Section III NTN4633C, NTN4634B, and NTN4921B Single-Unit Rapid-Charge Battery Chargers

1. INTRODUCTION

The NTN4633C (117Vac, UL approved), the NTN4634B (220Vac), and the NTN4921B (240Vac) Single-Unit Rapid-Charge Battery Chargers are accessory items for charging rechargeable nickelcadmium batteries. The chargers are approved for use with the following standard-charge and dual-charge batteries:

KIT NUMBER	CAPACITY	CHARGE TYPE
NTN4564, NTN4584, NTN4822, NTN4823, NTN4871, NTN5047, ZLN6408	Medium	Dual
NTN4585, NTN4586, NTN4824, NTN4825, NTN5049, NTN5414, NTN5415, NTN5447, NTN5448, ZLN6409	High	Dual
NTN4563, NTN4868, NTN5046	Medium	Standard
NTN4588, NTN4869, NTN5048, NTN5413, NTN5446	High	Standard

2. SPECIFICATIONS

INPUT POWER	117Vac, 220Vac, 240Vac; 50/60Hz					
SIZE	7.72 x 5.12 x 3.14 in. (193 x 128 x 78.5mm)					
WEIGHT	3.54 lbs. (1.61kg)					
CHARGE RATE	Approximately 1 hour					
OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE	0° C to 50° C.					
RAPID-CHARGE TEMPERATURE WINDOW	8°C. to 41°C.					

3. DESCRIPTION

These single-unit rapid chargers are current sensing, voltage sensing, current regulating devices which provide two different charger rates: a one-hour rate and a 16-hour rate. A dual-charge nickel-cadmium battery is charged initially at a one-hour charge rate, after which the charging rate is automatically reduced to the 16-hour rate. A standard-charge nickel-cadmium battery is charged only at the 16-hour rate. Either of the batteries (dual or standard) can be left in the charger indefinitely without any resultant harm.

The NTN4633C charger operates from a 117Vac, 60Hz power source; the NTN4634B charger operates from a 220Vac, 50Hz power source, and the

NTN4921B operates from a 240Vac, 50Hz power source. Two light-emitting diode (LED) indicators display charging conditions and battery fault indications, such as open or shorted battery cells.

4. OPERATION

charger.

Normal battery operation is eight hours of use followed by approximately 1 hour of rapid charge. Place the charger in operation as follows:

- a. Visually check the battery and charger charging contacts for dirt, grease or other material which may prevent good conduction, and clean if necessary.
- **b.** Connect the charger's ac plug to the appropriate ac power source. Both LED's will light momentarily.

- CAUTION Turn radio off before inserting battery (with radio) into the

c. Insert the battery, with or without radio, into the charger pocket. When the battery contacts mate with the charger's charging contacts, charging begins. If the battery is within the proper temperature range (+8 to +41 degrees C.), the red (CHARGING) LED will light to indicate that the battery is rapid-charging.

NOTE To ensure proper charging, make certain that the battery is pushed fully into the charger pocket.

d. Allow sufficient time for the battery to fully charge (approximately 1 hour). When rapid-charging is complete, trickle-charging begins. The red (CHARGING) LED will turn off and the green (charge COMPLETE) LED will turn on.

At this time, the battery has reached approximately 90% full charge and can be used. If the battery is left in the charger, it will reach 100% full charge after approximately two hours of trickle-charging. The battery can be removed from the charger and used or remain in the charger indefinitely.

If a battery which is outside the +8 to +41 degree C. temperature range is inserted into the charger, it will be trickle-charged. The green LED will light if the battery temperature is above 41°C, or the red LED will light if the battery temperature is below 8°C. Once the battery moves inside the temperature window, the

charger automatically switches to the rapid-charge rate and charging continues as described in the steps above.

5. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

(Refer to the schematic diagram)

a. General

Operating voltage (B+) is developed from a step down transformer (T1), with a fused primary, driving a full-wave bridge rectifier (CR1-CR4). The B+ (approximately 30Vdc) output is applied to a number of transistor stages and to a precision 12-volt regulator circuit (U4). The regulated 12Vdc (A) is applied to various transistor stages and to most of the logic circuits. A reduced B+ voltage (approximately 27Vdc) is applied to the Vcc input at U1 pin 4.

Charging current for the battery is provided by a constant-current source. The charging current is controlled by a current regulator with negative feedback. The current regulator is comprised of transistor circuits (Q1-Q6), a differential amplifier (U1C), and a single-input amplifier (U1D). Under normal charging conditions, transistors Q2 and Q6 are turned on, R10 is effectively shorted (rapid charge condition). For a momentary increase in charging current, the voltage across R14 will increase. The input to U1C pin 10 increases, which produces an increased output at U1C pin 8. The higher potential at U1C pin 8 is fed through CR8, R21, and R22 to U1D pin 13. This higher input at pin 13 reduces the output at U1D pin 14, which is passed through R15, CR7, and VR2 to reduce the drive of Q3, then Q1. The reduced drive of Q1 results in a reduction of charging current, returning back to normal.

Diodes CR5, CR6, transistor Q4, and resistor R73 provide for a constant current input of transistor Q2, ensuring Q2 to be turned on, independent of battery terminal voltage and charge rate. Together with Q5, this constant current source can be switched off for trickle-charging, by switching off Q5, consequently Q4, and Q2. With Q2 turned off, resistor R10 is added in the charging path.

Rapid-charge charging current for a high-capacity rapid-charge battery is approximately 830mA. Trickle-charge current for the same battery is approximately 72mA. The following chart lists the two different capacity batteries and the battery's respective RC, rapid charging current, and trickle charging current.

BATTERY CAPACITY	RC	T1 CHARGE	T1 CHARGE CURRENT TRICKLE RAPID					
Medium	5.6k	50mA	550mA					
High	3.3k	80mA	830mA					

b. Maximum Current Limiter

The maximum current limiter is a protective circuit for the charger. If the charge rate exceeds a predetermined threshold, set by resistors R30 and R31, the output at U2A pin 1 goes high. This high turns on Q7, which turns off Q6. With Q6 turned off, the charging rate is no longer a function of RC, but a function of resistor R23. The charging current is limited to approximately 830mA.

c. Battery Sense Detect

With no battery in the charger, the voltage at U1B pin 6 is approximately 9.6V, which holds the output at U1B pin 7 low. When a battery is placed in the charger, via the conduction of transistor Q6, the voltage at U1B pin 6 drops to approximately 2.2V (during normal charging) or lower (if either the dynamic voltage clamp circuit or the open cell detect circuit is activated). The voltage drop at pin 6 of U1B, results in a high output at U1B pin 7, which turns on transistor Q8 and the red CHARGING LED, CR18.

d. Temperature Window and Bistable Multivibrator

Comparators U2C and U2D sense the RT line and set the cold and hot sides of the temperature window respectively. The cold side temperature is 8 degrees C. The hot side temperature is 41 degrees C. In a normal rapid-charge condition, a voltage level which represents the battery's temperature is felt at U2C pin 10 and U2D pin 9. As the battery charges and the battery's temperature rises, the voltage at U2D pin 9 decreases. At 41 degrees C., the low level input at U2D pin 9 reaches a point that triggers the output at U2D pin 14 to go low. The low output of U2D is applied through CR12, CR13, and R13 to the base of Q5 and the following sequence occurs. Transistor Q5 turns off, Q4 turns off, Q2 turns off, resistor R10 is placed in the charging circuit, and the battery trickle charges. The low output at U2D is also applied through coupling capacitor C15 to U3A pin 7, which triggers the output of U3A at pin 1 to switch from high to low. This low output at U3A pin 1 is applied to the LED display circuitry via Q8, turning off the red (CHARGING) LED, and via Q10/Q9, turning on the green (charge COMPLETE) LED. When the battery's temperature cools down below 41 degrees C., the outputs of U2D and U3A are latched low via feedback through diode CR14. This feedback latching prevents a fully charged battery from being rapid-charged again.

