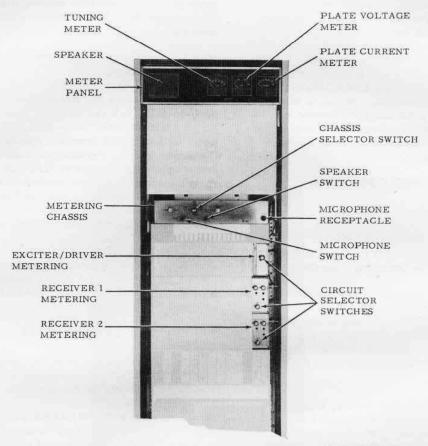
# STATION METERING



FAEPS-15801-O

ITEM	DESCRIPTION
TLN5697A	Meter Panel
TLN1675A	Metering Chassis
TLN5170A	Exciter/Driver Metering Kit
	(For 25-50 MHz Stations)
or	
TLN5169A	Exciter/Driver Metering Kit
	(For 136-174 MHz Stations)
TLN5168A	Receiver Metering Kit (Two required for two receiver stations)



service publications

1301 E. Algonquin Road, Schaumburg, IL 60196

#### 1. DESCRIPTION

The station metering kits provide complete metering and local operation facilities to test, align and troubleshoot the station. All important station functions can be easily monitored by rotating selector switches. The main METER selector switch determines which chassis is to be metered. Metering switches on the respective chassis selected determine the specific circuit to be metered. Circuit performance is measured on the three meters provided: TUNING, PLATE VOLTAGE, or PLATE CURRENT. The metering chassis contains a MICROPHONE receptacle for a local test microphone, a MICRO-PHONE switch for selection of "Normal" or "Intercom" mode of operation, and a SPEAKER switch to enable or disable the local speaker mounted in the meter panel.

#### 2. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

#### 2.1 METERING

Step 1. Select the chassis (RCVR #1, RCVR #2, XCTR or PWR AMPL) to be metered with the METER switch on the metering chassis.

Step 2. Select the circuit to be metered with the meter switch on the respective chassis (receiver or exciter/driver) corresponding to the selection made in Step 1. Note that the plate voltage and plate current meters are not switched. These meters continuously monitor the high power amplifier performance.

Step 3. Take all metering reading from the tuning meter except the high power amplifier plate voltage & plate current. For receiver metering, use the (+) position for all readings except when checking the discriminator circuit for "0". The discriminator circuit must be checked by alternating between the (+) and (-) RCVR switch positions.

Step 4. The metering block diagram included in this section provides a cross-reference between the switch markings on the various metering kits and the circuit and/or function metered. Refer to the associated transmitter or receiver instruction section within this instruction manual for typical and minimum readings. Good maintenance practices dictate that the serviceman keep a log of all meter readings taken each time the station is serviced. The last set of readings can then be used as a reference to determine any degradation of circuit performance.

#### 2.2 LOCAL STATION TESTING

Step 1. Connect a test microphone, Motorola Model TMN6071A or equivalent, to the MICRO-PHONE receptacle on the metering chassis.

Step 2. Place the SPEAKER switch to the ON position. Local speaker volume may be adjusted by using the VOLUME control on the receiver chassis.

Step 3. Place the MICROPHONE switch to the NORMAL position.

Step 4. Operate the microphone in the normal push-to-talk, release to listen manner when conversing with another radio set. The receiver audio will be heard from the speaker mounted in the meter panel. Perform channel monitoring and frequency selection as directed in the associated equipment section contained within this instruction manual. To prevent the remote control point from keying the station, engage the LINE DISABLE switch on the station control module.

Step 5. Before leaving the station, return the SPEAKER switch to OFF, disconnect the microphone and return the LINE DISABLE switch to its off position.

### 2.3 INTERCOM OPERATION

Step 1. Connect a test microphone, Motorola Model TMN6071A or equivalent, to the MICRO-PHONE receptacle on the metering chassis.

