

Connection Notes RIM_Lite to Yeasu VXR-7000/9000 Repeater

Cable Information:

DIM Lito		VXR-7000 /	
RIM_Lite	6 : 1	9000	
(DE-9)	Signal	(DB-25M)	Notes
1	ightarrow ightarro	4	Voice TX and/or CTCSS
2	ightarrow ightarrow Main TX Audio $ ightarrow ightarrow$	3	Voice TX Audio
3	←← COS in ←←	11	Active Low ¹
4	←← CTCSS in ←←	10 or Line*	Active Low ²
5	ightarrow ightarrow ho PTT $ ightarrow ightarrow$	12	
6	←← RX Audio (Discriminator) ←←	6	Discriminator Audio
7	N/A		
8	$\leftarrow\leftarrow$ Ground $\rightarrow\rightarrow$		
9	$\leftarrow\leftarrow$ Ground $\rightarrow\rightarrow$	1, 14, 20	

NOTES:

- 1 Pin 11 is an active low, open collector output activated on COS ONLY regardless of how the channel is programmed.
- 2 OPTIONAL Pin 10 can be wired for COS & CTCSS active low by following this mod: https://repeater-builder.com/yvs/vxr-7000-cor.html
 -ORThe alternate CTCSS connection shown below. DO NOT do both mods!!

In AllStar set:

carrierfrom=usbinvert and ctcssfrom=no

(if using option above, ctcssfrom = usbinvert)

txmixa=voice

txmixb=tone

Make sure pre-emph and limiting is turned ON if using pin 4 for voice and OFF if using pin 3.

RX De-emph. will need to be turned ON due to discriminator RX audio.

Alternate CTCSS Connection

Using the LINE interface port

Connect pin 1 "RX SQ(+) to "CTCSS in", pin 4 on the RIM_Lite. (via the VXR pin #10)

Ground pin 2 "RX SQ(-)".

NOTE: If using this method, DO NOT modify the repeater as noted in #2 above.

LINE Interface Port

The VXR-7000 is provided with an 8-pin modular jack for line interfacing applications. A Western Electric® modular-type RJ45 plug should be used to connect to this jack. The **LINE** jack pin-out is shown below.

Note that there are both 4-line and 8-line types of modular plugs. If a 4-line modular plug is used, only the **LINE OUT** and **LINE IN** connections will be made. An 8-line plug is required to access all lines. In accordance with standard telecommunications interface, the line connections on the **LINE** interface jack are impedance balanced, and are described as follows.

Pins 1 & 2: [RX SQ(+), RX SQ(-)]

An opto-isolator is provided to facilitate E (EAR) signaling. The opto-isolator comes on when a signal exceeding the receiver squelch appears on the receiver channel (with correct CTCSS tone or DCS code, if enabled). The RX SQ(-) pin is the emitter, and RX SQ(+) is the collector.

Maximum Voltage: 20 V, Maximum Current: 7 mA.

Pins 3 & 4: [LINE IN (Tx Line Audio)]

Analog signals between 300 and 3000 Hz supplied to this pair are fed to the transmitter when the repeater is set to the BASE mode (the **REPEATER** LED is turned off) and keyed either by the TX KEY input signal (see below), or by the EXT PTT signal on pin 12 of the rear panel's **ACC** jack. Standard deviation is obtained with a line level of –10 dBm.

Pins 5 & 6: [LINE OUT (Rx Line Audio)]

Receiver audio is available from this pair, subject to internal CTCSS or DCS decode if the received signal strength is above the squelch threshold.

As shipped from the factory, a 1-kHz receiver signal with standard deviation gives –10 dBm on the line, but this can be varied by VR4002 and S4001

(on the repeater's CNTL Unit). Pins 7 & 8 [TX KEY(+), TX KEY(-)]

An opto-isolator is provided to facilitate M (MIC) signaling. That is, a voltage presented to these pins turns on the opto-isolator and keys the transmitter. The TX KEY(+) pin is the anode of the opto-isolator, and RX SQ(–) is the cathode of the opto-isolator. Maximum Voltage: 20 V, Maximum Current: 4 mA.



LINE Jack Modular Jack Pin Numbering