the speaker. The transmitter can be turned on again by releasing and rekeying the push-to-talk switch on the microphone.

The timing cycle (transmitter keyed time) is normally set at the factory for a duration of one minute. An optional potentiometer is available that permits the timing cycle to be adjusted from 15 seconds to 5 minutes. Complete instructions for the Carrier Control Timer are contained in Maintenance Manual LBI-4138.

MAINTENANCE

DISASSEMBLY

To service the transmitter from the top (Figure 2):

- Pull locking handle down and pull radio about one inch out of mounting frame.
- 2. Pry up cover at rear of transmitter.

3. Slide cover back and lift off.

To service the transmitter from the bottom (Figure 3):

- 1. Pull locking handle down. Pull radio out of mounting frame.
- Remove two screws in bottom cover. Pry up at back of transmitter.
- 3. Slide cover back and lift off.

To remove transmitter from system frame:

- Loosen the two retaining screws in the front casting (see Figure 4) and pull casting away from the system frame.
- 2. Remove the four screws in the back cover.
- 3. Remove the two screws holding the transmitter at each end of the system frame.
- 4. Disconnect the antenna plug and receiver plug in front of the transmitter and the 20-pin feed-thru connector at the back of the transmitter, and slide the unit out of the system frame.

PA TRANSISTOR REPLACEMENT

---- WARNING ---

The stud mouted RF Power Transistors used in the transmitter contain Beryllium Oxide, a TOXIC substance. If the ceramic or other encapsulation is opened, crushed, broken or abraded, the dust may be hazardous if inhaled. Use care in replacing transistors of this type.

To replace the PA transistors (Q1 through Q4):

- Unsolder one lead at a time with a 50-Watt soldering iron. Use a scribe to hold the lead away from the printed circuit board until the solder cools.
- 2. Turn the transmitter over.
- 3. Hold the body of the transistor to prevent it from turning. Remove the transistor hold-down nut and spring washer through the hole in the heatsink with an 11/32-inch nut-driver. Lift out the transistor, and remove the old solder from the printed circuit board.

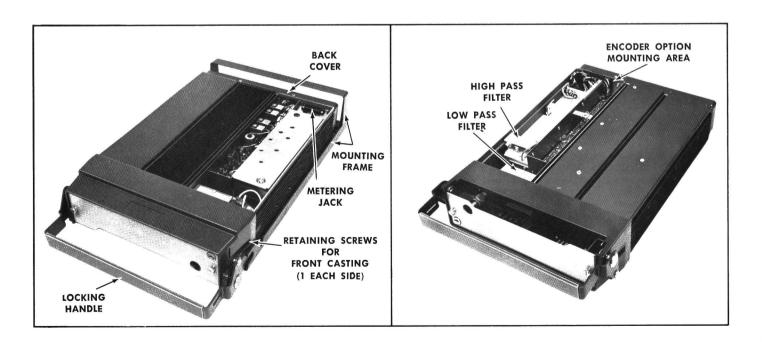


Figure 2 - Top Cover Removed

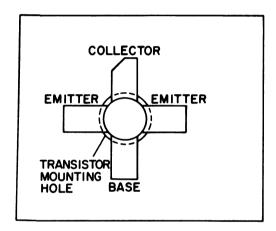
Figure 3 - Bottom Cover Removed

- 4. Trim the new transistor leads (if required) to approximately 3/8-inch lengths. Cut the collector lead at a 45° angle for future identification (see Figure 1). The letter "C" on the top of the transistor indicates the collector.
- 5. Apply a coating of silicone grease around the transistor mounting surface, and place the transistor in the mounting hole. Align the leads as shown in the Outline Diagram. Then hold the body of the transistor and replace the holddown nut and spring washer, using moderate torque (8 to 10 inchpounds maximum in 25-50 MHz transmitters, and 6.5 inch-pounds for 150.8 to 470 MHz transmitters).
- 6. Make sure that the transistor leads are formed as shown in

- Figure 5 so that the leads can be soldered to the printed circuit pattern, starting from the inner edge of the mounting hole.
- 7. Solder the leads to the printed circuit pattern. Start at the inner edge of mounting hole and solder the remaining length of transistor lead to the board.

- CAUTION -

Failure to solder the transistor leads as directed may result in the generation of RF loops that could damage the transistor.



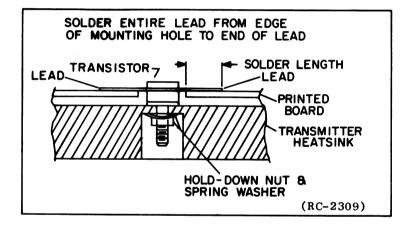


Figure 4 - Lead Identification

Figure 5 - Lead Forming

MOBILE RADIO DEPARTMENT
GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY • LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA 24502



MODULATION LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

The MOD ADJUST (R8) was adjusted to the proper setting before shipment and should not normally require readjustment. This setting permits approximately 75% modulation for the average voice level. The audio peaks which would cause overmodulation are clipped by the modulation limiter. The limiter, in conjunction with the de-emphasis network, instantaneously limits the slope of the audio wave to the modulator, thereby preventing overmodulation while preserving intelligibility.

TEST EQUIPMENT

- 1. An audio oscillator (GE Model 4EX6A10)
- 2. A frequency modulation monitor
- 3. An output meter or a VTVM
- 4. GE Test Set Models 4EX3A10 or 4EX8K10

PROCEDURE

- Connect the audio oscillator and the meter across audio input terminals J5 (Green-Hi) and J6 (Black-Lo) on GE Test Set or across J1 (Mike High) and J2 (Mike Low) on the Exciter Board.
- 2. Apply a 0.75-volt signal at 1000 Hz to Test Set or across J1 and J2 on Exciter Board.
- 3. For transmitters without Channel Guard, set the MOD ADJUST (R8) for a 4.5-kilohertz swing with the deviation polarity which gives the highest reading as indicated on the frequency modulation monitor.
- 4. For transmitters with Channel Guard, set the Channel Guard MOD ADJUST (R25) for 0.75 kHz tone deviation. Remove the tone to the transmitter by unplugging leads to J8 and J9 on Exciter Board. Apply a 0.75-volt signal at 1000 Hz and set MOD ADJUST (R8) for a 3.75 kHz deviation (4.5 kHz minus 0.75 kHz tone deviation).
- 5. For multi-frequency transmitters, set the deviation as described in Steps 3 and 4 on the channel producing the largest amount of deviation.