When a battery outside the cold temperature window is placed in the charger, the battery sense detect circuit, via U1B, turns on the red (CHARGING) LED. The temperature window circuit, via an increased voltage level at U2C pin 10, triggers a low from U2C pin 13 to initiate trickle charging. The output of U2C is

isolated from the output of U2D by diode CR13. Thus, the green LED remains off and the red LED remains on. When the battery's temperature rises and enters the temperature window, the output at U2C goes high, Q5, Q4, and Q2 turn on, and the battery begins rapid charging.

e. Oscillator

The oscillator circuit turns the green and red LEDs on and off (flashing) to indicate that a problem (shorted or open cells or shorted contacts) is detected with the battery or battery contacts. Whenever the potential at the cathode is lower than the anode of diode CR26 (a low from U2B pin 2 or a low from U3D pin 14), the oscillator becomes activated. The oscillator output at U3B pin 2 flips back and forth (high to low), and is sent to the LED display circuit. On the low cycle, both transistors (Q8 and Q9) are turned off and both LEDs are turned off. On the high cycle, both transistors are turned on and both LEDs are turned on. If a problem occurs during the charge complete cycle, only the green LED will flash.

f. Battery Open Circuit (O/C) Detect

During normal charging conditions (good battery) or when a battery is not in the charger, the voltage at the cathode of CR16 is somewhat higher than the anode voltage. The output of U2B at pin 2 is high. When an open-circuited battery is detected (RC present but no charging current), the low impedance path of RC (compared to R53) causes the voltage at the anode to drop to a very low level. This low-level input (2.2V to 1.2V) at U2B pin 5 flips the output (U2B pin 2) high to low. The U2B low is passed to the LED display circuit, turning on the green LED (CR21). The U2B low is also passed to the oscillator circuit, which triggers both LEDs to flash.

g. Shorted Cells and Short Circuit Detect

This circuit detects shorted battery cells and shorted contacts by monitoring the battery's terminal voltage (BATT B+). Low battery voltage at U3D pin 9 triggers the comparator (for rapid-charge battery or standard-charge battery) to produce a low output at U3D pin 14. A low from the comparator keys the oscillator to flash the LEDs and to trickle-charge the battery.

h. Dynamic Voltage Clamp

During normal charging conditions, a low voltage level at U1A pin 2 holds the output at U1A pin 1 high. As the battery voltage (BATT B+) increases, the input voltage level at U1A pin 2 increases. If the BATT B+ voltage increases to a predetermined threshold level (approximately 15.5 volts), the higher potential at U1A pin 2 triggers the output at U1A pin 1 low. This low output from U1A pin 1 overrides the output at U1D pin 14, and reduces the base drive current of transistor Q3, hence that of Q1. This negative feedback action to reduce the charging current results in maintaining a constant battery terminal voltage (15.5 volts). This circuit prevents overvoltage conditions that could damage the radio's electronics if the radio is attached to the battery when charging.

6. MAINTENANCE

a. Fuse

The fuse (F1) in the primary circuit of transformer (T1) is the only user serviceable part in the charger. If necessary, replace this fuse with one the same size and rating as marked, or refer to the electrical parts list for the proper electrical specifications. After replacing the fuse, if the charger still fails to operate properly, contact a local Motorola Service Shop (MSS) for repairs.

b. Radio Contacts

If the red LED does not turn on when a battery is inserted into the pocket, check the contacts of the radio for dirt, grease, or other foreign material. Clean the contacts if necessary.