Step 2. Place the SPEAKER switch to the ON position. Local speaker volume may be adjusted by using the VOLUME control on the receiver chassis.

Step 3. Place the MICROPHONE switch to the INTERCOM position.

Step 4. Operate the microphone in the normal push-to-talk, release to listen manner. The audio from the remote control point will be heard from the speaker mounted in the meter panel. During the initial call to the remote control point, request that the operator switch his facility to intercom operation. This will prevent the station from being keyed during replies from the remote control point.

Step 5. Before leaving the station, have the distant operator restore his facility to normal

operation. Also, return the SPEAKER switch to OFF, return the MICROPHONE switch to NORMAL.

## 3. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

#### 3.1 METER SELECTOR CIRCUIT

The chassis selector switch on the metering chassis selects the chassis to be metered: RCVR1, RCVR2, XCTR (exciter) or PWR AMPL (high power amplifier). The (+) and (-) RCVR positions permit rapid receiver discriminator adjustment. Except for the high power amplifier plate voltage & current which are metered directly, the power amplifier grid circuit and all other circuits and/or functions are selected through separate metering switches mounted on the respective chassis. These metering switches are interconnected into the 50-conductor ribbon cable where the functions metered are applied to the remote control chassis. Refer to the metering block diagram.

# 3.2 MICROPHONE AUDIO AND SPEAKER AUDIO

3.2.1 The intercom mode is selected by placing the MICROPHONE switch in the INTERCOM position. When the local test microphone push-to-talk function is applied, relay K1 energizes. This switches the microphone audio into the line driver module via P1-9 (LD OUT) where the microphone audio is applied to the control lines and subsequently to the remote control point. Another set of relay Kl contacts open and interrupt the speaker input circuit which prevents possible audio feedback through the local microphone. Diode CR2 is used to isolate the intercom P-T-T function from the normal test P-T-T function and thus prevent keying the transmitter during the intercom mode of operation. Thus, the microphone audio which is amplified by the two-stage amplifier and fed to the transmitter via P1-13 has no effect.

3.2.2 The normal mode of operation for local testing is selected by placing the MICROPHONE switch in the NORMAL position. When the P-T-T function is applied, relay K1 energizes, and the transmitter is keyed through the station control module via CR3 and P1-16 (LOCAL P-T-T). Relay K1 mutes the speaker audio by interrupting the audio input through the

normally closed contacts which are now open. Microphone audio is amplified by the two-stage amplifier and is fed to the transmitter. The switched ground applied to the station control module also disables the input to P1-9 (R1 IN) from the line driver module. This prevents line noise from being applied to the two-stage amplifier and eventually modulating the transmitter.

#### 3.3 RECEIVER METERING KIT

3. 3. 1 The receiver metering kit connects to the receiver rf and i-f board metering receptacle and to the receiver interconnect board. This is shown on the receiver metering kit schematic diagram. Functions selected by the circuit selector switch are routed to the meter panel via the receiver interconnect board, 50-conductor interstation cable, and remote control chassis circuit board.

3.3.2 Discriminator "0" is adjusted by placing the selector switch to position 4 and then placing the meter chassis selector switch alternately in the (+) and (-) RCVR positions.

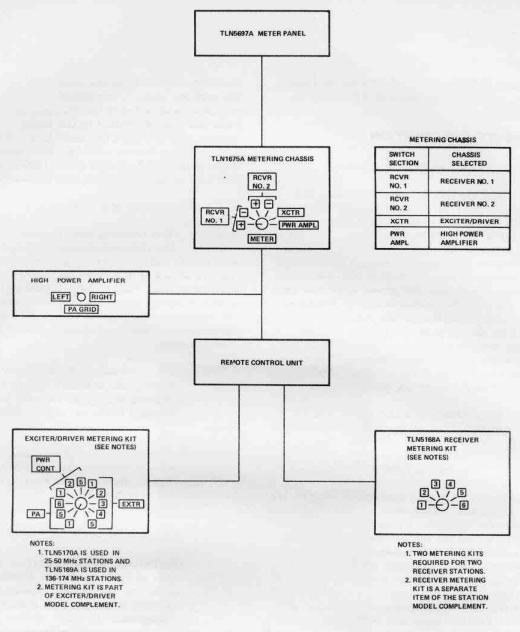
3.3.3 With two-receiver stations, two receiver metering kits are used and are connected as shown on the receiver metering kit schematic diagram.