PA POWER INPUT

For FCC purposes, the PA power input can be determined by measuring the PA supply voltage and PA current, and using the following formula:

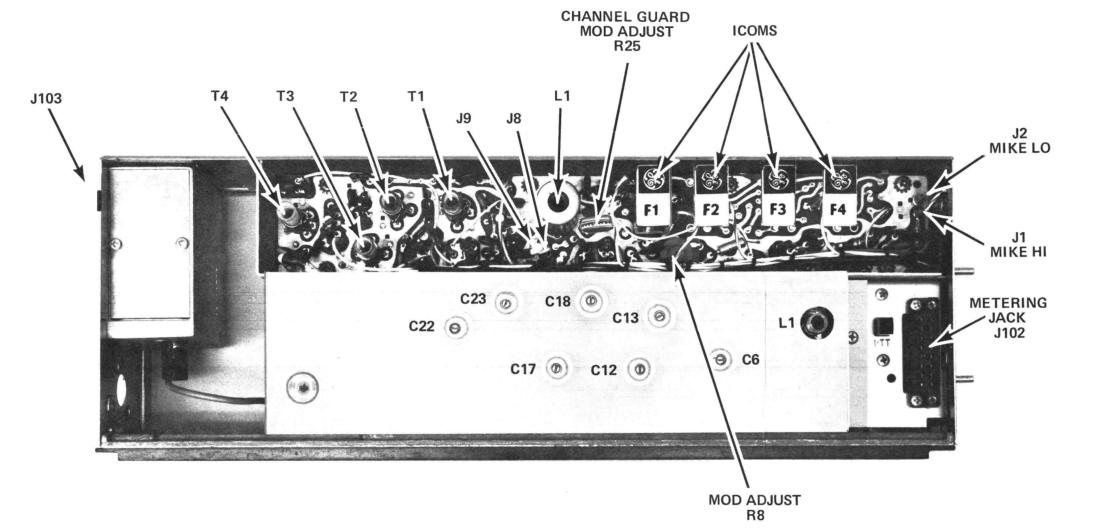
Where:

P, is the power input in Watts.

PA voltage is measured with the GE Test Set in Position G on the 15 volt scale, and the polarity switch in (-)

PA current is measured with the Test Set in Position G in the Test 1 position, and with the HIGH SENSITIVITY button pressed (10 amperes full scale).

Example: P; = 12.5 Volts x 5.5 amperes = 68.75 Watts



TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- 1. GE Test Set Model 4EX3AlO (Revision A or later), or Model 4EX8Kll.
- 2. A 50-ohms wattmeter connected to J103.

PRELIMINARY CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

- 1. Place ICOM (s) in proper socket (ICOM frequency = operating frequency ÷ 12). Do not adjust ICOM trimmer.
- 2. Set the channel selector switch to the Fl position.
- 3. Turn the slugs in the Exciter coils Ll, T1, T2, T3, T4 and PA coil Ll to the bottom of the coil. Turn mica compression capacitors C6, C12, C13, C18, C22, and C23 (on PA Board) all the way to the right (clockwise). Then set each capacitor a half turn counterclockwise. Turn C17 fully clockwise then a quarter turn counterclockwise.
- 4. Connect the GE Test Set to Receiver Metering Jack J442 and check for +10 Volts at Position J. If reading is not 10 Volts, refer to the Power Regulator Outline Diagram and set R28 for +10 Volts.
- 5. Set Power Regulator Power Adjust Pot (R13) fully clockwise.
- 6. Connect GE Test Set to Metering Jack J102. Set the test polarity to + and set the range to the Test 1 (or 1-volt position for 4EX8K11).
- 7. All adjustments are made with the transmitter keyed. Unkey the transmitter between steps to avoid unnecessary heating.

TRANSMITTER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

STEP	METER POSITION	TUNING CONTROL	METER READING	PROCEDURE				
	EXCITER BOARD							
1.	A Mult1	L1 & T1	See Procedure	Carefully tune Ll for maximum meter reading. Tune Tl for a small change in meter reading.				
2.	B Amp-1	T1 & T2	See Procedure	Tune T1 for maximum meter reading. Tune T2 for a dip in meter reading.				
3.	C Mult2	T3, T2 & T4	See Procedure	Adjust T3 for maximum meter reading. Re-adjust T2 for maximum meter reading. Then adjust T4 for minimum meter reading.				
				POWER AMPLIFIER				
4.	D Mult3	L1, C6 (PA) & T4	Maximum	Adjust Ll and C6 for maximum meter reading. Then re-adjust T4 and Ll for maximum meter reading.				
5.	F Amp-2&3	C12 & 13	Maximum	Increase the capacity (clockwise) of C12 and C13 to the first indication. Then tune this response for maximum meter reading, alternating between C12 and C13.				
6.	F	C6	Maximum	Retune C6 for maximum meter reading.				
7.	G Driver Ic	C17 & C18	Maximum	With the HIGH SENSITIVITY button pressed, alternately tune C17 and C18 for a peak indication.				
8.	G PA Ic	C22 & C23	Maximum Power Minimim Current	With the HIGH SENSITIVITY button pressed, alternately tune C22 and C23 for maximum RF power out and minimum PA Collector Current (G reading).				
9.	G		Maximum	Repeat steps 4 through 8 for maximum RF power out.				
			Adjust R13 on Power Regulator for 35 Watts (150.8 - 162 MHz) or 30 Watts (162 - 174 MHz) or other desired power down to 10 Watts.					

FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT LBI-4409

First, check the transmitter frequency to determine if any adjustment is required. The frequency should be checked with a frequency meter of counter having an accuracy of 0.4 partper-million (PPM), and with the ICOM module at $80^{\circ}F$ ($\pm 4^{\circ}F$) or $26.5^{\circ}C$ ($\pm 2^{\circ}C$) when possible. The ICOM temperature can be determined by taping a mercury thermometer to the side of the ICOM.

If an adjustment is required, use one of the following procedures:

If the ICOM is stabilized at 80°F, pry off the GE emblem and adjust the ICOM trimmer for correct transmitter operating frequency.

If the ICOM is not stabilized at 80°F, pry off the GE emblem and check for a color dot on the top of the can. This color dot indicates which correction curve to use in setting the unit on frequency (see Figure 7). Next, tape a thermometer to the ICOM and check the temperature when the thermometer is stabilized. Then proceed as shown in the following example:

- 1. Assume that the ICOM is marked with a green color dot and the temperature reading is 50°F. At that temperature, the green curve shown a correction factor of approximately +1.5 PPM. (At 1.50 MHz, 1 PPM is 150 Hz. At 174 MHz, 1 PPM is 174 Hz.)
- With a transmitter operating frequency of 150 MHz, adjust the ICOM trimmer for a reading of +225 Hz (+1.5 x 150) higher than the licensed operating frequency.
- 3. If a negative correction factor is obtained (at temperatures above 80°F), adjust the ICOM trimmer for the indicated PPM <u>lower</u> than the operating frequency.