c. DC Voltage Measurement Charts

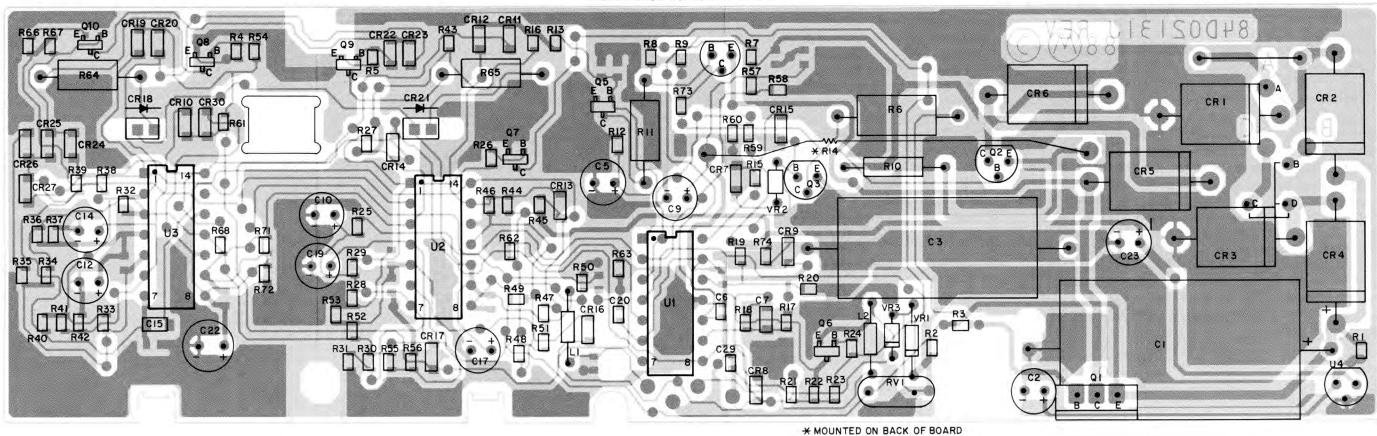
In the following charts,

- Measurements were taken at 25 degrees C with a Fluke 8010A digital multimeter
- All voltage readings are dc and referenced to charger ground
- DC voltages designated with an "*" will vary with the temperature of the battery

DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS CHARTS

				Q1			22	Q3	Q4	Q5		Q6		Q7	-	28		99	Q	10	VR1
BATTERY AND CONDITION	B+ BATT	CHRG. CUR. ma	E	В	С	В	E	В	В	В	В	С	E	В	С	В	С	В	В	С	
NO BATTERY	10.76	T -	28.2	28.2	1.9	1.89	10.76	0.00	1.92	0.08	9.28	9.69	9.25	0.06	26.8	0.03	00.0	-	11.70		<u> </u>
RAPID CHARGE (MEDIUM)	12.85	563.5	22.3	21.6	15.79	14.87	14.07	0.62	14.80	0.70	2.70	2.18	2.10	0.06	0.09	0.03	26.6	0.00	11.73	0.53	11.84
COMPLETE CHARGE (MEDIUM)	12.84	51.14	26.8	26.2	15.55	3.99	12.94	0.60	15.55	0.17	2.70	2.18	2.10	0.07	25.4	0.15			11.74	0.02	11.85
RAPID CHARGE (HIGH)	12.86	805.5	20.8	20.00	16.40	15.44	14.62	0.63	15.39	0.71	0.05	2.18	0.05	0.65	0.10		0.08	0.71	0.60	1.25	11.85
COMPLETE CHARGE (HIGH)	12.83	72.51	26.5	25.8	16.09	9.03	12.99	<u> </u>	16.09	0.17	0.05	2.18	0.00	0.63	25.1	0.71	19.10	0.00	0.60	1.25	11.86