#### 3.4 EXCITER/DRIVER METERING KITS

The Exciter/Driver metering kit connects to the station at various exciter driver metering plugs, and the exciter/driver interconnect board. This is shown on the applicable metering kit schematic diagram. Exciter, driver amplifier, and power control board functions (as selected by the rotary switch) are routed to the meter chassis & intercom kit via the interconnect board, 50-conductor interstation cable, and remote control chassis circuit board.

#### 3.5 POWER AMPLIFIER METERING

The plate current and plate voltage meters are connected directly into the high power amplifier circuitry. When the metering chassis selector switch is placed in the PWR AMPL position the power amplifier grid voltage (left & right) may be measured on the tuning meter.



## EXCITER/DRIVER METERING

SWITCH SECTION	SWITCH POSITION	CIRCUIT/FUNCTION METERED
	1	"IDC" AUDIO OUPTUT
	2	CHANNEL ELEMENT OUTPUT
2000-000	3	TRIPLER INPUT
(EXCITER BOARD)	4	LOW BAND: DOUBLER INPUT HIGH BAND: 1ST DOUBLER INPUT
	5	LOW BAND: DRIVER INPUT HIGH BAND: 2ND DOUBLER INPUT
PA (DRIVER-	1	RF INPUT (EXCITER OUTPUT)
AMPLIFIER	5	DRIVER CURRENT
BOARD)	6	DRIVER VOLTAGE
PWR CONT.	1	FORWARD POWER
(POWER CONTROL	2	REFLECTED POWER
BOARD)	5	CONTROL VOLTAGE

High Power "Micor" Upright Station Metering Block Diagram Motorola No. CEPS-15761-O 4/27/76-UP

#### RECEIVER METERING

SWITCH POSITION	CIRCUIT/FUNCTION METERED
1	"EXTENDER" CHANNEL OUTPUT (IF APPLICABLE)
2	NOT USED
3	CHANNEL ELEMENT OUTPUT
4	DISCRIMINATOR OUTPUT
5	3RD IF AMPLIFIER AND LIMITER
6	NOT USED