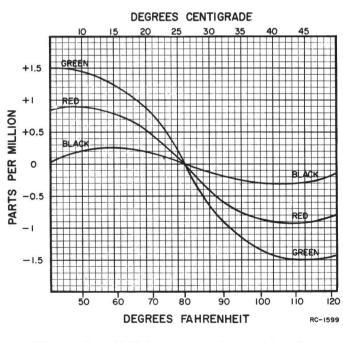


Figure 6 - ICOM Frequency Correction Curve

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

150.8—174 MHZ, 30/35-WATT TRANSMITTER MODEL 4KT24A10

Issue 1

LBI-4409

TEST PROCEDURES

These Test Procedures are designed to assist but not properly. Problems encountered could be low power output, low B plus, tone and voice devi- Transmitter Troubleshooting Procedure. Before ation, defective audio sensitivity and modulator adjust control set too high. By following the sequence of test steps starting with Step 1, the

defect can be quickly localized. Once a defect is you in servicing a transmitter that is operating -- pin-pointed, refer to the "Service Check" and the additional corrective measures included in the starting with the Transmitter Test Procedures, be sure the transmitter is tuned and aligned to the proper operating frequency.

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

for test hookup as shown:

1. Wattmeter similar to: 2. VTVM similar to: 3. Audio Generator similar to: 4. Deviation Meter (with a

Bird # 43 Jones # 711N

Triplett # 850 Heath # 1M-21

Heath # 1G-72

GE Model 4EX6A10 or

.75 kHz scale) similar to: Measurements # 140

Lampkin # 205A

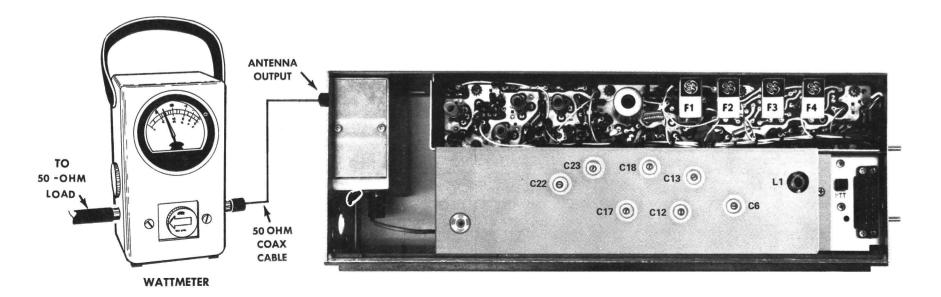
5. Multimeter similar to:

GE TEST SET MODEL 4EX3A10. MODEL 4EX8K11 or 20.000 ohms-per-volt voltmeter

STEP 1

POWER MEASUREMENT TEST PROCEDURE

1. Connect transmitter output to wattmeter as shown below:



2. Turn Power Adjust R13 (Power Regulator) fully clockwise. Key transmitter and check wattmeter for minimum reading of 35 Watts (150.8-162 MHz), or 30 Watts (162-174 MHz). Reset Power Adjust, R13, to the desired power out.

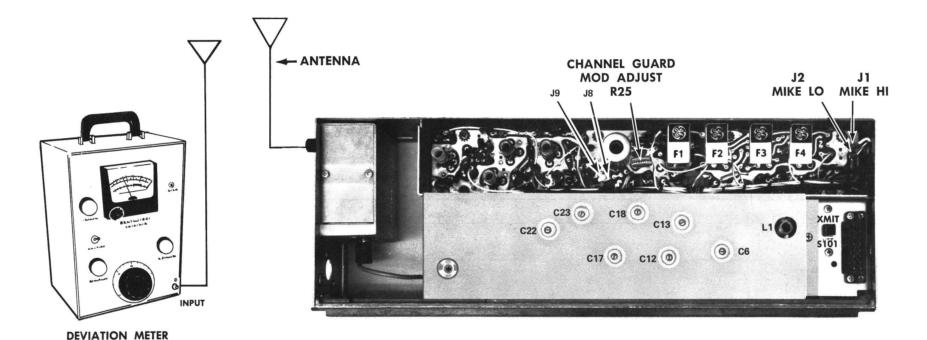
SERVICE CHECK

Refer to Service Hints on Transmitter Troubleshooting Procedure.

STEP 2

TONE DEVIATION WITH CHANNEL GUARD TEST PROCEDURE

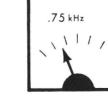
1. Set up Deviation Meter and monitor output of transmitter as shown below:



- 2. Unplug the MIC HI terminal from Jl on Transmitter Exciter Board.
- 3. Key transmitter and check for 0.75-kHz deviation. If reading is low or high, adjust Channel Guard MOD ADJUST (R25) or a reading of 0.75-kHz.

NOTES:--The Channel Guard MOD ADJUST (R25) may be adjusted for deviations up to 1.0 kHz maximum for all tone frequencies.

- 1. On units supplied with Channel Guard, the Phase Modulator Tuning should be peaked carefully to insure proper performance. (Refer to Steps 1 in the Transmitter Alignment Chart).
- 2. The Tone Deviation Test Procedures should be repeated every time the Tone Frequency is changed.

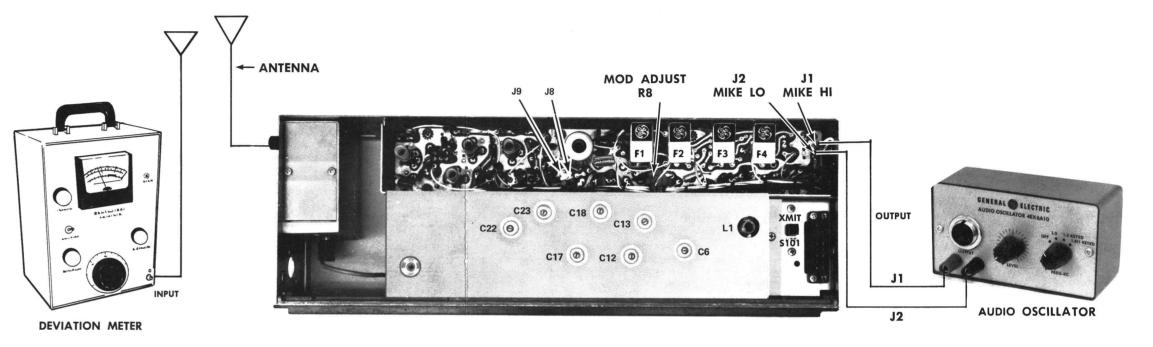


DEVIATION METER

STEP 3

VOICE DEVIATION AND SYMMETRY TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Unplug the High and Low Mike leads from the Exciter Board Jacks Jl and J2.
- 2. Connect test equipment to transmitter as shown below:



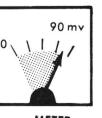
- 3. Set the generator output to 1.0 VOLTS RMS and frequency to 1 kHz.
- 4. Key the transmitter and adjust Deviation Meter to carrier frequency.
- 5. Deviation reading should be ± 4.5 kHz.
- 6. Adjust "Modulation Adjust Control" R8 until deviation reads 4.5 kHz (13.5 kHz wide band) on plus (+) or minus (-) deviation, whichever is greater. This adjustment should be made with the correct level of tone applied on Channel Guard transmitters.