	<u> </u>						U1												· ·	J2											L	13		
	B+	1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	13	14	1	2	4	5	6	7	8	9	10*	11	13	14	•	T 2	1 4			Τ,		_	T 44
NO BATTERY	26.8	25.5	5.66	7.61	6.97	9.64	0.61	0.00	10.60	9.23	2.17	9.68	0.00	0.06	11.52	2.14	3.93	6.88	0.00	2.91	11.83	11.82	7.32	0.00	11.92	11 92	11.72	0.61	11.40	1 11	11.00	110	8	11-
TOTAL CONTRACT (INCOMON)	2	20.2	0.07	7.01	0.97	2.10	20.1	0.56	12.09	12.36	2.17	2.18	7.30	0.06	11.54	2.14	3.93	6.88	4.34	2 96	6.89	6.89	7 44	11 80	11 70	11 04	11174	0.60	11.70	7.00	44.04	0.40	0.07	T
COMPLETE CHARGE (MEDIUM)	25.9	24.6	6.65	7.61	6.98	2.18	24.5	8.69	12.07	12.23	2.17	2.18	6.88	0.07	11.48	2.14	3.93	6.89	4 4 1	2 92	0.62	0.63	7.77	0.75	0.11	0.00	11.74	9.03	11.79	7.63	11.81	2.18	6.67	111.7
RAPID CHARGE (HIGH)	19.10	17.79	6.69	7.61	6.98	2.18	17.71	12.12	12.57	12.75	2.17	2.18	7.49	11.19	11.55	2.14	3 93	6.89	8.40	2.05	6.00	6.00	7.33	0.75	0.11	0.06	11.74	9.63	11.79	7.64	2.23	2.18	6.65	111.7
COMPLETE CHARGE (HIGH)	24.8	23.6	6.65	7.61	6.98	2.18	23.5	12.13	12.51	12.67	2 17	2 18	7.01	11 19	11.48	2 14	3.03	6.00	0.40	2.95	0.90	0.90	7.44	11.80	11.79	11.85	11.74	9.63	11.79	7.64	11.82	2.18	6.69	11.7
		L							12.01	12.07	2.17	2.10	7.01	11.13	11.40	2.14	3.93	6.89	8.40	2.92	0.62	0.62	7.33	0.75	0.11	0.06	11.74	9.63	11.79	7.63	2.23	2.18	6.65	111.



OL-CEPF- 198 08- A

Electrical Parts List TPLF-3807-B NTN4633C (117Vac) Single-Unit Charger (Rapid) NTN4634B (220Vac) Single-Unit Charger (Rapid) NTN4921B (240Vac) Single-Unit Charger (Rapid)

REFERENCE SYMBOL	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		CAPACITOR, Fixed: pF±5%; 50V
2	2000	unless stated
C1	2360563A01	1000μF
C2	2360561M09	1μF
C3	2360561N02	470μF; 35V
C5	2360561M09	1μF
C6	2160520C13	330
C7	2160521H39	0.1μF +80-20%; 25V
C9	2360561M15	4.7μF; 35V
C10	2360561M19	10μF; 35V
C12	2360561M19	10μF; 35V
C14	2360561M19	10μF; 35V
C15	2160521H39	0.1μF +80-20%; 25V
C17	2360561M15	4.7μF; 35V
C19	2360561M09	1μF
C20	2160520C13	330
C22	2360561M44	100μF; 16V
C23	2360561M23	22μF; 16V
C33,34	2105455G12	100; 63V
1.7		DIODE: See Note
CR1thru 6	4805746G16	Silicon
CR7 thru 17	4805494Q04	Silicon
CR18	4805729G08	LED, Red
CR19, 20	4805494Q04	Silicon
CR21	4805729G09	LED, Green
CR22 thru 27	4805494Q04	Silicon