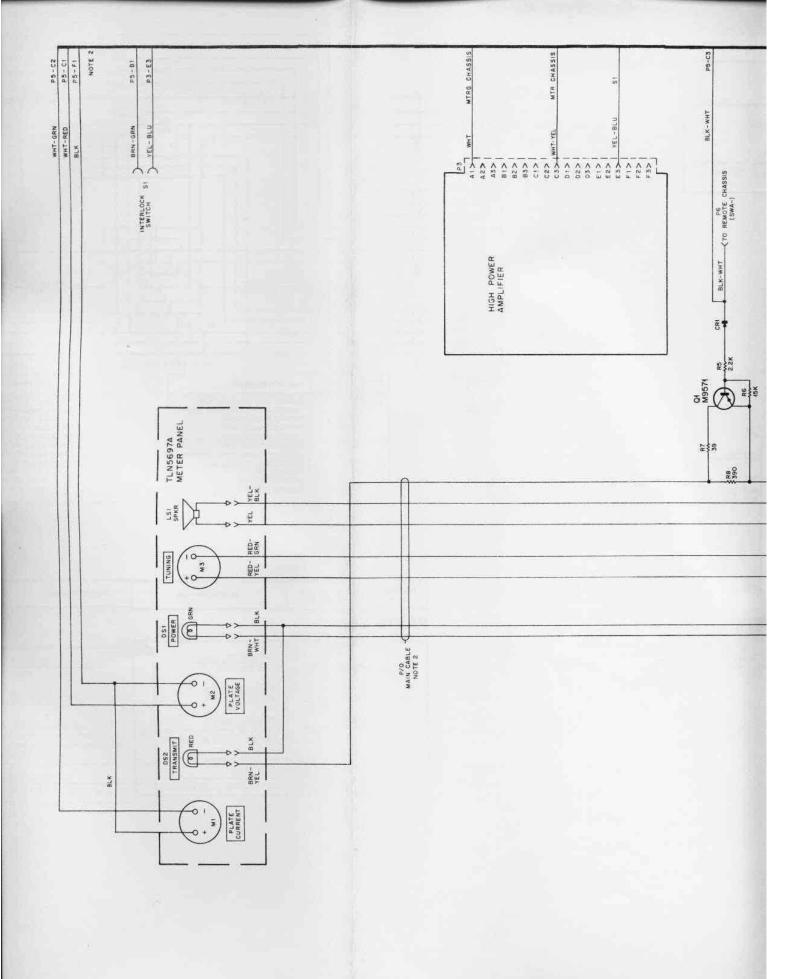
CEPS-15761-0

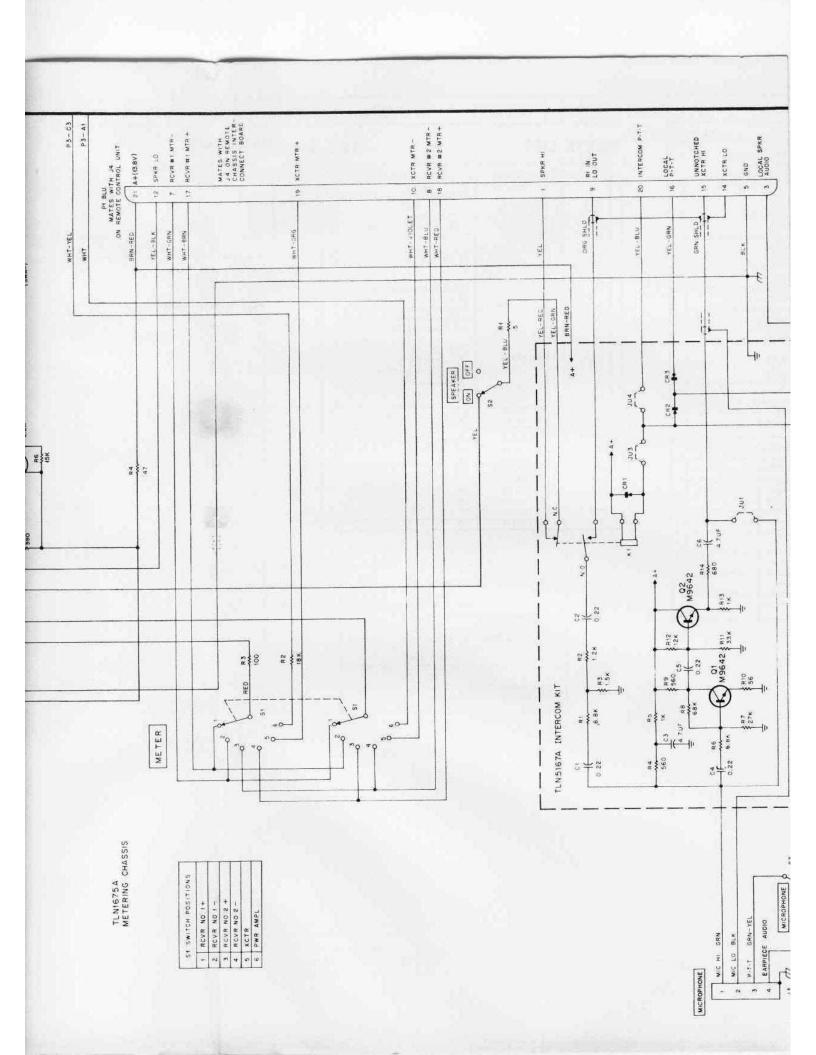
ELINE DRIVER TURNT IH HNdS OL - DEPS - 10421-D 731 (V8.61) ½ (G3A-VMB MIC RECEPTACLE
ALC RECEPTACLE
F- RL SHOWN FROM SOLDER SIDE TLN5167A INTERCOM BOARD YEL-BLU % INTERCOM P-T-T POSITION | BLU-YEL 1-1-9 JA201 & M80-134 01 ЯТЭХ ⊊ 9 7