DEVIATION METER

NOTES: -- Imperial transmitters are adjusted for 4.5 kHz deviation at the factory. The factory adjustment will prevent the transmitter from deviating more than 5.0 kHz under the worst conditions of frequency, voltage and temperature.

If the deviation reading plus (+) or minus (-) differs by more than 0.5 kHz, check the following:

- 1. Recheck Step 1 as shown in the Transmitter Alignment Chart.
- 2. Check Audio Sensitivity by reducing generator output until deviation falls to 3.0 kHz. Voltage should be LESS than 100 millivolts.



STEP I - QUICK CHECKS

	····				
	Probable Defective Stage				
Meter Position	High Meter Reading	Low Meter Reading	Zero Meter Reading		
A (MULT-1)	Q4 or Q5	Q4, Q5 or open L1	10-volt regulator, ICOM, CV1, or Q4, Q5		
B AMP 1	Q6, T2	Q6, T1	T1, Q6, T2		
C (MULT-2)	Q7, Q8, T4	Q7, Q8, T3	Q7, Q8, T3, T4		
D (MULT-3) OUTPUT	A102-Q2	13.6 Volts A102-Q1 A101-T4, W102	13.6 Volts A102-Q1 A101-T4, W102		
F A102-Q4 (DRIVER Ic)		Q3, or pro- tective cir- cuits acti- vated*	Keyed 10 Volts, Al02-Q2, Q3 13.6 Volts		
G (PA Ic)	Mis-aligned PA. Check Alignment Procedure.	Q4 or pro- tective cir- cuits acti- vated*	Keyed 10 Volts, A102-Q4 13.6 Volts		

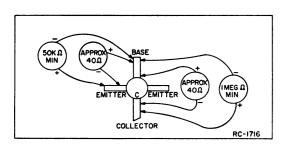
* Refer to the power regulator Troubleshooting Procedure for check of protective circuit.

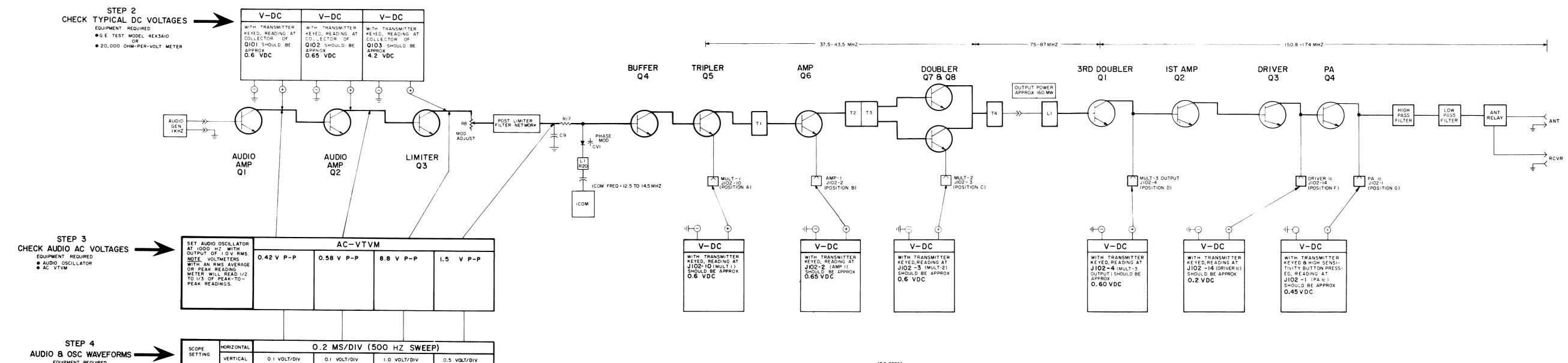
PA TRANSISTOR CHECKS

PA transistors Q1 thru Q4 can be checked to determine if they are defective by measuring the junction resistances with an ohmmeter according to the following procedure:

- Unsolder the base and collector leads with a 50-Watt soldering iron. Use a scribe to hold each lead off the printed circuit board until the solder cools.
- 2. Slip a piece of paper under each unsoldered lead to insulate it from the printed circuit board.
- 3. Measure the base-to-emitter and base-to-collector resistances, and check with the "good" resistance readings as shown in RC1716. Always take two different readings for each junction by reversing the meter leads.
- 4. If replacement of a transistor is necessary, refer to the replacement procedure listed in the Table of Contents.

SET AUDIO OSCILLATOR AT 1000 HZ WITH OUTPUT OF 1.0 V RMS.





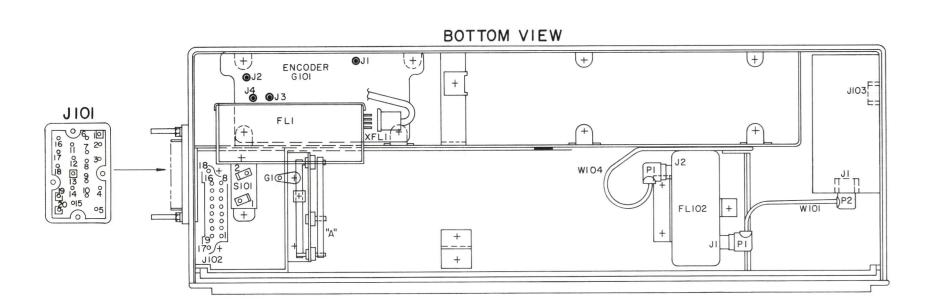
(RC-2380)

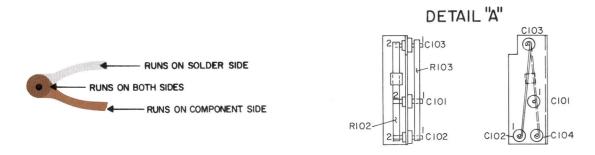
TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

150.8—174 MHZ, 30/35-WATT TRANSMITTER MODEL 4KT24A10

Issue 1

PA BOARD AIO2 EXCITER BOARD AIOI





(19R621953, Rev. 0)

PA BOARD (19D416268) AIO2

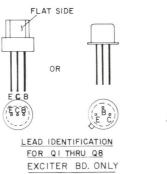
EXCITER BOARD

(190402921)

A101

REPORT OF THE STATE OF

(19D402939, Sh. 1, Rev. 1)