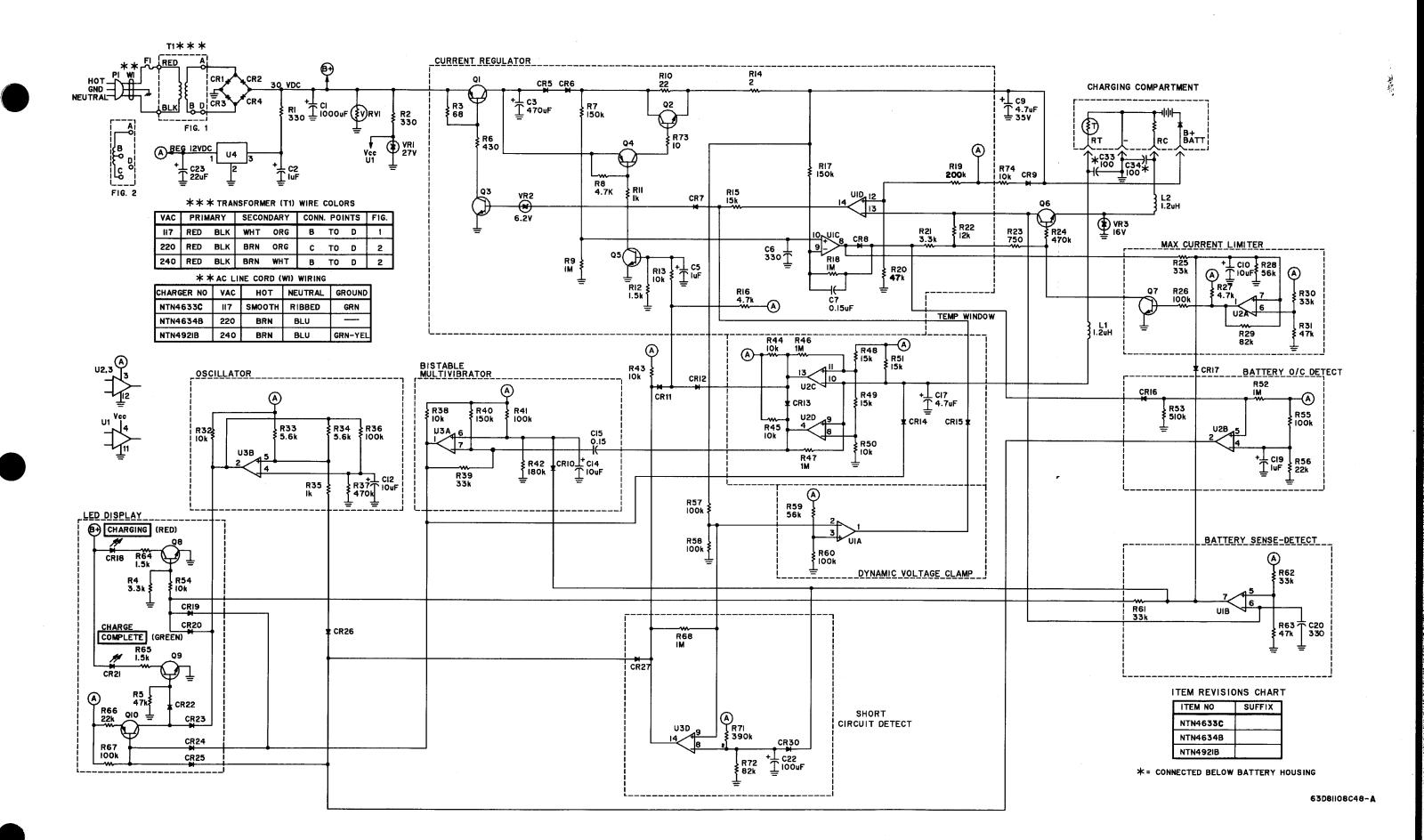
CR30	4805494Q04	Silicon
F1	6500892099 or 6505384M02	FUSE: 3/4-Amp., 250V (NTN4633C) 1/4 Amp., 250V (NTN4634B, NTN4921B)
L1,2	2482723H01	CHOKE, RF: 1.2μH
P1	7.77.77.77	PLUG, AC: Connector, part of W1
Q1 Q2	4805708G09 4805474G43	TRANSISTOR: See Note PNP NPN
Q2 Q3	4805474G43 4805474G42	NPN
Q4	4805474G41	PNP
Q5 thru 9	4805128M62	NPN
Q10	4805128M67	PNP
		RESISTOR, Fixed: Ω±5%;1/8W
		unless stated
R1,2	0660076A37	330
R3	0660076A21	68
R4	0660076A61	3.3k
R5	0660076A89	47k
R6	1760471A01	430; 2W
R7	0660076F05	150k ±1%
R8	0660076A65	4.7k
R9	0660076F25	1 Meg ±1%
R10	0660076N01	22 ±2%; 1W
R11	0660076L49	1k; 3/4W
R12	0660076A53	1.5k
R13 R14	0660076A73 1805226Q01	10k 2: 7W wire wound
R15	0660076A77	15k
R16	0660076A77	4.7k