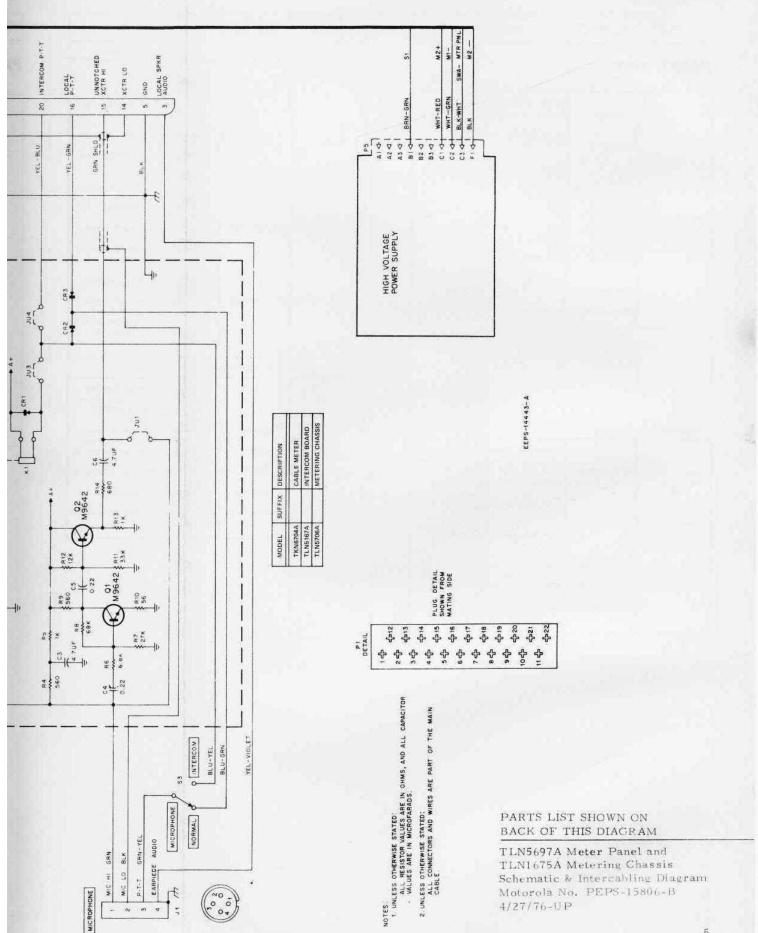
WHT-RED BLK

MRD-THW

62-61 62-61







DESCRIPTION
MOTOROLA PART NO.
REFERENCE SYMBOL

# PARTS LIST

T TEND I MOT	Treating Coassis	O-8705-T-I
11	9-830418	CONNECTOR, receptacle: female: 4-contact
50	48-869571	TRANSISTOR; (SEE NOTE) PNP; M9571
		RESISTOR, fixed: ±10%: 1/2 W;
Z	17-82177804	unless otherwise stated
Rez	6-892470	100 m 100 m
RE	6-125C25	1000
77 55	6-125C17	1.4
R5	6-124A57	2, 2k +5%; 1/4 W
92	6-124A77	[5k ±5%; 1 /4 W
1-1	6-125C15	39
120	6-125A39	390 ±5%
12	40-84618G01	SWITCH rotary: 2-pole: 6-position:
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	non-shorting
N.	40-83890A01	slide, dpdt
	NON-REFERI	NON-REFERENCED LIEMS
	36-82630H01 38-10388	KNOB, control PLUG BUTTON