CATHODE
ANODE

LEAD IDENTIFICATION
FOR CRI THRU CR4

EXCITER BD. ONLY

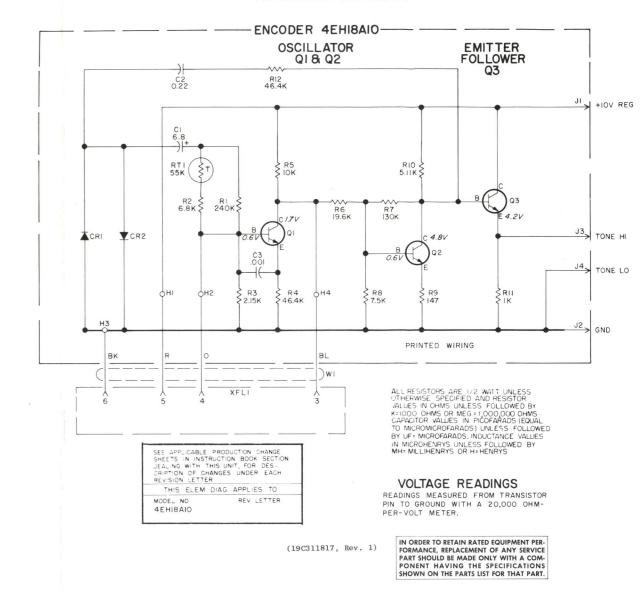
OUTLINE DIAGRAM

150.8—174 MHZ, 30/35-WATT TRANSMITTER MODEL 4KT24A10

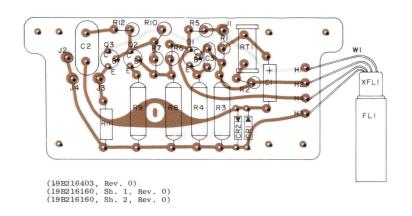
10 Issue 1

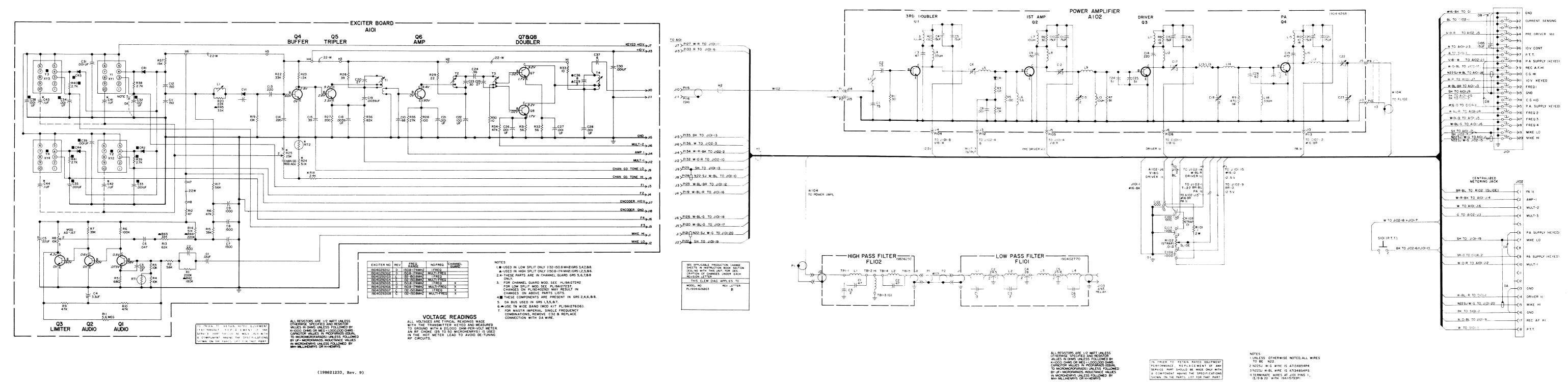
CHANNEL GUARD ENCODER MODEL 4EH18A10

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



OUTLINE DIAGRAM





(19R621233, Rev. 9)

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

4 TERMINATE WIRES AT JIOI PINS 1 13,19 & 20 WITH 19A115793P1.

(19R621804, Rev. 5)

150.8—174 MHZ, 30/35-WATT TRANSMITTER MODEL 4KT24A10

Issue 3

PARTS LIST
LBI-4408C
150.8-174 MHz TRANSMITTER TYPE KT-24-A

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
A101		EXCITER BOARD ASSEMBLY 19D402921
		G1 1 FREQUENCY G2 MULTI-FREQUENCY G5 1 FREQUENCY CHANNEL GUARD G6 MULTI-FREQUENCY CHANNEL GUARD
Cl	19A116080P1	Polyester: 0.01 µf ±20%, 50 VDCW.
C2	7491395P111	Ceramic disc: 1500 pf ±10%, 500 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JL.
C3	5494481P111	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf ±20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C4	5496267P9	Tantalum: 3.3 µf ±20%, 15 VDCW; sim to Sprague Type 150D.
C5	5496267P10	Tantalum: 22 μf ±20%, 15 VDCW; sim to Sprague Type 150D.
C6	19Al16080P5	Polyester: 0.047 µf ±20%, 50 VDCW.
C7 and C8	7491395P111	Ceramic disc: 1500 pf ±10%, 500 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JL.
C9	7491395P109	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf ±10%, 500 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JL.
C10	5490008P123	Silver mica: 68 pf ±10%, 500 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C11	5490008P31	Silver mica: 150 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C12	5490008P131	Silver mica: 150 pf ±10%, 500 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C13 and C14	7489162P135	Silver mica: 220 pf ±10%, 500 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C15	7489162P117	Silver mica: 39 pf ±10%, 500 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C18 and C19	5494481P129	Ceramic disc: 3900 pf ±20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C20	5496219P249	Ceramic disc: 27 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C21	19A116655P19	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf ±20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C22	7489162P127	Silver mica: 100 pf ±10%, 500 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
C23	5496219P250	Ceramic disc: 30 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C24	5491601P110	Phenolic 0.36 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW.
C25	5496219P249	Ceramic disc: 27 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C26 thru C28	19Al16655P19	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf ±20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C29	5496219P234	Ceramic disc: 3 pf ±0.25 pf, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C30	19Al16655P19	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf ±20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C31 thru C35	5494481P111	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf ±20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C37	19A116656P6J8	Ceramic disc: 6.0 pf ±0.25 pf, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
C38 and C39	5494481P111	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf ±20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
C41 thru	19A116080P7	Polyester: 0.1 µf ±20%, 50 VDCW.