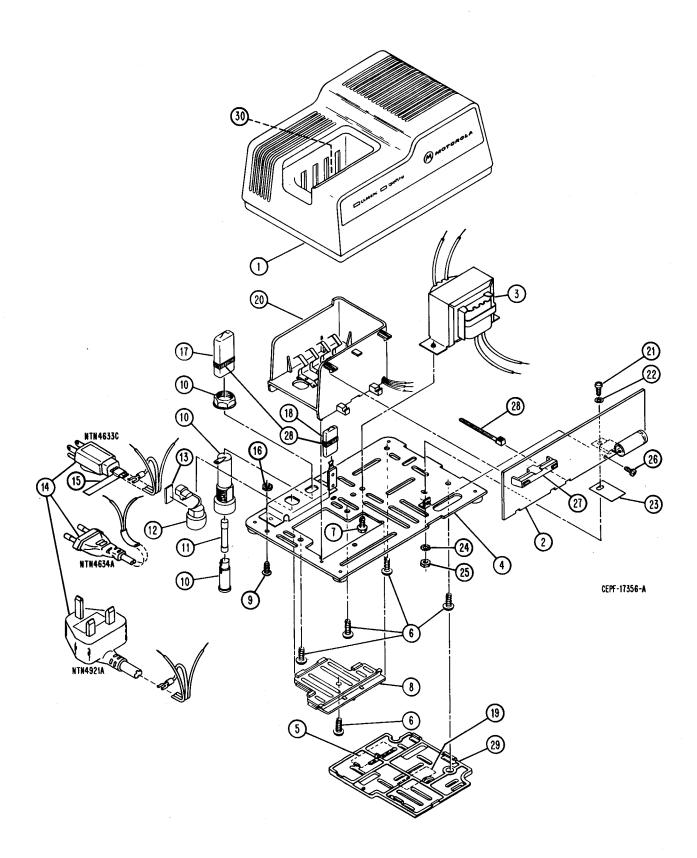
R17	0660076F05	150k ±1%
R18	0660076F25	1 Meg ±1%
R19	0660076F08	200k ±1%
R20	0660076E89	47k ±1%
R21	0660076E61	3.3k
R22	0660076E75	12k ±1%
R23	0660076E46	750 ±1%
R24	0660076B17	470k ±5%
R25	0660076A85	33k
R26	0660076B01	100k
R27	0660076A65	4.7k
R28	0660076A91	56k
R29	0660076A95	82k
R30	0660076A85	33k
R31	0660076A89	47k
R32	0660076A73	10k
R33, 34	0660076A67	5.6k
R35	0660076A49	1k.
R36	0660076B01	100k
R37	0660076B17	470k ±5%
R38	0660076A73	10k
R39	0660076A85	33k
R40	0660076B05	150k
R41	0660076B01	100k
R42	0660076B07	180k
R43, 44, 45	0660076A73	10k
R46, 47	0660076B25	1Meg
R48, 49	0660076E77	15k ±1%
R50	0660076E73	10k
R51	0660076E77	15k ±1%
R52	0660076B25	1Meg
R53	0660076B18	510k
R54	0660076A73	10k
R55	0660076B01	100k
R56	0660076A81	22k
R57, 58	0660076F01	100k ±1%