CONNECTOR, plug: female; single-contact ("Faston" type); does not include 14-849051 SHELL, insulating LUG, slotted tongue: 2 required (interlock switch connections) tud, slotted tongue: for No. 10 stud LUG, slotted tongue: for No. 6 stud LUG, slotted tongue: for No. 6 stud SLEEVE, heat-shrinkable: coded No. 15 STRAP, wire-bundling: cable anchoting type

29-859118

29-800038 29-824151 29-847854 37-82603D15 42-10217A10

LIGHT, indicator: 125 V DC; includes non-replaceable lamp; includes GRN lens includes RED lens	LOUDSPEAKER, permanent magnet: dynamic type: 4"; square; 4 ohms voice coil impedance	METER, electrical: 500 uA movement: scale: 0-600 milliamperes 500 uA movement: scale: 0-3000 50 uA movement: scales: 0-50	microamperes; 0-250 volts
65-83183G02 65-83183G04	50-83562A01	72-84865B06 72-84865B07 72-84864B11	
DS1 DS2	LSI	M MZ M3	

DESCRIPTION	PL-3029-0	CONNECTOR, plug: includes; it-84556B02 BODY (BLU)	Total BODY: 18-cavity (BLK)	29-82336A01 TERMINAL, contact female tact female includes: 14-82337A07 BODY, 18-cavity (BLR)	orsessable terminal, contact; male female; single-contact (wire terminal connector); requires 37-82603D60 SLEEVE, heat- shrinkable (not coded)	CABLE ASSEMBLY, special purpose: single-conductor; high-voltage type: includes "molded-on" single-contact connectors P2 & P4; Length 59" overall; not shown on diagram	(CED ITEMS
MOTOROLA PART NO.	ter Cable				39-10184A24	30-82905Н01	NON-REFERENCED ITEMS
REFERENCE	TKN6704A Meter Cable	16	P3	£	P6		

DESCRIPTION	tercom Kit PL-2	CAPACITOR, fixed: uF; 0.22 +10%, 50 V 4.7 +20%, 25 V 0.22 +10%, 50 V 4.7 +20%, 25 V	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, silicon	SWITCH, magnetic reed: 13.4 V dc dual-coil; 2 form "A", 1 form "B"; resistance of ea coil 285 ohms ±10%	TRANSISTOR: NPN; type M9642
MOTOROLA PART NO.	ARTS LIST TLN1552A Meter Chasels & Intercom Kit TLN3167A Infercom Board	8-82905G11	48-83654H01	80-84157B02 1	48-869642 I
REFERENCE	PARTS LIST TLN 1552A Meter Chase TLN 5167A Intercom Board	C1, 2 C3 C4, 5	CRI thru 5	K1	2,12

		CAPACITOR, fixed: uF:
C1,2	8-82905G11	0.22 +10%; 50 V
C3	23-865137	4.7 +20%; 25 U
C4,5	8-82905G11	0.22 +10%; 50 V
90	23-865137	4.7 ±20%, 25 V
		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, diode:
CR1 thru 5	48-83654H01	
		SWITCH, magnetic reed:
5	1000	13.4 V dc
2	80-84157802	dual-coil; 2 form "A", I form "B"; resistance of each
		coil 285 ohms ±10%
	Į	TRANSISTOR:
21,2	48-869642	NPN; type M9642
		RESISTOR, fixed: +10%; 1/4 W;
20	6-124C69	6.8k
R2	6-124C51	1.8
R3	6-124C53	I.5k
R4	6-124C43	560
85	6-124C49	×
R6	6-124C69	5.8k
12 12 13	6-124C83	27k
R8	6-124C93	683c
R9	6-124C43	260
RIO	6-124C19	3.6
RII	6-124C85	33k
R12	6-124C75	1214
RL3	6-124C49	TK TK
RI4	6-124C45	689

CRIPTION

PL-2156-C

fixed: uF;

TOR DEVICE, diode:

netic reed:

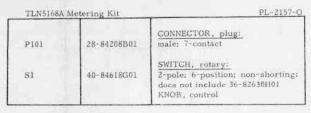
orm "A", esistance of each +10%

642

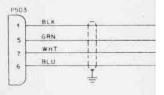
xed: +10%; 1/4 W;

REFERENCE MOTOROLA DESCRIPTION PART NO.