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	GE PART NO.
		DIODES AND RECTIFIERS	R35	3R77P273K
CRl	19A115603P1	Silicon.	R36	3R77P823K
thru CR4			R37	3R77P153K
CV1	5495769P9	Varactor, silicon: 33 μf $\pm 10\%$ at 4 VDC; sim to Pacific Semiconductor Varicap Type V-596.	R38 thru R41	3R77P272K
		JACKS AND RECEPTACLES	1 1	
Jl thru J18	4033513P4	Contact, electrical: sim to Bead Chain L93-3.	RT1	5490828P40
			RT2	19C300048P8
Ll	19D402808G30	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P2.		
			Tl	19D402808G32
Q1	19Al15889Pl	Silicon, NPN.	Т2	19D402808G31
thru Q3		Jillou, APA.	т3	19D402808G33
Q4	19A115330P1	Silicon, NPN,	T4	19D402808G34
Q5	19A115328P1	Silicon, NPN.		
and Q6	10.111002011	officon, NPN.		
Q7 and	19A116201P1	Silicon, NPN.	Yı	4EG25A11
Q8			thru Y4	
_		RESISTORS		19D413070P1
R1	3R77P204J	Composition: 0.20 megohm ±5%, 1/2 w.		
R2	3R77P562K	Composition: 5600 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	XY1	19B216043G1
R3 and R4	3R77P103J	Composition: 10,000 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	thru XY4	
R5	3R77P681K	Composition: 680 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	A102	
R6	3R77P104K	Composition: 0.10 megohm ±10%, 1/2 w.		
R7	3R77P393K	Composition: 39,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.		
R8	19B209358P6	Variable, carbon film: approx 75 to 10,000 ohms ±20%, 0.25 w; sim to CTS Type U-201.	C1	5496219P360
R9 and R10	3R77P473J	Composition: 47,000 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	C2 C3	5496219P244 7489162P119
Rll	3R77P565J	Composition: 5.6 megohms ±5%, 1/2 w.		74091027119
R12	3R77P470K	Composition: 47 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	C4	5496267P14
R13	3R77P623J	Composition: 62,000 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	C5	19A116080P8
R14	3R77P513J	Composition: 51,000 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	C6	19B209408P2
R15	3R77P393J	Composition: 39,000 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	C8	19A116655P19
R16	3R77P473J	Composition: 47,000 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.		
R17	3R77P563K	Composition: 56,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	C9	19A116655P8
R18	3R77P242J	Composition: 2400 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	C10	5496267P14
R19	3R77P103K	Composition: 10,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.		
R20	3R77P223K	Composition: 22,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	C11	19A116080P8
R22	3R77P333K	Composition: 33,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	C12	19B209408P2
R23	3R77P152K	Composition: 1500 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	C13	19B209408P3
R24	3R77P512J	Composition: 5100 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	C14	19A116655P10
R25	19B209358P107	Variable, carbon film: approx 75 to 25,000 ohms ±10%, 0.25 w; sim to CTS Type X-201.	C15	5496267P14
R26	3R77P390K	Composition: 39 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	C16	19A116080P8
R27	3R77P201J	Composition: 200 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	C17	19B209408P3
R28	3R77P101K	Composition: 100 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	and C18	
R29	3R77P220K	Composition: 22 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	C19	19A116655P14
R30	3R77P100K	Composition: 10 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	C20	5496267P14
R31 and R32	3R77P560K	Composition: 56 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	C21	19A116080P8
R33	3R77P100K	Composition: 10 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.	C22	19B209408P6
R34	3R77P473K	Composition: 47,000 ohms $\pm 10\%$, $1/2$ w.		

	n25	3R77P273K	Commonition, 27 000 about \$100, 1/9
	R35	3R77P823K	Composition: 27,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w. Composition: 82,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.
	R37	3R77P153K	Composition: 15,000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.
sim to	R38 thru	3R77P272K	Composition: 2700 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.
	R41		
L93-3.	RT1	5490828P40	Thermistor: 10,000 ohms ±10%, color code red/white; sim to Globar Type 783-H.
	RT2	19C300048P8	Disc: 2500 ohms ±10%; sim to GE 4D.
			TRANSFORMERS.
	т1	19D402808G32	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P2.
	T2	19D402808G31	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798-P2.
	т3	19D402808G33	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P3.
	Т4	19D402808G34	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P5.
			OSCILLATORS
			When reordering, specify ICOM Frequency.
			ICOM Frequency = operating frequency + 12.
	thru Y4	4EG25A11	Integrated Circuit Oscillator Module (ICOM).
	'*	19D413070P1	Cap, decorative.
			SOCKETS
	XY1 thru XY4	19B216043G1	Socket.
	A102		POWER AMPLIFIER 19D416268G3
			CAPACITORS
000 ohms	C1	5496219P360	Ceramic disc: 75 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -150 PPM.
	C2	5496219P244	Ceramic disc: 15 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -80 PPM.
	СЗ	7489162P119	Silver mica: 47 pf ±10%, 500 VDCW; sim to Electro Motive Type DM-15.
	C4	5496267P14	Tantalum: 15 µf ±20%, 20 VDCW; sim to Sprague Type 150D.
	C5	19A116080P8	Polyester: 0.15 μf ±20%, 50 VDCW.
	C6	19B209408P2	Variable, mica: 4 to 25 pf, 400 VDCW.
	C8	19A116655P19	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf ±20%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
	C9	19A116655P8	Ceramic disc: 150 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
	C10	5496267P14	Tantalum: 15 µf ±20%, 20 VDCW; sim to Sprague Type 150D.
	C11	19A116080P8	Polyester: 0.15 µf ±20%, 50 VDCW.
	C12	19B209408P2	Variable, mica: 4 to 25 pf, 400 VDCW.
	C13	19B209408P3 19A116655P10	Variable, mica: 7 to 50 pf, 400 VDCW. Ceramic disc: 220 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW; sim to
000 ohms	C15	5496267P14	RMC Type JF Discap. Tantalum: 15 µf ±20%, 20 VDCW; sim to
			Sprague Type 150D.
	C16	19A116080P8	Polyester: 0.15 µf ±20%, 50 VDCW.
	C17 and C18	19B209408P3	Variable, mica: 7 to 50 pf, 400 VDCW.
	C19	19A116655P14	Ceramic disc: 470 pf ±10%, 1000 VDCW; sim to RMC Type JF Discap.
	C20	5496267P14	Tantalum: 15 μ f \pm 20%, 20 VDCW; sim to Sprague Type 150D.
	C21	19A116080P8	Polyester: 0.15 μf ±20%, 50 VDCW.
	C22	19B209408P6	Variable, mica: 37 to 140 pf, 400 VDCW.
	1 1	I	1

DESCRIPTION

RT2

19C300048P8

19C311781P1

19B216232G2

N113P1306C6

7160861P16

4036994P1

19A127073P1

N44P9005C13

19A129179P2

19A127071P1

19A127177G1

N84P9006C6

7147306P2

7141225P3

19A122826P1

7150727P14

5492178P2

N207P15C6

19C317960P1

19C303396G1

19C303673G3

19A121676P1

N170P16006P2

19B201074P205

Mobile Top cover.

Guide pin: No. 4-40 threads.

Station Top cover. (Except Repeaters and VM).

Station Top cover. (Repeaters and VM only).