R59	0660076E91	56k ±1%
R60	0660076F01	100k ±1%
R61, 62	0660076A85	33k
R63	0660076A89	47k
R64, 65	0660075L53	1.5k; 3/4W
R66	0660076A81	22k
R67	0660076B01	100k
R68	0660076B25	1 Meg
R71	0660076B15	390k
R72	0660076E95	82k ±1%
R73	0660076A01	10
R74	0660076A73	10k
RV1	0605220 M 01	VARISTOR, 35V
		TRANSFORMER, Power:
T1	2502419J01	for NTN4633C
	or 2505491R01	for NTN4634B and NTN4921B
		CIRCUIT MODULE: See Note
U1	5184320A80	Quad. Operational Amplifier
U2, 3	5184320A51	Quad. Comparator
U4	5105469E49	Voltage Regulator, 12V
		DIODE, Zener:
VR1	4883461E12	27V
VR2	4805249R04	6.2V
VR3	4805249R14	16V
	The same to the	CABLE ASSEMBLY:
W1	0102712J12	3-conductor; includes AC cord, Plug
	10.344.232	P1, and red crimp lug (NTN4633C)
	or 3005526R01	2-conductor; includes AC cord and Plug P1(NTN4634B)
	or 0105950P79	3-conductor; includes AC cord, Plug
		P1, and red crimp lug (NTN4921B)

CIRCUIT BOARD DETAIL AND ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

For optimum performance, order replacement diodes, transistors, and circuit modules by Motorola part number only.





END OF DOCUMENT

Exploded View Parts List, Rapid Charger TPLF-3454-B NTN4633C (117Vac) NTN4634B (220Vac) NTN4921B (240Vac)

TORQUE CHART

ITEM NO.	SCREW SIZE	TORQUE IN INCH POUNDS
6	8-32 x 3/8"	10
7	8-32 x 3/8"	30
9	6-32 x 3/8"	8
21	4-40 x 3/8"	5
26	4-40 x 3/16"	5

TEPF-20974-O

	ITEM NO.	MOTOROLA PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	0105957M08	ASSEMBLY, Top Housing; includes:
			Housing, Escutcheon,
			and Fastener Clip
1 1	2	0102712J16	ASSEMBLY, Circuit Board with LED's
	3	See Note	TRANSFORMER (T1)
J	4	0102712J13	ASSEMBLY, Base Plate; includes:
			Brackets, Single Lug Terminal Strip,
	_		Base Plate, and 4 Rubber Bumpers
	5 6	5405228Q02	LABEL, Caution
	6	0300138574	SCREW, Phillips Hd.; 8-32 x 3/8" (5 req'd)
	7	0300131632	SCREW, Tapping; Slotted Hd.;
	_		8-32 x 3/8" (2 req'd)
	8 9	1305130Q01	GRILL, Base
i	_	0300138035	SCREW, Phillips Hd.; 6-32 x 3/8"
	10	0905724C02	RECEPTACLE, Fuse Holder
	11	See Note	FUSE (F1)
	12	4205723C01	RETAINER, Cable
	13	4305233D01	SPACER
	14	See Note	ASSEMBLY, Cable (P1, W1)
- 1	15 16	3305360N01	LABEL, Cable
	16 17	0200007005 3805637M02	NUT, Hex; 6-32 x 1/4" x 3/32"
	17		CAP GUARD, Fuse Holder
	18	3805637M01 3305334N22	CAP GUARD, Terminal
	20	0105957M07	LABEL, Info
	20	010595/M0/	ASSEMBLY, Partition; includes:
ı			Thermal Partition, Charging Contacts, Fastener Clip, and Capacitors C33, C34
l	21	0300120938	SCREW. Phillips Hd.: 4-40 x 5/16"
l	22	4305552N01	BUSHING, Nylon
	23	1405154N01	INSULATOR, Mica
	24	0400007667	LOCKWASHER, #4 External Tooth
- 1	25	0200120486	NUT, Hex; 4-40 x 1/4" x 3/32"
	26	0300120938	SCREW, Phillips Hd.; 4-40 x 5/16"
	27	0705567P01	HOLDER, LED
	28 -	4210217A26	TIE WRAP
	29	1305412R01	GRILL, Thermal
	30	3305455U01	LABEL, Pocket
Į			

NOTE: Refer to Electrical Parts List for part number and description.