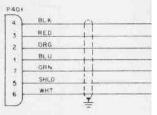
# PARTS LIST



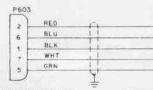
DRIVER AMPLIFIER METERING RECEPTACLE (INSERT FROM FRONT OF CHASSIS)



EXCITER METERING REGEPTAGLE (INSERT FROM REAR OF CHASSIS)



POWER CONTROL METERING RECEPTACLE UNSERT FROM FRONT OF CHASSIS)



METER PLUG DETAIL

04 03 02 01

05 06 07

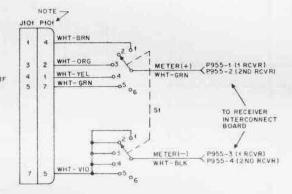
SWITCH SECTION EXTR

PΛ

(SHOWN FROM PIN SIDE)

CONT

RECEIVER RF & IF METERING RECEPTACLE



S1 SWITCH POSITION	FUNCTION METERED
1	"EXTENDER" CHANNEL OUTPUT UF APPLICABLE
2	
3	CHANNEL ELEMENT OUTPUT
4	DISCRIMINATOR OUTPUT
5	3R:1F AMPLIFIER AND LIMITER
- 6	

0	0	0	1
	, ñ,		Ħ
	85	5	
	5 4	3 6	ы
	-		-
40	1 D	ETA	4

NOTE:
RECEIVER METER PLUG IS
INSERTED FROM REAR OF
STATION.

BEPS-10414-A

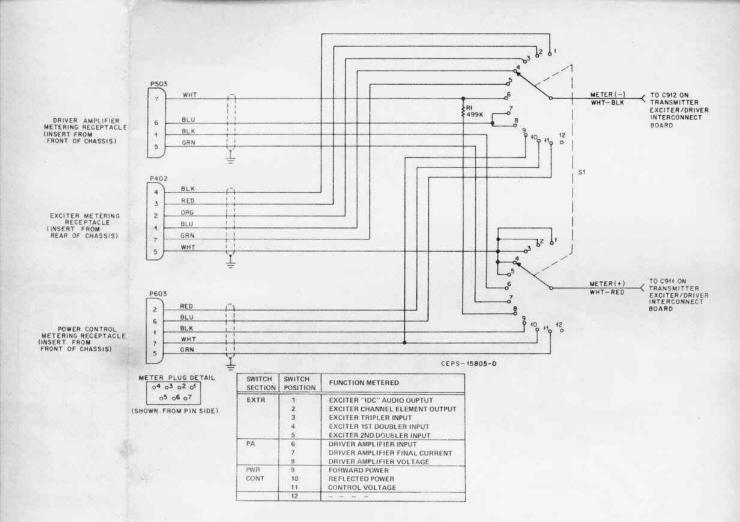
REFERENCE SYMBOL

PARTS L

P401,503,603

R1

SI



REFERENCE	MOTOROLA	DESCRIPTION
REFERENCE	MOTOROLA	
SYMBOL	PART NO.	

# **PARTS LIST**

TLN5169A Met	ering Kit	PL-2158-A
P401,503,603	28-84208B01	CONNECTOR, plug; male; 7-contact
R1	6-84640C61	RESISTOR, fixed: 499k ±0.5%; 1/4 W
S1	40-84619G01	SWITCH, rotary: 2-pole; 12-position; non-shorting does not include 36-82630H01 KNOB, control
	NON-REFERE	NCEDITEM
	14-84717F01	INSULATOR (used with P603)