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	[
Pll5 and Pll6	4029840P2	Contact, electrical: sim to Amp 42827-2.	
W104		CABLE ASSEMBLY 19A121948G3	
		PLUGS	
P 9	4029840P2	Contact, electrical: sim to Amp 42827-2.	
P10	4029840P1	Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 41854.	-
	5491689P56	RF Cable assembly: approx 12 inches long with molded plug (P1).	
		HARNESS ASSEMBLY 19D416558G3 (Includes C105, J101, J102, P104-P106, P112, P113, P119-P123, P126-P129, P132-P136, W104)	
	-	CHANNEL GUARD MODIFICATION 19A127242G1	
C41 thru C44	19A116080P7	Polyester: 0.1 µf ±20%, 50 VDCW.	
		RESISTORS	
R18	3R77P242J	Composition: 2400 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	
R24	3R77P512J	Composition: 5100 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	
R25	19B209358P107	Variable, carbon film: approx 75 to 25,000 ohms ±10%, 0.25 w; sim to CTS Type X-201.	

١	19A121948G3	ΙI	26	7160861P4
١		П	27	N115P1508C13
١	Contact, electrical: sim to Amp 42827-2.	$\ \ $	28	19C303396G3
١	Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 41854.	Ш		19C303495G7
	RF Cable assembly: approx 12 inches long with molded plug (P1).			
	HARNESS ASSEMBLY 19D416558G3 (Includes C105, J101, J102, P104-P106, P112, P113, P119-P123, P126-P129, P132-P136, W104)			
	CHANNEL GUARD MODIFICATION 19A127242G1			
		П		
	Polyester: 0.1 µf ±20%, 50 VDCW.			
	RESISTORS	Ш		
	Composition: 2400 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.	Ш		
	Composition: 5100 ohms $\pm 5\%$, $1/2$ w.	П		
	Variable, carbon film: approx 75 to 25,000 ohms ±10%, 0.25 w; sim to CTS Type X-201.	$\ $		
		П		
	Disc: 2500 ohms ±10%; sim to GE 4D403.	П		
	MECHANICAL PARTS (SEE RC-2390)	П		
	Heat sink.	П		
	Cover. (Used with AlO2).	П		
	Tap screw: No. 6 x 3/8.	П		
	Nut, sheet spring: sim to Tinnerman C8091-632-157.			
	Solderless terminal: sim to Zierick Mfg Corp. 505.			
	Slide. (Part of R102).			
	Machine screw: No. 4-40 x 5/16.	П		
	Support. (Used with C101-C103, R102, R103).	П		
	Strap. (Part of R102, R103).			
	Support.	П		
	Flathead, screw: No. 4-40 x 3/8.	П		
	Bushing, insulated. (Used with L15 on A102).	П		
	Hexnut: No. 6-32. (Used with L15 on A102).	П		
	Can. (Used with L1 on A101). Tubing. (Used with L15 on A102).			
		П		
	Tap screw. Phillips Pozidriv®. 4-40-5/16			
	Tap screw, Phillips Pozidriv*: 4-40-5/16. Washer, spring tension. (Used with Q1-Q4 on A102).			
	Washer, spring tension. (Used with Q1-Q4 on			
	Washer, spring tension. (Used with Q1-Q4 on A102).			
	Washer, spring tension. (Used with Q1-Q4 on A102). Cap screw: No. 10-32 x 3/8.			

DL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
	19A115793Pl	Contact. (Used with J101).	C23
	19B201074P304 19B205206G4	Tap screw, Phillips Pozidriv: 6-32 x 1/4. Chassis.	C24 thru C26
	7160861P4	Nut, sheet spring: sim to Tinnerman C6452-8Z-67.	C27
	N115P1508C13	Tap screw: No. 8 x 1/2. (Secures bottom cover).	
	19C303396G3	Mobile Bottom Cover.	İ
	19C303495G7	Station Bottom Cover.	CR1

SYMBOL	MBOL GE PART NO. DESCRIPTION		SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	
C23	19B209408P3	Variable, mica: 7 to 50 pf, 400 VDCW.	R9*	3R78P471K	
C24 thru C26	19A116656P51J1	Ceramic disc: 51 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -150 PPM.		3R78P101K	
C27	19A116656P62J1	Ceramic disc: 62 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef -150 PPM.	R10 R19	3R78P100K 3R77P300J	
CR1	19A115250P1	DIODES AND RECTIFIERS Silicon.			

Choke, RF: 5.60 μh $\pm 10\%,$ 0.30 ohms DC res max; sim to Jeffers 4421-4K.

Choke, RF: 10.0 μh ±10%, 0.60 ohms DC res max; sim to Jeffers 4421-7K.

Choke, RF: 10.0 μh ±10%, 0.60 ohms DC res max; sim to Jeffers 4421-7K.

Choke, RF: 5.60 μh ±10%, 0.15 ohms DC res max; sim to Jeffers 4422-IK.

Choke, RF: 33.0 μh ±10%, 1.90 ohms DC res max; sim to Jeffers 4422-10K.

----- RESISTORS -----

Composition: 100 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.

Composition: 100 ohms ±10%, 1/2 w.

Composition: 30 ohms $\pm 5\%$, 1/2 w.

Composition: 91 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.

Composition: 330 ohms $\pm 5\%$, 1/2 w.

Composition: 91 ohms $\pm 10\%$, 1/2 w.

Composition: 10 ohms ±10%, 1 w.

Composition: 10,000 ohms $\pm 10\%$, 1/2 w.

Silicon, NPN.

Silicon, NPN.

In REV A:

Earlier than REV A:

4033513P4

4033284P2

4033513P4

4033284P2

4033513P4

19D402808G36

7488079P16

19B216275P5

7488079P13

7488079P16

19A129167P1

7488079P16

7488079P40

19B219376P2

19A129281P1

19B216365G1

19B219376P1

19A129166P1

7488079P49

19A129282P1

19A129181P1

19A129181P3

19A129181P4

3R77P101K

3R77P103K

3R77P101K

3R77P300J

3R77P910J

3R77P331J

3R77P910K

3R78P100K

19B219376P1

J13

J14

ı					
İ					
١	Variable, mica: 7 to 50 pf, 400 VDCW.		R9*	3R78P471K	Composition: 470 ohms ±10%, 1 w.
I	Ceramic disc: 51 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef	П			Earlier than REV A:
۱	-150 PPM.			3R78P101K	Composition: 100 ohms $\pm 10\%$, 1 w.
١	Ceramic disc: 62 pf ±5%, 500 VDCW, temp coef		R10	3R78P100K	Composition: 10 ohms ±10%, 1 w.
I	-150 PPM.		R19	3R77P300J	Composition: 30 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.
l	DIODES AND RECTIFIERS				
	Silicon.				CHASSIS AND PA ASSEMBLY 19D416558G1 WITHOUT CHANNEL GUARD 19D416558G2 WITHOUT CHANNEL GUARD
I	JACKS AND RECEPTACLES				
١	Contact, electrical: sim to Bead Chain L93-3.				
I		ı	C101	5493392P107	Ceramic, stand off: .001 pf +100%-0%, 500 VDCW; sim to Allen-Bradley Type SS5D.
	Terminal: sim to ALCON 3-1215. Contact, electrical: sim to Bead Chain L93-3.		C102 thru C104	5493392P7	Ceramic, feed-thru: 1000 pf +100%-0%, 500 VDCW; sim to Allen Bradley Type FA5C.
	Terminal: sim to ALCON 3-1215.		C105	5496267P14	Tantalum: 15 μf $\pm 20\%$, 20 VDCW; sim to Sprague Type 150D.
	Contact, electrical: sim to Bead Chain L93-3.				
ı		l	FL101	19D402770G1	Filter.
ı		ı	FL102	19B216230G2	Filter.
ı	Coil. Includes tuning slug 5491798P2.	ı			
ı	Choke, RF: $10.0 \mu h \pm 10\%$, 0.60 ohms DC res max; sim to Jeffers 4421-7K.	ı	J101	19C303426G1	·
	Choke, RF: 0.22 $\mu h \pm 20\%$, 0.07 ohms DC res max;		J101	19C303426G1 19B205689G1	Connector: 20 pin contacts. Connector: 18 pin contacts.
	sim to Jeffers 4411-3M.	١	"""	1322000901	connector. To prin contacts,

P106

P112

P113

Pl19 thru Pl21

P122

P123

thru Pl28

P129

P132 thru P136

R101

R103

S101

W101

W102

R102

19B209151P1

4029840P2

4029840P1

19B209022P89

19A127073P1

19A127071P1

19A127071P1

4031922P1

5491689P77

4029840P1

DESCRIPTION

Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 41854.

Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 42827-2.

Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 41854.

Contact, electrical: sim to Amp 42827-2.

Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 41854.

Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 41854.

Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 42827-2.

----- RESISTORS -----

Wirewound: 0.1 ohm ±5%, 2 w; sim to IRC Type BWH.

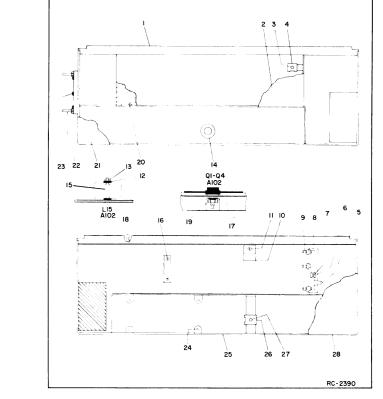
Push: SPST, normally open, momentary contact, .50 amp at 12 VDC; sim to Stakepole Type SS-15.

RF: approx 6 inches long. Includes J1 and P2.

Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 41854.

Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 41854.

Terminal, solderless.



PRODUCTION CHANGES

Changes in the equipment to improve performance or to simplify circuits are identified by a "Revision Letter", which is stamped after the model number of the unit. The revision stamped on the unit includes all previous revisions. Refer to the Parts List for descriptions of parts affected by these revisions.

Rev. A. - Power Amplifier 19D416268G3
To improve power output of transmitter.
Changed R7 and R9.

Rev. B - Power Amplifier 19D416268G3
To improve transmitter stability.

PARTS LIST

LBI-3938C

CHANNEL GUARD ENCODER MODEL 4EH18A10 19B216161G1

SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
Cl	5496267P1	Tantalum: 6.8 µf ±20%, 6 VDCW; sim to Sprague
C2	19B209243P15	Type 150D. Polyester: 0.22 µf ±20%, 250 VDCW.
СЗ	5494481P111	Ceramic disc: 1000 pf ±20%, 1000 VDCW: sim to
		RMC Type JF Discap.
	1	DIODES AND RECTIFIERS
CR1 and	5494922P1	Silicon.
CR2		
FL1	19B205280	Tone Detector. (Check group numbers for desired frequency).
	G1 G2	71.9 Hz 77.0 Hz
	G3 G4 G5	82.5 Hz 88.5 Hz
	G6 G7	94.8 Hz 100.0 Hz 103.5 Hz
	· G8	107.2 Hz 110.9 Hz
	G10 G11	114.8 Hz 118.8 Hz
	G12 G13	123.0 Hz 127.3 Hz
	G14 G15	131.8 Hz 136.5 Hz
	G16 G17 G18	141.3 Hz 146.2 Hz
	G19 G20	151.4 Hz 156.7 Hz 162.2 Hz
	G21 G22	167.9 Hz 173.8 Hz
	G23 G24	179.9 Hz 186.2 Hz
	G25 G26	192.8 Hz 203.5 Hz
J1	4033513P4	Contact, electrical: sim to Bead Chain L93-3.
thru J4	1	
		TRANSISTORS
Q1 thru	19A115362P1	Silicon, NPN; sim to Type 2N2925.
Q3		
		RESISTORS
Rl	3R77P244J	Composition: .24 megohm ±5%, 1/2 w.
R2	3R77P682J 19A116278P233	Composition: 6800 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w. Metal film: 2150 ohms ±2%, 1/2 w.
R3 R4	19A116278P233	Metal film: 2530 0hms ±2%, 1/2 w. Metal film: 46.4 0hms ±2%, 1/2 w.
R5	19A116278P301	Metal film: 10,000 ohms ±2%, 1/2 w.
R6	19A116278P329	Metal film: 19,600 ohms ±2%, 1/2 w.
R7	19A116278P412	Metal film: 0.13 megohm ±2%, 1/2 w.
R8	19A116278P285	Metal film: 7500 ohms ±2%, 1/2 w.
R9	19A116278P117	Metal film: 147 ohms ±2%, 1/2 w.
R10	19A116278P269	Metal film: 5110 ohms ±2%, 1/2 w.
Rll	3R77P102J	Composition: 1000 ohms ±5%, 1/2 w.
R12	19A116278P365	Metal film: 46,400 ohms ±2%, 1/2 w.
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SYMBOL	GE PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		THERMISTORS
RT1	5490828P36	Thermistor: 55,000 ohms ±10%, color code black/red; sim to Globar Type 723-B.
Wl	19A121920G3	Cable assembly. Includes socket (XFL1), approx 4.25 inches long.
XFL1		(Part of W1).
		MISCELLANEOUS
	19B216186G1	Cable assembly. (Connects to J1 thru J4).
	4029840P2	Contact, electrical: sim to Amp 42827-2. (Connects to J1, J3, J4).
	4029840Pl	Contact, electrical: sim to AMP 41854. (Connects to J2).
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^{*}COMPONENTS ADDED, DELETED OR CHANGED BY PRODUCTION CHANGES